

## मुख्य आवरण पृष्ठ का विवरण Description of the Front Cover Page



इस तस्वीर की पृष्ठभूमि में चूहे की एक न्यूरोब्लारस्टोमा कोशिका (न्यूकरो२ए) दर्शाई गई है। (स्रोत : अभिकलनात्मक एवं कार्यात्मक जीनोमिकी प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)।

#### अन्य चित्रों में निम्नलिखित शामिल हैं:

- ओंकोजेनिक कोशिकाओं का फॉक्स एन।एनयू चूहों में त्वचा के नीचे इंजेक्शन। (स्रोत : प्रयोगशाला जंतु सुविधा, सीडीएफडी)
- Δएक्सकएसएसए उत्परिवर्ती में रोगजनकता की कमी होती है और इनकी वृद्धि गोभी के अंदर होती है। (स्रोत: पादप रोगाण अंत:क्रिया प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)
- एक बड़े प्रियोन के समान एचवायपीके के एन्यूलर ओलिगोमर द्वारा इसकी परिधि पर हंिटंगिटन समुच्चयों का क्रम (अभिकलनात्मक एवं कार्यात्मक जीनोमिकी प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)
- 4. अर्धसूत्री विभाजन के दौरान तर्कु उपकरण के साथ वीडीआर5 का जुड़ाव। यहां एनाफेज चरण दिखाया गया है। (स्रोत : कोशिका चक्र नियमन प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)
- 5. कार्टून में आरएचओ हेक्सामर का बंद कॉम्प्लेक्स। (सीसी) दर्शाया गया है (पीडीबी कोड : 1 पीवीओ)। (स्रोत : अनुलेखन प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)
- 6. पेरिन्यूक्लियर हंटिंगटिन समुद्यय दर्शाने वाली एक मानव आईएमआर32 सेल लाइन तथा एक्टोापिक रूप से अभिवक्ति एचवायपीके (स्रोत : अभिकलनात्मक एवं कार्यात्मक जीनोमिकी प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)
- 7. आनुवंशिक झिल्ली में उगाई गई कॉलोनियां का प्रतिनिधित्व जिससे ऐसे क्लोन अलग किए गए जो एटीसी द्वारा प्रेरण पर एम. स्मेगमेटिस की वृद्धि का संदमन करते हैं। (स्रोत: अनुलेखन प्रयोगशाला, सीडीएफडी)

The background of the image represents a mouse neuroblastoma cell (Neuro2a) [Source: Laboratory of Computational & Functional Genomics].

### The other images comprise the followings:

- $1. \quad Subcutaneous injection of oncogenic cells into FoxN1^{\tiny nu} mice. [Source: Laboratory of Animal Facility]$
- $2. \quad \Delta xssAmutant are \ deficient \ in \ virulence \ and \ growth \ inside \ cabbage. \ [Source: Laboratory \ of \ Plant-Microbe \ Interaction, \ CDFD]$
- A large prion like annular oligomer of HYPK sequestering Huntingtin aggregates at its periphery. [Laboratory of Computational & Functional Genomics, CDFD]
- WDR5 associates with the spindle apparatus during mitosis. Anaphase stage is shown here. [Source: Laboratory of Cell Cycle Regulation, CDFD]
- $5. \quad \text{Cartoon showing the closed complex (CC) of the Rho hexamer (PDB code: 1PVO).} \\ [Source: Laboratory of Transcription, CDFD]$
- A human IMR32 cell line showing perinuclear Huntingtin aggregate and ectopically expressed HYPK. [Source: Laboratory of Computational & Functional Genomics]
- 7. Rrepresentation of the grown colonies in genetic screen to isolate the clones that inhibit growth of *M. smegmatis* upon induction by ATC. [Source: Laboratory of Transcription, CDFD]

(मुख्य आवरण पृष्ठ का चित्रांकन अभिकलनात्मक एवं कार्यात्मक जीनोमिकी प्रयोगशाला के वरिष्ठ अनुसंधान अध्येता श्री देबाशिष के घोष द्वारा किया गया है।)

(The main cover page above has been designed by Senior Research Fellow Mr. Debasish K Ghosh of the Laboratory of Computational & Functional Genomics.)





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## अघिदेश

सीडीएफडी सोसाइटी के संगम ज्ञापन तथा नियम एवं विनियमों में बताए गए अनुसार डीएनए फिंगरप्रिंटिंग एवं निदान केंद्र की स्थापना जिन उद्देश्यों के लिए हुई वे निम्न प्रकार हैं:

- i. पितृत्व विवाद, आप्रवास और अस्पतालों में नवजात शिशुओं की अदला-बदली जैसे मामलों में निजी पक्षों सिहत विविध अभिकरणों के लिए पर्याप्त अदायगी पर डीएनए प्रोफाइलिंग और उससे संबंधित विश्लेषण का वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान करना।
- ii. अपराध अन्वेषण अभिकरणों को डीएनए फिंगरप्रिंटिंग और उससे संबंधित विश्लेषण तथा सुविधाएं प्रदान करना।
- iii. अपराध अन्वेषण और परिवार मामलों में डीएनए प्रोफाइल विश्लेषण और उससे संबंधित तकनीकों के साक्ष्य संबंधी मूल्य को समझने में पुलिस कर्मियों, न्यायिक वैज्ञानिकों, वकीलों तथा न्यायपालिका की सहायता करना।
- iv. आनुवंशिक अव्यवस्थाओं को संसूचित करने हेतु डीएनए नैदानिक विधियां सिद्ध करना और इस प्रकार के संसूचन के लिए संपरीक्षाएं विकसित करना।
- v. पादप और जंतु कोशिका माल, कोशिका लाइनों के प्रमाणीकरण के लिए डीएनए फिंगरप्रिंटिंग तकनीकों का उपयोग करना और ऐसे प्रयोजनों के लिए आवश्यकतानुसार नई संपरीक्षाएं विकसित करना।
- vi. डीएनए फिंगरप्रिंटिंग तकनीकों पर प्रशिक्षण प्रदान करना।
- vii. मूलभूत, अनुप्रयुक्त अनुसंधान एवं विकास कार्य करना।
- viii. देश में चिकित्सा संस्थाओं, जन-स्वास्थ्य अभिकरणों और उद्योग को परामर्शी सेवाएं प्रदान करना।
- ix. केंद्र के उद्देश्यों से संगत क्षेत्रों में विदेशी अनुसंधान संस्थाओं एवं प्रयोगशालाओं और अन्य अंतरराष्ट्रीय संगठनों के साथ सहयोग करना।
- x. अनुसंधान छात्रों को स्नातकोत्तर उपाधियों के लिए पंजीकृत कर सकने के प्रयोजन हेतु उच्चतर अधिगम के मान्यता प्राप्त विश्वविद्यालयों एवं संस्थाओं के साथ संबंध स्थापित करना।
- xi. भारत सरकार, राज्य सरकारों, देश में स्थित पूर्व संस्थाओं / न्यासों, व्यक्तियों और अन्य गतिविधियों के लिए अंतरराष्ट्रीय संगठनों सहित विदेशी स्नोतों से आर्थिक सहायता प्राप्त करना।
- xii. केंद्र सरकार के पूर्व अनुमोदन से प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रमों, वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान और अन्य गतिविधियों के लिए अंतरराष्ट्रीय संगठनों सहित विदेशी स्नोतों से आर्थिक सहायता प्राप्त करना।
- xiii. केंद्र की गतिविधियों को चलाने के लिए जैसा आवश्यक या सुविधाजनक हो, कोई भी संपत्ति चल या अचल या भवनों एवं निर्माणों को निर्मित करने, सुधार करने, परिवर्तित करने, गिरा देने या मरम्मत करने हेतु उपहार, क्रय, विनियम, पट्टा, भाडे पर लेने द्वारा या अन्यथा किसी भी तरह अर्जित करना।
- xiv. केंद्र के प्रयोजन हेतु, भारत सरकार और अन्य प्रोनोटों, विनियम पत्रों या अन्य परक्राम्य लिखतों को आहरित करना और स्वीकार करना, तैयार करना और पृष्ठांकित करना, बट्टा करना और परक्रामण करना।
- xv. केंद्र को सौंपी गई निधियों या धन को निवेश करने के लिए, ऐसी प्रतिभूतियों को खोलने या ऐसे तरीके से, जो कि समय-समय पर शासी परिषद द्वारा निर्धारित किए जाते हैं, इस प्रकार के निवेश को विक्रय या पक्षांतरण करना।

- xvi. उक्त सभी उद्देश्यों या उनमें से किसी उद्देश्य की प्राप्ति के लिए सभी ऐसे अन्य विधिसम्मत कार्य, जैसा आवश्यक, प्रासंगिक या सहायक हो, करना।
- xvii. केंद्र के उद्देश्यों को वास्तविक बनाने के लिए प्रोफेसरों, अन्य संकाय पदों, अभ्यागत अध्येतावृत्तियों सहित अध्येतावृत्तियों, अनुसंधान एवं संवर्ग पदों, छात्रवृत्तियों आदि को संस्थापित करना।
- xviii. केंद्र के वैज्ञानिक एवं प्रौद्योगिकीय कार्य के लिए प्रयोगशाालाओं, कार्यशालाओं, भंडार, पुस्तकालय, कार्यालय और अन्य सुविधाओं को स्थापित करना।
- xix. तकनीकी जानकारी को उद्यमकर्ताओं और उद्योगों से प्राप्त या उनको अंतरण करना, और
- xx. पेटेंटों, डिजाइनों एवं तकनीकी जानकारी जो कि केंद्र द्वारा विकसित की गई हो, को पंजीकृत करना और केंद्र के हित में ऐसे पेटेंटों / डिजाइनों / तकनीकी जानकारी के किसी भाग को अंतरण करना।

## **MANDATE**

The objectives for which the Centre for DNA Fingerprinting and Diagnostics (CDFD) was established, as enumerated in Memorandum of Association and Rules and Regulations of CDFD Society, are as follows:

- To carry out scientific research pertaining to DNA profiling and related analysis in civil cases like
  paternity disputes, immigration, and exchange of newborns in hospitals, for various agencies
  including private parties, on appropriate payment;
- ii. To provide DNA fingerprinting and related analysis and facilities to crime investigation agencies;
- To assist police personnel, forensic scientists, lawyers and the judiciary in understanding the evidential value of the DNA profile analysis and related techniques in crime investigation and family matters;
- iv. To establish DNA diagnostic methods for detecting genetic disorders and to develop probes for such detection;
- v. To use DNA fingerprinting techniques for the authentication of plant and animal cell material, cell lines and to develop new probes where necessary for such purposes;
- vi. To provide training in DNA fingerprinting techniques;
- vii. To undertake basic, applied and developmental R & D work;
- viii. To provide consultancy services to medical institutions, public health agencies and industry in the country;
- ix. To collaborate with foreign research institutions and laboratories and other international organizations in fields relevant to the objectives of the Centre;
- x. To establish affiliation with recognized universities and institutions of higher learning for the purpose of enabling research scholars to register for post-graduate degrees;
- xi. To receive grants, donations and contributions in cash or in other forms from the Government of India, State Governments, Charitable Institutions/Trusts, individuals and industry within the country;
- xii. To receive, with the prior approval of the Central Government, monetary assistance from foreign sources including international organizations for training programmes, scientific research and other activities;
- xiii. To acquire by gift, purchase, exchange, lease, hire or otherwise howsoever, any property movable or immovable or to construct, improve, alter, demolish or repair buildings and structures as may be necessary or convenient for carrying on the activities of the Centre;
- xiv. For the purpose of the Centre, to draw and accept, make and endorse, discount and negotiate Government of India and other Promissory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Cheques or other Negotiable Instruments;

- xv. For investing the funds of or money entrusted to the Centre, to open such securities or in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the Governing Council and to sell or transpose such investment;
- xvi. To do all such other lawful acts as may be necessary, incidental or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the above objectives;
- xvii. To institute Professorships, other faculty positions, fellowships including visiting fellowships, research and cadre positions, scholarships, etc. for realizing the objectives of the Centre;
- xviii. To establish, maintain and manage laboratories, workshops, stores, library, office and other facilities for scientific and technological work of the Centre;
- xix. To acquire or transfer technical know-how from/to entrepreneurs and industries; and
- xx. To register patents, designs & technical know-how that may be developed by the Centre and transfer any portion of such patents/designs/technical know-how in the interest of the Centre.



## निदेशक का संदेश

अपने सहयोगियों और अपनी तरफ से, मैं यहां वर्ष 2015-16 के लिए सीडीएफडी की वार्षिक रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत कर रहा हूँ। केंद्र में दो प्रकार की विशिष्ट गतिविधियों को संयोजित किया जाता है i) कानून प्रवर्तन एजेंसियों के लिए मानव डीएनए रूपरेखा के क्षेत्र में सेवाएं, आनुवंशिकी विकारों के लिए नैदानिक परीक्षण, शुद्धता के लिए बासमती चावल के विश्लेषण, और ii) आधुनिक जीव विज्ञान के विभिन्न विषयों में बुनियादी अनुसंधान भी संलग्न हैं।

डीएनए फिंगरप्रिंटिंग सेवा प्रयोगशाला (एलडीएफएस) से प्राप्त लगभग 400 मामलों को न्याय पालिका द्वारा तथा राज्य और संघीय सरकारों की कानून प्रवर्तन और जांच एजेंसियों द्वारा अग्रेषित किया गया था। एलडीएफएस जैव प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग के समन्वय से डीएनए विधेयक को अंतिम रुप देने में सिक्रेय रूप से शामिल रही।

नैदानिकी प्रभाग द्वारा विभिन्न आनुवंशिकी रोगों के लिए 4859 रोगियों को आनुवंशिकी मूल्यांकन प्रदान किए गए। निजाम्स् इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ मेडिकल साइंसेस, हैदराबाद, सीडीएफडी में चिकित्सा आनुवंशिकी विभाग में नए निधिकरण के समन्वय से चिकित्सा आनुवंशिकी में डीएनबी कार्यक्रम का आयोजन सफलतापूर्वक किया गया है और क्लिनिकल साइटोजेनेटिक्स और क्लिनिकल आण्विक आनुवंशिकी में अध्येतावृत्ति कार्यक्रम चलाए गए हैं। इनके अलावा विभिन्न लाइसोसोमल भण्डार विकारों के नए उत्परिवर्तनों के आण्विक विश्लेषण किए गए। मानव एक्सोसोम विश्लेषणों द्वारा दुर्लभ आनुवंशिक विकारों वाले परिवारों पर भी कार्य किया गया।

आण्विक आनुवंशिकी प्रयोगशाला ने रेशम कीट में लिंग निर्धारण के आण्विक आधार पर अनुसंधान जारी रखा। पुन: उन्होंने ड्रोसोफिला, डी मेंडिबुलर में नोड्यूलर समजात की भूमिकाओं को अनुलेखन कारक, एनएफ κबी में समझाया है।

क्रोमैटिन जीवन विज्ञान और एपिजेनेटिक्स प्रयोगशाला फिशन ईस्ट सिरटुइन एचएसटी4 की डीएनए द्विगुणन और क्षति में भूमिकाएं समझने में संलग्न रही।



अभिकलनात्मक जीव विज्ञान प्रयोगशाला द्वारा विकार से प्रस्त हिस्सों का सरेखित करने के लिए एक नए प्रतिस्थापन स्कोरिंग मेट्रिक्स के सूत्रण के लिए और प्रोटीन के विकार प्रस्त हिस्सों में पाए गए मिससेंस उत्पिरिवर्तनों के कार्यात्मक प्रभाव का अनुमान लगाने की नई विधि द्वारा प्रयास किए गए। एक युक्ति संगत डेटा बेस और एक सॉफ्टवेयर सूट का विकास कैंसर के रोगियों तथा स्वस्थ व्यक्तियों के सांस, मूत्र और लार के नमूनों से वाष्पशील चयापचय यौगिकों पर जानकारी जमा करने हेतु किया गया।

प्रोटियोमिक मार्गों का उपयोग करते हुए कोशिका मृत्यु तथा कोशिका उत्तरजीविता प्रयोगशाला द्वारा 143 मानव फॉस्फेटेज़ के एक विस्तृत अंत: क्रियात्मक नेटवर्क का मानचित्रण किया गया है। इन विश्लेषणों को नई कोशिकीय प्रक्रियाओं के साथ अनेक फॉस्फेटेज़ जोड़ने में इस्तेमाल किया गया और इससे कैंसर सहित विभिन्न मानक रोगों से आनुवंशिक तौर पर जुड़ी प्रोटीन-प्रोटीन अंत: क्रियाओं का पता लगाया गया।

आण्विक ओंकोलॉजी प्रयोगशाला ने निम्नलिखित पक्षों पर अध्ययन किए हैं। i) पीएआर कॉम्प्लेक्स में पीएआर6जी की भूमिका समझना ii) सुझाया गया कि Ca2+/NF-T सिग्नलिंग को Wnt- रेक्टल कैंसर में समृद्ध बनाया जाये आबादी में नए एचईडी से पैदा होने वाले उत्परिवर्तनों का लाक्षणीकरण किया गया।

अनुलेखन प्रयोगशाला द्वारा एनमूएसजी की सहायता से रो आश्रित अनुलेखन समापन के मॉड्यूलन का आण्विक आधार प्रकट किया गया। इन्होंने माइकोबैक्टीरिमम प्रजाति को मारने में सक्षम माइको बैक्टीरियो फेज जीनों का अलग करने की विधियों की भी रिपोर्ट की है।

कोशिका सिग्नलिंग प्रयोगशाला से प्रदर्शित किया गया है कि आईपी7 और जीन आईपी6के। विभिन्न शरीर क्रियात्मक मार्गों में शामिल है, जैसे कैंसर कोशिकाओं का कीमोटेक्सिस, मोटर प्रोटीन डायनिन की गतिशीलता।

ड्रोसोफिला तंत्रिका विकास प्रयोगशाला द्वारा एक विनियामक विशिष्ट पहचान के साथ केंद्रीय तंत्रिका तंत्र के अग्र - पश्च अक्ष के साथ अनुलेखन कारकों के हॉक्स परिवार के कार्यों का आण्विक आधार प्रदर्शित किया गया। इन्होंने हॉक्स जीन, विकृत के स्व विनियमन पर अंतर्दृष्टि पर फोकस किया है।

कवक रोगाणु जनन प्रयोगशाला में प्रदर्शित किया गया है कि रोग जनक यीस्ट कैंडिडा ग्लैब्रेटा दो तनाव प्रतिक्रियाशील माइटोजन से सिक्रय बनाए गए प्रोटीन काइनेज CgHog1 और CgSlt2 के सिक्रमण द्वारा आमरन के उच्च बाह्रय स्तर पर प्रतिक्रिया देता है और काइनेज आमरन के होमियोस्टेसिस के रखरखाव, जैविक और अजैविक सतहों का पालन करने तथा सी. ग्लैब्रेटा के रोग जनक होने में महत्वपूर्ण है।

आण्विक कोशिका जीव विज्ञान प्रयोगशाला के अध्ययनों से IRAK3, MKP-1 और MAPK सिग्नलिंग कास्केड टीएलआर२ के बीच एक संबंध होने का संकेत मिला जो तपेदिक में प्रो तथा एंटी इंफ्लेमेटरी साइटोकाइन प्रतिक्रिया पर निमंत्रण में एक महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाता है। पुन: इन्होंने दर्शाया है कि एम. ट्यूबरकुलोसिस का पीई11 प्रोटीन इसके गैर रोगाणु जनक सेरोगेट एम. स्मेग्मेटिस की अभिव्यक्ति से एक प्रारूपिक रोग जनक माइकोबैक्टीरिया सहित बढ़ी हुई कोशिका भित्ति की अखण्डता, पर्यावरण तनाव की प्रतिरोधकता, उन्नत उत्तरजीविता के गुण मेजबान के अंदर प्रदर्शित कर सकता है।

स्तनधारी आनुवंशिकी प्रयोगशाला द्वारा कार्सिनोजेनेसिस और विकास में डीएनए मेथिल ट्रांसफरेज Dnmt3la और Dnmt2 की भूमिका को समझा है। प्रयोगशाला द्वारा एपिजेनेटिक बदलावों को भी पहचाना गया है जो एम. ट्यूबरकुलोसिस के साथ चुनौती देने पर मेजबान कोशिका में होते हैं। पादप सूक्ष्मजीव अंत: क्रिया प्रयोगशाला के अनुसंधान में पहली बार यह प्रदर्शित किया गया है कि पादप रोगाणु जेंथोमोनाज़ कैम्पेस्ट्रीस पीवी. कैम्पेस्ट्रीस द्वारा जेंथोफेरिन उत्पादित किया जाता है, जो आयरन की अल्प मात्रा वाली परिस्थितियों और रोग जनकता के तहत वृद्धि के लिए आवश्यक है। पुन: इन्होंने पादप सुरक्षा प्रतिक्रिया के उत्प्रेरक के रूप में कोशिका-कोशिका सिग्नलिंग अणु डीएसएफ के कार्य को दर्शाया है।

प्रतिरक्षा विज्ञान प्रयोगशाला द्वारा यह अभिज्ञात किया गया है कि उन्नत ग्लाइकेशन अंतिम उत्पाद (एजीई) जहां मधुमेह के रोगियों में इसका जमाव होता है और बढ़ती उम्र के लोगों में इससे शोथ, एपॉप्टॉसिस, मोटापा और आयु संबंधी विकार साइटोकाइन आईएल-8 माध्यित कोशिका मृत्यु होती है, एनएफ-केबी और एपी-1 द्वारा शोथकारी प्रतिक्रिया बढ़ती है, लाइपोजेनेसिस और ऑटोफेगी बढ़ जाती है।

जीवाणु आनुवंशिकी प्रयोगशाला के अनुसंधानकर्ता ई.कोलाई को एक मॉडल तंत्र के रूप में लेकर बैक्टीरिया के शरीर क्रिया विज्ञान में एक pppGpp कोशिकीय अलार्मोन में  $K^+$  आमरन परिवहन और भूमिका की प्रतिक्रिया को समझने में शामिल हैं।

कोशिका चक्र नियमन प्रयोगशाला द्वारा इस प्रक्रिया को समझा गया है कि आरबीपी2 किस प्रकार पॉकेट प्रोटीन 130 के साथ एच3के4 डिमेथिलेशन करता है और ई2एफ प्रतिक्रियाशील जीनों की जीन अभिव्मक्ति का रिप्रेशन होता है।

प्रतिवेदनाधीन अवधि के दौरान सीडीएफडी ने प्रो. डेविड राइक, जेनेटिक्स विभाग, हार्वड मेडिकल स्कूल, यूएसए और प्रो. रणजीत चक्रवर्ती, आण्विक और चिकित्सा आनुवंशिकी विभाग, यूनिवर्सिटी ऑफ नोर्थ टेक्सास हेल्थ साइंस सेंटर, टेक्सास यू एस ए के सार्वजनिक व्याख्यानों के आयोजन द्वारा डीबीटी की 30वीं वर्षगांठ मनाई।

इस वर्ष भी पिछले वर्ष के समान सीडीएफडी के अनेक संकाय सदस्यों और अध्येताओं को प्रतिष्ठित पुरस्कार और सम्मान प्राप्त हुए हैं। इनमें से कुछ वेलकम ट्रस्ट / डीबीटी इंडिया एलायंस वरिष्ठ अध्येतावृत्ति, राष्ट्रीय महिला जैव सांख्यिकी पुरस्कार, डीबीटी, भारतीय राष्ट्रीय विज्ञान अकादमी, अंतरराष्ट्रीय अनुसंधान अनुदान जो मानव अग्रणी विज्ञान कार्यक्रम (एचएफएसपी) है और इंडियन इम्यूनोलॉजी सोसायटी द्वारा डॉ. जी पी तलवार यंग साइंटिस्ट पुरस्कार प्रदान किए गए। इस प्रतिवेदनाधीन अविध के दौरान नौ अनुसंधान अध्येताओं को पीएचडी की उपाधि प्रदान की गई। अनेक पोस्ट डॉक्टरल अध्येता, परियोजना सहयोगी और ग्रीष्मकालीन प्रशिक्षु सीडीएफडी में कार्य करते हैं तथा ये केंद्र के विकास में एक अहम भूमिका भी निभाते हैं। उप्पल में स्थायी परिसर लगभग जाने के लिए तैयार है। हमारा प्रशासन शीघ्र ही नए परिसर से काम करेगा। प्रयोगशाला खण्ड का निर्माण भी पूरी तेजी से जारी है। मैं इस अथक सहयोग के प्रति आभार व्यक्त करता हूं जो इसकी गतिविधियों के लिए शासी परिषद, अनुसंधान क्षेत्र

पैनल-वैज्ञानिक सलाहकार सिमिति, शैक्षिक/वित्तीय/भवन सिमितियों तथा साथ ही बायोटेक्नोलॉजी विभाग की ओर से प्रदान किया गया। मैं डीबीटी के सभी सदस्यों और अधिकारियों को उनके द्वारा दिए गए समर्थन हेतु धन्यवाद देता हूं।

मैं सीडीएफडी परिवार के प्रति भी अपना हार्दिक आभार व्यक्त करता हूं जिसने केंद्र के जारी कार्यक्रमों तथा विकास में एक अहम भूमिका निभाई जिसके बिना कोई प्रगति संभव नहीं होती।

> **रंजन सेन** प्रभारी निदेशक

31 मार्च 2016

### **Director's Message**

On behalf of my colleagues and myself, here I present the Annual Report of the CDFD for the year 2015-16. The Centre uniquely combines two kinds of activities; i) services in the areas of Human DNA profiling for law-enforcement agencies, diagnostics tests for genetic disorders and analysis of basmati rice for purity, and ii) cutting edge basic research in various disciplines of the modern biology.

The laboratory of DNA Fingerprinting and Services (LDFS) received ~400 cases forwarded by the judiciary and law enforcement and by the investigation agencies of the State and the Federal Governments. LDFS was also actively involved in coordinating with the Department of Biotechnology, CDFD to finalize the draft Bill for enactment by the Parliament of India.

The Diagnostics division provided genetic evaluation to 4859 patients for various genetic diseases. In collaboration with the newly founded Medical Genetics department of at the Nizam's Institute of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad, CDFD is successfully conducting a DNB program in Medical Genetics and a fellowship program in Clinical Cytogenetics and Clinical Molecular Genetics. In addition to these, molecular analyses of novel mutations of different lysosomal storage disorders were performed. Human exosome analyses of the families having rare genetic disorders were also undertaken.

The Laboratory of Molecular Genetics continued their research into the molecular basis of the sex determination in the silk worm. Further they have deciphered the roles of Nodular homologue in Drosophila, Dmnodular, in regulating the transcription factor, NF-κB.

The Laboratory of Chromatin Biology and Epigeneticsis involved in understanding the roles of fission yeast sirtuin Hst4 in DNA replication and damage.

Efforts were made by the Laboratory of Computational Biology to formulate a new substitution scoring matrix suitable for aligning disordered regions as well as a new method for predicting the functional impact of missense mutations found in disordered regions of proteins. A relational database and a software suite were developed to store the information on the volatile metabolite compounds detected from breath, urine and saliva samples of cancer patients as well as the healthy individuals.



Using proteomic approaches, the Lab of Cell Death & Cell Survival has mapped a detailed interaction network of the 143 human phosphatases. These analyses have linked several phosphatases with new cellular processes and unveiled protein-protein interactions genetically linked to various human diseases including cancer.

The Laboratory of Molecular Oncology has undertaken studies in the following aspects. I) Elucidating the role of PAR6G in the PAR complex, ii) suggested that Ca<sup>2+</sup>/NFAT signalling to be enriched in Wnt- rectal cancer and iii) characterized novel HED causing mutations in the Indian population.

Laboratory of Transcription has deciphered the molecular basis of modulation of Rhodependent transcription termination by NusG. They also reported methodologies to isolate mycobacteriophages genes capable of killing Mycobacterium species.

The Laboratory of Cell Signalling had demonstrated that the IP7 as well as the gene *IP6K1* is involved in various physiological pathways, such as, chemotaxis of cancer cells, dynamics of motor protein dyenein.

Laboratory of Drosophila Neural Development studied the molecular basis of functions of Hox family of transcription factors in regulating specific identity along the anterior posterior axis of the central nervous system. They have focused to get insights into the autoregulation of the Hox gene, Deformed.

Laboratory of Fungal Pathogenesis has demonstrated that the pathogenic yeast *Candidaglabrata* respond to high external iron levels via activation of two stress-responsive mitogen-activated protein kinases, the CgHog1 and the CgSlt2, and that the CgHog1 kinase

is pivotal to maintenance of iron homeostasis, adherence to biotic and abiotic surfaces and virulence of *C.glabrata*.

Studies from the laboratory of Molecular Cell Biology hinted to an existence of a link between IRAK3, MKP-1 and MAPK signalling cascades downstream of TLR2 that plays an important role in dictating the pro- and anti-inflammatory cytokine responses in tuberculosis. Further they shown that the expression of the PE11 protein of *M. tuberculosis* in a non-pathogenic surrogate *M. smegmatis* could confer its properties akin to typical virulent mycobacteria including increased cell wall integrity, resistance to environmental stress, improved survival inside host.

The Laboratory of Mammalian Genetics has dissected out the role of DNA methyltransferases Dnmt3I and Dnmt2 in carcinogenesis and development. The laboratory has also identified epigenetic changes that the host cell undergoes when challenged with *M. tuberculosis*.

Research from the laboratory of Plant Microbe interaction has demonstrated for the first time that the plant pathogen *Xanthomonascampestrispv. campestris* produces xanthoferrin, which is required for growth under low-iron conditions and virulence. Further, they have shown that the cell-cell signalling molecule DSF act as an elicitor of the plantdefence response.

The Laboratory of Immunology had identified that the advanced glycation end products (AGE) that accumulate in diabetic patients and aging people causing inflammation, apoptosis, obesity and age-related disorders are due to cytokine IL-8 mediated cell-death, increased inflammatory responses by NF- $\kappa$ B. and AP-1, increased lipogenesis and autophagy.

Researchers from laboratory of Bacterial Genetics are involved in understanding the mechanism of K<sup>+</sup> ion transport and roles of cellular alarmonepppGpp in bacterial physiology using *E. coli* as model system.

The laboratory of cell cycle regulation has delineated the mechanism of how RBP2 interacts with the pocket protein p130 to bring about H3K4

demethylation and repression of gene expression of the E2F responsive genes.

During this reporting period, CDFD has celebrated 30th anniversary of DBT by organising public lectures by Prof David Reich, Department of Genetics, Harvard Medical School, USA and Prof Ranajit Chakraborty, Department of Molecular and Medical Genetics, University of North Texas Health Science Center, Texas.

Like previous years, this year too several of the CDFD faculty members and scholars have been recipients of prestigious awards and honours. Few of them include, Wellcome Trust/ DBT India Alliance Senior Fellowship, National Women Bioscientist award by Department of Biotechnology, Fellow of the Indian National Science Academy, International Research Grant by Human Frontier Science Program (HFSP) and Dr G.P. Talwar Young Scientist award by Indian Immunology Society etc. During this period nine research scholars were conferred with Ph D degree. Many postdoctoral fellows, project associates and summer trainees were trained at CDFD, who also played a vital role in the Centre's Development.

The permanent campus at Uppal is almost ready to be occupied. Our Administration will soon be operated from the new campus. The construction of Laboratory Block is also progressing in full swing.

I take this opportunity to acknowledge the unfettered co-operation which the Centre has received for its activities from the Governing Council, Academic/Finance/Building and Research Area Panels-Scientific Advisory Committees and most importantly from the Department of Biotechnology (DBT). I wish to thank all the members and officials of DBT for supporting us.

I also express my sincere thanks to all the members of the CDFD family for their support without which we would not have made any progress.

Ranjan Sen In-charge Director

March 31, 2016



## LABORATORY OF DNA FINGERPRINTING SERVICES

Faculty	Madhusudan Reddy Nandineni	Staff Scientist
Other members	SPR Prasad	Senior Technical Officer
	Ch V Goud	Technical Officer
	Devinder Singh Negi	Technical Officer
	Devinder Kumar	Technical Officer
	Sanjukta Mukerjee	Technical Officer
	S. Naveen Chandra	Technical Officer (Till September, 2015)
	Neelima Thota	Technical Officer
	Pooja Tripathi	Technical Officer
	Kiranmai Joshi	Technical Officer
	Girnar Vijay Amrutrao	Technical Assistant
	Shruti Dasgupta	Technical Assistant
	Chandra Shekhar Singh	Technical Assistant
Coordinator	DP Kasbekar	Haldane Chair

## **Objectives**

- To provide DNA fingerprinting services in cases forwarded by law-enforcing agencies / judiciary of State and Federal Governments, relating to murder, sexual assault, paternity, maternity, child swapping, deceased identification, organ transplantation, etc.,
- To develop human resources skilled in DNA fingerprinting, to cater to the needs of State and Federal Government agencies;
- To impart periodical training to manpower involved in DNA fingerprinting sponsored by State and Federal Government agencies;
- 4. To provide advisory services to State and Federal Government agencies in establishing DNA Fingerprinting facility;
- 5. To create DNA marker databases of different populations of India.

# Summary of services provided until the beginning of the reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

A total of 559 cases were received for DNA fingerprinting examination during the previous reporting period (2014 - 2015). Of these, 280 cases were related to identification of deceased, 101 cases were related to paternity / maternity, 151 cases were pertaining to sexual assault

(rape), 13 cases were related to murder and 14 cases were pertaining to biological relationship (organ transplantation). Eighteen States, Union Territories of India and one foreign country (East Timor) have availed DNA fingerprinting services of CDFD during this period. Madhya Pradesh forwarded the highest number of cases (197), followed by Andhra Pradesh (103), Telangana (79), Chhattisgarh (40), Odisha (18 cases received at ILS, Odisha out of 29), Uttar Pradesh (29), Punjab (26), Goa (15), Tamil Nadu (13), Karnataka (6), Puducherry (5), Kerala (4), Maharashtra (3), Delhi (2), Jammu & Kashmir (1), West Bengal (1) and East Timor (1).

Details of services provided in the current reporting year, (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016):

Breakup of the cases during this reporting period is given below under following heads:

Total number of cases	397
Sexual Assault (Rape)	99
Paternity/Maternity	98
Murder	19
Identity of Deceased	162
Biological Relationship	19

## Prominent cases during April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016

- Cases from National Investigation Agency (NIA) involving national security and public safety
- 2) DNA profiling of relatives of deceased Indians in Fly Dubai Aircraft crash in Russia
- 3) Terror attack on BSF convoy in Udhampur District, Jammu & Kashmir
- Sexual assault case of two women tourists from Delhi in Goa

## **Deposition of evidence in Courts of Law**

During this reporting year, the DNA experts defended their reports in 25 cases in various Honorable Courts throughout the country.

### **Training:**

Training in DNA fingerprinting procedures was provided to Senior Scientific Officers from Forensic Science Laboratory, Haryana, Madhuban during 22.06.2015 to 26.06.2015

### Summary of the State-wise breakup of DNA Fingerprinting Cases

Name of the State	Biological relationship	Identity of deceased	Maternity / Paternity	Murder	Sexual Assault (Rape)	Total No. of Cases
Andaman & Nicobar			2			2
Andhra Pradesh		22	4	1		27
Bihar		1	1			2
Chhattisgarh		23	21	1	4	49
Delhi		1				1
Goa		9	9		1	19
Haryana		1			1	2
Himachal Pradesh		1				1
Karnataka	1		4			5
Kerala		2	1			3
Madhya Pradesh	1	51	35	17	72	176
Maharashtra			3			3
Odisha			1			1
Puducherry		2	2		1	5
Punjab			2		19	21
Rajasthan			1			1
Tamil Nadu	16					16
Telangana	1	45	9			55
Uttar Pradesh		2			1	3
West Bengal		2				2
East Timor			3			3
Total No. of Cases.	19	162	98	19	99	397

A total of 397 cases were received for DNA fingerprinting examination during the current reporting period (2015 - 2016). Of these, 162 cases were related to identification of deceased, 99 cases were pertaining to sexual assault (rape), 98 cases were related to paternity / maternity,

19 cases were related to murder and 19 cases were pertaining to biological relationship (organ transplantation). Twenty States and Union Territories of India and one foreign country (East Timor) have availed the DNA fingerprinting services of CDFD during this period. Madhya

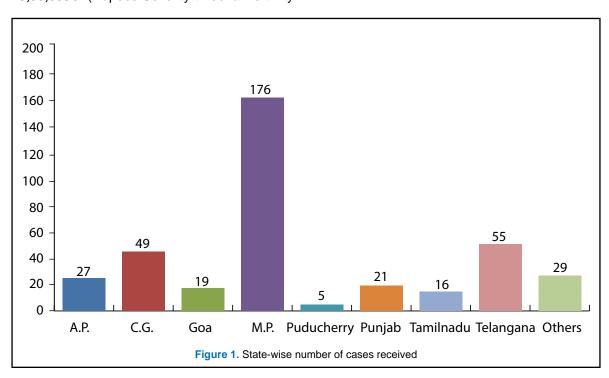
Pradesh forwarded the highest number of cases (176) followed by Telangana (55), Chhattisgarh (49), Andhra Pradesh (27), Punjab (21), Goa (19), Tamil Nadu (16), Puducherry (5), Karnataka (5), Kerala (3), Maharashtra (3), East Timor (3), Uttar Pradesh (3), Andaman & Nicobar (2), Bihar (2), Haryana (2), West Bengal (2), Delhi (1), Himachal Pradesh (1), Odisha (1) and Rajasthan (1), (Fig.1).

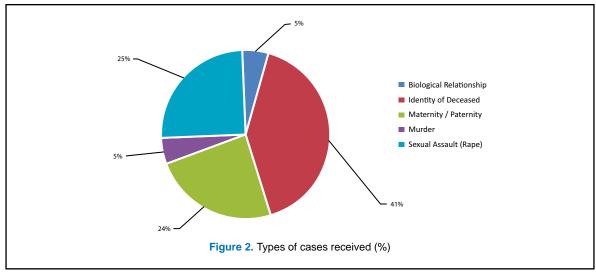
eight thousand six hundred and thirty nine only) has been received towards DNA fingerprinting analysis charges, which is inclusive of service charge as levied by Govt. of India.

The cases involving identification of the deceased (41%), paternity (24%), sexual assault (25%), murder (5%) and biological relationship (5%) constituted the bulk of the cases received (Fig.2).

### **Revenues generated:**

During this reporting period, an amount of 73,38,639 /- (Rupees Seventy three lakhs thirty





## **DIAGNOSTICS DIVISION**

Faculty Ashwin Dalal Staff Scientist

Adjunct Faculty Prajnya Ranganath Associate Professor, NIMS

Shagun Aggarwal Associate Professor, NIMS

PhD Students Anusha Uttarilli Senior Research Fellow

Ashish Bahal Junior Research Fellow (till May 2015)

Anjana Kar Senior Research Fellow Deshpande Dipti Vijayrao Junior Research Fellow

Other Members Aneek Das Bhowmik Research Associate

Maria Celestina Vanaja Research Associate

Vineeth VS Research Associate (since June 2015)

Sowmya Gayatri SIAMG Fellow (till Feb 2016)

Avinash Pagdhune SIAMG Fellow (since September 2015)
Krishna Reddy CH SIAMG Fellow (since September 2015)

Divya Matta Project Junior Research Fellow

(till August 2015)

P Divya Project Junior Research Fellow

(since August 2015)

P Rajitha Technical Officer III
Angalena R Senior Technical Officer

Dutta Usha Rani Technical Officer

M Muthulakshmi Technical Officer

A Sobhan Babu Technical Officer

S Jamal Md Nurul Jain Technical Officer

S Vasantha Rani Technical Officer

C. Krishna Prasad Technician
R. Sudheer Kumar Technician

## **Objectives**

- To conduct genetic evaluation for patients/ families with genetic disorders;
- 2. To develop new methods and assays for genetic analysis and engage in research on chromosomal and single gene disorders;
- To act as national referral center for analysis and quality control of genetic tests for few genetic diseases; and
- 4. To impart training in genetic evaluation of patients with genetic disorders.

## Details of services provided in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015-March 31, 2016)

#### **Clinical Genetics**

A total of 4859 patient samples were analyzed for genetic testing, during the year 2015-16. These consisted of patients with chromosomal disorders, monogenic disorders, mental retardation, congenital malformations, inborn errors of metabolism, and other familial disorders. The SIAMG fellowship program for training in Clinical Cytogenetics and Clinical Molecular Genetics has been initiated in collaboration with Society

for Indian Academy of Medical Genetics. One student each joined for the fellowship program and one student completed the fellowship in Clinical Cytogenetics during 2015-16.

The Department of Medical Genetics established at Nizam's Institute of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad is functioning successfully. A total of 3354 patients were examined and counseled in the unit during 2015-16. In addition antenatal ultrasonograms were done in 306 cases, antenatal invasive procedures (chorionic villus sampling and amniocentesis) in 119 cases and foetal autopsies were conducted in 82 foetuses. A 3 year training program for Diplomate of National Board (DNB) in Medical Genetics initiated with affiliation to National Board of Examinations, New Delhi is running successfully.

## Genetic investigations done during 2015-16

Investigation	Total cases	Positives
Cytogenetics	1626	117 (7%)
Proband	1446	107 (7.3%)
Prenatal	180	10 (5.5%)
Molecular Genetics	2324	850 (36.5 %)
Proband	2175	807 (37 %)
Prenatal	149	43 (29 %)
Biochemical Genetics	909	255 (28.0%)
Proband	893	248 (27.7%)
Prenatal	16	7 (43.75%)

## **Cytogenetics**

Disease	Abnormality	No of cases
Down	47,XY,+21	39
Syndrome	47,XX,+21	14
	46,XX,rob(13;21) +21	1
	46,XX,rob(21;21) +21	1
	46,XY,rob(21;21)+21	1
	46,XX,rob(13;14)+21	1
	47,SC,+21	2
Edward syndrome	47,XX,+18	1
Patau Syndrome	47,SC,+13	1
Turner syndrome	Monosomy X (45,X)	4
	mos 45,X/ 46,X,r(X)	1
	mos 45,X/46,X,i(X)	2
	mos 46,X,del(X)(p21p22.3)/45,X	1
	46,X,i(X)(q10)	1
	mos 46,XY/46,XX	1
Klinefelter	47,XXY	5
Syndrome	47,SC, XXY	1
Triple X Syndrome	47,XXX	1

## Structural chromosomal abnormalities

Inversions	
46,XX,inv(3)	1
46,X,inv(Y)	2
46,XX,inv(15)(q21.3q24)	1
46,XY,inv(9)	1
Duplications	
46,XY,add(1q36)	1
46,XX,15p+	3
46,XY,15p+	1
Marker	
mos 47,XY,+marker/46,XY	1
Translocations	
46,XY,t(5;10)(p15;q24)	2
46,XY,t(13;15)(q22;q22)	1

46,XX,t(4;13)(q31;q14)	1
46,XX,t(11;22)(q23;q11.2)	1
46,XX,t(11;13)(q24;q12)	1
46,XX,t(1;9)(p36.1;p23)	1
46,XX,der(4),t(4;13)(p31;q14)mat	1
45,XX,rob(13;14)(q10;q10)	1
46,XX,t(15;16)(q11.1;q11.1)	1
46,SC,t(15;16)(q11.1;q11.1)mat	1
46,SC,der(5),t(5;11)(p15.1;p11.2)pat	1
46,SC,der(15),t(9;15)(p13;p11)pat	1
45,SC,t(13;14)(q11.1;q11.1)pat	1
46,SC,t(5;10)( (p15;q24)pat	1
Polymorphic variants	13

## Fluorescence in situ Hybridization (FISH)

Disease/translocation	Probe	No of tests
Prader-Willi Syndrome	SNRPN(15q11)/PML(15q24)	4
1p36 deletion syndrome	1p36 probe	2
Di-George Syndrome	TUPLE(22q11.2)/ARSA(22q13)	6
Marker chromosomes	WCP-11, WCP-13, 9, 18 SE(X)/(Y), Acro-p-arm	10
Spectral karyotyping		4

## **Quantitative Fluorescent PCR (QF-PCR)**

MLPA	Cases	Positives
Prenatal (Aneuploidy )	83	6
Postnatal (Microdeletion syndromes)	125	10

## **Biochemical Genetics**

Disease/Test	Positives
Urine & Blood Metabolic Screening tests (N=225)	74
Amino acid disorders (N=201)	51
Non Ketotic Hyperglycinemia	16
Hyperornithinemia	5
Tyrosinemia	2
Phenylketonuria	3
MSUD	3
Hyperprolinemia	3
Other amino acid disorders	19

Disease/Test	Positives
Lysosomal storage disorders (N=467)	123
Hurler syndrome(39)	16
Hunter syndrome(33)	17
Sanfilippo B (23)	7
Morquio A disease (32)	12
Maroteaux Lamy syndrome (9)	3
Sly disease (13)	1
GM1-Gangliosidosis (74)	4
Gaucher disease (49)	6

•	
Krabbe disease (24)	4
Pompe disease (13)	2
Niemann Pick disease (42)	19
Mucolipidosis(9)	8
Metachromatic Leukodystrophy (59)	15
Fabry disease(12)	4
Hexosaminidase A/B (36)	
Tay Sachs disease	1
Sandhoff disease	4

Prenatal diagnosis ( 16)	7
Mucolipidosis (1)	0
Sanfilippo B (1)	0
Metachromatic Leukodystrophy (1)	1
Gaucher disease (2)	1
Hurler syndrome (2)	1
Maroteaux Lamy syndrome (1)	0
Morquio A disease (2)	2
GM1- Gangliosidosis (2)	1
Niemann Pick disease (4)	1

## **Molecular Genetics**

Name of disorders	No of cases	Positive	Negative		
DMD/BMD	294	181	113		
DMD Carrier Analysis	69	22	47		
Spinal Muscular Atrophy	163	72	91		
SMA Carrier Analysis	47	23	24		
		Normal	Homozygous	Heterozygous	Compound Heterozygous
$\beta$ thalassemia and Sickle cell anemia	421	30	228	68	95
Factor V Leiden	276	269	01	06	NA
Factor II mutation	191	191	0	0	NA
Cystic Fibrosis	114	101	05	08	NA
Pancreatitis	22	18	03	01	NA
Connexin 26	18	12	02	04	0
Achondroplasia	12	08	0	04	NA
Hemophilia	11	08	01	02	NA
Gilbert Syndrome	39	05	30	04	NA
LHON disease	2	2	0	0	NA
Leigh disease	3	3	0	0	NA
MTHFR	13	08	0	05	NA
Triplet Repeat Disorders		Positive	Negative		
Friedrichs Ataxia	59	14	45		
Myotonic Dystrophy	72	44	28		
Huntington Disease	56	34	22		
SCA Panel (1,2,3,6 &7)	104	36	68		
DRPLA	13	0	13		
Spinobulbar Muscular Atrophy (SBMA)	2	1	1		
Fragile X Syndrome	174	15	159		

#### **MOLECULAR GENETICS--PRENATAL DIAGNOSIS**

Prenatal Diagnosis	No of cases	Positive	Negative		
DMD	09	01	80		
Spinal Muscular atrophy	42	10	32		
Cystic Fibrosis	8	0	8		
Myotonic dystrophy	2	0	2		
Fragile X Syndrome	1	1	0		
Hemophilia	2	0	2		
		Normal	Homozygous	Heterozygous	Compound Heterozygous
β thalassemia	84	11	24	43	06
Connexin	1	0	1		

#### **II. Diagnostics Research**

Project 1: Human exome sequencing for identification of novel genes in rare mendelian disorders

Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Single gene disorders are rare by themselves but collectively they are an important cause of morbidity and mortality. The identification of genes for single gene disorders has value. not only in prenatal diagnosis and genetic counselling of affected families, but also in basic research towards understanding gene functions and mechanisms of disease. Till date more than 3000 genes causing single gene disorders have been identified using classical linkage analysis methods but still a large number remains to be characterized. The availability of massively parallel sequencing technologies have made it possible to identify gene for a particular disease using just a few affected individuals. Over the past years of providing services in clinical genetics, we have identified several interesting novel disorders and syndromes with a single gene pattern of Mendelian inheritance. We plan to employ exome sequencing to identify novel genes in such families.

## Details of work done in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

We have performed exome sequencing for two families with rare autosomal recessive disorders last year and identified disease causing variant in *BHLHA9* gene in a family with Camptosynpolydactyly (OMIM: 607539) and in BUB1B gene in another family with two female siblings affected with microcephaly, macular degeneration, Wilm's tumour and short stature. During the reporting year we have recruited a family with three siblings (including two male and one female) affected with intellectual disability, ptosis and polydactyly, born out of consanguineous marriage. Array CGH for identification of common homozygous region was done in all the affected individuals. This helped us in narrowing to five common homozygous regions of 16 Mb size containing 228 genes. Exome sequencing using Illumina NGS platform followed by mapping of reads to reference genome (hg19) and detection of variants was done. Filtering of known SNPs, 1000G variants (MAF≥0.01), ExAC variants (MAF≥0.01) and in-house exome database variants revealed 6 common homozygous variants among the siblings. Among these six variants, c.879G>A in ARMC9 gene was predicted to be disease causing and thus considered as candidate gene for the disorder. c.879G>A is a synonymous variant altering the splicing site in exon 8 of ARMC9 gene. ARMC9 gene codes for Armadillo repeat containing 9 protein, which is an interacting partner of SIAH1 (Siah E3 ubiquitin protein ligase 1) and CMTM5 (CKLF like MARVEL trans-membrane domain containing protein family 5). Little is known about ARMC9 and interaction with SIAH1 indicates that it may be a part of ubiquitination pathway. Sanger sequencing and validation of variant has been done in all affected individuals and parents, which shows autosomal recessive segregation pattern. Functional characterization is being planned to characterize the mutation and its effects on protein function.

## Project II: Clinical, biochemical and molecular analysis of lysosomal storage disorders

## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Lysosomal storage disorders are a heterogeneous group of disorders associated with specific lysosomal enzyme deficiency. The diagnosis in most of these disorders is based on enzyme

assay. There is a large amount of overlap in enzyme levels among carriers and normal people; hence it is very difficult to detect carriers by enzyme assay. Mutation detection is helpful for carrier detection and accurate prenatal diagnosis. Our study aims to characterize the clinical features, biochemical parameters and molecular defects in various lysosomal storage disorders

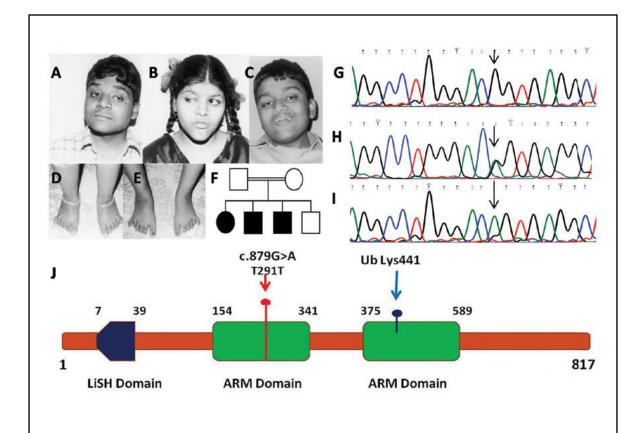


Figure 1. Candidate gene identification in family with rare autosomal recessive disorder.

A – E : Photograph of affected children showing down slanting palpebral fissure, ptosis and bilateral postaxial polydactyly.

F : Pedigree of family with mental retardation, ptosis and polydactyly

G-I: Sanger sequencing chromatogram of Control (Normal), Parent (Heterozygous) and patient (homozygous showing c.879G>A indicated by arrows.

J : Schematic illustration of ARMC9 with location of ARM domains. Mutation c.879G>A indicated by red arrow and ubiquitination site at Lys441 indicated by blue arrow, which may be altered due to splicing defect caused by mutation.

## Details of work done in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

Over last six years we have been able to identify mutations in more than 250 patients with different

lysosomal storage diseases (LSDs) (Table 1). This study has revealed the mutation spectrum in patients with LSDs in the Indian population.

Lysosomal Storage Disorder	Gene	Number of cases	Total mutations	Novel mutations
Niemann-Pick disease types A & B	SMPD1	81	60	26
Metachromatic leukodystrophy	ARSA	79	56	23
Mucopolysaccharidosis I	IDUA	31	22	15
Mucopolysaccharidosis II	IDS	33	20	7
Mucopolysaccharidosis VI	ARSB	38	24	18
Sialidosis	NEU1	5	3	3
Total		250	185	92

Table 1. Data sheet showing mutation analysis for LSDs

During the reporting year, we have done mutation analysis for 64 patients as shown in Table 2 which further revealed the mutation spectrum of these diseases. This was done as part of a National Task Force on Lysosomal Storage Diseases funded by Indian Council of Medical Research and Department of Health Research.

Lysosomal storage Disease	Gene	No. of patients
Sialidosis	NEU1	5
I-Cell disease	GNPTAB/GNPTG	23
Niemann Pick Disease	SMPD1	28
Mucopolysacharidosis Type VI	ARSB	8
Total	64	

Table 2. Data sheet showing mutation analysis for LSDs in NTF-LSD project

In addition, we have started a new project this year on development of a next generation sequencing based assay for mutation analysis for lysosomal storage disorders. While Sanger sequencing is very useful for sequence analysis of small genes, when applied for large genomic regions it becomes time consuming and laborious, requiring multiple PCR reactions for generating amplicons for sequencing. The development of high throughput massively parallel sequencing strategies in recent years has revolutionized the concept of sequence analysis and has made sequencing of large genomic segments far more feasible and much less time-consuming. In the present project we plan to amplify about 5 kb fragments of genomic DNA from specific lysosomal storage disease gene and then pool the samples for next generation sequencing based analysis. Pooling of samples from different individuals with different affected genes will help to decrease the cost of sequencing significantly. We have standardized Long PCR for following genes: ARSA, SMPD1, IDUA, NEU1, and are analyzing the results received from first run of the multiplexed NGS reaction.

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<sup>\*</sup> Partial work done in CDFD

## APEDA-CDFD CENTRE FOR BASMATI DNA ANALYSIS

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## **Objectives**

 Testing the purity of Basmati samples received from Export Inspection Council (EIC), Ministry of Commerce, Government of India, Basmati rice exporters from India, and other countries; and

2. Molecular dissection of a QTL governing grain size in Basmati rice.

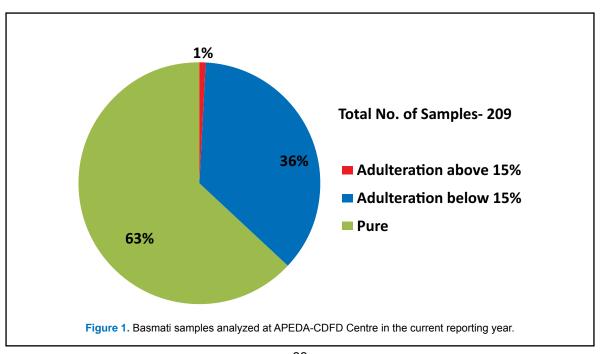
Summary of the work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

The work undertaken in earlier years under objective 2 has been summarized in the first part of the corresponding description below.

Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Objective 1: Testing the purity of Basmati samples received from Export Inspection Council (EIC), Ministry of Commerce, Govt. of India, Basmati rice exporters from India and other countries.

During the period under report, a total of 209 Basmati samples were analyzed and the number of samples indicating the percentage of adulteration with non-basmati rice is shown in Figure 1.



The protocol for DNA testing of Basmati rice was initially developed for detection of adulteration using eight Simple Sequence Repeats (SSRs) marker assay with eleven notified Basmati varieties. In view of the complexities and challenges arising in adulteration testing, efforts are being made to further expand as well as fine tune the present protocol as mentioned below:

### i) Updating the database of Basmati varieties

At present twenty varieties of Basmati rice have been notified by Department of Agriculture and Cooperation (DAC) under Seeds Act, 1966. We have extended our method of multiplexed eight markers panel analysis for identification of all the twenty notified varieties to generate a comprehensive database.

## ii) Single grain analysis for varietal identification

On the unknown rice samples, where the sample was predominantly one variety, the identification using our standardized method is in good agreement. However, for identification of rice varieties in samples of complex mixtures, single grain analysis is now being used.

# iii) Increase the number of markers (SSRs) & employ SNPs for better resolution of complex mixtures and varietal identification

With the constant release of new rice varieties, it becomes imperative to incorporate more number of SSR markers in the present assay. The SSRs that are highly discriminatory between the various rice varieties are being identified.

## Objective 2: Molecular dissection of a QTL governing grain size in Basmati rice.

Grain size is one of the most important characters that determine the quality of Basmati rice from consumers as well as traders point of view. Though many genes governing grain size have been identified in *indica* and *japonica*, little work has been done in Basmati rice. Ninety six diverse rice germplasm viz. aromatic (27), *indica* (45), *japonica* and javonica (19) and aus (5) groups; which differ significantly for grain size traits were screened with a total of 55 SSR markers.

During the period under report, association mapping has been carried out with three SSRs, RM 6024 (grain breadth), RM1237 and RM18582 (grain length breadth ratio), which were identified as 'constitutive QTL' markers associated with grain size. Fine mapping was carried out using 39 SSR markers by screening 410 F2 populations derived from a cross between Java and Basmati370. About 7 polymorphic markers in the marker interval RM6024-RM18582 accounting for 18 percent polymorphism were identified. The QTLs for grain size, thousand grain weight and panicle number were found to be clustered in the region RM6024-RM18550 with a physical distance of 268 kb which is novel and unique to Basmati. The candidate gene prediction by semiguantitative PCR, gTELLER and nonsynonymous SNPs revealed that zinc finger transcription factors, cytochrome p450 (brassinosteroid signaling) and tetratricopeptide like proteins in the QTL cluster were involved in regulating grain length whereas ubiquitin mediated protein, degradation proteins and cytokinin oxidase 1 were involved in grain breadth.

#### **Publications**

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<sup>\*</sup>work done outside CDFD



#### LABORATORY OF BACTERIAL GENETICS

Studies on gene regulation, transcription termination, and amino acid and ion-transport in Escherichia coli

Faculty J Gowrishankar Staff Scientist

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Aanisa Nazir Senior Research Fellow Rajvardhan M Kapshikar Senior Research Fellow Suchitra Upreti Senior Research Fellow Nalini Raghunathan Senior Research Fellow Rajeshree Sanyal Senior Research Fellow Nida Ali Senior Research Fellow Ravish Sharma Senior Research Fellow J Mallikarjun Junior Research Fellow Sayantan Goswami Junior Research Fellow Swati Dubey Junior Research Fellow

Vani Singh Junior Research Fellow(since June 2015)
Prajakta Tathe Junior Research Fellow (since July 2015)

Other Members V K Mishra Staff Scientist

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J Krishna Leela Technical Officer

T S Shaffiqu Technical Officer

Vimala Allada Research Associate

P Hima Bindu Research Associate

Saswat Mohapatra Research Associate (Since Dec.2015)

The Laboratory of Bacterial Genetics comprises three faculty groups engaged in research on several aspects of the physiology and genetics of *Escherichia coli*, and is majorly supported by the Department of Biotechnology as a Centre of Excellence for Microbial Biology. The work undertaken in this reporting year is described below under the following objectives:

#### **Objectives**

- To understand the pathology of RNA-DNA hybrids (R-loops) and the mechanisms of their avoidance;
- 2. Studies on essentiality and oligomerization features of RNase E in *E. coli*;
- 3. Delineation of a cryptic pathway for potassium translocation in *E. coli*;

- 4. Studies on basic amino acid export in E. coli;
- 5. To understand the genetic interactions between (p)ppGpp and the tm-RNA system leading to modulation of transcriptional polarity by (p)ppGpp.
- 6. To determine the role of (p)ppGpp in modulation of cell division;
- Consequences of glycerol stasis in the glpD mutant of E.coli;
- 8. Does basal (p)ppGpp modulate chromosomal replication?

Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

The work undertaken in earlier years on each of the objectives has been summarized in the first parts of the corresponding descriptions below.

### Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015-March 31, 2016)

### 1. Occurrence of pathological R-loops and their consequences in *E. coli*.

Our laboratory has for several years been pursuing the hypothesis that nascent transcripts in E. coli are prone to re-anneal with the upstream template DNA strand to generate pathological RNA-DNA hybrids or R-loops which can act to impede transcription and replication. According to this model, R-loop occurrence is avoided or minimized by engagement of the nascent transcripts with translating ribosomes (ie., transcription-translation coupling), and in the absence / failure of such coupling by the termination of transcription mediated by proteins Rho and NusG. We had shown earlier that the lethality of knockout mutations in rho or nusG can be rescued by ectopic expression of UvsW, an R-loop helicase from phage T4; and that R-loops (as detected by a bisulphite-sensitivity assay) are distributed genome-wide with several defined hotspots in the bacterial cells, including those inferred to be generated from antisense transcripts.

R-loops are known also to be sites of aberrant chromosomal replication initiation (that is DnaA-and *oriC*-independent), which is referred to as constitutive stable DNA replication (cSDR). Based on our finding that R-loops are distributed genome-wide, we have earlier suggested that cSDR origins are also widespread, each however only with a very small and stochastic firing potential.

In the current year, we have compared the genomic positions of R-loop prevalence, that have been detected by us in the bisulphite-sensitivity assay, with two other published datasets: (i) an algorithmic prediction of R-loop forming sequences in the *E.coli* genome (Jenjaroenpun et al., Nucleic Acids Research, 2015, 43:10081), and (ii) an identification (Peters et al., Genes and Development, 2012, 26:2621-2633) of approximately 900 antisense transcripts whose abundance is increased in presence of the Rho inhibitor bicyclomycin (ie., these are transcripts that are normally not present because of the action of Rho in terminating their synthesis).

In the former dataset, twenty six R-loop prone sequences had been computationally predicted in the *E.coli* genome (without prior knowledge of whether or not they are transcribed), and we

have found that eleven of them exactly match the strand-specific hotspots of bisulphite sensitivity that were detected in our earlier studies. We believe that this indeed provides strong support for the notion that bisulphite sensitivity indeed is a marker of R-loop prevalence in the cells.

Comparison of the bisulphite-sensitivity data with the second dataset of Peters et al led to a very interesting finding: that the prevalence of Rhosensitive antisense transcription (as detected in RNA-Seg experiments) is inversely correlated with the propensity for bisulphite sensitivity, that is, the loci exhibiting high bisulphite sensitivity were less likely to be represented in the antisense transcription dataset and vice versa. We suggest that this counterintuitive result may be explained by a model positing that antisense transcripts from a very highly bisulphite-sensitive locus immediately form R-loops and consequently inhibit further transcription, so that their abundance in the RNA-Seq experiments would be low; on the other hand, R-loop formation would be less prevalent from antisense transcripts at the loci that are not bisulphite-sensitive, and these transcripts would therefore be detected by RNA-Seq. One prediction from this model, which we intend to test in future experiments, is that the present RNA-Seq approaches tend to underestimate the propensity for antisense transcription in E. coli, which can be more accurately assessed by performing RNA-Seq in rho or nusG knockout strains expressing the R-loop helicase uvsW.

The additional studies currently undertaken in this component of the project are directed towards (i) determining the various situations in which cSDR can be detected and the genetic requirements for cSDR under these conditions; (ii) understanding the mechanism(s) of cSDR, including through next-generationsequencing-experiments; (iii) quantification of R-loop prevalence in different strains with the aid of the monoclonal antibody S9.6 that is specific for RNA-DNA hybrids; and (iv) employment of in vitro transcription approaches to examine Rho-dependent transcription termination in the presence of nucleoid-binding proteins.

### 2. Essentiality and oligomerization features of RNase E in *E. coli*.

RNase E is an endonuclease that is essential for viability in *E. coli*, which functions both for stable RNA processing as the rate-limiting enzyme for

mRNA degradation. The salient features of RNase E are that (i) it is a homotetramer of a polypeptide of 1061 amino acid residues; (ii) its catalytic activity resides in the N-terminal half of the protein, with the C-terminal half being dispensable for viability; and (iii) its activity is modulated by the nature of the 5'-end of the substrate, being maximal on 5'-monophosphorylated RNA. The crystal structures of the tetrameric N-terminal half of RNase E in both apo-form and with bound RNA have been determined, which indicate that (i) the 5'-RNA end is recognized by a pocket in the enzyme (that includes residues R169 and T170) which is distinct from the active site; and (ii) the RNA is so positioned that its 5'-end is in one subunit of the oligomer while the endonucleolytic scission would take place in an adjacent subunit.

We had previously shown that an RNase E variant with truncation of its C-terminal half along with an R169Q substitution in its 5'-end recognition pocket is lethal. Work undertaken by us in the current year suggests that this lethality can be suppressed by perturbations that reduce the expression of stable RNA in the cells; these perturbations include (i) increase in basal ppGpp levels, (ii) introduction of "stringent" RNA polymerase mutations; (iii) over-expression of the protein DksA; and (iv) reduction in the number of ribosomal RNA operons in the genome from the normal seven to three or to two. We hypothesize that the reduced stable RNA levels under these conditions minimize the need of RNase E to process them, so that the need of the enzyme for mRNA degradation can now be adequately met.

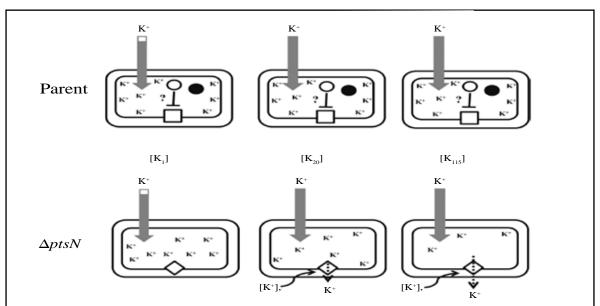
In related studies, we have also shown that the co-expression in the same cell of two RNase E variant polypeptides that are individually lethalone with a 5'-end recognition pocket mutation and the other with a catalytic active site mutation - is able to confer viability. These findings are in support of the model proposed from the crystal structure data that substrate 5'-end recognition and cleavage occur in different subunits of the oligomer.

### 3. Acryptic pathway for potassium translocation in *E. coli*.

Research in this project is directed towards examination of a physiological link between the phosphoenol pyruvate dependent phosphotransferase system comprising PtsP-PtsO-PtsN and K<sup>+</sup> ion metabolism in *E. coli*. Absence of PtsN the terminal phosphoacceptor

of the PtsP-O-N phosphorelay in E. coli leads to a potassium sensitive growth phenotype (Ks) as the external K+ concentration ([K+] ) is increased above 1 mM. Studies on the  $K^{s}$  of the  $\Delta ptsN$ mutant have shown that its growth inhibition by [K<sup>+</sup>], paradoxically correlates with cellular K<sup>+</sup> limitation that is mediated by YcgO, a predicted inner membrane protein belonging to the CPA1 family of proteins that mediate monovalent cation/proton antiport. Accordingly, the KS is alleviated by the absence of YcgO. Furthermore overexpression of ycgO also yields a Ks that is similar in many respects to that displayed by the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant, implicating YcgO to be the mediator of the Ks. Overall our studies are consistent with a model (schematically depicted in Fig.1) which postulates that  $K^{s}$  in the  $\Delta ptsN$ mutant occurs due to K+ limitation resulting due to unfettered K+ efflux mediated by YcgO, owing to the absence of dephospho-PtsN with K+ efflux being additionally stimulated by [K+]. Repression of the high affinity Kdp K+ uptake system by [K+] is thought to contribute to the maintenance of K+ limitation in the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant and it is assumed that the magnitude of K+ efflux via YcgO is lower than the flux of K+ uptake occurring separately through the Trk, Kup and the fully activated TrkF systems It is speculated that YcgO mediated K+ limitation may be an output of a response to certain stress(es) which by modulating the phosphotransfer capacity of the PtsP-O-N phosphorelay, leads to growth cessation and stress tolerance.

Earlier we had isolated, after transposon mutagenesis, chromosomal suppressors of the  $K^s$  of the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant. Genetic studies on one of the suppressor mutants have shown that absence of a small integral membrane protein YajC alleviates the Ks. Previously we have also observed that the  $\Delta ycgO$  mutation which suppresses the  $K^s$  of the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant, yielded a K+ related growth phenotype and affected cellular K+ content only in the absence of PtsN indicating that ordinarily YcgO activity is rendered cryptic in E. coli, probably by dephospho-PtsN. In principle any suppressor mutation of the K<sup>s</sup> can mediate its effect by either directly altering cellular K+ pools or may exert its effect on cellular  $K^+$  pools only in the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant. The  $\Delta ycgO$ mutation thus exerts its suppressive effects by the latter mechanism. A tester strain allows one to distinguish between the two possibilities mentioned above and our studies show that the  $\Delta yajC$  mutation, like the  $\Delta ycgO$  mutation, exerts



**Figure 1.** A model for K<sup>+</sup> limitation mediated by YcgO in the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant. Scheme depicting cellular K<sup>+</sup> content in the parent strain (top panel) and its reduction in the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant (bottom panel). K<sup>+</sup> content in the two strains is shown in media with [K<sup>+</sup>]<sub>es</sub> of 1 ([K<sub>1</sub>]), 20 ([K<sub>20</sub>]), and 115 ([K<sub>115</sub>]) mM. A double-colored arrow represents the contribution to cellular K<sup>+</sup> content due to K<sup>+</sup> uptake mediated by the Kdp (white) and the Trk plus Kup (gray) transporters, whereas a single-colored gray arrow represents K<sup>+</sup> uptake occurring via the Trk and Kup transporters and reflects the repression of the Kdp system by [K<sup>+</sup>]<sub>e</sub>. The contribution of the TrkF activity to the cellular K<sup>+</sup> content in strains bearing all K<sup>+</sup> uptake systems is considered to be negligible. K<sup>+</sup> efflux mediated by YcgO is represented as a dashed arrow, and its stimulation by [K<sup>+</sup>]<sub>e</sub> is represented by a wavy arrow. The heights of the arrows representing K<sup>+</sup> uptake and efflux are proportional to their K<sup>+</sup> transport fluxes. Dephospho-PtsN, presumed to fetter YcgO, and the phosphorylated form of PtsN are represented as open and solid circles, respectively. The open square and diamond, respectively, represent the fettered and unfettered states of YcgO.

its suppressive effect only in the absence of PtsN. In addition the K<sup>S</sup> of ycgO overexpression was also substantially suppressed by the  $\Delta yajC$  mutation and, unlike that seen for the case of ycgO, overexpression of yajC did not lead to the K<sup>S</sup>. These observations suggest that YajC may function as a positive regulator of YcgO activity. Current studies are directed towards testing the notion that YajC may interact with YcgO and whether the suppression by absence of YajC correlates with elevation of K<sup>+</sup> content in the  $\Delta ptsN$  mutant. In addition, whether PtsN displays a phosphorylation state dependent interaction with YcgO is also being studied.

### 4. Studies on basic amino acid export in *E. coli*.

Towards studies on regulation of basic amino acid export in *E. coli*, we have previously reported genetic and physiological studies on the ORFs yggA~(argO) and ybjE~(lysO) that encode the L-arginine (Arg) and L-lysine (Lys) exporters ArgO and LysO respectively in *E. coli*. The ortholog of ArgO in *C. glutamicum*, LysE exports both Arg and Lys whereas ArgO ordinarily mediates export only of Arg. Our studies have

shown that under conditions where expression of *argO* is dissociated from the repressive effect of Lys on its expression, which occurs via the ArgP transcriptional factor, the Lys export potential of ArgO is detectable, indicating that ArgO also bears a capacity (albeit latent) to mediate Lys export.

Proteins belonging to the LysE family are widely distributed, in many bacteria and contain on an average of 200 to 220 amino acid residues. Predictions of their topology are supportive of a 6 transmembrane (TM) helical arrangement. While LysE and ArgO remain the best functionally characterized members of the LysE family, there is an absence of structural information pertaining to them.

Towards determination of the mechanism of Arg export by ArgO, we had previously undertaken an analysis of its topology in *E. coli* using alkaline phosphatise fusion reporters, which provided limited information on the topological disposition of ArgO in the cytoplasmic membrane. Recently, we have used cysteine accessibility studies in situ to construct a detailed topological map of ArgO. For this purpose we have constructed a

set of 25 functional ArgO variants each bearing a single cysteine substitution at a specific position along the length of ArgO, and have determined the three possible locations for the cysteine residue namely periplasmic, cytoplasmic or intramembrane using protein PEGylation. Our studies indicate that ArgO assumes an N<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>Out</sub> configuration potentially forming a five transmembrane helix bundle flanked by an indispensable N-terminal cytoplasmic domain (NTD) and a dispensable short C-terminal periplasmic region (CTR). Mutagenesis studies implicate a pair of conserved aspartate residues, located near the cytoplasmic and periplasmic edges of the cytoplasmic membrane to play a pivotal role in facilitating transmembrane Arg flux.

We had earlier also isolated a set of *argO* mutants encoding proteins bearing amino acid substitutions that impair ArgO function in vivo. Furthermore we had isolated their derivatives bearing compensatory amino acid alterations, which implicated a role for interhelical interactions in the Arg export mechanism. Using the membrane permeable crosslinker disuccinimidylsuberate we have obtained evidence that ArgO may function *in vivo* as a monomer, highlighting thus the requirement for intramolecular interactions in ArgO as opposed to interactions across multiple ArgO monomers in the formation of an Arg translocating conduit.

Further studies in this regard are directed towards reconstitution of ArgO and LysO mediated Arg, Lys export respectively in proteoliposomes to obtain insights into the mechanistic basis of amino acid export mediated by the two exporters.

### Genetic interactions between (p)ppGpp and tm-RNA (SsrA)/SmpB : Modulation of transcriptional polarity by (p)ppGpp.

The nucleoside derivative (p)ppGpp is an important signal of the status of growth physiology in bacteria. In work described by us in earlier reports, the synthetic lethal phenotype observed during the combined deficiency of (p)ppGpp and either SsrA or SmpB (explained below) was genetically and biochemically characterized and this led to proposal of the following model. An increased rate of transcription elongation in the ppGpp $^0$  strain ( $\Delta relA \Delta spoT$ ) uncouples transcription and translation resulting in mRNA segments between the RNA polymerase (RNAP) and the lead ribosome to be exposed. The exposed segments of mRNA become the target

for ribonucleases and the transcription termination factors Rho/NusG, leading to the generation of truncated mRNAs. Ribosomes stalling on truncated mRNAs result in the generation of nonstop ribosome complexes and make ribosome rescue by the trans-translation machinery (SsrA and SmpB) essential for survival. The proposal that the transcription elongation rate is enhanced in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain is based on the suppression and accentuation, respectively, of the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> ssrA synthetic lethality by the RNAP mutations *rpoB8* and *rpoB2*.

In the context of this model, it was also important to rule out the possibility of regulation of transcription initiation by (p)ppGpp contributing to the suppression. Towards this, a stable RNA (tRNA<sup>ARG5</sup>)-encoding construct was fused to *lacZ* and used as reporter to compare transcription efficiencies between wild type and ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strains, by Northern blotting. With the reporter fused distal to the lac promoter, a 4-fold increased polarity was evident in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain. To rule out effects on transcription initiation, a promoter-proximal fusion was also made and the efficiency of transcription measured; no difference was evident.

Since the synthetic lethality was individually suppressed by over-expression of the (p)ppGpp accessory factor DksA (but not DksANN mutated at its conserved aspartate residues), as well as by the the stringent and slow moving RNAP mutants rpoBL571P and rpoB8 respectively, their effects on transcription initiation and elongation was studied in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain. Over-expression of DksA(but not DksA<sup>NN</sup>) and *rpoB*L571P moderately increased the synthesis of full-length transcript without affecting the efficiency of transcription initiation. The rpoB8 mutant failed to improve full length transcript levels. Since over-expression of DksA (but not DksANN) or the stringent rpoB mutants alter transcription initiation from stringent promoters (positively or negatively regulated), their effects on transcription elongation noted here can be argued to be indirect; however, this is an unlikely explanation since effects arising from redistribution of RNAP would be seen on initiation as well.

Since the *rpoB8* mutant fails to increase fulllength transcripts while it rescues synthetic lethality, it can be argued that the reduction in full-length transcripts per se is not the cause of lethality. It is accordingly proposed that in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain, the reduction is the consequence

of both premature transcription termination as well as the generation of truncated mRNA through ribonucleases, while in the ppGppo rpoB8 strain it follows from the reduced rate of transcription elongation. The consequences for translation, therefore, are very different in the two strains. While the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain would have increased non-stop ribosome complex following the arrest of ribosomes at non-stop mRNA, in the ppGpp0rpoB8 strain increase in RNAP coupling with lead ribosome would alleviate the generation of non-stop mRNA and nonstop ribosome complex. It follows that the SsrA/ SmpB-mediated trans-translation is essential in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain but dispensable in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup> rpoB8 mutant.

#### 6. Modulation of cell division by (p)ppGpp.

In previous studies, we had documented the synthetic lethality of ppGpp<sup>0</sup> with mutation in *lon* (encoding the ATP-dependent Lon protease). Our studies had suggested that SulA-mediated inhibition of the cell division protein FtsZ could be the probable cause of lethality (since SulA is a natural substrate of Lon protease), although we did not find evidence for increased *sulA* expression in the (p)ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain.

Based on genetic and molecular studies carried out during the current year, we propose that (i) basal levels of (p)ppGpp are required to sustain normal cell division in *E.coli* during growth in rich medium through the positive regulation of FtsZ; and (ii) basal SulA level set by Lon protease is important for insulating cell division against both a decrease in FtsZ concentration and against conditions that can increase the susceptibility of FtsZ to SulA as seen in a ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain. Work is in progress to understand the mechanism of regulation of FtsZ by basal (p)ppGpp.

#### Genetic and molecular characterization of glycerol stasis in the glpD mutant of E.coli.

It has been reported that cells lackingglycerol-3-Pdehydrogenase (encoded byglpD)undergo growth stasis following the addition of glycerol or glycerol-3-P in growth media lacking glucose, and that glucose can reverse this effect through a mechanism different from catabolite repression; the mechanism remains uncharacterized. A separate study has implicated depletion of nucleotides particularly that of ATP to be responsible for the growth arrest.

In the course of our earlier studies, that showed the existence of cross-talk between transketolase activity (involved in the pentose-phosphate shunt pathway) and glycerol metabolism, we identified that supplementation of ribose or other pentose sugars and pyrimidine (but not purine) nucleosides could individually rescue the glycerol induced growth stasis contingent on the synthesis of ribose-5-P. The rescue by ribose, but not by glucose, was abolished when glpK(encoding glycerol kinase) expression was made constitutive through a non-native promoter placed upstream of glpK on the chromosome but not when expression from the native promoter was made constitutive through a mutation in the transcriptional repressor glpR.

In the current year, we explored the link between the growth arrest induced by these sugars (glucose or ribose) and the intracellular concentration of nucleotides to ask if we could identify any correlation between the levels of nucleotides, glpK expression and the sugars used to rescue growth arrest. Our results show that ATP and GTP levels are reduced following the addition of glycerol, although the response is not instantaneous as reported. More interestingly, the metabolite that shows almost instantaneous disappearance or reappearance, respectively, following glycerol supplementation or growth rescue by addition of sugars, is phosphoribosylpyrophophate (PRPP). Further studies are in progress to understand how glycerol addition causes PRPP depletion which is then rescued by the addition of the sugars.

### 8. Does basal (p)ppGpp modulate chromosomal replication?

In a recent report (Ferrulo & Lovett, PLoS Genetics, 2008, 4:e1000300), inhibition of colony formation by (p)ppGpp accumulation was shown to be relieved in segA or dam mutants (Dam methylates the A residue in palindromic GATC sites in DNA, and SeqA binds duplex DNA with hemi-methylated GATC sequences that would occur soon after passage of the replication fork). It was proposed that DNA methylation and SeqA binding to non-origin loci is necessary to enforce a full stringent arrest, affecting both initiation of replication and chromosome segregation. We were unable to reproduce the rescue of growth inhibition using a ∆seqA allele and the same plasmids used in that study for over-expression of (p)ppGpp. Preliminary results from our study shows that increase in basal (p)ppGpp improves the growth of seqA mutant in rich medium and that synthetic lethality is observed in the ppGpp<sup>0</sup>  $\Delta seqA$  strain under some growth conditions. The latter result suggests that (p)ppGpp is required for the growth of seqA mutants. Studies to further characterize the phenomenon are in progress which could help in understanding the role of basal (p)ppGpp in chromosomal replication.

#### **Publications**

- Gowrishankar J (2015). End of the beginning: elongation and termination features of alternative modes of chromosomal replication initiation in bacteria. *PLoS Genetics*11: e1004909.
- Nazir A and Harinarayanan R (2016). Inactivation of cell division protein FtsZ

- by SulA makes Lon indispensable for the viability of ppGpp<sup>0</sup> strain of *Escherichia coli*. *Journal of Bacteriology*198: 688-700.
- Pathania A and Sardesai AA (2015). Distinct paths for basic amino acid export in *Escherichia coli*: YbjE (LysO) mediates export of L-lysine. *Journal of Bacteriology* 197: 2036-2047.
- Vimala A and Harinarayanan R (2016). Transketolase activity modulates glycerol-3-phosphate levels in Escherichia coli. Molecular Microbiology.

#### **Other Publications**

 Gowrishankar J and Nandineni MR (2016). Why India is rooting for its DNA identification Act. Nature India doi:10.1038/nindia.2016.47.

#### LABORATORY OF CELL CYCLE REGULATION

#### Elucidating the role of effector proteins in G1 to S phase progression

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#### **Objectives**

- Identification of new effector proteins involved in regulation of E2F-responsive promoters; and
- 2. Study of chromatin modifying proteins in cell cycle regulation.

## Project 1: Identification of new effector proteins involved in regulation of E2F-responsive promoters.

One of the major roles of E2F proteins is to regulate the transition from G1 to S phase. However, how E2Fs affect passage into S phase is still poorly understood. In this project we aim to identify new effector proteins involved in regulation of E2F-responsive promoters and better understand how these effectors influence transcriptional regulation during G1 to S phase progression.

### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

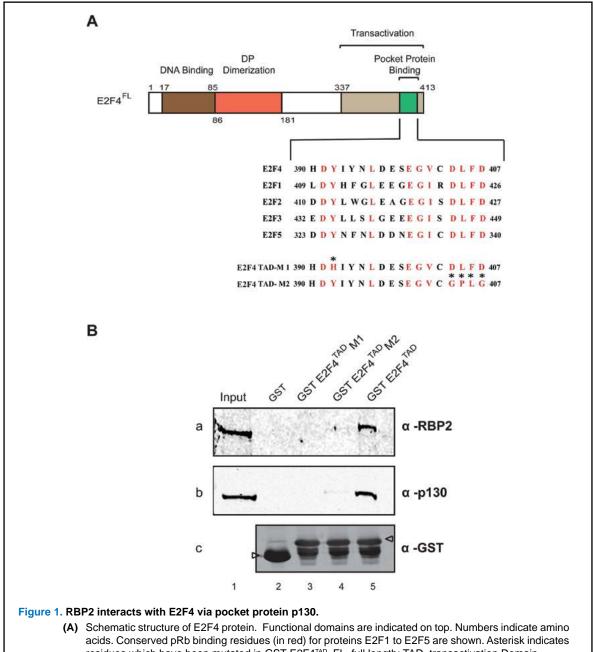
We showed that bacterially expressed GST-E2F4 fusion could pull down RBP2 from HeLa cell nuclear extract (NE). We were able to map the RBP2-interacting domain in E2F4 to the C-terminal Transactivation domain (TAD).

### Details of the progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

In order to map the domain in E2F4 which associates with RBP2, we made C-terminal GST fusion of E2F4 truncations. The 76 amino acid Transactivation domain (see Fig 1A) was able to pull down RBP2 from the HeLa cell NE, indicating that this domain was sufficient for interaction with RBP2 (Fig 1B panel a lane 5).

E2Fs including E2F4 are known to interact with the pocket proteins via their Transactivation domain (Shan et al, Proc Natl Acad Sci. 1996, see Fig 1A). RBP2 was discovered in a screen for cellular proteins that bind to the retinoblastoma gene product (Rb binding protein) and has been reported to interact with p107 (Defeo-Jones et al., Nature 1991; Kim et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 1994). Therefore, we wanted to ascertain that the E2F4-RBP2 interaction observed here was direct or via the pocket protein associated with E2F4. In our previous results, we observed that E2F4-RBP2 interaction is maximum in early G1 phase and p130 associates with E2F4 at this time. Therefore, we also probed the immunoblot with p130 antisera. As expected, p130 was present in the GST-E2F4 TAD pull down (Fig 1B panel b lane 5).

In order to establish that the RBP2 interaction with E2F4 was being mediated by the pocket protein (p130 here), we took advantage of the conservation of pocket protein-binding domain in E2Fs (Lee et al., Genes Dev. 2002; Shan et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 1996) and created two sets of amino acid mutations in the GST-E2F4 TAD, M1 (Tyr 392 His) and M2 (Asp 404 Gly, Leu 405 Pro, Phe 406 Leu, and Asp 407 Gly) (Fig. 1A). Both sets of amino acids mutations have been shown to abolish the E2F-pocket protein interaction previously (Lee et al., Genes Dev. 2002; Shan et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 1996). p130 associated with the wild type GST-E2F4 TAD but not GST-E2F4 TAD M1 and GST-E2F4 TAD M2 (Fig 1B panel b, compare lane 5 with lane 3 and 4). These results are consistent with the conservation of E2F-pocket protein-binding and the interaction of pRb with other E2Fs (Lee et al., Genes Dev. 2002; Shan et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 1996). The blot was probed for RBP2 interaction. Only wild type GST-E2F4 TAD (Fig 1B, panel a) interacted with RBP2.



- residues which have been mutated in GST-E2F4TAD. FL, full length; TAD, transactivation Domain.
- (B) The Interaction between E2F4 and RBP2 is mediated by p130. GST-E2F4<sup>TAD</sup> (wild type, lane 5) and its mutant forms GST-E2F4<sup>TAD</sup> M1 (Y 392 H, lane 3) and GST-E2F4<sup>TAD</sup> M2 (D 404 G, L405 P, F 406 L, and D 407 G, lane4) were used for pull down experiment from HeLa cell NE. The blot was probed with anti-RBP2 (panel a), p130 (panel b) and GST (panel c) antibody.

Our results suggested that p130 is mediating the interaction between RBP2 and E2F4 proteins. To test this further, we fused the T/E1A interacting domain of p130 to C-terminal of GST and used this fusion protein to pull down RBP2 from HeLa cell NE as described above. p130 was able to pull down RBP2 robustly and specifically (Fig 2A). RBP2 is a large protein with multiple

domains like PHD, bromo domain etc. (See Fig. 2B). In order to map the domain of RBP2, which interacted with p130, we created five fragments of RBP2 protein as shown in the schematic in Fig. 2B and expressed them as C-terminal fusions of GST protein. Out of these only fragment 5 of RBP2 (D5, see Fig 2B, lower panel lane 7) was able to pull down p130. Fragment 5 contains the PHD3 domain of RBP2 as well as the leucine-X-cysteine-X-glutamic acid motif (LxCxE, where X is any amino acid). The proteins having LxCxE motif are known to associate with pocket proteins; and both pRb and p107 associate with RBP2 via the LxCxE motif (Kim et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 1994). Interestingly, the mutation in

LxCxE motif in RBP2 is sufficient to abrogate its interaction with p107 but not pRb. The region in RBP2 which contributes to pRb interaction in LxCxE mutant background has been mapped to 15kDa fragment. This 15kDa fragment is independent of LxCxE motif but present in our D5 fragment. Therefore, to test if binding of

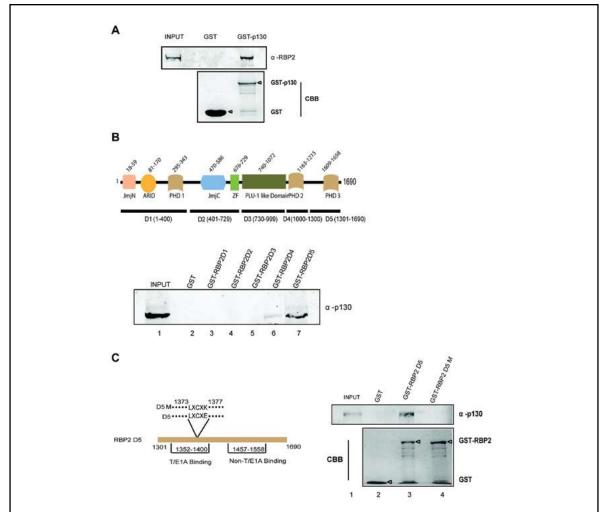


Figure 2. The interaction between p130 and RBP2 is direct and LxCxE dependent.

- (A) p130 interacts with endogenous RBP2. GST and GST-fusion of pocket domain of p130 (GST-p130 T/E1A) were purified and used for pull down experiment using HeLa cell NE. The blot was probed with anti-RBP2 antibody (top panel). Bead-bound GST or GST-p130 T/E1A proteins stained with Coomassie Brilliant Blue (CBB) are shown in bottom panel.
- (B) Schematic structure of RBP2 protein. Upper panel: Functional domains are indicated at the bottom. Deletions of RBP2 used in this study are indicated below the domains in bold lines. All deletions were fused to C-terminal of GST. Numbers on top indicate amino acids. JmjN/JmjC, N/C-terminal Jumonji domain; ARID, AT-rich interacting domain, PHD, plant homeodomain; ZF, zinc finger. Lower panel: Mapping of p130- interacting domain in RBP2. GST and GST-tagged deletions of RBP2 were used for pull down experiment from HeLa cell lysate. The blots were probed with anti-p130 antibody.
- (C) The interaction between RBP2 and p130 is LxCxE motif dependent. On the right, the position of LxCxE motif is shown in deletion RBP2 D5. RBP2 D5 mutant was created by changing glutamic acid 1377 to lysine. GST-RBP2 D5 (wild type, lane 3) and its mutant GST-RBP2 M (E1377K, lane 4) were used for pull down experiment from HeLa cell NE. The blot was probed with anti-p130 (panel a) antibody. Bead-bound GST or RBP2 D5 proteins stained with CBB are shown in bottom panel.

RBP2 to p130 was LxCxE motif-dependent, we mutated glutamic acid in this motif to lysine (here E1377K), a mutation which is known to abrogate the LxCxE mediated interactions (Kim et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 1994). As shown in Fig 2C, the RBP2 D5 (E1377K) mutant could not pull down p130 like the wild type, indicating that in its interaction with RBP2, p130 behaves like p107 (Kim et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 1994, this study).

Based on these results we postulate that RBP2 may be recruited to E2F-responsive promoters by pocket protein p130 and we will test this hypothesis by performing chromatin immunoprecipitation experiments for RBP2 in the presence and absence of p130.

### Project 2: Study of chromatin modifying proteins in cell cycle regulation

Histone 3 lysine 4 trimethylation is linked to active gene expression, but its precise role in cell cycle regulation is now being uncovered. We have shown that MLL-family of H3K4 histone methyltransferases is linked to cell cycle regulation by interacting with E2F1. In this project, we are looking at other roles of this chromatin-modifying complex that may influence cell cycle regulation.

### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

SET 1 family members have overlapping as well as unique functions. In order to clarify if other SET members participated or duplicated the functions of MLL in cell cycle progression we undertook further studies. Our experiments revealed that loss of Set1A, MLL2 and MLL3 resulted in pronounced and almost similar loss in cell proliferation like MLL depletion. In contrast, when assayed for mitotic defects, only Set1A RNAi displayed obvious phenotype, and not MLL2 or MLL3 siRNA-treated samples indicating that the mitotic role was unique for MLL and Set1A.

### Details of the progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

To identify the mechanism of how MLL complex may regulate M-phase progression, we studied the subcellular localization of its components in the cell. For this we performed immunofluorescence (IF) staining against endogenous WDR5 in U2OS cells, using commercially available affinity-purified polyclonal antibody. As expected, during interphase, majority of WDR5 localized to the nucleus, though some protein was also

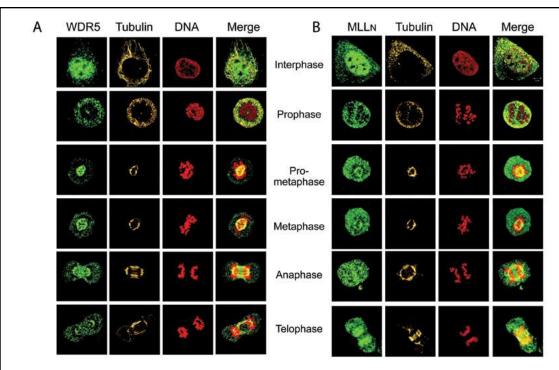


Figure 3. WDR5 and MLL associate with the spindle apparatus during mitosis. Interphase and mitotic U2OS cells stably expressing H2B-mcherry were analyzed by immunofluorescence staining with anti-WDR5 (A) or  $MLL_N$  (B) (green) and anti-alpha tubulin (amber) antibodies. Different stages of mitosis were identified based on the DNA and tubulin staining.

visible in the cytoplasm (Fig 3). We also stained for WDR5 in mitotic cells. The different stages of mitosis were determined by staining for DNA and alpha tubulin. In agreement with previous reports, we could not detect WDR5 on condensed chromosomes during mitosis. Instead, to our surprise, WDR5 was found associated with the spindle apparatus in pro-metaphase through telophase and it was only during cytokinesis that the chromatin localization of WDR5 was restored.

In order to confirm that the spindle staining of WDR5 was not due to non-specific staining of the polyclonal antibody, we performed two additional experiments. Firstly, we stained for endogenous WDR5 with two different polyclonal antibodies in addition to the one described above. Both antibodies could detect WDR5 on the spindle. Secondly, we knocked down WDR5 protein by siRNA experiments as described previously and performed IF staining against endogenous WDR5. Consistent with the reduced levels of

WDR5, the staining of WDR5 was reduced on the spindle in WDR5 siRNA-transfected samples as oppose to control siRNA-transfected samples.

WDR5 is one of the core components of MLL HMT complex. However, WDR5 is also found in other complexes. In order to determine, if WDR5 occurred as a part of MLL HMT complex or any other complex on the spindle, we stained for MLL $_{\rm N}$  subunit. Just like WDR5, MLL also localized to the spindle during mitosis. Consistent with the localization of WDR5 and MLL $_{\rm N}$ , we could detect MLL $_{\rm C}$  subunit and RbBP5 on the spindle during pro-metaphase and metaphase stages in U2OS cells (data not shown). We could also detect WDR5 and RbBP5 on the spindle in HeLa and NIH3T3 cells, suggesting that this was not a cell specific occurrence.

We are now in the process of understanding, how spindle localization of MLL complex proteins affects mitotic progression and the exact role of MLL in spindle organization, if any.

### LABORATORY OF CELL DEATH & CELL SURVIVAL

#### Functional protein networks controlling cellular pathways

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Bhavya K Project- JRF (till August 2015)

Nanci Rani Technical Assistant

#### **Objectives**

1. To dissect the functional network of phosphatases regulating cellular pathways.

2. To understand the cellular functions of canonical and non-canonical ubiquitination.

### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Phosphatases play a critical role in nearly every cellular process, including metabolism, gene transcription, translation, cell-cycle progression, protein stability, signal transduction, and apoptosis. We initiated our studies on functional phosphatase network with the identification of interacting partners of every phosphatase in the cell. In this work we have already identified and characterized WWP2, PNUTS and TOPK as novel functional partners of PTEN (Maddika et al., Nature Cell Biol. 2011, Kavela et al., Cancer Res. 2013). Recently, we identified a new cellular function for PTEN where we have shown that PTEN via interacting with Rab7 functions in endosome maturation (Shinde SR & Maddika S., Nature Communications., 2016). In addition to PTEN interactome, we also started developing networks of other cellular phosphatases. We identified PPM1G as a molecular switch that controls differential cellular role of E3 ligase WWP2, by controlling the transition between WWP2/WWP1 monomeric WWP2 and

heterodimer (Chaudhary N & Maddika S., Mol Cell Biol 2014). Additionally, we have shown that PPM1G controls cell adhesion by interacting with alpha-catenin at cell junctions.

### Details of progress in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

### Theme 1. Functional studies on phosphatase networks

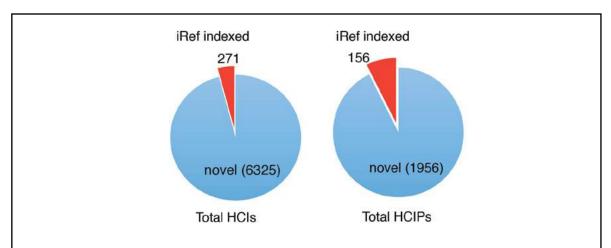
Currently, we are focused on actively expanding the network of all the available phosphatases in cell. We cloned 143 human protein phosphatases in a gateway compatible triple tagged (SBP-Flag-S protein) vector and each of them was individually expressed in HEK293T cells. Protein complexes were isolated by tandem affinity purification and interacting proteins were identified by using LC-MS/MS analysis. A total of 76773 interactions were obtained from 143 phosphatase purifications. After filtering out the common contaminants using control GFP purification and eight different non-phosphatase purifications, we used Significance Analysis of Interactome (SAINT) algorithm to score proteinprotein interactions. By using a SAINT score cut off of 0.9 and with spectral count above 3, we identified 6596 high confident interactions (HCIs) mediated by 2112 proteins (HCIPs) and 143 purified phosphatases (Figure 1). A

comparison of our data with iRefIndex, a source of protein-protein interactions curated from various primary interaction databases, revealed that 6325 interactions by 1956 HCIPs were previously uncharacterized thus accounting for 95% of novel interactions in the list. With inputs from computational biology group, we annotated these phosphatase interactions to KEGG pathways. Our enrichment analysis revealed association of phosphatases with nearly 83 different cellular pathways. As expected several already known functions associated with phosphatases were enriched in our analysis. For example, CDC25 phosphatases were found to interact with cell cycle proteins, dual specific phosphatases (DUSPs) interact with proteins in various immune signaling pathways and receptor tyrosine (PTPR) phosphatases interact with proteins in export, sorting and degradation pathways. In addition to known associations, several novel functions have been enriched in the analysis. For instance, atypical DUSP (ADSP) phosphatases interact with proteins in DNA replication and repair pathways. Further to understand how phosphatases are involved in disease pathways and to find components of biochemically related proteins linked to particular disease phenotype we integrated the information of these altered genomic loci into phosphatase interaction network. We used OMIM annotated disease linked genes and analysed for interaction of phosphatases with these disease linked genes. We identified 474 disease-linked proteins that interact with 138 phosphatases and form a network of 1637 interactions. We also matched phosphatase interactome to COSMIC (cancer gene census) dataset that contain genes mutated in human cancers. Out of 143 phosphatases analyzed, 107 phosphatases associated with cancer-linked proteins. Overall, we identified 90 interactors in phosphatase interactome that are genetically linked to various types of tumors forming a total of 289 interactions.

In addition to mapping the phosphatase network, we simultaneously started to characterize several of putative functional interactions of these purified phosphatases. To this end, we made significant progress in understanding multiple novel phosphatase interactions in the lab. The data generated from some of the exciting interactions has been presented below.

### 1.1. PHLPP facilitates kinetochore assembly by regulating SGT1

PHLPP is a tumor suppressor phosphatase that plays critical roles in cell survival. We found



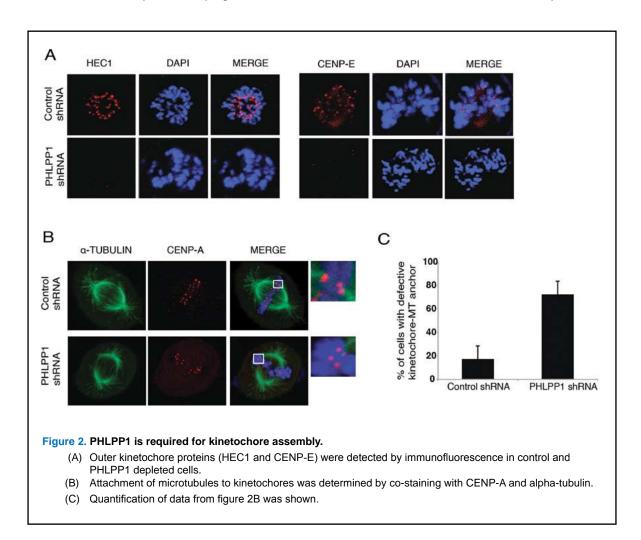
**Figure 1. Analysis of human protein phosphatase interactome.** High confidence interactions (HCls) mediated by phosphatases and interacting proteins (HClPs) identified in our study was compared with iRefIndex and the distribution of known and novel interactions was plotted.

SGT1 as one of the interesting candidates in PHLPP1 interaction list. SGT1 is a kinetochore protein that plays an important role in human kinetochore assembly. We confirmed that SGT1 specifically interacts with PHLPP1. As SGT1 is required for proper kinetochore assembly, we next tested the effect of PHLPP1 on this function.

We found that depletion of PHLPP1 results in severe loss of outer kinetochore markers (Figure 2A), reminiscent of phenotypes from SGT1 loss in cells. Loss of PHLPP1 leads to defective kinetochore-microtubule attachment (Figure 2B & 2C) followed by delay in mitotic progression. In conclusion, we assigned a new role for PHLPP1

in kinetochore assembly based on its interaction with SGT1. Currently, we are trying to understand

how PHLPP1 and SGT1 are mechanistically linked to control kinetochore assembly.



### 1.2. PTPN5 regulates cytokinetic abscission by interacting with Mob1a

PTPN5 also known as STEP is a non-receptor tyrosine phosphatase that is mainly expressed in the brain regions such as striatum, cortex, and hippocampus. We uncovered several novel PTPN5 associated proteins among which an uncharacterized interaction with Mob1a was found. Mob1a is a conserved coactivator of NDR and LATS family of kinases in Hippo signaling pathway and acts as a tumor suppressor. In addition, Mob1 is shown to be functionally important for cytokinesis during mitotic exit. We confirmed specific interaction of PTPN5 with Mob1a (Figure 3A). We found that PTPN5 dephosphorylates Mob1a at Y26 residue (Figure 3B). Functionally, we have demonstrated

PTPN5 via interacting with participate in the control of cytokinesis during mitotic exit. PTPN5 depleted cells progressed through mitosis similar to control cells but took longer time to accomplish abscission. While control cells disassembled their midbodies and completed cytokinetic abscission by 45 minutes of entry in to mitosis, PTPN5 depleted cells showed defective cytokinesis with unseparated midbodies for longer hours (Figure 3C). Mechanistically, we have shown that PTPN5 controls midbody abscission through regulating Mob1A localization via its dephosphorylation. Mob1A readily localizes to midbodies, whereas its phosphomimetic mutant Y26D fails to do so, suggesting that Mob1A dephosphorylation at this site by PTPN5 is critical for its midbody localization.

#### Theme 2: Roles of canonical and noncanonical ubiquitination in cells

Ubiquitination is an ATP-dependent, highly ordered multistep enzymatic process, which results in covalent attachment of ubiquitin to the substrate. Ubiquitin linked to the substrates serves as a molecular tag that marks proteins for either degradation by proteasome dependent pathway or to function in wide variety of processes in a proteasome independent manner. In this project we are interested in studying both the canonical and non-canonical functions of ubiquitination in cells.

### 2.1. Role of K63 ubiquitin linkage in Wnt pathway

WWP2 is an oncogene that we earlier identified as an E3 ligase that degrades its substrates such as PTEN and p73 by transferring K48 ubiquitin linkages. In our quest for additional functional cellular substrates of WWP2, we found Dvl2 as its novel interacting protein. Dvl2 is an important player in the transduction of Wnt signaling pathway. We found that WWP2 ubiquitinates Dvl2 but interestingly does not lead to its degradation. By using various ubiquitin K-R mutants, we demonstrated that WWP2 ubiquitinates DvL2 via K63 linkage. In our functional experiments

we found that WWP2 is required for activation of Wnt signaling pathway. Currently, we are trying to map the sites of ubiquitination on DVL2 and their mechanistic importance in Wnt pathway.

### 2.2. Non-canonical K27 ubiquitin linkage in protein secretion

While studying the role of ubiquitination in extracellular protein secretion, we used YB-1 as a model protein and identified the indispensable role of ubiquitination in this process. Importantly, we discovered HACE1 as YB-1 interacting E3 ligase that has the ability to generate functional K27 linked non-canonical ubiquitin linkages on its substrate. K27 ubiquitin linkages on YB-1 are necessary for its interaction with Tumor Susceptibility Gene 101 (TSG101), a component of the Multi Vesicular Body (MVB) pathway, which facilitates its secretion. Intriguingly, the secreted YB-1 unlike intracellular YB-1 displayed a strong EMT suppressor function. In summary, we identified a novel functional role for noncanonical ubiquitin linkages in mediating protein secretion.

In this theme, currently we are actively expanding the array of unknown cellular functions mediated by non-canonical ubiquitin chains by performing proteomic analysis using various ubiquitin mutants.

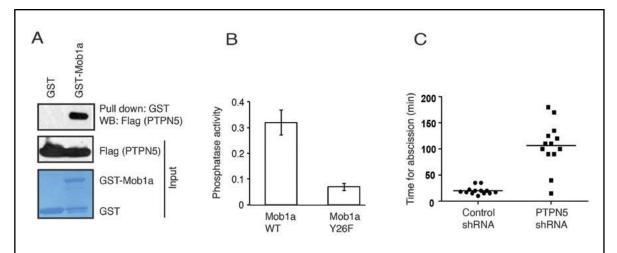


Figure-3: PTPN5 controls cytokinetic abscission

- (A) Interaction of PTPN5 with Mob1a was assessed by immunoblotting after performing pull down assay with GST or GST-Mob1a fusion protein using 293T cell extract.
- (B) In vitro phosphorylated wild type Mob1a or Y26F mutant were used as substrates in a phosphatase release assay to assess PTPN5 phosphatase activity.
- (C) Time taken by each cell from mitotic entry to separation of midbodies after cytokinesis was calculated using live cell imaging and the data was plotted for control and PTPN5 depleted cells. Cells taking longer than 200 minutes for separation were not included in the analysis.

### 2.2. Identification of new functional E3 ligase complexes and their substrates

E3 ligases are critical proteins in the final step of the ubiquitination process where they recruit ubiquitin charged E2 enzymes along with specific substrates. In this work, we aim to identify new complexes for E3 ligases by using proteomics approach and further characterize their substrates by using human protoarrays. In one example, we identified that proteins containing LisH domain assemble E3 ligase complex to regulate specific protein substrates. Currently, we are trying to understand the functional importance of these E3 ligase-substrate complexes.

#### **Publications**

- Palicharla VR & Maddika S (2015). HACE1 mediated K27 ubiquitin linkage leads to YB-1 protein secretion. *Cellular Signalling*. 27(12): 2355-62.
- Kapoor R, Arora S, Ponia SS, Kumar B, Maddika S & Banerjea AC (2015). The miRNA miR-34a enhances HIV-1 replication by targeting PNUTS/PPP1R10, which negatively regulates HIV-1 transcriptional complex formation. *Biochemical Journal* 470(3): 293-302.
- 3. Shinde SR & Maddika S (2016). PTEN modulates EGFR late endocytic trafficking and degradation by dephosphorylating Rab7. *Nature Communications* 7: 10689.

#### LABORATORY OF CELL SIGNALLING

#### Investigating the role of inositol pyrophosphates in eukaryotic cell physiology

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Vani Singh
Ashish Bihani
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#### **Objectives**

Inositol pyrophosphates are derivatives of inositol that contain pyrophosphate or diphosphate moieties in addition to monophosphates. They include diphosphoinositol pentakisphosphate (PP-IP<sub>5</sub>, or IP<sub>7</sub>) and bis-diphosphoinositol tetrakisphosphate ([PP]<sub>2</sub>-IP<sub>4</sub> or IP<sub>8</sub>), which participate in diverse biological functions, including DNA recombination, vesicular trafficking, rRNA transcription and osmotic regulation. The beta phosphate group of inositol pyrophosphates can be transferred to pre-phosphorylated serine residues on proteins to form pyrophosphoserine. Pyrophosphorylation occurs on several proteins within the cell, including proteins involved in ribosome biogenesis, vesicular trafficking and glycolysis. 5PP-IP<sub>5</sub> (5-IP<sub>7</sub>) is synthesised from inositol hexakisphosphate (IP,) and ATP by IP, kinases. Mammals have three isoforms of IP6 kinase, IP6K1, IP6K2 and IP6K3, whereas Saccharomyces cerevisiae have a single IP kinase, Kcs1.

Our aim is to understand the molecular mechanisms by which various cellular phenomena are regulated by inositol pyrophosphates. We utilise *S. cerevisiae*, mammalian cell lines, and knockout mouse strains as model systems to

investigate the signalling and metabolic pathways that are altered when inositol pyrophosphate levels are perturbed. In particular, we focus on the following objectives:

- Investigate the cellular functions of mammalian inositol hexakisphosphate kinase 1 (IP6K1);
- 2. Understand the molecular details of protein pyrophosphorylation by inositol pyrophosphates; and
- 3. Study the role of inositol pyrophosphates and IP<sub>6</sub> kinases in whole animal physiology.

### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

To understand the cellular functions of IP<sub>7</sub> in mammals, we use mouse embryonic fibroblasts (MEFs) derived from *Ip6k1* knockout (*Ip6k1*-/-) embryos, which have 70% reduced levels of IP7 compared with wild type (*Ip6k1*+/-) MEFs. A gene expression microarray analysis conducted on these MEFs revealed 374 up-regulated and 888 down-regulated genes in cells lacking IP6K1. Pathway analysis tools predicted that the 'regulation of the actin cytoskeleton' is altered in *Ip6k1*-/- MEFs. Our investigations showed that *Ip6k1*-/- MEFs spread more slowly on fibronectin

coated surfaces compared with their *lp6k1*\*/+ counterparts.

While examining the role of inositol pyrophosphates in vesicular trafficking, we observed a delay in trafficking of endocytosed transferrin from early endosomes to the endosomal recycling compartment in Ip6k1-1-MEFs when compared to Ip6k1+++ MEFs. Cells lacking IP6K1 also showed a fragmented Golgi morphology, slower migration of phagosomes towards the perinuclear region and an impaired rate of vesicle movement. These defects were reversed upon the expression of catalytically active but not inactive IP6K1. Since all these trafficking processes are driven by the motor protein dynein, we hypothesized that dynein function may be regulated by IP,-mediated pyrophosphorylation.

To study the role of inositol pyrophosphates in whole animals, we established a colony of *lp6k1*\*/- heterozygous mice and bred them to obtain wild type and knockout litter-mates. We have reported that *lp6k1*\*/- male mice are sterile due to azoospermia, the absence of mature spermatozoa in the epididymides. We observed that *lP6K1* is expressed to high levels in late pachytene and diplotene spermatocytes and in round spermatids. While following the first wave of spermatogenesis, we noted that *lp6k1*\*/- testes display a delay in the completion of meiosis and a major defect in spermiogenesis, the differentiation of round to elongated spermatids.

### Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

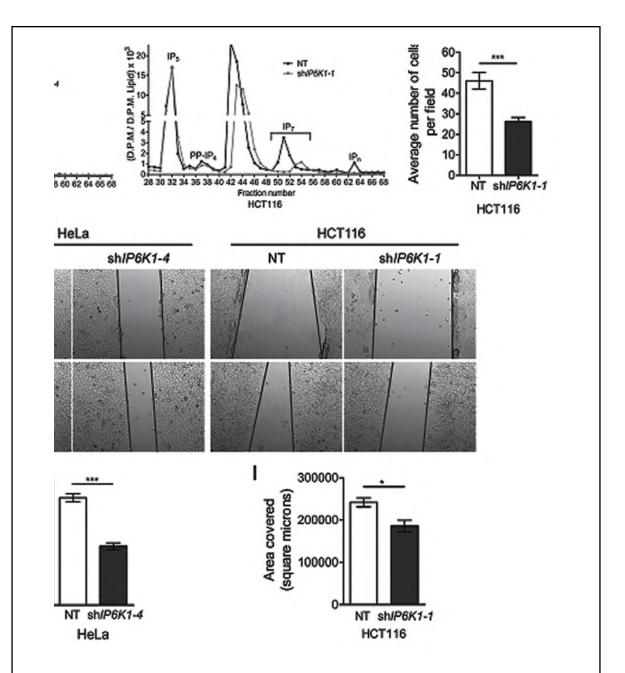
### Project 1: Cellular functions of mammalian inositol hexakisphosphate kinase 1 (IP6K1)

To determine whether the role of IP6K1 in regulating actin cytoskeleton dependent cellular functions extends to cancer cells, we stably expressed shRNA directed against Ip6k1 in HeLa and HCT116 human cancer cell lines. We obtained HeLa cells with an approximately 80% decrease in IP6K1 expression and HCT116 cells with 60% knockdown (Figure 1A). Analysis of the soluble inositol polyphosphate profile in these cells revealed different patterns in HeLa and HCT116 cells (Figure 1B, C). HeLa cells showed a substantial reduction in the inositol pyrophosphate PP-IP, but no change in IP, whereas HCT116 cells showed a significant reduction in IP, and a slight decrease in PP-IP, Both cell lines displayed a marginal reduction in

IP, but no change in IP,. The reduced levels of IP upon depletion of IP6K1, while unexpected, is supported by the high rate of metabolic turnover reported for inositol pyrophosphates, and suggests that cells may evolve compensatory mechanisms in an attempt to maintain the ratio of inositol pyrophosphates to their precursor inositol polyphosphates. Depletion of IP6K1 in both HeLa and HCT116 cells resulted in a significant decrease in chemotactic migration towards serum-rich medium over a period of 24 h (Figure 1D-F). We also performed a wound healing assay on confluent monolayer cultures to look at collective cell migration, and observed reduced migration in IP6K1 depleted HeLa and HCT116 cells (Figure 1G-I). Together, our data show that the depletion of IP6K1 lowers chemotactic and collective migration in these cancer cell lines. To investigate the in vivo significance of these observations, we will study the tumourigenesis potential of cells with lowered IP6K1 levels.

### Project 2. Inositol pyrophosphates regulate dynein-dependent vesicular trafficking

We examined whether the function of the motor protein dynein is regulated by IP,-mediated pyrophosphorylation. Dynein is a 1.6 MDa multi-protein complex composed of two heavy chains that drive movement on microtubules, two intermediate chains (IC) that bind to the heavy chains and to vesicles, and additional light intermediate and light chains. By mass spectrometry, we identified that the mouse dynein intermediate chain IC-2C is phosphorylated by CK2 on three Ser residues, one of which, Ser 51, is also a consensus site for IP, mediated pyrophosphorylation. A fragment of IC-2C containing the N-terminal 111 amino acid residues is pyrophosphorylated by IP, in vitro subsequent to phosphorylation by CK2 (Figure 2A). The same protein fragment with a single substitution of Ser 51 with Ala is not pyrophosphorylated, confirming that Ser 51 is the only residue targeted by IP, in the IC-2C N-terminus. We used an indirect 'backphosphorylation' strategy to determine whether endogenous IC is pyrophosphorylated by endogenous IP<sub>7</sub>. We immunoprecipitated IC from Ip6k1+/+ and Ip6k1-/- MEFs and used these proteins as substrates in an in vitro pyrophosphorylation reaction using radiolabelled IP, (Figure 2B). We observed a complete abrogation of  $5[\beta^{32}P]$ -IP, mediated pyrophosphorylation of native IC from Ip6k1+/+ MEFs, suggesting that this protein is heavily pyrophosphorylated in vivo.



**Figure 1. IP6K1 depletion reduces cancer cell migration.** (A) Immunoblot to detect IP6K1 in lysates from HeLa and HCT116 cell lines that stably express the indicated shRNA (NT, non-targeting control; sh*IP6K1-1* and sh*IP6K1-4*, two different shRNA sequences directed against human IP6K1). The percentage knockdown of IP6K1 expression is indicated. Data are mean ± SEM from three independent experiments. (B, C) HPLC profile of [³H] inositol labelled HeLa NT and sh*IP6K1-4* (B) and HCT116 NT and sh*IP6K1-1* (C) cell lines. Soluble inositol phosphate counts were normalized to the total lipid inositol count for each sample. Peaks corresponding to IP<sub>5</sub>, PP-IP<sub>4</sub>, IP<sub>6</sub> and IP<sub>7</sub> are indicated. Data are representative of two independent experiments. (D) Transwell migration was assessed in the indicated cells lines. Cells that migrated towards serum-rich medium 24 h after seeding were visualized by staining with DAPI. Scale bars represent 50 μm. (E, F) Quantification of (D); the bar graphs show the average number of cells migrated per field in HeLa (E) or HCT116 (F); data represents mean ± SEM (n = 127 and 134 fields respectively for NT control and sh*IP6K1-4* expressing HeLa; n = 152 and 186 fields respectively for NT control and sh*IP6K1-1* expressing HCT116 cells) compiled from three independent experiments and was analysed using the non-parametric two-tailed Mann-Whitney test. (G) Scratch wound healing assay on confluent monolayers to monitor collective cell migration in the indicated cell lines. Representative images are shown for the indicated time points. Black lines overlaid on the images mark the edges of the wound. (H, I) Quantification of area covered after 18 h in HeLa (H) or HCT116 (I) cells. Data represents mean ± SEM from three independent experiments and was analysed using a two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. \*\*\* P≤0.001; \* P≤0.05,

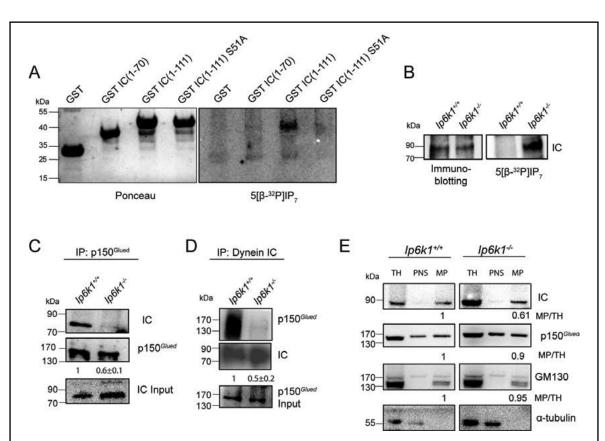


Figure 2. Effect of IP,-mediated pyrophosphorylation on dynein intermediate chain. (A) Bacterially expressed and purified GST or GST-tagged IC(1-70), IC(1-111) and IC(1-111)S51A were pre-phosphorylated with CK2 and unlabeled ATP and incubated with 5[β-32P]IP,. Proteins were resolved using NuPAGE and transferred to a PVDF membrane. Pyrophosphorylation was detected by phosphorimager scanning (right) and the proteins were detected by Ponceau S staining (left). (B) Back-pyrophosphorylation of endogenous IC by IP, Native IC immunoprecipitated from Ip6k1\*/\* and Ip6k1+ MEFs was incubated with 5[β-32P] IP,. Proteins were resolved using NuPAGE and transferred to a PVDF membrane. Pyrophosphorylation was detected by phosphorimager scanning (right) and proteins were detected by Western blotting (left). (C, D) Co-immunoprecipitation of dynein IC and p150<sup>Glued</sup> from Ip6k1<sup>+/+</sup> and Ip6k1<sup>+/-</sup> MEFs. Protein extracts were cross-linked with a thiol-cleavable cross-linker, followed by immunoprecipitation of p150<sup>Glued</sup> and IC. Representative immunoblots of co-immunoprecipitation of IC with p150<sup>Glued</sup> (C) and p150<sup>Glued</sup> with IC (D). The levels of co-immunoprecipitated IC or p150<sup>Glued</sup> were normalized to the level of the immunoprecipitated partner. The fold change in the extent of co-immunoprecipitation in Ip6k1+ compared to Ip6k1+ MEFs is indicated as mean ± SEM from three independent experiments. (E) Subcellular fractions from Ip6k1+/+ and Ip6k1+/- MEFs prepared by differential centrifugation were resolved on a 4-12% NuPAGE gel, and immunoblotted to detect dynein IC and p150 Glued in total homogenate (TH), post-nuclear supernatant (PNS) and membrane pellet (MP). Increased amount of protein was loaded in the Ip6k1<sup>-1</sup> fractions to enable visualization of the dynein IC. GM130 was used as a membrane marker and α-tubulin was used as a loading control. The level of each protein in the MP fraction was normalized to its levels in TH. The fold change in protein levels in Ip6k1-- compared to Ip6k1++ MEFs is indicated below each blot.

Conversely IC from *Ip6k1*-- MEFs was robustly pyrophosphorylated in vitro, implying that loss of IP6K1 leads to diminished pyrophosphorylation of IC inside cells. The dynein motor is known to bind vesicles by interacting with the multi-subunit protein complex, dynactin. One of the main sites of association of these protein complexes is an interaction of the dynein intermediate chain with the p150<sup>Glued</sup> subunit of dynactin. We conducted co-immunoprecipitation assays of IC and p150<sup>Glued</sup>, and noted a significant decrease in the extent of their interaction in extracts from *Ip6k1*-

/-MEFs compared with *lp6k1*+/+ MEFs (Figure 2C, D). To monitor whether the decrease in dynein-dynactin interaction leads to reduced dynein recruitment on vesicle membranes, extracts from *lp6k1*+/+ and *lp6k1*-/- MEFs were subjected to differential centrifugation. The amounts of IC, p150 Glued, and Golgi matrix protein GM130 in the membrane fraction were normalised to their levels in the total homogenate. The membrane-enriched fraction from *lp6k1*-/- MEFs showed reduced amounts of IC compared with *lp6k1*+/+ MEFs (Figure 2E). In contrast, the levels of

p150<sup>Glued</sup> and GM130 were unchanged in the same extracts.

In summary, our study has identified inositol pyrophosphates as novel regulators dynein function. Cells with reduced levels inositol pyrophosphates exhibit defects in dynein-dependent vesicle transport. pyrophosphate-mediated Inositol serine IC pyrophosphorylation of promotes interaction with the p150 Glued subunit of dynactin, thereby facilitating attachment of the dynein motor to vesicles. A manuscript describing this work is currently under revision.

### Project 3. Physiological role of IP<sup>7</sup> in mice: Regulation of spermatogenesis by IP6K1

investigate whether delayed progression in Ip6k1-- male mice is due to defects in meiotic recombination, we stained spermatocyte spreads to detect the DNA double strand break (DSB) marker phosphorylated histone H2AX (γ-H2AX). Spermatocytes in the different stages of prophase I were identified by synaptonemal complex protein 3 (SCP3) staining. Equal γ-H<sub>2</sub>AX staining was observed in leptotene spermatocytes from Ip6k1+++ and Ip6k1-+- testes (Figure 3A), marking the successful initiation of meiotic recombination by Spo11-induced DNA DSBs. In *lp6k1*<sup>+/+</sup> pachytene spermatocytes γ-H<sub>2</sub>AX was only observed in the XY body, where it is known to coat the sex chromosomes that do not participate in synapsis, but persistent γ-H2AX staining was seen throughout *lp6k1*pachytene spermatocytes (Figure 3B). We detected unrepaired DNA by in situ TUNEL labelling in pachytene spermatocytes from Ip6k1 <sup>1-</sup> but not *lp6k1*<sup>+/+</sup> testes (Figure 3C). However, immunostaining of testis sections with the apoptotic marker cleaved caspase 3 revealed that Ip6k1-1- spermatocytes do not undergo apoptosis despite the presence of DNA breaks (Figure 3D). By staining testes sections to detect the secondary spermatocyte marker, histone H3 phosphorylated on Ser10 (H3S10), we observed that the number of secondary spermatocytes were unchanged in *lp6k1*-/- seminiferous tubules. This suggested that despite its involvement in maintaining meiotic germ-line genome integrity, the loss of IP6K1 does not affect the completion of meiosis. Since *lp6k1*-/- spermatocytes complete meiosis while carrying DNA breaks, we examined post-meiotic cells to determine whether this DNA damage persists. γ-H2AX foci were clearly seen in round spermatids in Ip6k1-1but not Ip6k1+/+ testis sections (Figure 3E). Ip6k1-<sup>1-</sup> round spermatids were also positive for in situ TUNEL labelling, but did not contain cleaved caspase 3 (Figure 3F), indicating that they still do not undergo apoptosis. We also examined elongating spermatids in the same testis sections. DNA in elongating spermatids is known to undergo Topoisomerase IIβ-mediated breaks as part of their developmental programme. By stage XII, these breaks are repaired in Ip6k1+/+ tubules, but Ip6k1-1- tubules continue to remain TUNEL positive even at stage II-III (Figure 3G). These *lp6k1*-/- tubules also stained positive for cleaved caspase 3 (Figure 3H), indicating that the elongating spermatids undergo apoptosis and are eventually lost. These data suggest that the persistence of unrepaired DNA breaks in round spermatids may lead to improper nuclear condensation of *lp6k1*<sup>-/-</sup> elongating spermatids, and contribute to azoospermia observed in mice lacking IP6K1.

#### **Publications**

- Thota SG, Unnikannan CP, Thampatty SR, Manorama R and Bhandari R (2015). Inositol pyrophosphates regulate RNA polymerase I-mediated rRNA transcription in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Biochemical Journal 466: 105-114.
- Thota SG and Bhandari R (2015). The emerging roles of inositol pyrophosphates in eukaryotic cell physiology. *Journal of Biosciences* 40: 593-605.

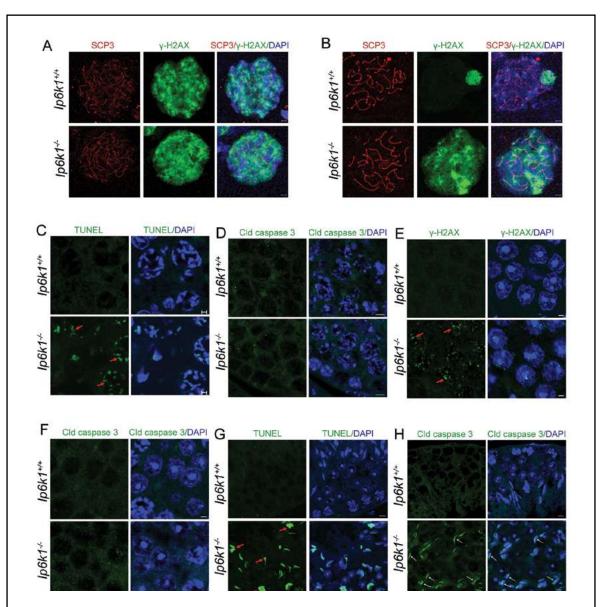


Figure 3. Loss of IP6K1 causes meiotic and post meiotic genomic instability. (A, B) Immunolabelling of surface spreads of primary spermatocytes from  $Ip6k1^{+/+}$  and  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  testes with the DNA double strand break marker, γ-H2AX (green) and synaptonemal complex protein 3, SCP3 (red). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI. Scale bars = 2μm. (C) TUNEL staining (green) in pachytene spermatocytes of  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  and  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  testes cross sections. Arrows indicate TUNEL positive  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  spermatocytes. Scale bars = 2μm. (D) Cleaved caspase 3 (green) staining in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  and  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  testes suggesting that  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  spermatocytes do not undergo apoptosis despite carrying DNA breaks. Scale bars = 5μm. (E) Immunostaining of  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  round spermatids with γ-H2AX (green). Post-meiotic round spermatids in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  mice exhibit DNA damage (arrows). Spermatid nuclei were counterstained with DAPI. Scale bars = 2μm. (F) Immunolabelling of cleaved caspase 3 (green) in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  and  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  round spermatids. Cleaved caspase 3 is not detected in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  round spermatids although they exhibit DNA damage. Spermatid nuclei were counterstained with DAPI. Scale bars = 5μm. (G) TUNEL (green) staining of  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  testes cross sections. Arrows indicate intense TUNEL staining in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  elongating spermatids. Spermatid nuclei were counterstained with DAPI. Scale bars = 5μm. (H) Cleaved caspase 3 (green) staining in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  testes cross sections indicating apoptotic elongating spermatids (arrows) in  $Ip6k1^{+/-}$  testes. Spermatid nuclei were counterstained with DAPI. Scale bars = 5μm.

### LABORATORY OF CHROMATIN BIOLOGY AND EPIGENETICS

Understanding functions and regulation of Sirtuin family protein deacetylases

**Faculty** Devyani Haldar Staff Scientist **PhD Students** Lahari Konada Senior Research Fellow Vadla Raghavendra Senior Research Fellow Amrita Sengupta Senior Research Fellow Junior Research Fellow Shalini Aricthota Mayank Singh Chauhan Junior Research Fellow **Other Members** Nirupama Chatterjee **Technical Officer** Collaborators Manojit Pal DRILS, Hyderabad Marina Rajadurai DRILS, Hyderabad NCCS. Pune Shekhar Mande

#### **Objectives**

Reversible acetylation/deacetylation of proteins regulates numerous important cellular processes. The Sirtuin family of protein/histone deacetylases (HDAC) are conserved enzymes that require NAD+ to deacetylate proteins. Sirtuins carry out a broad range of crucial cellular functions ranging from transcriptional silencing to DNA damage response, cell cycle regulation, metabolism and aging etc. Their molecular functions in DNA metabolic processes such as DNA replication and repair have not been studied extensively. During some of these processes, the expression level of specific sirtuins is known to alter, indicating conditional regulation of these proteins. However, the mechanism of regulation of sirtuin expression under many of these conditions remains elusive.

Our aim is to understand the molecular functions and mechanism of regulation of sirtuins during DNA damage response and repair. Since fission yeast S. pombe is more closely related to higher eukaryotes and sirtuins are conserved from yeast to mammals, we use fission yeast S. Pombe as a model systems to study sirtuin biology. Fission yeast, S. pombe has three Sirtuins, Sir2, Hst2 and Hst4. Deletion analysis and other studies have shown that all these genes function in transcriptional silencing. However, deletion of only hst4+ gene, not sir2+ and hst2+ genes, show interesting phenotypes of slow growth, elongated morphology, fragmented DNA and DNA damage sensitivity indicating it could have additional functions. These phenotypes are very useful tools to uncover novel signaling pathways where Hst4 could be functioning. We focused on the following objectives:

- Understanding the molecular functions of sirtuin family NAD+ dependent histone/ protein deacetylases.
- 2) Investigating the molecular mechanism of regulation of fission yeast sirtuin Hst4.

Project 1: To decipher novel functions of sirtuin family NAD+ dependent histone deacetylase Hst4 of fission yeast.

Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

We had previously reported that deletion of fission yeast S. Pombe sirtuin hst4+ causes slow growth, elongated morphology, DNA fragmentation phenotypes, hyperacetylation of histone H3 lysine56 and S phase delay. To decipher novel functions of Hst4, a slow growth and DNA damage sensitivity phenotype suppressor screen has been carried out. Among the suppressor genes identified by this screen are a few genes encoding proteins involved in DNA replication. These genetic interactions indicated that Hst4 may be involved in regulation of DNA replication. Interestingly, one among these is Mcl1, an orthologue of budding yeast Ctf4, a DNA polymerase alpha interacting protein, crucial for DNA replication and sister chromatid cohesion. These genetic interactions indicated that Hst4 could be involved in regulation of DNA replication. To decipher the function of Hst4 in DNA replication, we are studying interaction of Hst4 with Mcl1. The phenotypes of hst4\Delta mutants are mainly attributed to increased H3K56Ac levels. We have observed that the H3K56ac levels remain unchanged on over

expression of the suppressor gene indicating that it does not simply reduce H3K56ac levels by recruiting another deacetylase. The phenotypes of the H3K56R and H3K56Q mutants which mimic constitutive deacetylated and acetylated states respectively are similar to hst4 $\Delta$  mutants. We have shown that Mcl1 expression could not suppress the phenotypes of these mutants. These results suggested that recovery of hst4 $\Delta$  phenotypes by overexpression of Mcl1 is not dependent on H3K56 acetylation.

The phenotypes of hst4 $\Delta$  mutants such as slow growth, elongated morphology and DNA damage sensitivity are similar to that of mcl1 $\Delta$  mutants. To examine whether hst4 and mcl1 interact epistatically or exhibit synthetic lethality, the individual hst4 $\Delta$  mutant and mcl1 $\Delta$  were crossed to generate a double mutant. The double deletion mutants were viable and showed growth rate and MMS sensitivity similar to that of hst4 $\Delta$  mutants. These results show that Mcl1 might act

in the same pathway downstream of Hst4. Since it functions in DNA replication, we are currently investigating potential function of Hst4 in DNA replication.

The hst4∆ mutants show delayed S-phase. The delay in S-phase might be due to elevated and persistent levels of H3K56 acetylation resulting in firing of dormant origins or could be because Hst4 is involved in regulation of replisome by targeting one or more replisome components or combination of both. Mcl1 is crucial for DNA replication as it couples DNA polymerase to helicase. Therefore, to test whether mcl1 recovered the S-phase delay in hst4∆ mutants, the wild type and hst4∆ mutant strains were arrested in G2 and progression through the cell cycle was monitored using flow cytometry. The results showed that overexpression of Mcl1 could partially rescues the S-phase delay of hst4 deletion mutants; however the rate of progression was slower than the wild type. This data indicate

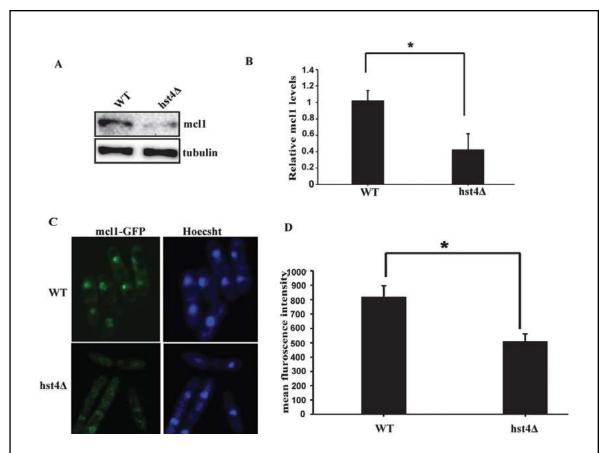


Figure 1. Hst4 regulates mcl1 expression. (A) Western blot showing expression of Mcl1. WT and hst4Δ strains were grown, whole cell lysates were prepared and the levels of Mcl1 were monitored by western blotting using anti-Mcl1 antibody. B) Qunatification of protein levels. C and D) Mcl1 levels determined by fluorescence microscopy E) Over-expression of Hst4 restores Mcl1 expression in hst4Δ mutants.

Hst4 affect S phase progression by regulating Mcl1 and the partial recovery might be due to hyperacetylated chromatin in hst4 $\Delta$  mutants which may impede DNA replication process.

### Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

DNA replication is very tightly regulated process. The coupling between CMG helicase and DNA polymerases is a crucial determinant for DNA replication control. In S. cerevisiae, it has been shown that Mcl1 homolog, Ctf4 functions in coupling the DNA polymerase alpha and the helicase. Also, Ctf4 is a major target of H3K56 acetylation pathway. Our earlier (unpublished) data showed that fission yeast ortholog of Ctf4, Mcl1 overexpression could suppress hst4Δ mutant phenotypes and H3K56 acetylation is not required for this suppression. Therefore, we hypothesized that McI1 levels might be low in hst4\Delta mutants resulting in the slow S phase progression. To examine if Mcl1 expression is altered in hst4\Delta mutants, we checked Mcl1 levels in wild-type and hst4∆ mutants via western analysis and observed two fold lower amounts of Mcl1 in hst4∆ mutants compared to the wildtype cells (Fig.1A, 1B), suggesting that Hst4 is regulating mcl1 expression. Next, the expression of Mcl1 in WT and hst4\Delta mutant yeast strains bearing endogenous GFP-tagged mcl1 gene was checked using fluorescence microscopy. This data confirmed a decrease in Mcl1 level in hst4∆ mutants (Fig.1C,1D). To further confirm regulation of Mcl1 by Hst4, we tested whether over expression of Hst4 will increase expression of Mcl1. Over expression of Hst4 or Mcl1 was carried out in hst4\Delta mutants. The results presented in fig. 1E showed that Hst4 is required for expression of Mcl1. To check whether deletion of hst4 affect the expression other replication proteins. Next we tested the expression of other replication proteins such as Pol1; sub-unit of DNA polymerase  $\alpha$  that binds to McI1, Mcm complex; helicase component, PCNA; clamp loader in hst4\Delta mutants. We did not observe any significant differences in the expression of other replication proteins. Collectively, these results reveal that sirtuin Hst4 is specifically regulate the expression of McI1. Currently, we are working on understanding the mechanism of regulation of Mcl1 and investigating whether Hst4 affect the process of DNA replication by regulating the coupling of DNA polymerase and helicase via McI1.

Project 2: Understanding the molecular mechanism of regulation of fission yeast sirtuin Hst4.

### Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

This is a new activity, which aims to understand the molecular mechanism of regulation of fission yeast sirtuin Hst4. HDACs are known to be regulated in different ways and the mechanism of regulation is often determined by specific function dependent signal for regulation. The sirtuins family HDAC, Hst4 of S. pombe has been shown function in maintenance of genome stability. Deletion of Hst4 causes variety of DNA damage phenotypes. The expression of Hst4 oscillate in normal cell cycle as well as when cells are exposed to DNA damage. The timely oscillation of these proteins is important for maintaining genomic integrity. However, the molecular machinery for the degradation of Hst4 in S phase as well as during DNA damage is not known. As Hst4 is known to play an important role in maintaining genomic integrity, its regulation kinetics is needed to be studied to understand the role of chromatin during DNA damage and the regulation of these pathways in fission yeast. This project is aimed at investigating mechanism of regulation of Hst4 during DNA damage stress and also, to gain further insights into the replication stress associated DNA damage pathway in fission yeast.

To investigate the mechanism of regulation, in vivo protein stability of Hst4p was monitored by cycloheximide treatment which is a protein synthesis inhibitor. Wild type cells were grown till mid log phase in rich medium and cycloheximide was added at the concentration of 100 microgram/ ml and cells were collected at different time points and immunoblotted. In asynchronous cultures consisting largely of G2 population, Hst4p is stable till 60 minutes and its half-life is between 30 and 60 minutes (Figure 2A). The post-translational mechanism of degradation of proteins is mainly mediated by ubiquitination. As the half-life of hst4 was found to be less in the asynchronous population, we hypothesized the role of ubiquitination in the degradation of Hst4. In order to check the role of proteosome in the regulation of Hst4, half life assay was done in the wildtype and proteosome mutant (mts2-1) strain using cycloheximide as discussed above. As shown in Fig.2B Hst4 levels were stabilized in proteosome mutant significantly as

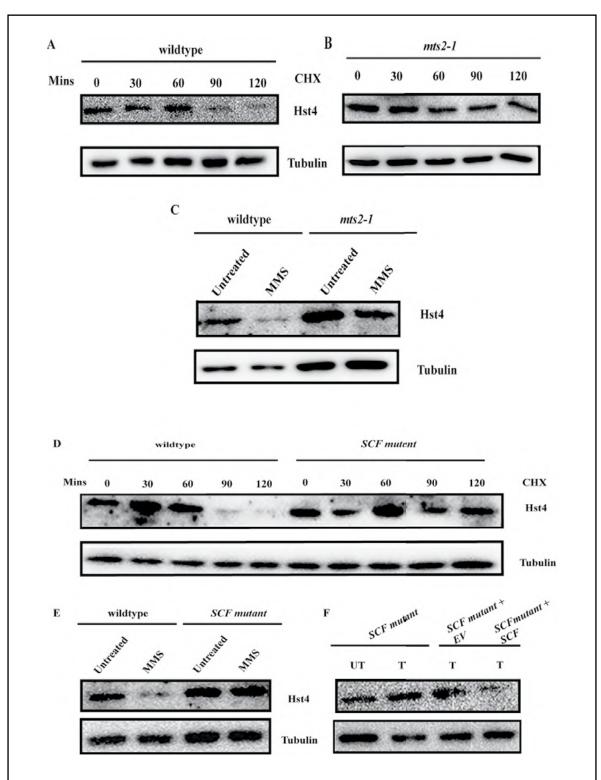


Figure 2. Fission yeast sirtuin Hst4 is regulated by ubiquitin ligase SCF mediated proteolysis in response to DNA damage. (A) and (B) Western blot showing stability of Hst4 in proteasome mutant (mts2-1), Wild type and mts2-1 strains (26S proteasome mutant) were grown and treated with cycloheximide for indicated time and Hst4 level detected by western blotting (C) Stabilization of Hst4 levels on DNA damage in mts2-1 strain. Hst4 is regulated by SCF ubiquitin ligase (D) Wild type and SCF mutant strains was grown and treated with cycloheximide for indicated time and Hst4 level detected by western blotting (E) Stabilization of Hst4 levels on DNA damage in SCF mutant strain. (F) Rescue of degradation by overexpression of SCF component in its mutant background.

compared to wild type. Further the levels of Hst4 on DNA damage were also been checked in the mutant strain. Fig.2 C shows stabilization of Hst4 in *mts2-1* strain during MMS treatment as compared to wild-type strains. Thus, these results show that Hst4 is regulated by ubiquitin mediated proteosomal degradation.

E3 ligases are the most important in ubiquitination as they specify the substrates targeted for ubiquitination. The SCF ubiquitin ligase is a conserved E3 ligase which regulates the expression of many cell cycle proteins which in turn regulates the G1/S switch. To study the role of SCF ubiquitin ligase in the regulation of hst4, stability of Hst4 protein was determined in SCF mutant strain (Fig 2D). Hst4 was stabilized in SCF mutant significantly as compared to wild type. This was comparable to the stability of Hst4 observed in proteosomal mutants (2B). Hst4 is known to be down regulated when cells are exposed to DNA damaging agent MMS (Methy methane sulphonate). To examine if decrease in level of Hst4 on DNA damage is also mediated through SCF ubiquitin ligase, Hst4 levels were determined in SCF mutant by western blot. The level of Hst4 did not decrease on MMS treatment in SCF mutant (2E). Further, the degradation of hst4 was rescued by the plasmid complementation of SCF component back in the null background. (Fig 2F). Collectively, these results show that Hst4 is regulated by ubiquitin ligase SCF mediated proteolysis in response to DNA damage. Work is underway to determine whether degradation of Hst4 on DNA damage is phosphorylation dependent as SCF complex recognize phosphorylated protein and if the degradation of Hst4 is mediated by DNA damage checkpoint proteins.

#### **Publications**

 Reddy ER, Yellanki S, Medishetty R, Konada L, Alamuru NP, Haldar D, Parsa KVL, Kulkarni P and Rajadurai M (2015). Red Fluorescent Organic Nanoparticle Bioprobes: A Photostable Cytoplasmic Stain for Long Term In Vitro and In Vivo Visualization. *Chem Nano Mat.* 1: 567–576.

#### **Other Publications**

2. Haldar D (2016). Emerging epigenetic therapy of cancer. **Spinco Biotech Cutting Edge** 5 (10): 9-14.

#### LABORATORY OF CHROMOSOME STRUCTURE & DYNAMICS

Investigating the role of chromosome dynamics in microbial diversification

FacultyMohan C JoshiRamalingaswami FellowPhD StudentsBharat Chandra DashJunior Research FellowOther MembersDivya MattaTechnical Assistant

#### **Objectives**

Research in my lab is aimed at understanding how (a) nucleoid structure & organization is modulated during cell-cycle; and (b) cohesion regulated homologous recombination processes in *E. coli*. The long-term goal of my lab is to understand how chromosome dynamics dictates genetic diversity in bacteria.

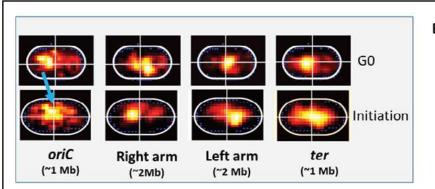
Details of progress made in the current reporting year (August 20, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

### Project. 1.Nucleoid structure & organization is modulated during cell-cycle

Single locus studies (FROS or FISH) have demonstrated that *E. coli* chromosome is highly

dynamic and fluidic entity. However, spatial mapping of *E. coli* genome in high-resolution during cell-cycle (G0-S-M) remains an uphill task for cell-biologist. We have been working on "multicolor FISH" (Fluorescence *In Situ* hybridization) based approach to address this challenge. The approach integrates genetics, biochemical & high-end fluorescence imaging techniques with a MATLAB based image analysis software (Figure 1).

We are writing a PYTHONcode for our existingImage Processing software (MATLAB based) as well as adding new image processing and quantification plugin to streamline image quantification process. It is noteworthy to mention



### **Experimental approach**

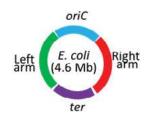


Figure 1. High-Resolution mapping of *E. coli* nucleoid using GANGA: Spatial localization of four different regions (left) of *E. coli* nucleoid within the cell (schematic, right).

here thatsuchPYTHON basedfree license software can be used in various imaging process related to eukaryotic organismsthat exists within CDFD.

### Project 2:Chromosome cohesion mediated regulation of Homologous recombination

Homologous recombination (HR) is the major source of antibiotic-resistant gene expansion in pathogenic microbes. HR processes are conserved in all organisms, playing an important role in genomic maintenance during repair of DNA

double strand breaks (DSBs) and reactivation of stalled replication fork. However, HR can also induce genomic instability via gene conversion, crossing over and mutation incorporation (under stress), thereby resulting in gene translocations, deletions, amplifications, inversions and loss of heterozygosity. Therefore HR plays a pivotal role in maintaining the equilibrium between genomic integrity and genetic diversity. Although HR is an extensively studied process, it remains unclear how this equilibrium is regulated during DNA repair. Recent data including our own suggested

that chromosome cohesion is an evolutionary conserved process and bacteria may also utilize a cohesion dependent mechanism for DSB repair. Therefore, *E. coli* provides a highly tractable and mutable model to test the role of cohesion in HR dependent DSB repair.

The focus will be on understanding whether/how (i) cohesion timing along the genome influences the efficiency of DSB repair; (ii) cohesion timing along the genome regulates accumulation of spontaneous and stress-induced mutation; and (iii) cohesion promotes genomic integrity and dictates the hot-spots for alteration along the genome, in *E. coli*. This knowledge will be insightful in understanding the mechanism underlying microbial diversity.

We are developing E. coli strains, in which a unique restriction enzyme cute site (I Sce-1) will be introduced at different loci across genome. This will be achieved using linear DNA recombineering technique, which allows target specific insertion of linear DNA across genome. For all of these genetic loci we have experimentally determined the cohesion timing. These strains will be verified using PCR, subsequently gene encoding for Isce-1 enzymeunder the control of arabinose promoter will be introduced into these strains using P1 based transduction method. We have designed primers for following genetic loci; rfaJ, oriC&psd and will be optimizing PCR and linear DNA recombineering method to generate these strains.

#### LABORATORY OF COMPUATIONAL BIOLOGY

#### Computational studies on protein structure, function and interactions

Faculty HA Nagarajaram Staff Scientist

PhD Students Rachita HR Senior Research Fellow (Till October, 2015)

Suryanarayana Seera Senior Research Fellow
V A Ramesh Senior Research Fellow
Rakesh Trivedi Senior Research Fellow
Arijita Mitra Junior Research Fellow

K Guruprasad Junior Research Fellow (since July 2015)

Other Members Dr U S Raghavender SERB-DST Young Scientist

(Since January 2016)

Rahul S Dhakne Project JRF

Rajkishore Mohapatra Project JRF (till Feb.2016)

#### **Collaborators (The New Indigo Project):**

Srikanth Rapole NCCS, Pune

Jochen Schubert University of Rostock, Germany

Jose Camara University of Madeira, Portugal

#### **Objectives**

- 1 Sequence and structural analyses on disease causing mutations in human proteins
- 2 Investigations on the evolution and conformational heterogeneity of instrinsically disordered regions in proteins
- 3 The New Indigo Project
  - a. Multivariate analysis of the volatile compounds (VOCs) detected from the breath and urine samples of breast, lung and colon cancer patients and healthy individuals, as a means to identify potential cancer biomarkers; and
  - Development of a database of VOCs detected by collaborators and a web portal hosting the database and other information related to this project

### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

- Domains and motifs that mediate physical interactions between human and viral proteins were identified and studied. It was found that some of the viral proteins harbour ELMs (eukaryotic linear motifs) that interact with their binding domains in human proteins.
- Structural analysis of known IDPs complexed with their interacting partners was carried out and it was found that most of the disordered regions in IDPs adopt helical structures when complexed with other human proteins.

- HANSA was retrained using a new HUMSVAR dataset. We further explored usefulness of network centrality values of human proteins as additional features in HANSA.
- A web portal was developed to host various information and also a database of volatile compounds detected in the breath, urine and saliva samples of breast and lung cancer patients.

Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Project 1: Prediction of pathogenic effect of missense mutations: Incorporation of additional features into HANSA.

1. Having found that the human proteins harbouring disease mutations are associated with high centrality values in the proteinprotrein interaction network (PPIN) as compared with the human proteins horbouring neutral mutations, we trained a new SVM model with 13 features (10 features used in HANSA along with the three network centrality values degree, betweeness and closeness as additional features) using the new Humavar dataset that comprises of 22,196 disease mutations from 1852 proteins and 21,151 neutral mutations from 8791 proteins and was subjected to 5-fold cross validation. The ROC plot generated for the new SVM model is shown in Fig.1.

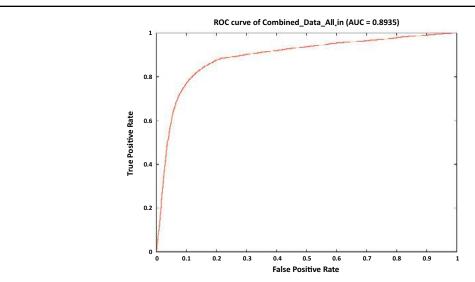


Figure 1. ROC plot obtained from the 5 fold cross validation of the new HANSA trained with additional features based on the network centrality measure of the proteins harbouring disease and neutral mutations. The area under the curve (AUC) value is 0.9.

2. All the structure-based methods for prediction of functional impact of missense mutations including HANSA are based on the premise that, disease-causing mutations destabilize folded proteins harbouring those mutations. These methods, therefore, cannot be used on mutations found in proteins enriched with disordered regions. Hence we setforth to build a new SVM-based method for predicting the functional impact of missense mutations in disordered regions. Our dataset for building a SVM model comprises of 1722 disease causing and 6101 neutral mutations found in the disordered regions of 408 and 6101 human proteins respectively. We have considered, initially, sequence conservation based and amino-acid based features at the mutation sites for building SVM-models. For estimating the sequence conservation at the mutation sites we have implemented Jensen-Shannon divergence (JSD) information theoretic approach. SVM training and testing are underway.

# Project 2: Computational Studies on Intrinsically Disordered Proteins (IDPs): Construction of substitution scoring matrix specific to disordered regions.

 Universal substitution scoring matrices such as BLOSSUM have been built using conserved regions in aligned proteins and, therefore, these matrices mostly encapsulate information pertaining to the amino acid

- substitutions that typically happen structurally ordered regions. Such matrices are inappropriate for database searches of evolutionally related sequences or for sequence alignments of disordered regions in proteins. It is known that disordered regions are enriched with polar/charged/Gly/Pro amino acid residues and hence it is logical to expect amino acid residue substitutions in the conserved disordered regions to be different from those that are represented in BLOSSUM/PAM matrices. For this reason, we started building a substitution scoring matrix exclusively for disordered regions in proteins and also a tool that can automatically employ ordered/disordered matrix based on the type of the sequences that are aligned.
- 2) We first setout to collect human proteins enriched with disordered regions. Our search for human proteins having at least one disordered region of >=30 residues resulted in about 9000 proteins. Domains were identified in these proteins and their orthologs from higher mammalian species were identified using PSI-BLAST. Disordered regions in the orthologs were identified and their multiple sequence alignments (MSA) were carried out. From the aligned blocks of disordered regions we intend to calculate substitution frequencies of amino acid residues specific to the disordered blocks as well as the proposed substitution scoring matrix. Further work is under progress.

## Project 3: An attractive and promising strategy for early cancer diagnosis through the assembly of the human cancer volatome (The New Indigo Project).

- 1) A relational database was developed to store the volatiles detected by our collaborating partners, who analyse breath, urine and saliva samples collected from breast and lung cancer patients and also from controls using GC-MS. This database has been designed in such a way that it holds patient's (as well as control's) demographic information as well as the known physicochemical, pathways and other relevant biological information (collected from various databases available on the public domain) of the detected metabolites. We have created user-friendly Q&A, data input help files etc., to help our collaborators to store data in this database. The database can be accessed after user authentification with userid and password and its access is currently limited to the project collaborators.
- 2) The number of volatile metabolite compounds typically detected from breath, urine and saliva samples of cancer patients count over 100. However, the number of patients and controls used in these studies are typically far less than the number of the compounds detected and hence can lead to spurious correlations. Therefore, statistical analyses of these data for biomarker discovery pose some challenges. Additionally, the data are also often confounded with missing values as a consequence of experimental issues. We, therefore, started to build a software suite based on R-platform to incude all the necessary tools such as missing value imputation, multivariate analysis tools, supervised and unsupervised methods, data dimensionality reduction methods etc. This

will be hosted along side the HCV database on the project webportal.

#### **Future plans and directions**

- 1. Continuation of studies on IDPs harboring disease causing mutations.
- 2. Classification and analysis of disordered regions in proteins.
- 3. Studies on tissue-wise PPI networks integrated with drug-protein interaction data.

#### **Publications**

- Rachita HR and Nagarajaram H A (2015) Molecular principles of human virus proteinprotein interactions *Bioinformatics* 31: 1025-1033.
- 2. Bidcho A M, Dalal A, Trivedi R, Shukla A, Nampoothiri S, Sankar V H, Danda S, Gupta N, Kabra M, Hebbar S A, Bhat R Y, Matta D, Ekbote A V, Puri R D, Phadke S R, Gowrishankar Aggarwal K S, Ranganath P, Sharda S, Kamate M, Datar C A, Bhat K, Kamath N, Gopinath P M, Verma I C, Nagarajaram H A, Satyamoorthy K, Girisha K M (2015) Recurrent and novel GLB1 mutations in India *Gene* 567: 173-181.
- Radha Rama Devi A, Ramesh V A, Nagarajaram H A, Satish S.P.S, Jayanthi U, Lokesh L (2016) Spectrum of Mutations in Glutaryl-CoA Dehydrogenase gene in GlutaricAciduria Type I - Study from South India Brain & Development 38: 54-60.
- Chaudhary A K, Mohapatra R, Nagarajaram, H A, Ranganath P, Dalal A, Dutta A, Danda S, Girisha K, Bashyam M D (2016) The novel missense EDAR p.L397H mutation causes autosomal dominant hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia. *Journal of European Academy* of *Dermatology and Venearology* (In Press) DOI: 10.1111/jdv.13587.

### LABORATORY OF COMPUTATIONAL AND **FUNCTIONAL GENOMICS**

#### Computational and functional genomics of biological organisms

**Faculty** Akash Ranjan Staff Scientist

**PhD Students** Mr. Rohan Misra Senior Research Fellow

Mr. Bhavik Sawhnev Senior Research Fellow Mr. Ajit Roy Senior Research Fellow

Mr. Suhail Yousuf Senior Research Fellow (till October 2015)

Mr. Rajendra Kumar Angara Senior Research Fellow Mr. Abhishek Kumar Senior Research Fellow Mr. Debasish K Ghosh Senior Research Fellow Mr. Shailesh Kumar Gupta Junior Research Fellow Mr. Vijay Kumar M J Junior Research Fellow

(Since February 2016)

**Collaborators** CSIR-IICT, Hyderabad, India. Anthony Addlagatta

> V. Vindal University of Hyderabad, India.

### 1. Identification of novel class of small RNA molecules from *Plasmodium falciparum*: tRNA derived RNA fragments

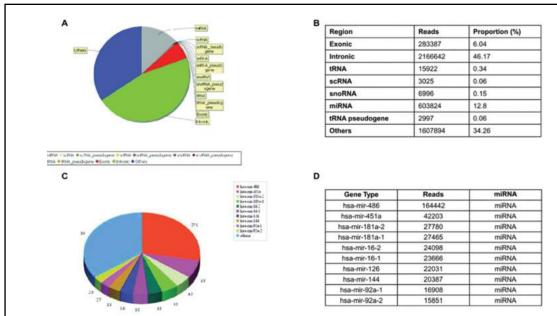
### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Previously, we have annotated tRNAmodifying enzymes of *P. falciparum* through genomics comparative approach and hypothesized P. falciparum apicoplast tRNAguanine transglycosylase as putative target for chemotherapeutic intervention against the parasite. Furthermore, P. falciparum adenosine deaminase acting on tRNA (ADAT) functionally characterized and the complex was observed to differentially act on different tRNA molecules. In addition, small RNA molecules were sequenced from the intraerythrocytic stage of P. falciparum 3D7 and it was observed that the parasite contains canonical tRNA fragments (tRF5, tRF3 and tRF1). P. falciparum consists of two more species of tRNA fragments and based on the site of cleavage, we named them as tRF4, which originate from D loop and extend till the anticodon loop, and tRF2, which consists of sequence between the anticodon loop and T loop. tRNA halves of approximately 35 bases in size were abundantly present among the small RNA populations in *P. falciparum* intraerythrocytic stage.

### Detail of the work done in the current reporting period (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

### Human miRNAs are abundantly present in P. falciparum small RNA library

To examine the possibility that small RNAs of human origin were present in the small RNA population that were derived from the intraerythrocytic stage of *P. falciparum* life cycle, the small RNA library was mapped to human genome. Interestingly, mapping of the small RNA library to human genome revealed that it majorly contained small RNA molecules that had originated from introns, followed by those that were generated from mi-RNAs (Fig. 1A and 1B). Within the human miRNA populations, mir-486 and mir-451a were found to be abundantly present in parasite (Fig. 1C and 1D). The Integrative Genomics Viewer (IGV) was utilized to visualize the alignment of miRNA, mir-486 to human genome (Fig. 2A) and likewise, the alignment of all the other human miRNAs were mapped to determine the mismatches at the base pair resolution. Northern blot analysis with oligonucleotides that were complementary to human miRNAs, mir-486 and mir-451a, suggested the stable existence of these miRNAs in the small RNA population of asynchronous culture of intraerythrocytic stage of P. falciparum 3D7. To rule out these miRNAs as potential contaminant, the parasite was treated with RNaseA after saponin lysis of RBC and northern blot was repeated. Approximately, 21-bp bands corresponding to both human miRNAs were visible in the blot of *P. falciparum* small RNA species (Fig. 2B).



**Figure 1. Mapping of small RNA library on human genome.** (A) Proportion of small RNAs in *P. falciparum* small RNA library that were originated from different regions of human genome. (B) Tabulated comparison of number of reads of small RNAs that were generated from human genome and was present in the small RNA library of *P. falciparum*. Human miRNAs are abundantly present in *P. falciparum* small RNA library. (C) Pie chart of percentage of top ten most abundant human miRNAs that were detected in *P. falciparum* small RNA library. (D) Tabulated summary of number of reads of the ten most abundant human miRNAs found in the intraerythrocytic stage of *P. falciparum*.

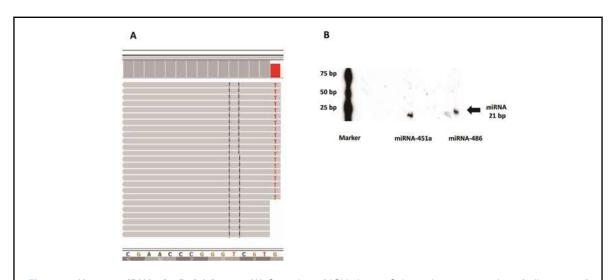


Figure 2. Human miRNAs in *P. falciparum* (A) Snapshot of IGV viewer. Schematic representation of alignment of human mir-451a on human genome using IGV viewer. The colored vertical bars at the bottom denote nucleotides in the reference sequence in the standard color designation (A-Green, T-Red, G-Brown and C-Blue). The gray horizontal bars on the top of the reference indicates the alignment of reads to reference sequence and the position indicates the location of the reference sequence in the genomic context, with the forward directions indicating the top strand of the alignment. The gray color indicates the perfect alignment while the colored areas represent the variations from the original sequence with the color indicates the identity of dissimilar nucleotide. (B) Northern blot analyses of human miRNAs. An approximately 21 bp band corresponding to mir-451a and mir-486 in the northern blot of small RNA population of *P. falciparum* was detected by using end-labelled antisense oligonucleotides against respective miRNAs. Lanes: 1-marker; 2&3-Blot probed with miRNAs mir-451a and mir-486.

# 2. Characterization of potential ligand of HosA, a MarR like transcription regulator in pathogenic *Escherichia coli*

## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Previously, we have characterized the *in vivo* functional activity of HosA, a MarR like transcription regulator in pathogenic *Escherichia coli*, as regulator of non-oxidative Hydroxyarylic Acid Decarboxylase operon. In this study, we had identified the palindromic transcription regulation site (in PecdB), which is modulated by HosA along with detailed analysis of consensus site. Regulation of nonoxidative HAD operon is mediated by HosA and this seemed to be very crucial in regulating genes responsible for degradation process of hydroxyarylic acids.

# Detail of the work done in the current reporting period (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

## Identification of 4-HBA as small molecule regulator of HosA

We have identified 4-hydroxy benzoic acid (4-HBA) as the small molecule regulator of HosA. 4-HBA mediates induction of PecdB activity through selective derepression of HosA mediated repression. Any intracellular increase in 4-HBA concentration modulates the repression caused by HosA. Further, an increase in transcript level of non-oxidative HAD operon upon exposure to 4-HBA was observed in accordance with increase in derepression of HosA mediated repression on exposure to 4-HBA in heterologous *E. coli* strain MC4100 (Figure 3).

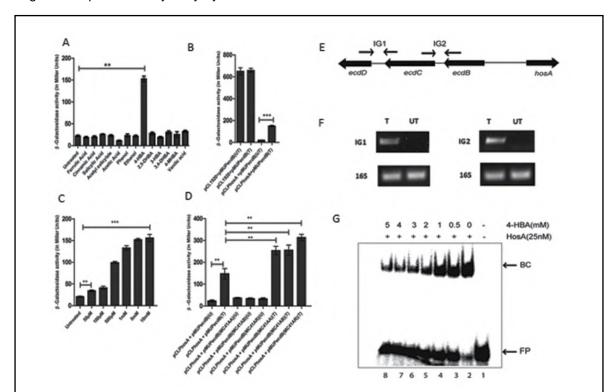


Figure 3. Ligand identification of HosA: Effect of 4-HBA on expression level of HAD operon and HosA-DNA interaction. (A) β-Galactosidase assay showing the ability of different aromatic and nonaromatic compounds to cause the derepression of HosA mediated repression of PecdB. (B) β-Galactosidase assay showing the effect of 4-HBA on the promoter activity of PecdB, with and without the presence of HosA. (C) β-Galactosidase assay showing the effect of varying concentration of 4-HBA (50 μM-10 mM) on derepression of HosA mediated repression of PecdB. (D) Effect of 4-HBA (1 mM) on HosA mediated repression of PecdB in different 4-HBA exporter knockout strains as shown through β-Galactosidase assay (T, cultures with 4-HBA treatment; U/UT, cultures without 4-HBA treatment). \*\*\*P < 0.0001, \*\*P < 0.001, and \*P < 0.01 between promoter activities of 4-HBA treated and untreated cells in glucose minimal A media. (E) Schematic diagram of non-oxidative HAD operon along with the primer pairs (shown by arrows) used for amplifying intergenic regions IG1 and IG2. (F) Semi-quantitative PCR of intergenic regions IG1 and IG2 of non-oxidative HAD operon. Lane UT: PCR amplified cDNA template that was transcribed from RNA of cultures without 4-HBA treatment and (Lane T) with 4-HBA treatment. Amplified internal sequence of 16S rRNA transcript was taken as internal control. (G) Effect of 4-HBA on interaction of HosA with probe (U) through EMSA. Lane 1: Radiolabeled free probe (U). Lane 2: Radiolabeled probe (U) incubated with HosA. Lanes 3–8: Different molar concentrations of 4-HBA (0.5–5 mM) incubated with probe and HosA.

### 3. Studies on the role of Rv2989 (IcIR like protein) in the physiology of *M. tuberculosis*

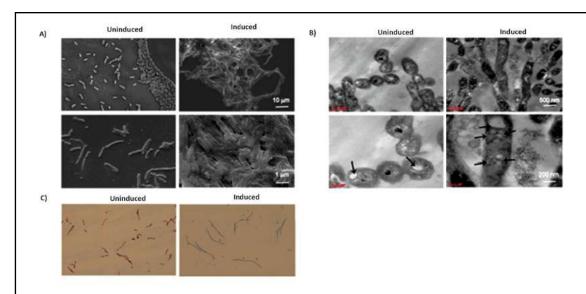
## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

In our previous studies, we characterized promoter and binding site of Rv2989 (an IcIR like protein) in the intergenic region of *IeuCD-Rv2989*. In order to understand physiological significance of Rv2989 in mycobacteria, we ectopically expressed *Rv2989* and observed that the constitutive expression using *hsp60p* promoter leads to toxicity. Further, a controlled expression of *Rv2989* in *M. smegmatis*, using *acep*, an acetamide inducible promoter, shows growth retardation.

### Details of the work done in the current reporting period (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

In order to understand cellular events occurring with Rv2989 expression, we induced expression of Rv2989 using 0.2% acetamide and observed uninduced and induced *M. smegmatis acep-Rv2989* cells in Scanning Electron Microscope

(SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM) for morphological differences. SEM observations revealed the presence extracellular material in induced cultures, which surround M. smegmatis acep-Rv2989 cells (Figure 4A) an observation similar to the phenotype of non-replicating persistent mycobacteria. Observation of ultra thin sections of cells under TEM revealed the accumulation of lipid droplets in induced cultures (Figure 4B). Lipids usually get accumulated as lipid droplets in dormant mycobacteria and serves as an energy repository. As the SEM and TEM observations suggest dormant features of mycobacteria, we hypothesise Rv2989 expression possibly induce dormancy and tested for non acid fastness, a feature of dormant mycobacteria. The M. smegmatis acep-Rv2989 after induction lost its acid fastness, while the uninduced cultures retained the property (Figure 4C), suggesting Rv2989 expression arrests growth and possibly drives *M.* smegmatis into dormancy like state. The molecular pathway involved in the initiation of this dormancy like state is yet to be elucidated.



**Figure 4. Effect of ectopic expression of** *M. tuberculosis* **Rv2989 on** *M. smegmatis* (A) Scanning electron micrograph images of uninduced and induced cultures. (B) Transmission electron micrograph images of ultrathin sections of uninduced and induced cultures. Lipid droplets are shown with arrow marks. (C) Analysis of acid fastness in uninduced and induced cultures of *M. smegmatis acep-Rv2989*.

4. Characterization of structural and organizational properties of Huntingtin Interacting Protein K as intracellular aggregation sensor

Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Previously, we had characterized HYPK to be an aggregation prone protein which remained in a molten globule like less densely packed conformation, which had potentiality to form lower order oligomeric seeds like dimer and trimer. These again could lead to formation of very large aggregates, in a concentration dependent manner, both *in vitro* and *in vivo*.

Detail of the work done in the current reporting period (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

### Multimerization of HYPK follows a prion like seed nucleation model

To elucidate the mechanism of HYPK multimerization, we followed the multimerization

using AFM imaging along with computational modeling / docking studies. Annular assembly of HYPK by C-terminal region started with the formation of small oligomeric seed structures, which combined and coalesced among themselves. These give rise to smaller scaffold like annular structures, upon which further association of seeds made higher annular oligomeric assemblies (Figure 5).

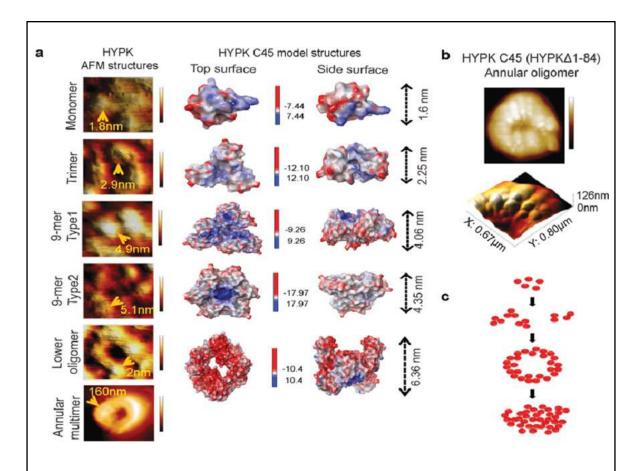


Figure 5. C-terminal dependent smaller oligomeric seed cause HYPK nucleation to form ordered annular complex. (a) Formation of HYPK annular complex. [Panel 1] Monomer. Height scale: 0-2.5nm. [Panel 2] Trimeric seed coalescence as scaffold. Height scale: 0-3.5nm. [Panel 3] Type-I 9-mer unit coalescence with each other. Height scale: 0-6nm. [Panel 4] Type-II 9-mer oligomeric nucleation scaffold. Height scale: 0-6nm. [Panel 5] Lower oligomeric nucleation scaffold complex. Height scale: 0-190nm. Middle and right panels show model structures of HYPK C-terminal 45 residue region monomer, trimer, Type-I 9mer, Type-II 9-mer and 18-mer. (b) AFM image of annular oligomeric complex of HYPK C45 region showed hollow scaffold and oligomeric deposition upon scaffold. Height scale: 0-129nm. (c) Schematic representation of prion like seed nucleation mediated aggregation of HYPK.

An N-terminal negative charge rich region stabilizes C-terminal LCR to prevent intracellular aggregation by HYPK

Although, the C-terminus of HYPK has high intrinsic ability to form aggregates, surprisingly,

it did not form aggregates of considerably larger size in majority of cells under normal endogenous expression levels. In order to understand specific region and sequence stretches that stabilized intra-cellular HYPK and prevented aggregation, we constructed various

deletion and multiple point mutant constructs to observe the aggregation status. Binding studies of N-terminal 60 residue region or its multiple point mutant variants (ie HYPK N-60 E/A and HYPK N-60 E/D) with C-terminal 69 residue region (HYPK C-69) showed specific interactions of HYPK N-60 and HYPK N-60 E/D with HYPK C-69 but no interaction was observed between HYPK N-60 E/A with HYPK C-69. This suggests that there existed a specific charge interaction between negative charge residues in the patch of N-terminal region with (basic amino acids) of LCR, which accounted for stabilization of LCR and prevention of aggressiveness of oligomerization.

#### **Publications**

- Roy A and Ranjan A (2016). HosA, a MarR family transcriptional regulator, represses non-oxidative hydroxyarylic acid decarboxylase operon and is modulated by 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid. *Biochemistry* 55(7): 1120-1134.
- Sawhney B, Chopra K, Mishra R, Ranjan A (2015). Identification of *Plasmodium falciparum* apicoplast-targeted tRNA-guanine transglycosylase and its potential inhibitors using comparative genomics, molecular modelling, docking and simulation studies. *Journal of Biomolecular Structure & Dynamics* 33(11):2404-2420.

#### LABORATORY OF DROSOPHILA NEURAL DEVELOPMENT

#### Understanding patterning and development of Central Nervous System using Drosophila melanogaster

Staff Scientist & WT-DBT **Faculty** Rohit Joshi

India Alliance Intermediate Fellow

**PhD Students** Risha Khandelwal Senior Research Fellow

> Neha Ghosh Senior Research Fellow Raviranjan Kumar Senior Research Fellow Rashmi Sipani Senior Research Fellow Asif Ahmad Bakshi Junior Research Fellow

**Other Members** P Kalyani **Technical Officer** 

> Maheshvari C Project Assistant (till Dec 2015) Sromana Mukherjee Project Assistant (till March 2016)

> Srivatsan G Project Assistant (till March 2016)

#### **Objective**

The key objective of the lab is to understand how neural progenitor cells attain their positional identity in developing Central Nervous System (CNS) of an organism and how does this translate into generation of a variety of cell types found in CNS and their respective numbers (as represented in the Fig-1). Hox family of transcription factors are known to play an important role in execution of these features along the Anterior-Posterior (AP) axis of the CNS during development. The molecular basis of role of Hox genes in patterning of CNS is not well investigated. Our lab is using Drosophila melanogaster as a model organism, to understand these phenomenons by focusing mainly on early embryonic and larval stages of development. To this end, the specific aims of our lab are as follows:

#### 1. Understanding the molecular function of Hox gene Abdominal-A (Abd-A) in larval CNS patterning.

Abdominal region of the Drosophila larval CNS has a less number of neurons compared to its thoracic counterpart. Hox gene Abd-A in known to cause programmed cell death (apoptosis) of neural progenitor cells (also called Neuroblasts-Nbs) and therefore limit the number of neurons in abdominal region of CNS. The apoptosis is known to be mediated through activation of reaper, hid and grim (RHG) family of genes. The precise molecular details of how Abd-A cause Nb apoptosis are unknown. Genetic evidence suggests a role for a helix-loop-helix transcription factor Grainyhead (Grh) along with Abd-A in control of this apoptosis. Characterization of the molecular basis of this link is primary goal of this project. Furthermore, since Grh is involved in Nb apoptosis and is not expressed in neuronal progeny refractory to this apoptosis, it is of interest to define grh regulation in these cells which keeps grh "on" in the pNbs and "off" in the neuronal progeny of pNbs.

### 2. Understanding the role of Hox gene Deformed (Dfd) in patterning of embryonic subesophageal ganglia.

Hox genes express in CNS (in neural progenitor cells) in embryonic stages of development (as represented in Fig-1) but how does their expression patterns the embryonic nervous system is not well understood. Deformed (Dfd) is known to express in the cells of maxillary (Mx) and mandibular (Mn) segments of subesophageal ganglion of embryonic CNS. This project focuses on understanding auto-regulation of *Dfd* in this region and to find out how this helps in giving cells their specific positional identity. This is being done by using a 3.2kb CNS specific neural auto-regulatory enhancer for Dfd (NAE3.2), which recapitulates the expression of Dfd gene in developing embryonic CNS.

#### 3. Investigating the role of Abdominal-B (Abd-B) and Double-sex (Dsx) in terminal **CNS** patterning.

There are 12 Nbs in terminal region of CNS of which 8 stop dividing in both males and females at mid L3 stage of development. The remaining 4 Nbs which we refer to as terminal Nbs

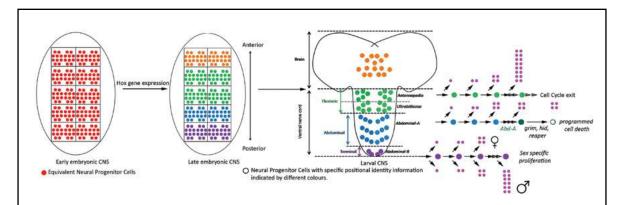


Figure 1. Precursor cells for embyo Nbs start out as equivalent cells and attain their specific positional identity by Hox gene expression. This gets reflected as specific Nbs identity and thereby determine proliferation and differentiation profile of these cells along the AP axis. In larval stages thoracic, abdominal and terminal post-embryonic Nbs (pNbs) differ in their number and proliferation profile as shown. Thoracic pNbs stop proliferation by cell cycle exit, while abdominal pNbs (in both sexes) and terminal pNbs (tNbs; in females) die as a result of apoptosis, the tNbs in males continue dividing and give rise to more neurons as shown.

(tNbs), behave differentially in two sexes. The hypothesis for this part of work is that Abd-B and Dsx (Double-Sex being the most downstream member of sex specification hierarchy) play a role in sex specific proliferation and apoptosis of these tNbs. Although the role of the sex determining hierarchy and Hox gene Abd-B, in growth and differentiation of *Drosophila genital* discs, is well worked out, little is known about how sex determination hierarchy and Abd-B intersects with cell proliferation and survival behavior of tNbs in the larval VNC. We intend to test the interaction between Abd-B and Dsx in gender specific proliferation and apoptosis of these cells.

## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

# 1. Understanding the molecular function of Hox gene *Abd-A* in larval CNS patterning.

The relevant enhancer for the activation of RHG family of apoptotic genes in Nbs lies within 23kb genomic region referred to as *NBRR-Neuroblast Regulatory Region*. The NBRR was divided into 5 overlapping genomic fragments (of 6-10kb). These genomic fragments were made into transgenic lines and were screened for their ability to drive pNb specific expression of lacZ reporter in late third instar larval (LL3) brain. The transgenic line analysis narrowed down the search to an overlapping region of 3kb fragments. A small genetic deletion generated by us when tested in trans-heterozygotic condition with a bigger deletion blocked pNb apoptosis in

abdominal region, this genetically located the enhancer to the region of the genome removed in smaller deletion generated in our lab. This observation along with the deletion analysis narrowed down the enhancer search to 3kb region of the genome.

Simultaneously a 4kb enhancer of *grainyhead* responsible for its expression in CNS was sub-fragmented to narrow down the relevant enhancer for the expression of *grainyhead* in CNS to 1kb region. Currently this region is being further analysed to identify transcriptional factors that could be regulating *grainyhead* differentially in Nbs versus neurons.

# 2. Role of Hox gene *Deformed (Dfd)* in patterning of embryonic subesophageal ganglia.

The costaining of Dfd and Dpn (a neural progenitor specific marker) established that Dfd is expressed in neural progenitor cells (neuroblasts-Nbs). Subsequently using the NAE3.2-lacZ transgenic line, it was established that expression of Dfd is auto regulated in Nbs since Dpn positive cells in Mx region were LacZ positive as well. Hox genes are known to function with two other homeodomain containing transcription factors Extradenticle (Exd) and homothorax (Hth) in Drosophila (and vertebrate homologs; Pbx and Meis). A 630bp subfragment of 3.2kb genomic region of neural autoregulatory element was found to have two putative compound Hox-Exd binding sites. In vitro binding studies showed that Dfd and Exd and Hth formed a cooperative trimer on these binding sites with different efficiencies. In vivo importance of Exd and Hth is being tested for their role in neural autoregulation.

# 3. Investigating the role of *Abdominal-B* (*Abd-B*) and *Double-sex* (*Dsx*) in terminal CNS patterning.

A recent report characterized the Nb lineage in terminal region. Report elucidated that female specific isoform of Dsx (DsxF) is responsible for the apoptosis of sex-specific tNbs in females while these cells continue dividing in males. The report didn't elucidate (A) the molecular mechanism behind the phenomenon of apoptosis of sex-specific tNBs in females and (B) and doesn't give any insight into how Dsx play a role in tNB proliferation and how sex specific tNbs are different from other 8 Nbs in the same region which stop dividing at mid L3 stage of development.

We started out by testing the expression of Abd-B and Dsx in tNbs in CNS of male larvae since tNbs are dead in females by late larval stages of development. We find that Abd-B and Dsx are expressed in male tNbs. Since Grh is already known to play a role in apoptosis of pNb of abdominal segments, we checked and found Grh to be expressed in tNbs of male larvae at mid L3 stage. Currently we are checking the role of Grh in female tNb apoptosis.

Simultaneously Drosophila Cyclin E gene is being tested to identify the mechanism behind continued sex specific proliferation of tNbs in male larval CNS. cycE is known to play a central role in cell cycle by promoting G1-S transition in dividing cells during cell cycle and a detailed enhancer analysis has identified a 1.9kb enhancer element which controls the expression of the gene in Nbs. This enhancer is known to have binding site for Hox gene Abd-A and Abd-B and our analysis identify potential Dsx binding sites in the enhancer. A BrDU, lacZ and Dpn staining of cycE-1.9kb-lacZ transgenic flies show that lacZ line marks dividing Nbs in terminal regions of CNS. The experiments are ongoing to characterize 1.9kb enhancer to understand how cycE integrates spatial temporal and sex specific information in tNbs.

#### Summary of work done from April 1, 2015-March 31, 2016

# 1. Understanding the molecular basis of Hox gene Abdominal-A (Abd-A) in larval CNS patterning

We narrowed down the relevant enhancer to 3kb overlapping region of two 8kb fragments (NBRRF3 and F4) after analysis of all 5 enhancer-lacZ lines of NBRR. We generated a smaller 2 kb enhancer-lacZ from this overlapping region and found that it is expressed in pNbs of abdominal and terminal region of larval central nervous system.

We have genetically isolated the apoptotic enhancer by mobilizing a transposon inserted in *NBRR* to generate a smaller deletion (*NBRR-22*). This deletion in transheterozygotic combination with already existing deletion of NBRR gives ectopic pNbs in the abdominal region of CNS at LL3 stage. The finer PCR mapping indicates that 14.5kb region of the NBRR encompassing the relevant apoptotic enhancer has been deleted in this case.

The expression of 2kb enhancer in abdominal pNb and presence of ectopic pNbs in 14.5 kb deletion suggests that we have narrowed down the relevant apoptotic enhancer from 23kb *NBRR* to 2kb region of the genome. Next the putative Hox and Grh binding sites in the 2kb region were tested for respective transcription factor binding in vitro by EMSA. We tested closely placed Hox and Grh binding sites and found that both transcription factors bind on DNA, mutant oligo analysis indicated that these bindings were specific.

An indirect way to check for activation of RHG genes by AbdA and Grh in vivo was by checking NBRRF3-lacZ reporter expression in abdominal pNbs, in response to Abd-A and Grh downregulation in pNbs by RNA interference. We found that NBRRF3-lacZline was down regulated in surviving abdominal pNbs in response to RNA interference for AbdA and Grh. Conversely the ectopic expression of Abd-A in thoracic pNbs where Abd-A is not normally expressed resulted in ectopic expression of NBRRF3-lacZ in thoracic region as well, indicating the responsiveness of enhancer for Abd-A.

Considering the importance of Grh in pNbs we are trying to identify *grh* regulators in pNbs. To this end an RNA interference screen is ongoing. In this screen a battery of 465 transcription factors selected based on their spatial and temporal expression pattern in developing CNS are being knocked down in abdominal and thoracic pNbs to identify regulator of *grh* gene by scoring for downregulation of Grh protein expression.

## 2. Role of Hox gene *Deformed* in patterning of embryonic subesophageal ganglia.

We tested the role of Hox cofactor Exd in neural autoregulation and Dfd expression in Nbs of embryonic subesophageal ganglia by looking at Exd null mutant (exd1). exd1 homozygous mutants showed no significant change in Dfd expression in Nbs. This is due to the fact that Exd is known to be maternally contributed. In order to circumvent the problem of maternal contribution of Exd protein, we decided to analyze hthP2 a strong hypomorph of hth gene. Since Hth is a known partner of Exd, and plays an important role in its transport into the cell nuclei, we expected that hth<sup>P2</sup> will mimic a phenotype similar to exd complete loss of function. We found a region specific role of hth in Dfd expression. Dfd expression was completely missing in Mx Nbs, while the expression in Mn Nbs was dramatically down regulated, but low levels of Dfd could still be observed in these cells. This suggest that Hth is critical for Dfd expression in Mx Nbs but is important only for maintenance of the levels of Dfd protein in Mn Nbs, and has no role in Dfd neural autoregulation in Mn segments.

Our subsequent experiments with homeodomainless (HD-less) isoform of Hth (referred to as HM-Hth); show that HM-Hth is sufficient for maintaining *Dfd* expression levels in embryonic stages, and suggest that HD of Hth is not necessary for region specific role of Hth in CNS.

Since both Exd and HM-Hth are required only for regulating levels of Dfd expression in mandibular Nbs, and neural autoregulation in these cells is independent of their roles, we propose a role for yet to be identified factor(s) in regulating core neural autoregulatory transcriptional loop. Identification of this/these factor(s) and characterization of their role in Nbs and differentiated neurons of mandibular region are ongoing.

# 3. Investigating the role of Abdominal-B (Abd-B) and Double-sex (Dsx) in terminal CNS patterning.

In order to test the role of *grh* in female tNb apoptosis, we analyzed *grh* mutant larvae. We found that many ectopic pNb were seen in the Abd-B region of *grh* mutant female larval brains compared to wild type female brains where no pNbs are reported at the same stage. Interestingly none of these cells were found to be positive for Dsx which is a conclusive marker for tNbs. This suggest tNbs apoptosis in females is independent of Grh.

A parallel analysis with *grim* mutant, a member of RHG family of apoptotic genes, showed ectopic pNbs in Abd-B region of female larval CNS. In order to conclusively test the role of grim in tNb apoptosis, we counterstained these brains for Nb marker Dpn and for tNb marker Dsx. We observed that none of the ectopic pNbs in female larval brains were Dsx positive. This suggest that *grim* doesn't play in tNb apoptosis and ectopic Nbs are embryonic in origin, and some other RHG family member(s) play a role in tNb apoptosis.

In order to locate the enhancer for the apoptotic gene activation in tNbs, we analysed a previously reported 53kb genomic deletion (*MM3*). We find that larvae which are homozygous for this deletion show ectopic pNbs in Abd-B region which are both positive for Nb marker Dpn and tNb marker Dsx. This suggest that enhancer for tNb apoptosis lies in this 53kb region. Experiments for isolation of the minimal enhancer for tNb apoptosis are ongoing.

#### **Publications**

 Kumar R, Chotaliya M, Vuppala S, Auradkar A, Palasamudrum K, Joshi R (2015). Role of Homothorax in region specific regulation of Deformed in embryonic neuroblasts. *Mech Dev*; 138(2); 190-197.

#### LABORATORY OF FUNGAL PATHOGENESIS

Understanding the pathobiology of an opportunistic human fungal pathogen *Candida glabrata* 

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Binay Kumar Sahoo Project JRF (During May-July 2015)
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Page 2015

Reshma Chowdary Alokam Research Associate (Since October 2015)

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Candida species account for 70 to 80% of bloodstream fungal infections with *Candida glabrata* being the second most frequently isolated Candida species after *C. albicans*. Despite being a successful pathogen, *C. glabrata* lacks some of the key fungal virulence attributes, and appears to rely on alternative mechanisms to survive the nutrient-poor, antimicrobial environment of the human host. Research in our laboratory is aimed at a better understanding of molecular and cellular mechanisms of *C. glabrata pathogenesis*.

## Project 1: Mechanisms of iron acquisition and iron homeostasis in *C. glabrata*

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Identification of major iron acquisition and iron homeostasis mechanisms;
- 2. Identification of *C. glabrata* genes which are differentially regulated in response to iron availability; and
- 3. Investigation into the role of identified genes in iron homeostasis

Summary of the work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

The ability to acquire iron form host tissues is a major virulence factor of pathogenic organisms. and a significant correlation between host iron content and pathogenicity of an organism has been reported. This project is aimed at elucidation of the strategies that C. glabrata employs to acquire, transport, utilize and store iron in accordance with the iron availability. Previously, we have generated and characterized mutants disrupted for components of the high-affinity iron uptake (CgFtr1, CgFet3, CgCcc2 and CgFre6), low-affinity iron transport (CqFet4), siderophoreiron uptake (CgSit1), iron storage and utilization (CgYfh1, CgFth1 and CgFet5), host-specific iron utilization (CgHmx1, CgCcw14 and CgMam3) and transcriptional regulatory (CgAft2) systems in C. glabrata. We showed that the high-affinity reductive iron uptake system is required for growth under both in vitro iron-limiting and in vivo conditions. Further, we demonstrated for the first time that the cysteine-rich CFEM domaincontaining cell wall structural protein, CgCcw14, and the putative hemolysin, CgMam3, are essential for maintenance of intracellular iron content, adherence to epithelial cells and virulence of C. glabrata in a murine model of systemic candidiasis.

# Details of the progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

During the current reporting period, we investigated the role of two mitogen-activated protein kinases, CgHog1 and CgSlt2, which have recently been implicated in survival of weak acid, and cell wall, thermal and antifungal stresses, respectively, in iron homeostasis in C. glabrata. For this, we first examined their activation status under iron-deplete and iron-replete conditions. As shown in **Figure 1A**, we observed ~ 6-fold higher levels of phosphorylated forms of CgSlt2 and CgHog1 in iron-surplus mediumgrown wild-type (wt) cells compared to YNBcultured wt cells. Iron-limiting environment had a considerable and no effect on the activation of CgHog1 and CgSlt2 kinases, respectively (Fig. **1A).** Further, we generated and characterized the C. glabrata strain that lacked the CgHog1 kinase-encoding gene (CAGLOM11748g). The Caslt2∆ mutant was constructed previously in our laboratory to examine the role of CgSlt2mediated cell wall integrity pathway in survival of antifungal stress. Compared to wt cells, basal CgSlt2 phosphorylation was found to be ~ 9-fold higher in the  $Cghog1\Delta$  mutant (Fig. 1A). However, exposure to iron-limiting and iron-surplus medium resulted in no appreciable increase in the CgSlt2 phosphorylation (Fig. **1A**). Constitutively active CgSlt2 in the *Cghog1*∆ mutant may reflect either cell wall-related defects or cellular compensatory response to the lack of CgHog1 kinase. Further, similar to wt cells, a 2-fold increase in the phosphorylation of CgHog1 was observed in iron-deficient mediumgrown Cgslt2∆ cells compared to YNB-cultured cells (Fig. 1A). However, Cgslt2∆ cells failed to respond appreciably to iron excess in the medium through phosphorylation of the CgHog1 kinase (Fig. 1A) which indicates a direct/indirect role of CgSlt2 in CgHog1 activation under ironrich environmental conditions. Notably, ectopic expression of CgHOG1 and CgSLT2 genes restored CgSlt2 and CgHog1 phosphorylation defects of  $Cghog1\Delta$  and  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutants (Fig. 1A).

Phenotypic characterization of  $Cghog1\Delta$  and  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutants revealed growth rates similar to wt cells in time-course analyses. Further,  $Cghog1\Delta$  and  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutants exhibited susceptibility neither to iron-limitation (caused by extracellular iron chelators BPS and ferrozine) nor to pH 7.0 condition (**Fig. 1B**). However, both

mutants were found to be attenuated for growth in pH 2.0 and surplus iron-containing medium (Fig. 1B). An inability of Cghog1∆ and Cgslt2∆ mutants to grow in iron-rich conditions is indicative of a central role for HOG and PKC signaling pathways in survival and/or counteracting toxicity associated with excess iron. In accordance with earlier studies, the Cgslt2∆ mutant exhibited elevated sensitivity to the fluconazole antifungal (Fig. 1B). However, fluconazole had no effect on growth of the  $Cghog1\Delta$  mutant (Fig. 1B). Further, the Cghog1∆ mutant was uniquely sensitive to thermal (42°C), detergent, salt and oxidative stress (Fig. 1B). Importantly, growth attenuation of  $Cghog1\Delta$  and  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutants in the presence of different stressors was restored by ectopic expression of CgHOG1 and CqSLT2 genes in respective mutants (Fig. 1B). Collectively, these data indicate common roles for CgHog1 and CgSlt2 in survival of surplus iron and low pH stress, and unique functions for CgHog1 in resisting osmotic, thermal and oxidative stresses.

To delineate the functions of CgHog1 and CgSlt2 in iron homeostasis, we next measured the intracellular iron content in Cghog1∆ and Cgslt2∆ mutants, and found 2-fold higher intracellular iron levels in the  $Cghog1\Delta$  mutant (Fig. 1C). Intriguingly, the Caslt2∆ mutant displayed wtlike intracellular iron content (Fig. 1C). High intracellular iron levels in the Cghog1∆ mutant were verified by inductively coupled plasmaatomic emission spectroscopy analysis. Next, to examine if high levels of intracellular iron in the Cghog1\Delta mutant result in constitutive downregulation of the high-affinity iron-uptake genes, we performed qPCR analyses. Compared to the wt cells, transcript levels of CgAFT1, CgFTR1 and CgFET3 genes, which code for an iron-responsive transcriptional activator, a highaffinity iron permease and a copper ferroxidase, respectively, were found to be ~ 2- to 3-fold lower in the  $Cghog1\Delta$  mutant indicating that  $Cghog1\Delta$ cells sense the intracellular environment as an iron-rich milieu (Fig. 1D). As expected, expression of CgAFT1, CgFTR1 and CgFET3 genes was similar in log-phase wt and Cgslt2∆ cells (Fig. 1D).

Since disrupted intracellular iron homeostasis can result in impaired iron-sulfur (Fe-S) cluster biogenesis process and activity of the Fe-S cluster-containing enzymes in the mitochondria, we quantified activity of the mitochondrial

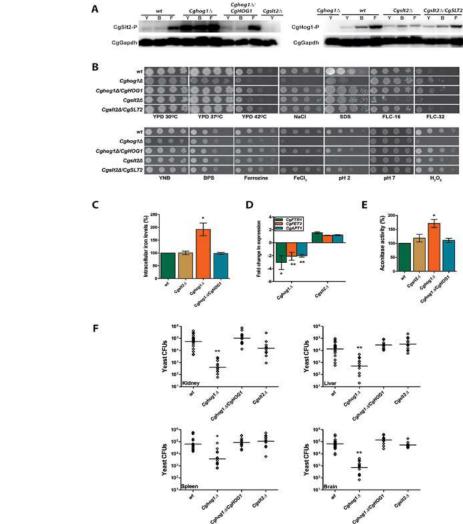


Figure 1. CgHog1 kinase is required for iron homeostasis in C. glabrata.

- A. A western blot of CgHog1 and CgSlt2 phosphorylation in indicated C. glabrata cells grown in YNB medium (Y), YNB medium containing 50 μM BPS (bathophenanthroline disulfonate; B) and YNB medium supplemented with 500 μM ferric chloride (F) for 4 h at 30 C. CgGapdh was used as a loading control.
- B. Serial dilution spotting assay showing sensitivity of  $Cghog1\Delta$  and  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutants towards diverse stress-causing agents: sodium chloride (NaCl; 1M), sodium dodecyl sulphate (SDS; 0.05%), fluconazole (FLC; 16 and 32  $\mu$ g/ml), BPS (25  $\mu$ M), ferrozine (300  $\mu$ M), ferric chloride (FeCl<sub>3</sub>; 2.5 mM), and hydrogen peroxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>; 25 mM).
- C. Intracellular iron levels of indicated, YPD medium-grown, log-phase *C. glabrata* cells as determined by the BPS-Fe complex absorbance. Data are presented as the percentage (mean ± SEM, n = 3-5) of the iron levels in mutants relative to *wt* cells (taken as 100%). Statistical analysis was performed using the paired, two-tailed, Student's t test (\*, p≤0.05).
- D. qPCR analysis of *CgAFT1*, *CgFTR1* and *CgFET3* transcript levels in log-phase, YPD medium-grown *Cghog1*Δ and *Cgslt2*Δ cells. Data (mean of 3 independent experiments ± SEM) were normalized to an internal *CgACT1* mRNA control, and represent fold change in expression in mutant cultures compared to *wt* cells. Statistical analysis was performed using the paired, two-tailed, Student's t test (\*, p≤0.05; \*\*, p≤0.01).
- E. The reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide-coupled assay was used to determine aconitase activity in the crude mitochondrial extracts of indicated YPD medium-grown, log-phase *C. glabrata* cells. Data represent mean ± SEM of three independent experiments. \*, p≤0.05; paired two-tailed Student's t-test.
- F. Assessment of the virulence potential of *Cghog1*Δ and *Cgslt2*Δ mutants in the 6-8 week-old female BALB/c mice. Diamonds represent the CFUs recovered from kidneys, liver, spleen and brain for an individual mouse. Bars represent the geometric mean (n=12-14) of CFUs per organ. Statistically significant differences in the CFUs between *wt* and the *Cghog1*Δ mutant are marked (\*, p≤0.05; \*\*, p≤0.01; two-tailed Student's unpaired t-test).

aconitase, a Fe-S enzyme, in wt, Cghog1\Delta and  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutants. As shown in **Figure 1E**, compared to wt cells,  $Cghog1\Delta$  cells exhibited 80% more mitochondrial aconitase activity which was brought down to wt-levels by ectopic expression of CgHOG1 (Fig. 1E). In contrast, no appreciable change in the aconitase activity was recorded between wt and the  $Cgslt2\Delta$  mutant (Fig. 1E). Next, to check whether cytosolic iron metabolism is also affected in the Cghog1A mutant, we measured iron present in the cytosol and found it to be 70% higher in log-phase  $Cghog1\Delta$  cells compared to log-phase wt cells. As accumulation of iron in the cytosol can result in high-iron toxicity, attenuated growth of the Cghog1∆ mutant under iron-rich conditions could be, in part, due to higher cytoplasmic iron content. Together, these data are indicative of a role for CgHog1 in maintenance of iron homeostasis and Fe-S cluster biogenesis.

Lastly, to investigate whether the stressresponsive CgHog1 and CgSlt2 kinases are essential for survival of C. glabrata in a murine model of disseminated candidiasis, we examined fungal burden in four target organs in Balb/c mice infected intravenously with wt, Cghog1A and  $Cqslt2\Delta$  strains. The  $Cqhoq1\Delta$  mutant was found to be highly attenuated for virulence as 20- to 150-fold reduction in the organ fungal load was observed in Balb/c mice infected with the Cghog1 $\Delta$  mutant compared to the wt-infected mice (Fig. 1F). Ectopic expression of the CgHOG1 gene restored virulence defects of the Cahog1\Delta mutant in kidneys, liver, spleen and brain in Balb/c mice (Fig. 1F). Importantly, differences in the yeast CFUs recovered between Cgslt2Δ- and wt-infected mice were not statistically significant (p≤0.01; **Fig. 1F**). Taken together, these data indicate an essential role for the CgHog1 kinase in virulence in a murine model of disseminated candidiasis which could be attributed, in part, to its role in survival of oxidative stress and maintenance of iron homeostasis. Experiments are currently underway to elucidate the molecular basis for CgHog1-mediated iron homeostasis.

# Project 2: Role of SUMOylation in the pathobiology of *C. glabrata*

#### **Objectives**

- Identification of components of SUMOylation machinery in *C. glabrata*;
- 2. Investigating the effects of SUMOylation disruption on the pathobiology of *C. glabrata*; and

3. Identification of factors that are SUMOylated in *C. glabrata* 

#### This is a new activity.

# Details of the progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

SUMOylation, the covalent reversible conjugation of SUMO (small ubiquit in-like modifier) polypeptide to lysine residuesin target proteins, is a post translational modification which plays a key regulatory role in several cellular processes including transcription and stress response. The process of SUMO attachment consists of four steps: (i) processing of the ~ 10 KDa precursor SUMO peptide by SUMO-specific proteases to reveal a carboxyl-terminal diglycine motif in the mature SUMO (ii) ATP-dependent activation of the processed SUMO through the thioester bond formation between the C-terminal glycine of SUMO and the catalytic cysteine of the E1 activating enzyme (iii) transfer of the SUMO polypeptide from the E1 enzyme to a conserved cysteine in the E2 conjugating enzyme via a thioester linkage and; (iv) E3 ligase-mediated formation of an isopeptide bond between the C-terminal glycine of the SUMO and the ε-amino group of the lysine residue within the conserved sequence on the target protein. Besides the precursor SUMO maturation, the SUMOspecific peptidases are also able to hydrolyse the isopeptide bond between SUMO and SUMO-modified proteins thereby rendering the SUMOylation process reversible.

To determine components of the SUMOylation pathway in C. glabrata, we performed whole proteome sequence and BLAST analyses, and identified C. glabrata orthologues of the proteins that are involved in SUMOylation in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Of SUMO protein, SUMO-conjugating and activating enzymes and deSUMOylases identified, we were able to create deletion strains lacking CgSiz1 (a SUMO ligase), CgSiz2 (a SUMO ligase) and CgUlp2 (a deSUMOylation peptidase). Other components of the SUMOylation machinery in C. glabrata including the SUMO protein CgSmt3 appear to be essential for cell viability. We also constructed a double deletion strain lacking both SUMO-protein ligases CgSiz1 and CgSiz2. Phenotypic analysis of generated mutants revealed that Casiz2A and Cgsiz1Δ siz2Δ mutants displayed sensitivity to DNA damaging agents while the Cgulp2A mutant exhibited increased susceptibility to

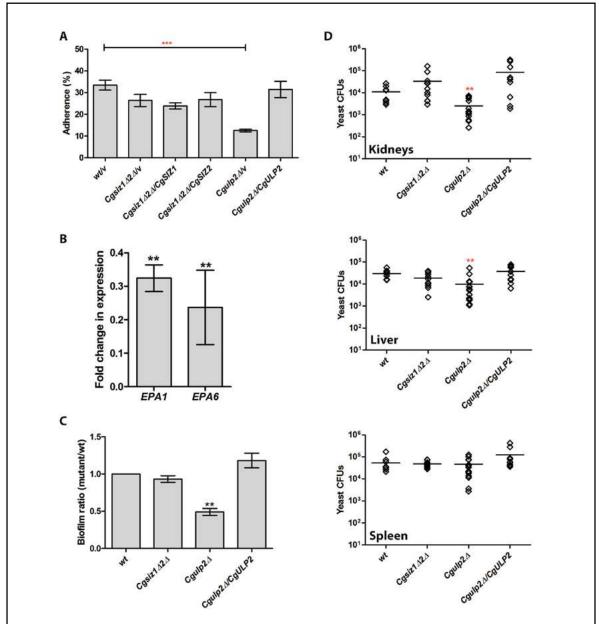


Figure 2. CgUlp2 desumoylase is required for virulence in the murine model of disseminated candidiasis.

- A. Adherence of CAA medium-grown, S³5(Met:Cys-65:25)-labelled *C. glabrata* strains to p-formaldehyde-fixed Lec-2 ovary epithelial cells. Data represent means ± SEM of three to five independent experiments. Unpaired, two-tailed, Student's t test (\*\*\*, p≤0.001).
- B. Quantitative PCR analysis of *EPA1* and *EPA6* gene expression in wild-type and *Cgulp2*Δ mutant. Data (mean of 3 independent experiments ± SEM) were normalized to an internal *CgGAPDH* mRNA control, and represent fold change in expression upon *CgULP2* disruption. Paired, two-tailed, Student's t-test (\*\*, p≤0.01).
- C. Biofilm formation of indicated *C. glabrata* strains. Cells were grown in the RPMI medium containing 10% FBS for 48 h in a polystyrene 24-well plate. Cells were stained with crystal violet (0.4% in 20% (V/V) ethanol solution) for 45 minutes followed by complete destaining with 95% ethanol. Absorbance at 595 nm was recorded to measure the amount of the crystal violet stain in ethanol. Data represent mean±SEM of three independent experiments. \*\*, p≤0.01; two-tailed paired Student's t-test.
- D. 6-8 week-old, female BALB/c mice were infected intravenously with 4x10<sup>7</sup> cells of indicated *C. glabrata* strains and sacrificed 7 days post infection. Diamonds represent the CFUs recovered from target organs, kidney, liver and spleen, for individual mice. Bars represent the geometric mean (n=8-14) of CFUs per organ. Statistically significant differences in the CFUs between *wt* and mutant strains are indicated (\*\*, p≤0.01; Mann-Whitney test).

DNA damaging agents, oxidative stressors as well as to high temperature implicating CgSiz2 and CgUlp2 in survival of DNA damage, and thermal, oxidative and DNA damage stresses, respectively.

Next, we performed genome-wide transcript profiling of cells lacking the deSUMOylase using the RNA-sequencing approach, and found expression of many adhesin-encoding genes to be lower in the  $Cgulp2\Delta$  mutant. Of note, adherence of C. glabrata cells to biotic and abiotic surfaces is thought to be mediated by a family of at least 23 cell wall adhesins. Further, many adhesin-encoding genes are encoded at the subtelomerc loci and subjected to the telomere position effect. To investigate the effect of reduced adhesin expression on the adherence capacity of  $Cgulp2\Delta$  cells, we examined the ability of Cgulp2\Delta to adhere to Lec2 ovary epithelial cells. As a control, adherence assay was also carried out with the Cgsiz1\Delta siz2\Delta mutant (Fig. **2A).** The  $Cgulp2\Delta$  mutant displayed 2-fold less adherence to epithelial cells compared to that of the wt cells, which was restored back to wt levels in the  $Cgulp2\Delta$ -complemented strain (Fig. 2A). The hypo adherence of the  $Cgulp2\Delta$  mutant was found to be, in part, due to a 3- to 4-fold reduced expression of two epithelial adhesin-encoding genes EPA1 and EPA6 in the mutant (Fig. 2B) indicating a role for the CgUlp2 deSUMOylase in regulated expression of adhesin-encoding genes. As Epa6 has been shown to be pivotal to biofilm formation in vitro, we next examined the effect of EPA6 transcript levels on biofilm formation and measured the ability of wt and mutant strains to make biofilm on polystyrenecoated plates (Fig. 2C). We observed that the CgULP2 disruption led to a 50% reduction in the biofilm formation capacity while lack of SUMO ligases had no effect on biofilm formation in C. glabrata (Fig. 2C).

Lastly, to investigate whether components of the SUMOylation machinery are required for virulence of *C. glabrata*, we examined fungal burden in BALB/c mice infected intravenously either with the wild-type or the  $Cgsiz1\Delta siz2\Delta$  and  $Cgulp2\Delta$  mutant strains. Approximately, 10- and 8- fold lower yeast CFUs were recovered from the kidneys and liver, respectively, of the mice infected with the Cgulp2\Delta mutant compared to CFUs retrieved from corresponding organs of the wt-infected mice (Fig. 2D). Ectopic expression of the CgULP2 gene restored the organ fungal burden in the  $Cgulp2\Delta$ -infected mice (Fig. 2D). Of note, no statistically significant differences in the fungal burden were seen between the spleen of wt- and  $Cgulp2\Delta$ -infected mice (Fig. 2D). Importantly, statistically similar yeast CFUs were obtained from all three target organs of wt- and  $Cgsiz1\Delta siz2\Delta$ -infected mice (Fig. 2D). Together, these data indicate an organ-specific role for the CgUlp2 deSUMOylase and dispensability of CgSiz1 and CgSiz2 SUMO ligases in survival of C. glabrata in the murine model of disseminated candidiasis. Currently, we are trying to identify the SUMO proteome of C. glabrata wt and mutant strains.

#### **Publications**

- Rai, M.N¶., Sharma, V¶., Balusu, S. and Kaur, R. (2015) An essential role for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase in the inhibition of phagosomal maturation, intracellular survival and virulence in Candida glabrata. Cellular Microbiology 17:269-287. ¶ Equal Contribution
- Srivastava, V.K¶., Suneetha, K.J¶. and Kaur, R. (2015) The mitogen-activated protein kinase CgHog1 is required for iron homeostasis, adherence and virulence in Candida glabrata. FEBS Journal 282: 2142-2166. ¶ Equal Contribution
- Khandelwal, N.K., Kaemmer, P., Förster, T.M., Singh, A., Coste, A.T., Andes, D.R., Hube, B., Sanglard, D., Chauhan, N., Kaur, R., d'Enfert, C., Mondal, A.K. and Prasad, R. Pleiotropic effects of a vacuolar ABC transporter *MLT1 of Candida albicans* on cell function and virulence. *Biochemical Journal* (In press).

### LABORATORY OF GENOMICS AND PROFILING APPLICATIONS

Faculty Madhusudan Reddy Nandineni Staff Scientist

PhD Students Anujit Sarkar Senior Research Fellow

(till Feb. 2016)

Soumya Rao Senior Research Fellow Mugdha Singh Senior Research Fellow

Other Members Vineesha Oddi Project-JRF

Anil Kumar Challagandla Project Assistant (till Oct. 2015)

#### **Objectives**

1. Human genetic diversity studies among various population groups in India; and

2. Plant-fungal interaction studies in the chilli-Colletotrichum pathosystem

### Project 1: Human genetic diversity studies among various population groups in India.

# Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

With an aim to design a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP)-based panel for human identification (HID) in Indian populations, SNPs were shortlisted from public databases by applying various stringent filters and were genotyped using GoldenGate® Genotyping assay (Illumina, Inc, USA) in ~ 370 unrelated individuals sourced from different populations across the country to assess their performance.

In addition to the SNPs, to better understand the human genetic diversity in Indian populations and to assess the applicability of the expanded panel of autosomal and Y-chromosomal STR (short tandem repeat) loci from PowerPlex® Fusion and PowerPlex® Y23 (Promega, Madison, WI, USA) chemistries, the STR loci were genotyped in 120 male individuals from four different biogeographic regions in the country. Towards understanding the distribution and diversity of salivary microbiome in Indian populations, partial sequencing of the 16S rRNA was performed by massively parallel sequencing in 92 individuals from three biogeographic regions in the country.

# Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015- March 31, 2016)

### a) SNPs for HID purposes

In the current reporting year, 384 SNPs (which included 275 SNPs shortlisted for HID testing) were genotyped in 92 additional samples (total of 462 samples) across 12 different sampling locations and four biogeographic regions viz. North India (N=167), West India (N=87), East

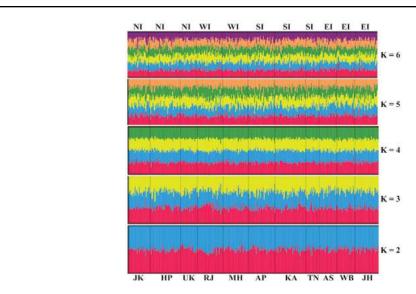
India (N=105) and South India (N=103). After discarding the SNPs which failed the Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium (HWE) test, those with high heterozygosity (Het ≥ 0.4) and low Wright's F-statistics ( $F_{st} \le 0.02$ ) were retained. Among the 275 SNPs tested, 206 SNPs were found to possess the desired allelic distribution for HID purposes, from which 2-4 SNPs located distantly from each other (> 20 Mb apart) in each of the chromosomes were selected to constitute a panel of 70 SNPs. Linkage disequilibrium analyses showed no significant association between any pair of SNPs in any of the biogeographic regions. The various forensic parameters used to assess the efficiency of a panel including, random match probability (RMP, which denotes the chances that two individuals randomly selected from a population will have the same genetic profile), combined paternity index (CPI, representing the likelihood that the alleged father is the true father of the disputed child), combined probability of paternity (W, which denotes the posterior probability that the alleged father is the true father of the disputed child based on DNA evidence) and combined motherless paternity index (mPI, paternity index in the absence of the genetic profile of biological mother) were calculated using DNAView™ for these 70 SNPs. A summary of the results is shown in Table 1. The RMP based on the 70 SNPs was of the order 10<sup>-29</sup> across all biogeographic regions with only minor differences among them and the probability of paternity was atleast 0.99999979, demonstrating the high power of discrimination and efficiency of these SNPs in all regions. Overall, the panel demonstrated very high forensic parameters sufficient to make unambiguous inferences in HID testing.

Table 1: Forensic statistics obtained with the SNP-based panel designed in the current study.
The populations that were tested are grouped according to their biogeographic regions.

	•				
S.no.	Panel	North	West	East	South
1	Random match probability (RMP)	1e-29	9.1e-30	1.1e-29	1.1e-29
2	Combined probability of paternity (W)	0.99999983	0.999999979	0.99999981	0.9999998
3	Combined paternity index (CPI)	58600000	48600000	51300000	51200000
4	Combined motherless paternity index (mPI)	114000	96200	99300	99400

# b) Human genetic variations studies in Indian populations based on expanded loci of autosomal and Y-chromosomal STRs

To study the genetic relationship among the various sub-populations from different biogeographic locations and to evaluate the applicability of the expanded STR loci in PowerPlex® Fusion (Promega, Madison, WI, USA) chemistry in Indian populations, 357 individuals from sub-populations residing in 11 different biogeographic regions of India were genotyped and the allele frequencies were calculated. A total of 275 alleles were observed for all the loci in the studied Indian populations and the STR loci were found to be highly polymorphic



**Figure 1. Clustering analysis by STRUCTURE** (processed by Distruct). Clustering analysis was carried out to study the degree of similarity based on autosomal STRs in the 11 populations across different biogeographic regions of India, assuming K = 2 to 6, where K is the number of clusters. Sampling location and the major biogeographic regions are labeled below and above the plot, respectively. The abbreviations used in figure and the number of individuals from each region (N) are as following: North India (NI):Jammu and Kashmir (JK, N=31), Himachal Pradesh (HP, N=43), Uttarakhand (UK, N=24); West India (WI): Rajasthan (RJ, N=37), Maharashtra (MH, N=36); South India (SI): Karnataka (KA, N=44), Tamil Nadu (TN, N=19), Andhra Pradesh (AP, N=38); East India (EI): West Bengal (WB, N=26), Jharkhand (JH, N=34), Assam (AS, N=25).

and amongst populations (0.33%). The PCoA suggested less genetic distance among the studied sub-populations. Further, clustering analysis performed using STRUCTURE 2.3.4, showed no significant sub-structuring in these Indian populations using the present set of markers (Figure 1). The higher values of CPD and CPE reflect the higher potential of the present panel of markers in forensic case work analysis in Indian populations. AMOVA, PCoA and clustering analysis revealed lesser genetic variation among populations, implying that this chemistry is expected to show high efficiency and similar forensic statistics throughout the Indian populations.

### c) Studies on human salivary microbiome in Indian populations

The NGS data analyses of 16S rRNA sequences revealed high bacterial richness represented by 165 different bacterial genera and 785 unique OTUs in the Indian populations. Rarefaction analysis showed that the sequencing approach and depth was sufficient to ascertain the species richness in the tested saliva samples. The samples from West Bengal displayed highest number of unique genera whereas the Tamil Nadu samples showed the least. Diversity indices demonstrated that the North Indian samples displayed highest richness (alpha diversity) followed by South and East Indian samples while inter-individual diversity (beta diversity) was highest for the South Indian populations and lowest for the East Indian populations. The results indicate that overall, the samples from the South Indian populations are more dissimilar (i.e., exhibit greater population differences) than those of the North and East Indian populations.

In the current study, 79 bacterial genera, which were hitherto unreported in the Human Oral Microbiome Database (HOMD), were observed. Their abundance was observed to be significantly lower (mean abundance = 0.027%, p = 8.07 x 10<sup>-13</sup>) than those listed in the HOMD (mean abundance = 1.14%), indicating that sequencing depth might have helped in unraveling the rare contributors to the salivary microbiome. Statistical analyses after normalizing the current dataset for sequencing depth compared to a previous study (Li *et.al.*, 2015), suggested the existence of novel bacterial genera specific to populations, indicating the role of ethnicity and/or geography in shaping the salivary microbiome.

The existence of a core salivary microbiome in the Indian populations was also investigated. The distribution of the 785 unique OTUs (obtained at 97% clustering) showed extensive sharing across all the regions as shown in Figure 2. The samples from North Indian populations shared 683 and 675 OTUs with the East and South Indian samples respectively, while the East Indian populations shared 703 OTUs with the South Indian populations. A total of 660 OTUs were found to be shared in all three geographic regions. Among these 660 OTUs, 37 OTUs were found in all individuals studied and could comprise a putative core microbiome for Indian populations. All the 37 OTUs could be assigned to 10 bacterial genera, 8 of which were part of

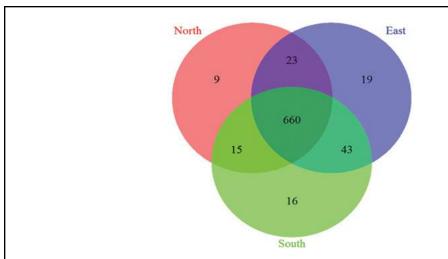


Figure 2. A core salivary microbiome as identified by OTU sharing among the studied biogeographic regions represented using Venn diagram. The distribution of 785 unique OTUs (obtained at 97% clustering) across North (orange), East (violet) and South (green) are shown.

core microbiome in several world populations observed in previous studies (Huse *et.al.*, 2012, Li *et.al.*, 2013), while 2 OTUs were novel although they could not be sub-classified upto the genera level. Similar to the observation based distribution of bacterial genera, analyses with OTUs also displayed high sharing of the microbiome among the Indian populations. Further analyses are under progress to understand the significance of food habits and common physical factors like latitude, longitude, altitude, etc., on the oral microbial diversity.

### Project 2: Plant-Fungal interaction studies in the chilli - *Colletotrichum* pathosystem.

### Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

Chilli (Capsicum annuum L.) is an important spice and a major commercial crop in India. Colletotrichum truncatum (formerly called as C. capsici) is the most predominant fungal pathogen causing chilli anthracnose leading to both preand post-harvest losses. With the availability of whole genome sequence for chilli and many Colletotrichum species, the chilli - C. truncatum pathosystem offers an excellent model system for studies on the infection process and molecular interactions between the host and pathogen. The present study aims to identify and characterize pathogenicity genes in C. truncatum to get an insight into different aspects of its biology, lifestyle and host specificity through whole genome and transcriptome sequencing of C. truncatum and random insertional mutagenesis.

We have earlier reported the de novo whole genome sequencing of C. truncatum employing Illumina HiSeq platform. The sequence assembly consisted of 81 scaffolds with a total length of 55.3 Mb (460X coverage). Preliminary annotation of the assembly using BLASTX with C. higginsianum genome identified 10,126 homologues in C. truncatum. The completeness of the draft genome assembly of C. truncatum was determined using Core Eukaryotic Genes Mapping Approach (CEGMA) and tBLASTn, based on coverage of orthologs of all 458 core eukaryotic genes (CEGs). In order to identify pathogenicity genes in C. truncatum through forward genetics approach, random insertional mutagenesis of C. truncatum by Agrobacterium tumefaciens mediated transformation (ATMT) was performed using A. tumefaciens strain C58C1 harboring a binary vector pBIN-GFP-hph. The resultant fungal transformants were selected on potato dextrose agar (PDA) containing hygromycin. The mitotically stable transformants were screened for partial or complete loss of pathogenicity on chilli.

## Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015- March 31, 2016)

#### (a) Whole genome de novo sequence analysis

In order to get a consensus on the number of genes predicted by different ab initio gene callers and homologous genes identified through BLAST with other Colletotrichum spp., a gene annotation pipeline, MAKER was used. In the first run of MAKER, transcript and protein evidences from closely related spp., C. gloeosporioides and C. graminicola; as well as the proteome of C. higginsianum were used to identify the orthologous genes in draft assembly through BLAST. Soft-masking of repetitive elements in the genome was carried out by using repeatmasker option in MAKER with the repeat library of fungi in RepeatMasker-4.0 database and the de novo repeat library specific to C. truncatum generated by RepeatModeler -1.0.4. Ab initio gene predictions were made by gene callers like SNAP and AUGUSTUS v.3.0.3 (which were trained on CEGMA output), and GENEID v.1.0 (parameters set for Fusarium oxysporum). The results from the run were used in subsequent runs to train SNAP and AUGUSTUS along with self-trained ab initio gene caller GeneMark-ES Suite 4.2. 12,776 proteins were predicted after the final MAKER run (Table 2) and were annotated by homology search with SWISS-PROT database (db) through BLASTp. The annotations for conserved protein domains (protein families or Pfam annotation) and Gene Ontology (GO) terms were obtained through interproscan-5.8-49.0 and were integrated to MAKER annotations after performing quality filter using a PERL script (kindly provided by the developers of MAKER). The functional annotation of predicted genes and secretome prediction would be carried out in future which is expected to aid in identification of effectors and pathogenicty genes in *C. truncatum*.

#### (b) Pathogenicity assay of fungal transformants

Around 1300 *C. truncatum* transformants generated through ATMT in the initial phase were screened for the complete or partial loss of pathogenicity on chilli. The conidial suspensions were used to inoculate *C. annuum* fruits at mature green stage for pathogenicity assay.

Table 2: Summary statistics for MAKER annotation of <u>C. truncatum</u> draft genome assembly			
Protein Prediction	Number of proteins		
Total number of proteins	12,776		
Proteins with Pfam domain	9,873 (77.3%)		
Proteins with GO terms	6,464 (50.6%)		
Proteins with homologs in SWISS-PROT db	8,627 (67.5%)		

The fruits inoculated with Milli-Q water and wild type conidia were used as negative and positive controls, respectively. After secondary and tertiary screening, five transformants were found to retain the non-pathogenic phenotype, whose molecular characterization would be carried out in future. Further, additional mutants with loss of pathogenicity would be identified to understand

host-pathogen interactions at the molecular level.

#### **Publications**

 Gadipally SR, Sarkar A and Nandineni MR (2015). Selective enrichment of STRs for applications in forensic human identification. *Electrophoresis* 36(15): 1768-1774.

#### LABORATORY OF IMMUNOLOGY

#### Role of advanced glycation endproducts (AGE) in exerting adverse effects

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#### **Objectives**

- 1. Understanding and regulation of inflammatory and tumorigenic responses;
- Understanding and regulation of advanced glycation endproducts (AGE)-mediated lipogenesis and autophagy; and
- 3. Understanding the role of Profilin in regulation of tumorigenesis.

# Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

The molecular mechanism of Profilin for its tumor suppressor activity is still unknown. NFκB is known to activate many target genes involved in cell proliferation. This prompts us to profilin-stable cell (A-231) generation. Profilin overexpressing cells show low basal activity of IKK, high amount of cytoplasmic  $I\kappa B\alpha$  and p65, and low nuclear NF-κB DNA binding activity. Profilin did not suppress NF-κB activation when transfected with p65 or IKK $\beta$ , with or without TNF stimulation. Co-localization and in silico studies suggested that Profilin interacts with a protein phosphatase, PTEN and protects it from degradation. In turn, PTEN physically interacts and maintains low phosphorylated state of IKK complex and thereby suppresses NF-κB signaling. Thus, Profilin overexpressing cells show decrease in NF-κB activation mediated by most of the inducers and potentiates cell death by repressing NF-κB-dependent genes involve in cell cycle progression.

Profilin potentiates several chemotherapeuticagents mediated cell death. Profilin overexpression suppressed migration and invasiveness of breast cancer cells. Paclitaxel and vinblastine-mediated NF-κB and NF-κB-dependent genes activation was completely inhibited in Profilin overexpressing cells. The increased p53 DNA binding activity was potentiated in Profilin overexpressing cells. The Sp1 DNA binding followed by Mdm2 expression was completely abrogated in Profilin overexpressing cells. Thus, Profilin suppress NF-κB activation and increase p53 activity by suppressing Sp1 and thereby, Mdm2 expression. Profilin synergizes with chemotherapeutic drugs to induce tumor cell death by attenuating NF-κB and upregulating p53. Thus, modulation of Profilin may be useful for effective combination therapy.

# Details of progress in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

# 1) Advanced glycation end products (AGE) potently induce autophagy through activation of RAF kinase and NF-κappa B

Advanced glycation end products (AGE) accumulate in diabetic patients and aging people due to high amounts of 3- or 4-carbon sugars derived from glucose and thereby causing multiple consequences including inflammation, apoptosis, obesity and age-related disorders. It is important to understand the mechanism of AGE-mediated signaling leading to activation of autophagy (self-eating) that might negatively assist in developing obesity and its consequences. We have detected AGE as one of the potent inducers of autophagy compared to doxorubicin and TNF (Fig.1A). AGE-mediated autophagy is inhibited by suppression of PI3 kinase (upon wortmanin

treatment) and potentiated by autophagosome maturation blocker, bafilomycin as determined by the LC3B-GFP puncta (Fig.1B). It increases autophagy in different cell types (Fig.1D) which corresponds well to the expression of RAGE (AGE receptor in these cell lines) (Fig.1C). LC3B, the marker for autophagosome is shown

to increase upon AGE stimulation (Fig.1F) along with other autophagy markers (Fig.1E). AGE-mediated autophagy is suppressed partially by inhibitor of NF- $\kappa$ B (Fig.1G1), ERK (Fig.1G2), or PKC (Fig.1G3) alone and significantly in combination. Subsequently,  $I\kappa B\alpha$ -DN ( $I\kappa B\alpha$  dominant negative) transfected cells, even

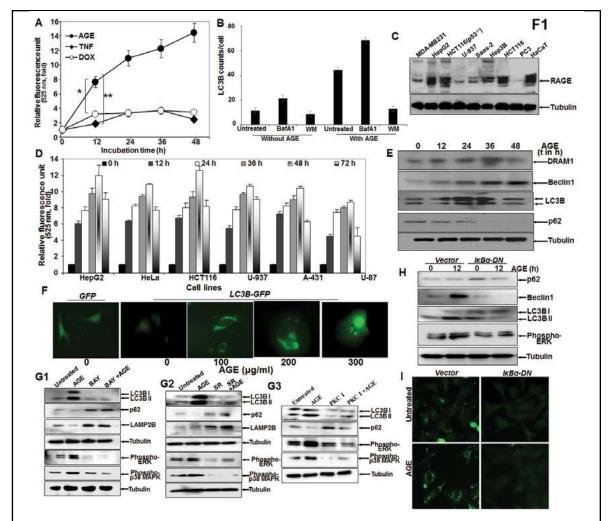


Figure 1. AGE induces autophagy. HepG2 cells were stimulated with AGE (100 μg/ml), TNF-α (1 nM) or doxorubicin (1 μM) for different times in triplicate. After treatments, cells were fixed with paraformaldehyde (4%), stained with MDC (50 μM) for 15 min, and washed thrice with PBS. Cells were collected, fluorescence was measured and indicated as fold considering unstimulated cells' value as one fold (A). Error bars represent as S.E.M., Student's t-test 'ns' indicates not significant, \* p<0.05 and \*\* p<0.01. Immunofluorescence images were captured using ant-LC3B antibody for bafilmycin A1 (BafA1) or wortmannin (WM) treated and AGE-stimulated cells. LC3B dots are counted and plotted (B). Basal amount of RAGE was measured from whole cell extracts (WCE) of various cell lines (100 µg of protein) by Western blot (C). Different cells were incubated without or with AGE (100 µg/ml) for different times and the MDC fluorescence was determined in triplicates and data, extrapolated from three independent experiments are represented as fold of induction in mean ± S.E.M. taking unstimulated cells' value as one fold (D). WCE were prepared from AGE stimulated cells for different times and Western blot was performed to detect DRAM1, Beclin1, LC3B, and p62 (E). Representative fluorescent images were from GFP-LC3B transfected cells stimulated with different concentrations of AGE for 24 h (F). Western blot was performed from WCE, prepared from cells pre-treated with IKKβ/α inhibitor BAY11-7082 (2 μM) for 3 h (G1), sorafenib (SR) (10 µM for 3 h) (G2), or PKC inhibitor (PKC I) (2 µM for 3 h) (G3) followed by AGE (100 µg/ml) stimulation for 12 h. The amounts of LC3B, LAMP2B, p62, phospho-ERK1/2 and phospho-p38 MAPK were determined by Western blot. Cells, transfected with IκBα-DN for 6 h were incubated for 12 h. Cells were stimulated with AGE for 12 h and the amounts of Bectlin1, LC3B, p62, and phospho-ERK were determined by Western blot (H). The transfected cells, stimulated with AGE were stained with MDC and fluorescence images were represented (I).

when stimulated by AGE showed reduction in autophagy markers including Beclin1, LC3B or phosphor-ERK but p62 insignificantly (Fig.1H) suggesting the important role of NF- $\kappa$ B in AGE-mediated autophagy. MDC staining in these transfected cells also complemented the autophagy reduction result (Fig.1I). These data further suggest that NF- $\kappa$ B plays an important role in AGE-mediated autophagy.

### 2) AGE-mediated autophagy and lipogenesis are not mechanistically interlinked

To detect the role of AGE-mediated autophagy in lipogenesis, we determined the amount of molecular markers of autophagy. AGE stimulation increased both lipogenesis as determined by Oil Red O stained cells and

autophagy as determined by MDC stained cells in time dependent manner (Fig.2A). Mangiferin was used as known inhibitor for AGE-mediated lipogenesis. To validate the probable role of autophagy in lipogenesis, Oil Red O staining was again done in presence of autophagy inhibitors and mangiferin which showed dramatic drop in lipid droplets as indicated by microscopic view (Fig.2B). AGE increased SREBP DNA binding kinetically (Fig.2C). AGE-mediated lipid accumulation as detected by Oil Red O staining was inhibited to almost 50% by PKC I or SB and PD. BAY or SR inhibited almost 80% of lipid accumulation in AGE-stimulated cells as shown by microscopic view of cells with oil red stained particles (Fig.2D). Inhibiting autophagy upon Atg7 and Atg12 shRNA transfection and subsequent

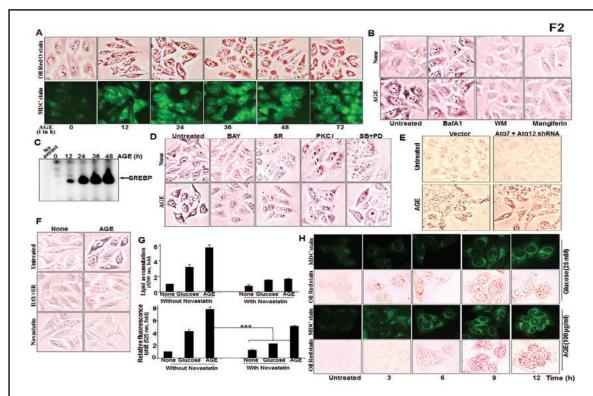


Figure 2. AGE increases lipogenesis and autophagy. MHepG2 cells were stimulated with 100 μg/ml AGE for different times. Cells were stained with MDC followed by visualized under fluorescence microscope ( $\bf A$ , lower panel). Stimulated cells were incubated with Oil Red O stain and visualized under microscope ( $\bf A$ , upper panel). HepG2 cells were pretreated with mangiferin (10 μg/ml) and wortmannin (WM, 100 nM) for 3 h, or bafilomycin A1 (BafA1, 10 nM) for 5 h followed by stimulation with AGE (100 μg/ml) for 12 h. Images of Oil Red O stained cells were shown ( $\bf B$ ). HepG2 cells were stimulated with AGE (100 μg/ml) for different times and SREBP DNA binding was assayed ( $\bf C$ ). HepG2 cells were pre-treated with BAY, SR, PKC I, SB and PD, or BAY and SR for 3 h, followed by AGE stimulation of 12 h. Oil Red O stained cells were represented here ( $\bf D$ ). HepG2 cells, transfected with Atg7 and Atg12 shRNA were stimulated with AGE for 12 h. Cells were stained with Oil Red O and visualized under microscope ( $\bf E$ ). Cells were pretreated with BAY and SR or novastatin for 3 h and then stimulated with AGE for 12 h. The images were captured after Oil Red O staining ( $\bf F$ ). HepG2 cells were stimulated with AGE and glucose in presence or absence of Nov for 12 h and lipid accumulation as well as autophagy index were determined and represented as mean ± S.E.M. from triplicate samples of two independent experiment ( $\bf G$ ). HepG2 cells were stained with AGE and glucose for 0, 3, 6, 9 and 12 h. These cells were subjected to double staining. First, cells were stained with MDC followed by Oil Red O. Represented images were captured in the same view field ( $\bf H$ ).

stimulation with AGE resulted in the increase in accumulation of lipid droplets in cells (Fig.2E). Almost complete inhibition of lipid accumulation was observed in AGE-stimulated cells pretreated with novastatin, a known inhibitor HMG CoA pathway or SR and BAY (Fig.2F). These data suggest that NF-κB and Raf kinase pathways are involved in AGE-mediated lipid accumulation. Glucose increased lipogenesis and autophagy almost 4-fold. Compared to glucose, AGEinduced both of these to almost 8-fold. Novastatin inhibited both glucose- and AGE-mediated lipogenesis. Whereas, it inhibited glucose-, but not the AGE-mediated autophagy (Fig.2G). Cells, when incubated with 25 mM glucose or 100 µg/ml AGE for different time, showed accumulation of lipid droplets prior to autophagy induction in case of glucose, but autophagy was proceeded by accumulation of lipid droplets in case of AGE stimulation (Fig.2H). Novastatin completely inhibited AGE-mediated lipogenesis, but not the autophagy, further suggesting that AGE-mediated lipid accumulation is independent of autophagy. These data further suggested that AGE and glucose mediated autophagy and lipogenesis follow different pathways and AGEmediated autophagy machinery initiates prior to lipogenesis which probably helps cells with supply of energy and other building blocks to assist lipogenesis and hence shifts the balance from lipolysis to lipid accumulation.

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- Ghosh C, Raviprakash N, Manna SK, Bishayi B. (2015) Presence of Toll Like Receptor-1 in spleen, lymph node and thymus of Swiss albino mice and its modulation by Staphylococcus aureus and bacterial lipopolysaccharide. *Indian Journal* of *Experimental Biology* 53: 82-92.
- 3. Zaidi AH, Manna SK. (2016) Profilin-PTEN interaction suppresses NF-kappa B activation via inhibition of IKK phosphorylation. *Biochemical Journal* 473: 859-872.
- Zaidi AH, Raviprakash N, Mokhamatam RB, Gupta P, Manna SK. (2016) Profilin potentiates chemotherapeutic agents mediated cell death via suppression of NF-kappa B and upregulation of p53. *Apoptosis* 21: 502-513.
- Verma N, Manna SK. (2016) Advanced Glycation End Products (AGE) Potently Induce Autophagy through Activation of RAF Protein Kinase and Nuclear Factor κB (NFκB). *Journal of Biological Chemistry* 291: 1461-1491.

#### LABORATORY OF MAMMALIAN GENETICS

Epigenetic mechanisms underlying developmental pathways

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#### Project 1: DNMT3L: Role in Development

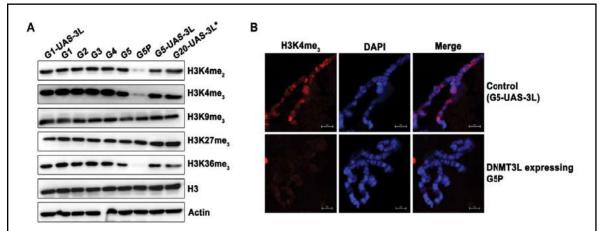
## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

Previous work from our laboratory has shown the role of DNMT3L in nuclear reprogramming. HeLa cells overexpressing DNMT3L were found to have undergone nuclear reprogramming gradually and showed morphological changes only in the 20<sup>th</sup> generation post transfection of *DNMT3L* construct (Gokul et al 2009; Epigenetics 4: 322-329). Moreover, ectopic expression of *DNMT3L* caused melanotic tumors in Drosophila.

### Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015- March 31, 2016)

We had previously shown that transgenic Drosophila that ectopically expressed DNMT3L showed melanotic tumors in some of the larvae but only when maintained for more than 5 generations. The appearance of the larvae with tumors in 5<sup>th</sup> generation progeny was not due to an abrupt change in its expression and the expression of DNMT3L remained constant in all the generations. This was true for all DNMT3L transgenic Drosophila lines as also with the use of any Gal4-drivers (*Tubulin, Actin or Daughterless*).

Ectopic DNMT3L expression in Drosophila caused progressive misregulation of genes. Only 205 genes were misregulated in G1 but by 5<sup>th</sup> generation a very large number of genes (3730) were aberrantly expressed. As DNMT3L is a modulator of epigenetic modifications, we examined various DNA and histone modifications in Drosophila expressing DNMT3L. While no change was observed in the DNA methylation levels, dramatic change was noticed in the level of histone H3 methylation especially at lysine 4 and 36. This can be seen in the representative western blot (Figure 1A) where the level of H3K4me<sub>3</sub> and H3K36me<sub>3</sub> had significantly reduced in tumor bearing G5 Drosophila larvae that were expressing DNMT3L, as compared to the control UAS-3L (G5) larvae. This observation was reinforced by immunostaining of polytene chromosome with H3K4me, antibody where negligible H3K4me, staining was observed for the polytene chromosome in DNMT3L expressing Tub-3L flies (Figure 1B). Like progressive increase in transcriptional misregulation, increase in aberrant H3K4me, was also progressive. This suggested that aberrant H3K4 and K36 methylation (epimutations) were being inherited across generations. We, therefore, have uncovered a role of DNMT3L in transgenerational inheritance (Basu et al 2016).



**Figure 1.** Accumulation of aberrant histone methylation in DNMT3L expressing *Drosophila* across successive generations. (A) Western blot analysis for the various histone modification as indicated, performed on larvae from the various generations of control and DNMT3L expressing *Drosophila* larvae. G1 and *G5-UAS-3L* are control larvae are without *GAL4* driver from G1 and G5 generation respectively. G1 to G5- *Tub-3L* larvae from the indicated generation. G5P- G5 *Tub-3L* larvae that had melanotic tumors. G20-*UAS-3L\** denotes larvae from *G20* generation after crossing out of the *Tubulin-GAL4* driver. Actin was used as a loading control. (B) Immunostaining of *Drosophila* polytene chromosomes with H3K4me3 antibody.

### Project 2: Host epigenetic response to infection

# Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

We have previously identified a putative DNA methyltransferases Mtbmeth1 (Rv2966c) from mycobacteria which had the ability to methylate cytosines in the host genome in a non-CpG dinucleotide context. This methylation was correlated with change in the expression of specific host genes.

### Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015- March 31, 2016)

In addition to a DNA methyltransferase, we have now identified and characterized a protein arginine methyltransferase from mycobacteria that can methylate histone H3 in the host cell at H3R42. The protein, Rv1988, present only in the pathogenic strains of mycobacteria including *M. tuberculosis* and *M. bovis*, has a capability to be secreted out of the mycobacterial cell, localize to the chromatin in the host nucleus and dimethylate an arginine amino acid present specifically at the 42<sup>nd</sup> position in histone H3. This arginine is quite important in the nucleosomal structure as it straddles the point where DNA enters and exits the nucleosome. Modification of this residue has the potential to profoundly affect

gene transcription and indeed, Rv1988 through H3R42me<sub>2</sub> was able to repress gene expression both in *in vitro* reporter gene and in vivo infection assays.

When mice were infected with *M. smegmatis* (this mycobacterial species lacks Rv1988) ectopically expressing Rv1988, increased bacterial load (increased potential to survive in the host cell) was observed in liver, spleen and lung of infected mice. On the other hand, *M. tuberculosis* harboring a deletion for Rv1988 showed reduced survival ability during infection. Both these observations indicated that Rv1988 was a virulence factor.

Therefore, targeting of R42 by Rv1988 indicated that mycobacteria was not only utilizing a novel epigenetic mechanism to target host transcription but had chosen as a target an important residue within the nucleosome.

Our work on both Rv1988 and Rv2966c adds to a growing realization that pathogenic bacteria like *M. tuberculosis* use non-canonical mechanisms to hijack the epigenetic regulation of host transcription. Thus, Rv1988 and Rv2966c could provide *M. tuberculosis* the first line of attack during infection by dampening the action of genes involved in mounting host defense against the pathogen (Figure 2).

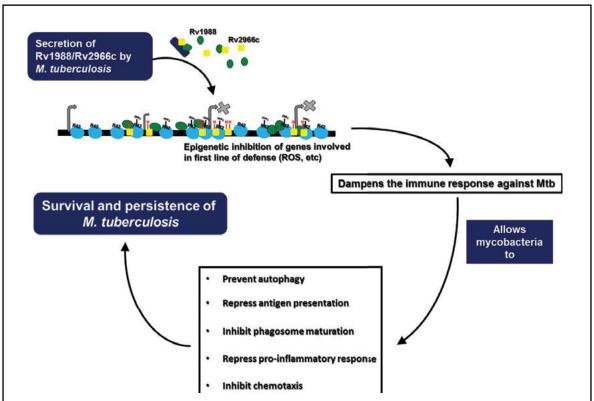


Figure 2. *M. tuberculosis* uses Rv1988 and Rv2966c to hijack the host transcriptional machinery. During infection, *M. tuberculosis* secrete proteins like Rv1988 and Rv2966c to epigenetically modulate expression of host genes involved in first line of defense including ROS activity. Dampening of the initial host defense could allow mycobacteria to utilize additional multiple factors to ensure its continued survival and persistence in the host cell. White text in blue boxes represents action by the mycobacterium. Black text in open boxes represents action in the host cell. Artwork depicts the action of Rv1988 and Rv2966c. Within the illustration, black horizontal bar depicts DNA within the host chromatin. Blue circles – Nucleosomes; green circle – Rv1988, yellow rectangles – Rv2966c; Blue rectangle – *M. tuberculosis* bacillus; me<sub>2</sub> – H3R42me<sub>2</sub>; M – cytosine methylation; raised arrows – gene transcription; X – repression or inhibition of gene transcription.

#### **Publications**

- Sharma G, Upadhyay S, Srilalitha M, Nandicoori VK, Khosla S (2015) The interaction of mycobacterial protein Rv2966c with host chromatin is mediated through non-CpG methylation and histone H3/H4 binding. Nucleic Acids Research 43:3922-3937.
- Yaseen I, Kaur P, Nandicoori VK, Khosla S\* (2015) Mycobacteria modulate host epigenetic machinery by Rv1988 methylation of a non-tail arginine of histone H3. *Nature Communications* 6:8922 doi: 10.1038/ncomms9922.
- Basu,A.TomarA, Dasari V, Mishra RK\*, Khosla S\* (2016) DNMT3L enables accumulation and inheritance of epimutations in transgenic Drosophila. *Scientific Reports* 6:19572; doi: 10.1038/srep19572. \* corresponding authors

#### **Other Publications**

- Khosla S\*, Sharma G and Yaseen I (2016). Learning epigenetic regulation from mycobacteria. *Microbial Cell* (in press).
- \* corresponding author

### LABORATORY OF MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY

Signal transduction pathways in macrophages and host-pathogen interaction in tuberculosis

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#### **Objectives**

Signal transduction pathways in macrophages regulating its innate-effector functions and how various candidate proteins of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* (Mtb) interfere with macrophage signaling cascades to modulate host's protective responses against the bacilli.

Project I: Studying the TLR2 signaling pathways responsible for induction of anti- and pro-inflammatory responses in tuberculosis.

# Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Previous work carried out by us revealed that two PPE proteins of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, PPE17 and PPE18 bind to TLR2 and while interaction of PPE17 with TLR2 LRR domain 16~20 induces TNF-α and pro-inflammatory-type responses, binding of PPE18 with TLR2 LRR domain 11~15 results in generation of IL-10 and anti-inflammatory immune responses (*Nair et al.*[2011], *J Immunol*, 186:5413; Bhat et al. [2012], *J Biol Chem*, 287:16930). We demonstrated that

PPE17 protein of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* induced TLR1/2 heterodimerization, whereas PPE18 caused homodimerization of TLR2. We observed differential redistribution of IRAK3, an inactive member of the IRAK family to the cytosol during interaction of PPE17 with TLR1/2 versus PPE18 with TLR2/2, a process that is susceptible to Leptomycin B treatment. TLR1-associated signaling was indispensable for nuclear export of IRAK3 and induction of pro-inflammatory cascades in PPE17-treated macrophages as silencing of TLR1 inhibited IRAK3 export and TNF- $\alpha$  cytokine production upon PPE17 treatment.

Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

a. IRAK3 regulates MAPK activity and proinflammatory signaling in PPE17-treated macrophages via MKP-1 (Mitogen-activated protein kinase phosphatase 1): ERK1/2 and p38MAPK have been implicated in regulation of cytokine production in response to TLR2-triggered signaling, with ERK1/2 being responsible for TNF-α induction and p38MAPK for IL-10 production. We had observed earlier that PPE18 strongly activated p38MAPK (but not ERK1/2) that was necessary for the activation of IL-10. Since PPE17 was found to activate predominantly the pro-inflammatory cytokine like TNF- $\alpha$ , we expected higher activation of ERK1/2 in PPE17-treated macrophages as compared to PPE18-treated macrophages. Our data indicated that indeed the level of p38MAPK phosphorylation was lower, but ERK1/2 phosphorylation level was higher in PPE17-treated macrophages when compared with PPE18-treated macrophages. When cells were treated with PD98059, an inhibitor of ERK1/2 activity, TNF- $\alpha$  production in PPE17-treated macrophages was found to be inhibited. This result confirmed that TNF- $\alpha$ induction by PPE17 was dependent upon ERK1/2 activity. Interestingly, Leptomycin B (LMB), that prevented nuclear export of IRAK3 to the cytosol in PPE17-treated macrophages could inhibit phosphorylation of ERK1/2 and induction of TNF-α and enhance the level of phosphorylated p38MAPK in these cells and thereby able to mimic the PPE18-phenotype. These data indicate that the export of nuclear IRAK3 to the cytoplasm is necessary for inhibition of p38MAPK activation with simultaneous activation of ERK1/2 and TNF-α cytokine in PPE17-treated macrophages.

The MKP-1 is known to dephosphorylate MAPK. Evidence suggests that MKP-1 can suppress p38MAPK activation but does not affect ERK1/2 or JNK activation. Since we observed a reduction in p38MAPK activity in PPE17-treated macrophages, we examined the levels of MKP-1 in these cells and found that MKP-1 level was higher as compared to that of untreated or recombinant PPE18 (rPPE18)treated macrophages. Interestingly, the mRNA levels of MKP-1 did not differ significantly in all the 3 groups examined (untreated, PPE17and PPE18-treated macrophages), thus, the observed reduction in the protein levels of MKP-1 could be attributed to decreased stability of the protein in untreated and PPE18-treated macrophages. MKP-1 is known to be a labile protein and undergoes rapid turnover through proteasome mediated degradation. We therefore, next pre-treated cells with MG132, a proteasome inhibitor followed by incubation with medium alone or rPPE18 protein. MG132 was found to increase the levels of MKP-1 in both mediumtreated and rPPE18-treated macrophages. We then examined if IRAK3-export mechanism was essential for MKP-1 stability in PPE17-treated macrophages. It was observed that the levels of MKP-1 decreased when LMB was used to inhibit export of nuclear IRAK3 in these macrophages. To confirm whether presence of cytosolic IRAK3 is truly important for stabilization of MKP-1, we next silenced IRAK3 expression in THP-1 macrophages using IRAK3-specific siRNA and MKP-1 levels were examined after treatment with rPPE17. It was observed that the levels of MKP-1 were poorer in THP-1 macrophages transfected with IRAK3-specific siRNA as compared to the MKP-1 levels in macrophages transfected with scrambled siRNA. These results together indicated that the export of IRAK3 to the cytoplasm in PPE17-treated macrophages was necessary to maintain MKP-1 stability resulting in reduced phosphorylation of p38MAPK with simultaneous up-regulation of phospho-ERK1/2 and TNF- $\alpha$  levels. The siRNA-based experiment confirms that MKP-1 has a pivotal role in influencing the MAPK pathway and TNF-α induction downstream of PPE17-induced signaling events. Our study thus indicated that PPE17 treatment led to higher export of nuclear IRAK3 to the cytoplasm resulting in increased activation of ERK1/2 and stabilization of MKP-1 which was responsible for decreased phosphop38MAPK level. As PPE18 fails to trigger significant IRAK3 export from the nucleus to the cytosol, MKP-1 undergoes rapid degradation by the proteasomal machinery and an increased p38MAPK activity is observed in such situation resulting in poorer ERK1/2 activity.

b. IRAK3 is a target of PKCE: Since phosphorylation is often implicated in shuttling of proteins between various compartments of the cell, we speculated that IRAK3 would probably be phosphorylated during its translocation from the nucleus to the cytosol in PPE17-treated cells. In silico analyses of the polypeptide sequence of IRAK3 using NetPhosK and GPS revealed that IRAK3 contained four possible phosphorylation sites for PKC isoform, PKCε. PKCε is a member of the PKC family of kinases that has diverse roles in the cellular physiology and is recruited to the TLR signaling pathways via the MyD88 adaptor protein. We, therefore, questioned whether PKCε had a direct role in the phosphorylation and export of IRAK3 from the nucleus to the cytoplasm. In order to facilitate phosphorylation and nuclear export of IRAK3, PKCs should be localized to the nucleus. Interestingly, we found presence of one putative NLS (319RRKK322) motif. To prove the fact that the nuclear translocation of PKCs was truly dependent on the NLS, we next mutated this putative NLS 319RRKK322 motif to 319GGAA322 and examined the localization of PKCε in THP-1 macrophages. Upon treatment of THP-1 macrophages with rPPE17 although the WT-PKCε (3X-FLAG-WT-PKCε) was able to translocate to the nucleus, the NLS mutant showed reduced nuclear translocation (Fig. 1A). Next, we speculated that PKCs translocated to the nucleus to phosphorylate nuclear IRAK3. To prove this, we co-expressed GFP-tagged IRAK3 along with WT-PKCε or Mut-PKCε [where the Lysine residue in its substrate binding domain was replaced by a Tryptophan which makes it unable to bind and phosphorylate its substrates] in HEK293 cells [both IRAK3 and PKCs are absent in HEK293 cells] and found that though both the WT-PKCs and Mut-PKCs were localized to the nucleus (Fig. 1B), nuclear IRAK3 could translocate to the cytoplasm only in cells overexpressing WT-PKCε but not Mut-PKCε (Fig. 1C). This indicated that the kinase activity of PKCs was probably essential for the nuclear export of IRAK3. We next tested if IRAK3 was truly phosphorylated by WT-PKCε in this experimental set up. When IRAK3 was pulleddown using anti-GFP Ab and subsequently probed with anti-phosphoserine Ab, we observed a prominent phosphoserine signal in IRAK3 that was co-expressed with WT-PKCs (Fig. 1D). The MS and MS/MS analysis data from TAPLIN Mass spectrometry facility (Harvard, USA) indicated that IRAK3 was phosphorylated at Ser110 site by PKCs. Thus, PKCs functions as an important point of signal regulation facilitating phosphorylation and translocation of IRAK3 from the nucleus to the cytosol which was important for activation of ERK1/2, stabilization of MKP-1 with concomitant downregulation of phosphop38MAPK. Thus MAPK activity in PPE17-treated macrophages was probably influenced upstream by PKCs. In order to prove this, we next silenced PKCε expression using a shRNA construct in THP-1 macrophages (Fig. 1E). When treated with PPE17, knock-down of PKCs led to a decreased export of IRAK3 from the nucleus to the cytosol (Fig. 1F) with a concomitant reduction in phospho-ERK1/2 but increase in phosphop38MAPK levels when compared with the control cells that received the backbone vector (Fig. 1G). These results indicate that PKCε plays a crucial role in regulating nuclear export of IRAK3 and MAPK activity downstream of TLR2 in PPE17-treated cells.

To understand how PKCε was translocated to the nucleus in PPE17-treated macrophages, we next examined the upstream signaling pathways. We observed that after the engagement of TLR2 with its ligand, adaptor molecules such as MyD88, IRAK-1, IRAK-4, and TRAF-6 were recruited at the cytosolic domain or TIR domain of the receptor. Once PPE17 interacted with the TLR1/2 heterodimer, more MyD88 and PKCE were recruited to the receptor complex and this probably allowed interaction of PKCs with IRAK1 (Fig. 1H). PKCε then translocated to the nucleus which was dependent on the IRAK1 kinase activity since pharmacological inhibitor of IRAK1/4 activity significantly abrogated nuclear translocation of PKCs. Thus, PKCs appears to be a target of IRAK1 and the close proximity of the two molecules is probably facilitated by MyD88.

#### **Future study**

We plan to design small molecule inhibitors targeting the TLR2 11~15 LRR domain to specifically inhibit anti-inflammatory signaling (known to favor *M. tuberculosis* infection) as novel therapeutics against tuberculosis.

Project II: Role of PE11 of *M. tuberculosis* in cell wall remodeling and virulence

Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Lipid metabolism plays an important role for the mycobacteria to survive in nutrient limited intracellular conditions and for maintenance of its lipid rich cell wall. The characteristic lipid-rich cell wall is a defining feature of Mycobacterium species. The cell wall components affect diverse mycobacterial phenotypes including colony morphology, biofilm formation, antibiotic resistance, and virulence. Mtb lipases/esterases play crucial roles in lipid metabolism to hydrolyse lipids and release fatty acids. The fatty acids act as precursors for the cell wall lipids and provide energy for intracellular persistence of the bacilli. Thus, it is important to study the lipases and lipid metabolism to get an insight of the molecular basis of pathogenicity of Mtb.

In silico analyses identified the presence of around 24 putative genes encoding lipolytic enzymes, including 24 lipid/ester hydrolases belonging to the so-called "Lip" family (LipC to LipZ). These have been annotated as putative

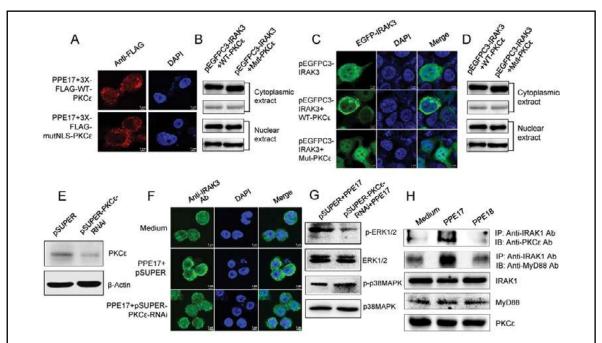


Figure 1. PKC-mediated phosphorylation is required for transport of IRAK3 from the nucleus into the cytosol. (A)THP-1 macrophages were transfected with either 3X-FLAG-WT-PKCε or 3X-FLAG-mutNLS-PKCε and were treated with 3 µg/ml of PPE17 protein for 30 min. Cells were fixed, permeabilized and stained with anti-FLAG Ab followed by anti-mouse Alexa Fluor 594 Ab. Data shown are representative of 3 independent experiments. (B) HEK293 cells were transiently co-transfected with either pcDNA-6xHis-WT-PKCs or pcDNA-6xHis-Mut-PKCs along with pEGFPC3-IRAK3. After 24 h, cells were harvested to check the level of PKCε in the cytoplasmic and nuclear extracts using anti-PKCε Ab and equal sample loading was confirmed by probing the blots with anti-β-Tubulin Ab for cytoplasmic extract and anti-Lamin B Ab for nuclear extracts. Results shown are representative of 3 independent experiments. (C-D) HEK293 cells transiently co-transfected with either pcDNA-6xHis-PKCε -WT or pcDNA-6xHis-PKCε-Mut along with pEGFPC3-IRAK3 were either analysed for IRAK3 localization by confocal microscopy (C) or lysed to check the phosphorylated IRAK3 levels using anti-GFP Ab for immunoprecipitation (IP) and anti-phosphoSerine (anti-pSerine) Ab for immunoblotting (IB) (D). About 10% of the lysates were loaded as input controls. (E-G) PMA-differentiated THP-1 macrophages were transfected with either pSUPER or pSUPER-PKCε-RNAi and at 24 h post transfection, cells were either lysed and immunoblotted with anti-PKCε Ab (E) or treated with 3 μg/ml of PPE17 for 30 min and cells were either used for confocal study for localization of IRAK3 (F) or lysed and immunoblotted to check the levels of phosphorylated ERK1/2 (p-ERK1/2) and total ERK1/2 or phosphorylated p38MAPK (p-p38MAPK) and total p38MAPK (G) in the extracts. (H) Also, THP-1 macrophages were treated with 3 µg/ml of PPE17 or PPE18 protein for 30 min. Cells were lysed and immunoprecipitated using anti-IRAK1 Ab and immunoblotted with either anti-MyD88 Ab or anti-PKCε Ab. About 10% of the lysates were loaded as input controls. Results shown are representative of three independent experiments.

esterases or lipases based on the presence of the consensus sequence GXSXG, which is a characteristic feature of members of the  $\alpha/\beta$ hydrolase-fold family. One of these lipases, the LipX (also known as PE11; Rv1169c) was found to be up-regulated during starvation and palmitic acid stress conditions and infection in macrophages. Rv1169c belongs to the PE family of genes, specific to pathogenic strains like Mtb. M. bovis and clinical strain CDC1551 but absent in non-pathogenic bacteria, *M. smegmatis*. Upregulation of Rv1169c in human lung granulomas and induction of B-cell response against Rv1169c in TB patients indicates that the protein is probably expressed during active TB infection and has important function in vivo. Interestingly, Mtb deficient in PE11 failed to grow

*in vitro* indicating that the protein is essential for *in vitro* growth of the bacilli and provide clues that PE11 is probably an essential protein for Mtb growth although the detail mechanisms are not well studied.

When we expressed PE11 (Rv1169c) in M. smegmatis (PE11 is absent in *M. smegmatis*), the Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) data indicate that *Msmeg-Rv1169c* cells were significantly wider in diameter as compared to *Msmeg-pVV* cells. Next we examined, whether expression of Rv1169c would alter surface architecture of *M. smegmatis* using Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM). The analysis showed a poor contrast and hyperstaining of *Msmeg-Rv1169c* compared to *Msmeg-pVV16* bacteria.

This suggests that expression of Rv1169c in *M*. smegmatis probably alters cell wall architecture. Also, when Msmeg-pVV16 and Msmeg-Rv1169c were grown on Middlebrook 7H10 agar plates containing 0.5% glycerol, 10% OADC, and 0.05% Tween 80 and incubated for 5-6 days at 37oC, we observed a distinct colony morphology in PE11 positive transformants. While the colonies of Msmeg-pVV16 were usual irregular wrinkled acne-like structures, those of Msmeg-Rv1169c were found to be rounded, shiny and smooth. Further, the control colonies were dry and fragile but Msmeg-Rv1169c colonies were wetter and stickier. Since, Rv1169c was predicted to be a putative lipase/esterase like protein, our observations are suggestive of a role of PE11 in changing the cell wall components of M. smegmatis. We next characterized the enzyme activity of PE11 using esters of p-nitrophenyl (pNP), p-nitrophenylacetate (C2), p-nitrophenylbutyrate(C4),p-nitrophenyloctanoate p-nitrophenyldocanoate (C8). (C12). p-nitrophenylmyristate(C14)p-nitrophenylpalmitate (C16) and p-nitrophenylstearate (C18) as substrates and the pNP ester para-nitrophenylacetate containing the shortest carbon chain (C2) was found to be most efficiently hydrolyzed indicating PE11 protein is acting predominantly as an esterase rather than lipase. The turbidimetric esterase assay using a Tween 20 and Tween 80 as its substrates further confirmed the esterase activity of PE11. We found that M. smegmatis expressing PE11 was able to form profuse pellicles as compared to the control cells (Msmeg-pVV). Similarly, PE11 was found to increase the cell surface hydrophobicity causing an increased tendency of Msmeg-PE11 to form cellular aggregates possibly due to an increase in the glycopeptidolipid content in the cell wall. We further found that Msmeg-PE11 is more resistant to various environments stressors like SDS, lysozyme, H2O2, and low pH (5.5) those mimicking the hostile macrophages environments encountered by the bacilli during infection as well as against antibiotics like ethambutol, rifampicin, isoniazid, ampicillin and vancomycin. Interestingly, when we quantified the cell wall fatty acids as methyl esters (FAMEs) using a high throughput gas chromatography coupled with mass spectrometry (GC/MS), we found a similar fatty acid composition in both the strains, except an increased abundance of polar FAMEs in Msmeg-PE11. Mycobacterial lipids contain appreciable amounts of myristic (C14), palimitic acid (C16), and stearic (C18) and C16 - C24 monoenoic fatty acids. We found that overexpression of PE11 caused a noticeable decrease in the amount of linear C18:0 polar fatty acids, along with an increase in the branched chain polar fatty acid content (C18:10methyl) which may increase the membrane fluidity and the ability of Msmeg-PE11 to tolerate environmental stress. Mice infected with Msmeg-PE11 had higher bacterial load, exacerbated organ pathology, weight loss, morbidity and mortality, indicating a potential role of this protein in mycobacterial virulence. Thus, our data suggest that PE11 is actively involved in the cell wall remodeling that may confer increased drug resistance and survival advantages to the mycobacteria inside host.

#### **Future study**

We intend to study in detail the mechanisms by which PE11 supports intracellular survival of the bacilli.

#### **Publications**

- Singh P, Rao RN, Reddy JR, Prasad R, Kotturu SK, Ghosh S and Mukhopadhyay S (2016). PE11, a PE/PPE family protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis is involved in cell wall remodeling and virulence. Scientific Reports 6: 21624.
- Abraham PR, Udgata A, Latha GS and Mukhopadhyay S (2016). The Mycobacterium tuberculosis PPE protein Rv1168c induces stronger B cell response than Rv0256c in active TB patients. Infection, Genetics and Evolution. 40: 339-345.
- Ahmed A, Das A and Mukhopadhyay S (2015). Immunoregulatory functions and expression patterns of PE/PPE family members: Roles in pathogenicity and impact on anti-tuberculosis vaccine and drug design. *IUBMB Life* 67: 414-427.
- Hussain BK and Mukhopadhyay S (2015). Macrophage takeover and the host-bacilli interplay during tuberculosis. *Future Microbiology* 10: 853-872.

#### **Patent filed**

 Sangita Mukhopadhyay and Asma Ahmed. A novel therapeutic for treatment of sepsis. Indian Patent Application No. 201641002980. Date of filing - January 27, 2016.

#### LABORATORY OF MOLECULAR GENETICS

(Explanatory note: The Laboratory of Molecular Genetics, which also includes the Centre of Excellence (CoE) in Silkmoth Genetics and Genomics, was headed by CDFD's faculty member Dr. J Nagaraju who unfortunately passed away in December 2012. Subsequently, the activities of his erstwhile group have been continued by Dr K P Arun Kumar and Dr V V Satyavathi with their respective colleagues, whose individual reports are given below. The Director of CDFD is the designated coordinator of the CoE).

### Centre of Excellence (CoE) for Genetics and Genomics of Silkmoths

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S Suresh Kumar Senior Research Fellow G Gopinath Senior Research Fellow Ch. Gangi Reddy Junior Research Fellow

Other Members S Annapurna Bhavani Technical Officer

R Lakshmi Vaishna Technical Assistant Rajendra Chilukuri Project Associate

Sasi Bhushan S Project Associate (till Sep 2015)

Saikat Chakraborty Project JRF Vidya T Project JRF

Srikakolapu Sekhar Project JRF (till Dec 2015)

#### **Objectives**

1. Studies on the role of CCCH type zinc finger gene in Bombyx mori sex determination.

2. Role of Drosophila Noduler protein in immune response.

The progress made in the projects related to sex determination and immune response in *Bombyx mori* and *Drosophila melanogaster* respectively is reported here.

## Summary of the work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

- Comprehensive analysis of gene expression in different embryonic stages in silkworm reveals that the onset of dosage compensation occurs at about 96h, which probably coincides with the initiation of sex specific splicing of sex determining gene doublesex, and prevails throughout. Analyses of sexed head RNA-seq data confirm the existence of complete sex chromosomal dosage compensation in B. mori.
- Studies on evolutionary dynamics of B. mori Z chromosome, in relation to autosomes and sex chromosomes of other animal species, indicated a strong faster-Z effect for femalebiased genes, an intermediate faster-Z effect

for unbiased genes, and no faster-Z effect for male-biased genes.

Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Objective 1: Studies on the role of (CCH) type zinc finger gene in *Bombyx mori* sex determination

Sex determination is a fundamental biological process that determines two distinct sexes. A variety of sex determination mechanisms is observed in animal species, most of which follow the chromosomal/genetic sex determination, except in some the sex is determined by environmental factors like temperature (e.g. crocodiles, alligators and few lizards). Among insects, the mechanism of sex determination is well understood in Drosophila and serves as a reference for all insects. In Drosophila, (XX is female and XY is male) the sex is determined by the dose of X-linked signalling elements (XSE) (XSE are four transcription factors Scute, SisA, Runt and Unpaired), which in turn is determined by the number of X chromosomes. XSE, whose expression threshold can be reached only in female embryos, confine the production of the Sex-lethal (SXL) protein to females. Thus

produced SXL directs the female specific splicing of pre-mRNA of transformer (tra-) gene resulting in functional TRA protein. The TRA interacts with non sex-specific transformer 2 (TRA2) protein and this complex binds to the doublesex repeat element (dsxRE) in the middle of fourth exon and forces the female specific splicing of doublesex (dsx) mRNA, producing the female DSX protein. These two proteins have been shown to exhibit antagonistic functions in the process of sexual differentiation. In a few insect species like Megaselia scalaris, Ceratitis capitata, Bactotocera tryoni, Lucilia cuprina and Chironomus thummi, an epigenetic male factor from the Y chromosome decides the male development. Culex tritaeniorhynchus lacks the sex chromosomes and the maleness is conferred by an autosomal gene. The sex in Aedes aegypti is determined by Nix gene from M locus on Y chromosome like region. In hymenopteran species, the sex is maintained through haplodiploidy, where haploids develop as males and diploids develop as females. In Nasonia vitripennis, transformer (Nvtra) gene plays a crucial role in development of females, where it maintains its concentration by an autoregulatory loop through a maternally supplied TRA protein.

In lepidopterans (butterflies and moths) ZZ/ ZW or ZZ/ZO chromosomal system of sex determination is observed. The heterogametic sex (ZW and ZO) is female and the homogametic sex (ZZ) is male. It has been reported that SXL is not regulated in a sex specific fashion in B. mori. The orthologue of tra has not been identified so far in B. mori, probably owing to its rapid sequence divergence in the course of evolution. The dsx pre-mRNA has been shown to be lacking TRA/TRA-2 binding sites. Though, the orthologues of tra2, intersex (ix) and fruitless (fru) genes have been identified in B. mori, their functions remain elusive. Previous studies have resulted in the identification of two RNA binding splicing inhibitors: 1) B. mori homolog of IGF-II mRNA binding protein (BmIMP) and 2) B. mori homolog of P-element somatic inhibitor (BmPSI), which are involved in differential splicing of Bmdsx pre-mRNA. The involvement of Bmpsi and Bmimp renders this mechanism to be unique from any other class of insects. Recently, the mechanism of B. mori sex determination was reported to be governed by a piRNA (fem) from the W-chromosome. The W-derived fem piRNA negatively regulates a Z-linked CCCH type zinc finger gene, Masculinizer (masc). masc has been shown to regulate the Bmdsx sex specific splicing by promoting the expression of male specific Bmdsxm type of splicing isoform and also dosage compensation by an unknown mechanism. Thus, this gene, masc is presumably non-functional in females, leading to female specific *Bmdsxf* type of splicing isoform. Further studies have shown that the over expression of masc gene in BmN cells has enhanced the transcription of Bmimp gene and most probably through this the *masc* induces the expression of male specific Bmdsxm type of splicing isoform. Thus the reported studies have shown that the sex in B. mori is regulated by a W encoded fem piRNA that negatively regulates the masc gene in females.

In B. mori, studies attempting to discover the genes involved in sex determination pathway have resulted in the identification of a female specific CCCH type znf motif encoding gene, termed as z1 on W-chromosome and its homologous copies namely z2 and z3 on 25th chromosome [Unpublished data]. Further, the studies of translocation of W-chromosomal fragments to autosomes have supported the existence of a strong putative epistatic female determining region called, "feminizer" on the W-chromosome. Presumably, a preliminary analysis using FISH has indicated that these znf genes are linked to the "feminizer" region of W-chromosome. In the current study we provide functional insights into the role of an autosomal CCCH type znf gene, z2 in the B. mori sex determination. For the sake of simplicity and ease of understanding, we refer the gene z2 as Bmznf-2 (NCBI acc: XP\_004924549.1).

In this study, we discovered the role of *Bmznf-2* in the sex specific differential splicing of the *Bmdsx* pre mRNA. We used ovary derived BmN cells, which produce the female type of *Bmdsx* (*Bmdsxf*) splicing isoform, representing their female mode of sexual differentiation. The overexpression of *Bmznf-2* in BmN cells promoted male specific splicing isoform (*Bmdsxm*) and this correspondingly decreased *Bmdsxf* (Fig. 1A and 1B). This shift of splicing phenotype is referred as "masculinisation". The masculinisation induced by *Bmznf-2* over-expression denotes the "gain of function" of *Bmznf-2* in BmN cells (female cells). This indirectly suggests that *Bmznf-2* may be normally inactive in female cells.

To decipher the role of *Bmznf-2* in promoting differential splicing of *Bmdsx* pre-mRNA, we

conducted RNAi based knockdown of *Bmznf-2* in BmN cells using short dsRNA. The knockdown achieved for *Bmznf-2* gene was 75 to 90%, which is considerably high and presumably enough for interfering the gene activity generally in *Bombyx*. But we found no effect on innately expressing *Bmdsxf* splicing isoform level, which indicates the null activity of *Bmznf-2* in achieving *Bmdsxf* splicing isoform in BmN cells (female).

As mentioned previously, the CDS region of Bmznf-2 mRNA sequence could be a putative precursor of the ovarian small RNA 12564. In such a case, the over-expression experiments of Bmznf-2 may also be treated as the over expression of the ovarian small RNA and possibly the observed masculinisation could be either by the putative BmZNF-2 protein or by some kind of gene regulation induced by the ovarian small RNA 12564. Therefore, to test which of the above two factors (BmZNF-2 protein or ovarian small RNA 12564) is actually associated in inducing masculinisation of BmN cells, we performed site directed mutagenesis of the two CCCH motifs of putative BmZNF-2 protein to unravel their role in masculinisation. By keeping the region of the ovarian small RNA 12564 intact, we generated and over-expressed two mutant pIZT constructs in BmN cells, each expressing the mutated BmZNF-2 proteins at its 1) CCCH motif 1 and 2) CCCH motif 2 respectively. The mutations resulted in the replacement of 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3rd cysteines to serines and the histidine to leucine amino acids in the CCCH motifs, which is previously demonstrated to affect the structure of the znf motif and would seriously compromise the function of CCCH znf protein. The point mutations in either the CCCH motif 1 or CCCH motif 2 has abolished the phenotype of masculinisation (Figure 1C, D), indicating the involvement of putative BmZNF-2 protein and the essentiality of znf motifs in inducing masculinisation of BmN cells. Thus our experiments in BmN cells revealed the association of BmZNF-2 protein in regulating the sex specific differential splicing of Bmdsx, and thus signifying its activity in controlling the processes of sex determination and differentiation (Figure 1A and 1B).

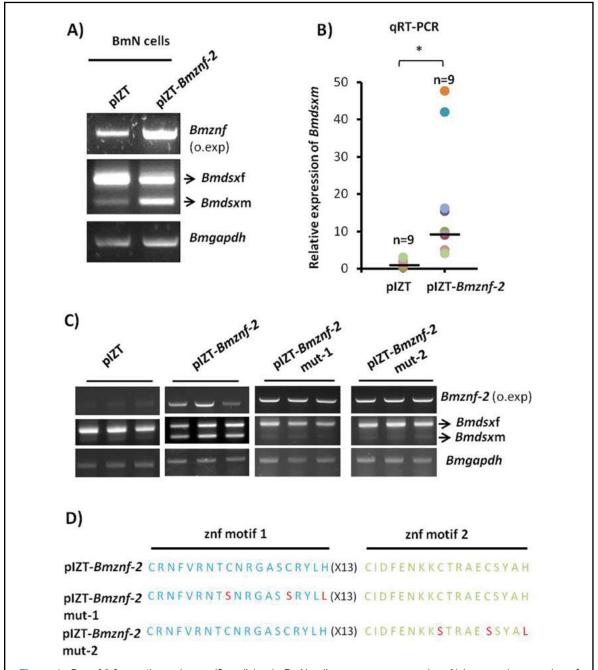
The above experiment suggests the role of BmZNF-2 protein in the alternative splicing of *Bmdsx* and as the mechanism of alternative splicing operates only in the nucleus of cells, we further checked the localisation of BmZNF-2 protein in BmN cells. For this, the *Bmznf-2* CDS

in pIZT construct was fused with m-cherry at its C-terminal end and over-expressed in BmN cells. The fluorescent imaging clearly indicated the nuclear localisation of BmZNF-2 and m-cherry fused protein. This study implies its functional activity in the nucleus and its probable involvement (either direct or indirect) in the nuclear process like mRNA splicing.

## Objective 2: Role of *Drosophila* Noduler protein in immune response

To combat infection, *Drosophila* relies on multiple innate defense reactions, which can be divided into two major categories namely cellular immune response and humoral immune response. Cellular immune response mechanisms including encapsulation, melanization and phagocytosis act as the first line of defense (Lemaitre et al., 2007). Immune cells like haemocytes are involved in direct interaction with the pathogen and foreign particles to fight infection. Humoral immune response on the other hand functions by secreting a battery of effector molecules or antimicrobial peptides (AMPs), which are synthesized by fat body cells upon activation of Toll and IMD signalling cascades. Toll pathway gets upregulated by stimulus perceived by the host upon Gram-positive bacterial and fungal infection. Gram-negative bacterial infection channels the elicitation of IMD pathway. These two immune pathways play important role in clearing majority of the bacterial infections (De Gregorio et al., 2002). Toll pathway shares its homology with the Toll-like receptors (TLR) and Interleukin-1 receptor (IL-1R) pathways in mammals, and IMD with the Tumor Necrosisfactor receptor (TNFR) pathway. Much is known about the genes involved and mechanisms in which the immune proteins operate in the pathways. However, the factors involved in the nuclear localization and regulation of the NF-κB/ Rel transcription factors in immune pathways is still unclear.

Previous studies in our laboratory on wild silkmoth, *Antheraea mylitta* immune transcriptome analysis have identified and characterized a novel immune protein that is up-regulated in hemolymph upon bacterial infection. The functional role of this protein in immune response suggested its involvement in nodule formation and therefore named as Noduler. Noduler was shown to bind a wide range of bacteria, yeast and insect haemocytes specially to the LPS, LTA and  $\beta$ -1,3 glucan components of microbial cell wall.

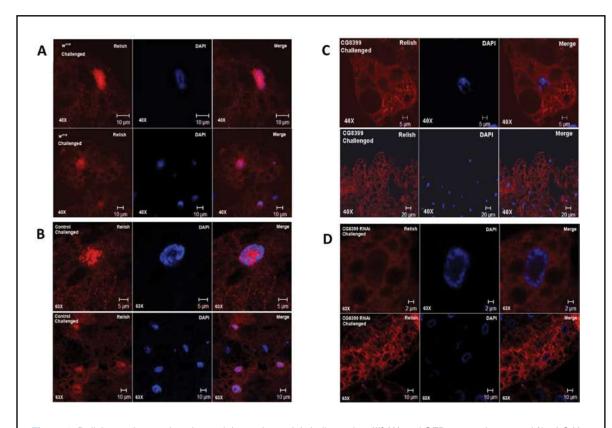


**Figure 1:** *Bmznf-2* favors the male specific splicing in BmN cells upon over expression. A) Increased expression of *Bmdsxm* splicing isoform (masculinisation) upon *Bmznf-2* transient over expression. B) Relative quantification of *Bmdsxm* splicing isoform, between control (pIZT) and BmZNF-2 induced (pIZT-*Bmznf-2*) samples, using real-time qRT-PCR (\* indicates a significant difference, t-test, p<0.05). The dark lines represent the median values of the data points. C) Point mutations (two cysteines to serines and one histidine to leucine) in both the CCCH motifs has resulted in the loss of masculinisation phenotype. D) The sequences of the wild type and the mutated znf motifs of the three clones used for transfection assays.

RNA interference mediated knockdown of the noduler resulted in significant reduction in the number of nodules and consequent increase in bacterial load in larval hemolymph. These results suggested that the Noduler is involved in very

early clearance of bacteria by forming nodules of haemocytes and bacterial complexes in insects. The RNAi mediated knockdown of *noduler* has also shown reduced phenoloxidase activity.

With this background, we studied the function



**Figure 2.** Relish translocates into the nuclei upon bacterial challenge in  $w^{1118}$  (**A**) and GFP expressing control (*hml-GAL4*, *UAS-GFP*) (**B**), whereas in Noduler mutants - CG8399 (**C**) and CG8399 RNAi (*hml-GAL4*, *UAS-GFP X UAS-CG8399*) (**D**) Relish fails to translocate into the nucleus. Fat bodies of third instar larvae were stained with Relish antibody (Red) two hours post *E. coli* infection. DAPI (Blue) was used to stain the nucleus. Merged images (right) are shown.

of *DmNoduler* gene (a Drosophila homolog of Noduler - also known as putative ferric-chelate reductase 1 homolog - DmSDR2) in immune response of D. melanogaster. The gene expression studies and survival assay revealed that the level of DmNoduler was affected by both kinds of bacterial infections, namely Grampositive and Gram-negative. This gave us a hint of its participation in both the immune pathways and led us to explore its position in those pathways. An attempt was made to examine the association of this gene in immune response pathway by carrying out next generation sequencing (NGS) based transcriptome analysis to analyze the expression of genes that were significantly affected in the *DmNoduler* mutant flies. NGS analysis revealed that a number of antimicrobial peptides were down-regulated in infected mutant flies whereas the upstream genes in both Toll and IMD pathways were unaffected. The immunofluorescence analysis revealed DmNoduler to be participating at the level of NF-κB/Rel transcription factor by affecting their nuclear translocation. Here, we provide evidence for the first time that NF-kB factors Relish and Dorsal are translocated into nucleus with the aid of DmNoduler (Figure 2). Therefore, in the quest of addressing the immunological function of DmNoduler we have deciphered its vital role as a regulator of NF-κB/Rel transcription factors in both the immune pathways of Drosophila. With this study, we introduce a new factor to immune response cascades, which is unique as it regulates both pathways by affecting translocation of NF-kB factors.

#### B. Report of Dr VV Satyavathi's group

Members VV Satyavathi Technical Officer

RM Pavani Project-Junior Research Fellow (Till Jan. 2016) K Swetha Kumari Project-Junior Research Fellow (Till Dec. 2015)

K Lakshmi Prasanna DBT-Junior Research Fellow

Sunil Nahata Project-Junior Research Fellow (Since Dec. 2015)

Bajaj Deepti Madanlal Project-Junior Research Fellow (Since Mar. 2016)

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**Objectives** 

 Introduction of anti-baculoviral property from transgenic silkworms to commercial silkworm strains and to conduct multilocational field trials to establish their efficacy and generate data for their regulatory approval;

- 2. Characterization of *Bombyx mori* nucleopolyhedrosis virus (BmNPV) resistant transgenic silkworm strains;
- 3. Development of baculovirus resistant silkworm strains using marker assisted selection; and
- 4. Identification and functional characterization of novel genes involved in immune response pathways of silkmoths.

## Summary of the work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

The work undertaken in earlier years on each of the objectives has been summarized in the first parts of the corresponding descriptions given below.

Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

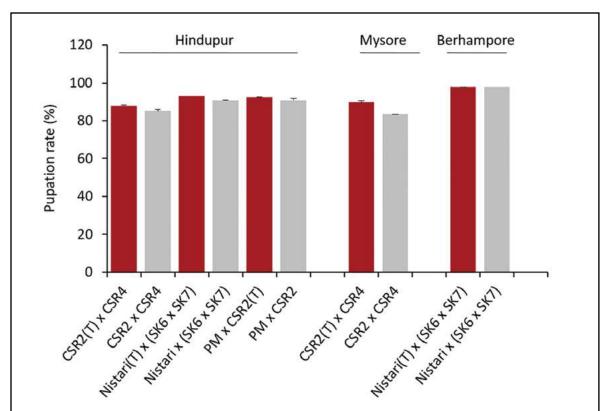
Objective 1: Introduction of anti-baculoviral property from transgenic silkworms to commercial silkworm strains followed by multilocation contained trials

In phase I of this CoE project, transgenic silkworm lines of Nistari, expressing dsRNA for multiple essential baculoviral genes were generated using *piggyBac* transposon-based germline

transgenesis. The recombinant vectors used in the study carried a portion of each of the essential baculoviral genes (ie1, lef1, lef3 and p74), either in sense or antisense, or in inverted-repeat arrangement driven by silkworm cytoplasmic actin (BmActin) promoter; and a reporter gene encoding red fluorescent protein (dsRed) driven by 3XP3 promoter. The transgenic silkworms carrying the inverted repeat containing transgene showed stable protection against high doses of baculovirus infection. The anti-viral property of the baculoviral resistant transgenic lines in the Nistari genetic background was transferred to baculovirus susceptible bivoltine silkworm strain, CSR2 through transgene selection coupled with recurrent backcross strategy. For testing the efficacy of transgenic silkworms at multiple locations in India, Review Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) has permitted CDFD for the conduct of multilocational trials in contained facilities at APSSRDI. Hindupur, Andhra Pradesh and at 3 centres of Central Silk Board (CSR&TI. Mysore; CSR&TI, Berhampore, West Bengal, CSR&TI, Pampore, J&K State).

During the period under report, hybrids were generated by crossing transgenic lines of Nistari and CSR2 with various commercial local silkworm breeds. The transgenic and control lines (as per the action plan of RCGM) were tested under first trial conducted at three locations. The performance of the hybrids was assessed based on the pupation rate and cocoon traits. Under normal conditions, as expected no difference

was observed in the performance of the control and transgenic hybrids (Figure 1). The transgenic hybrids which indicated their success in inhibiting viral proliferation under laboratory trials will be assessed under multilocational contained conditions upon BmNPV infection.



**Figure 1.** Performance of silkworm hybrids under normal conditions. Silkworm hybrids generated by crossing transgenic CSR2 and Nistari lines with various local commercial multivoltine (Pure Mysore - PM) and bivoltine (CSR4, SK6 x SK7) breeds were tested under 1<sup>st</sup> trial at three centres. Bars in red and grey represent transgenic and control lines, respectively; Y-axis represents pupation rate (%). Error bars represent the standard deviation.

## Objective 2: Characterization and maintenance of transgenic silkworm strains

All the transgenic silkworm lines developed through RNAi approach (donor stock) are being maintained at Andhra Pradesh State Sericulture Research and Development Institute (APSSRDI), Hindupur through generations. In every cycle, the transgenic silkworm lines were monitored for transgene stability, viral load and unique traits of the strain. The batch selection of lines was performed based on visual observation of the larvae and cocoon traits. The inter-batch crossing system was meticulously performed in each cycle to realize the benefit of hybrid vigor of the lines. The transgenic CSR2 lines were advanced to BC4F34 generation. Through recurrent breeding followed by selection techniques, transgenic lines of CSR2 with cocoon weight (1.782g), shell weight (0.382g) and shell percentage (21.4%) on par with control CSR2 lines were obtained.

# Objective 3: Development of baculovirus resistant silkworm strains using marker assisted selection

Second generation Illumina sequencing was performed to generate 8 pair-end libraries for the midgut and fat body tissues from baculovirus infected and control larvae of SBNP1 (resistant) and CSR2 (susceptible) strains. Based on bioinformatic pipeline, the transcript abundance was scored in the NPV infected versus control samples and the genes up/down regulated were identified. In the transcriptome analysis, *Serpin* 2 is found to express differentially in the SBNP1 and CSR2 strains. Based on biochemical and RNAi assays, we found that *Serpin* 2 exhibits antiviral activity and restricts viral spread by inhibiting cleavage of viral structural protein.

Objective 4: Identification and functional characterization of novel genes involved in immune response pathways of silkmoths

In a previous study, we reported functional characterization of a novel immune protein Noduler which binds specific bacterial components and hemocytes leading to nodulation response in the wild silkworm, Antheraea mylitta. Several genes that share sequence similarity with Noduler of A. mylitta have been reported from Bombyx mori, Drosophila, Hyphantria cunea, Manduca sexta, Samia cynthia ricini, Lonomia obliqua, including homosapiens. There are three Noduler homologues in Drosophila, two in B. mori, and two in homosapiens. In A. mylitta, Noduler is 168 amino acid (aa) with a characteristic reeler domain. The reeler domain was found to be conserved from flies to mammals. Although Noduler homologues with reeler domain are reported in mammalian system, their function in immune response is not known.

During the period under report, we attempted functional analysis of Noduler homologue,

Stromal cell-derived receptor 2 upon infection in mammalian system. THP1 monocytic cell line was used for this study. Activation of macrophages was achieved by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) treatment that is required for induction of transcription of genes that encode for proinflammatory regulators of the immune response. Based on previous reports, cells were inoculated with LPS at a concentration 100 ng/ ml for 2 hrs. The expression profiles of the genes in THP1 cells treated with phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate (PMA) were observed. We found that SDR2 was up regulated upon LPS treatment. In order to understand its role in mammalian system, CRISPR Cas9 (clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats) genome edititng system was used for knockout of stromal cell-derived receptor 2. The main components of this system, sqRNA and Cas9 nuclease expression clones are as shown in Figure 2. The target sequence for sgRNA synthesis used

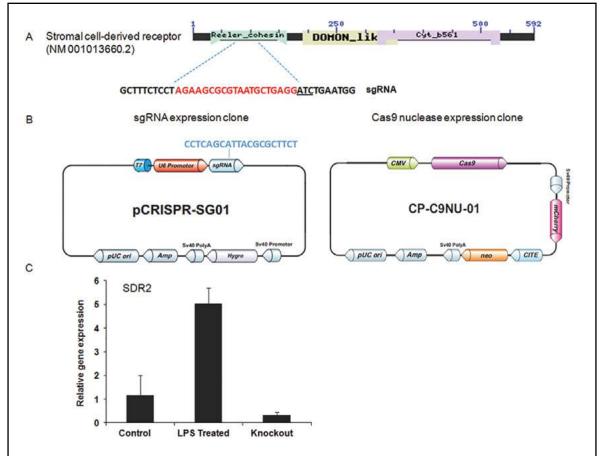


Figure 2. CRISPR/Cas9 system mediated genome editing in THP1 cells. A) Schematic representation of Reeler, Domon and Cytb domains for stromal cell-derived receptor (SDR2) gene with sgRNA target sequence at mRNA, B) Representation of sgRNA and Cas9 nuclease plasmid constructs used in the study, C) QPCR as performed for the indicated gene on RNA isolated from Control, LPS treated (2 hpi) and knocked out THP1 cells. The experiment was done in biological replicates. Error bars represent the standard deviation.

was 5'-CCTCAGCATTACGCGCTTCT-3'. The plasmids pCRISPR-SR01 and CP-C9NU-01 (custom synthesized from Genecopoiea) were cotransfected into THP1 cells and depletion of the target gene was studied by QPCR using gene specific primers. The GAPDH gene was used as a reference. Quantification of target RNA was carried out by  $\Delta\Delta$ CT method. Around 5 fold higher level of expression of SRD2 was observed in LPS treated cells as compared to control and knocked-out cells. Future work involves further validation of results by sequencing and expression analyses.

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\*Corresponding author

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#### LABORATORY OF MOLECULAR ONCOLOGY

Genomics and molecular genetics of cancer and genetic disorders

Faculty Murali Dharan Bashyam Staff Scientist

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A Srinivas Senior Research Fellow
Bala Pratyusha Senior Research Fellow
Ashmala Naz Junior Research Fellow
Sara Anisa George Junior Research Fellow

Other Members Mithu Raychaudhuri DST Woman Scientist

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K Viswakalyan Research Assistant
K Padmavathi Project Assistant

Arun K Paripati Project JRF (till July 6, 2015)
Anupama Shirke Project Junior Research Fellow

(since July 07, 2015)

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Nagari Bheerappa NIMS, Hyderabad

Mohana Vamsy Omega Hospitals, Hyderabad

I Satish Rao KIMS, Hyderabad

K T Vijaya Care hospital, Hyderabad

Prajnya Ranganath NIMS, Hyderabad

Girisha KM Kasturba Hospital, Manipal Sankar V Hariharan Medical College, Trivandrum

Sumita Danda CMC, Vellore

#### **Objectives**

- Identification and characterization of important deregulated genes / pathways in cancers prevalent in India; and
- 2. Identification and characterization of disease causing mutations in genetic disorders.

Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

Pancreatic Cancer (PaCa): Our previous studies revealed frequent deletion of *PAR6G*, encoding a poorly studied isoform of PAR6A that forms part of the PAR complex, in PaCa cell lines and xenografts. Similarly, *ARID1B*, encoding a SWI/

SNF complex component, was shown to exhibit bi-allelic loss in MiaPaCa2 PaCa cells and single copy loss in several other PaCa cell lines. Further, evaluation of promoter methylation and expression status in tumor samples and ectopic expression in cell lines suggested a tumor suppressor role for *ARID1B* in PaCa.

Colorectal Cancer (CRC): Computational analysis of transcriptome data generated separately from Wnt- and Wnt+ rectal cancer samples revealed several differentially expressed 'gene sets'. We further extracted a differentially expressed 12 gene signature; the constituent genes were

validated in independent set of samples.

**Genetic disorders:** We analysed 48 Hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia families; mutation was detected in 40 (Ectodysplasin A1(*EDA-A1*) in 23 families, *EDAR* in 16 and ectodysplasin A receptor-associated death domain (*EDARADD*) in 1). These included one novel large ~23 Kb deletion in *EDA-A1* and the first splice site mutation ever reported in *EDARADD*.

## Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

PaCa: PAR6G was shown to co-localize with PAR3 in cell membrane of HEK293T cells (Fig. 1A). PAR6G (and not PAR6A) ectopic expression resulted in significant reduction in cell motility (as compared to vector alone) when tested in wound healing assays (Fig. 1B). In addition, PAR6G interacted with aPKC and PAR3 (Fig.1C)

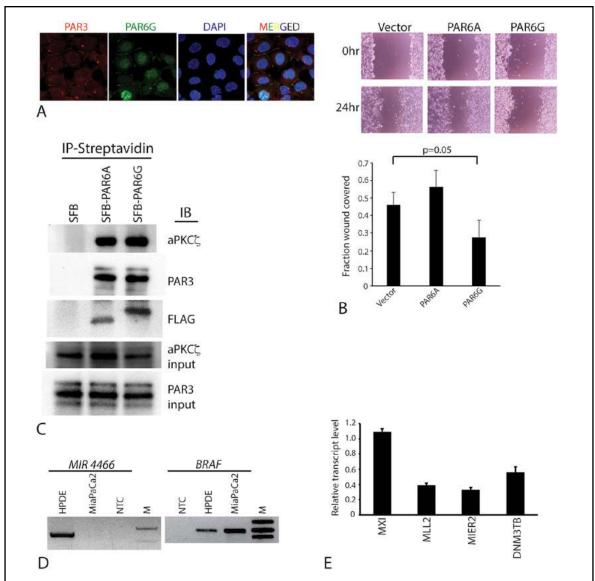


Figure 1. Studies on PAR6G (panels A-C) and novel miRNA *MIR4466* (panels D-E). Panel A, immunofluorescence staining confirms co-localization of PAR6G and PAR3 (an authentic component of the PAR complex). Panel B, PAR6G ectopic expression compromises cell motility in MCF7 cells. Panel C, immunoprecipitation followed by immunoblotting confirms PAR6G interaction with several PAR complex components. SFB; triple tag including S-protein, FLAG and Streptavidin binding peptide. Panel D, PCR analysis confirms homozygous deletion of *MIR4466* in MiaPaCa2 cells. HPDE, normal human pancreatic ductal epithelium; NTC, no template control; M, DNA ladder. BRAF amplification was used as a control. Panel E, *MIR4466* ectopic expression results in reduction in transcrip levels of *MLL2*, *MIER2* and *DNMT3B*; transcript level of each gene measured in *MIR4466* transfectant is represented as a fraction of the level measured in vector transfectant. *MXI* transcript levels were measured as a control.

thus confirming its role as a component of the PAR complex. A novel miRNA *MIR4466* was detected within the antisense strand of *ARID1B* first intron and its bi-allelic loss in MiaPaCa2 cells was confirmed (Fig.1D). Several putative *MIR4466* targets were identified based on bio-informatic analysis. *MIR4466* ectopic expression in MiaPaCa2 cells resulted in a significant reduction of expression of three putative targets namely *MLL2*, *MIER2* and *DNMT3B* (Fig. 1E).

**CRC:** Two-way hierarchical clustering performed on rectal cancer samples using 49 differentially

expressed genes (derived from SAM analysis at q=0) distinguished Wnt- from Wnt+ rectal cancer samples (Fig. 2A). This gene cluster was validated on four independent CRC transcriptome data sets generated from the Western population. Repeating SAM at a relaxed q value (<5.0) revealed 422 differentially expressed genes that yielded Ca²+ signalling as the most significantly enriched biological process (Fig. 2B) and NFAT family as the most significantly enriched transcription factor (TF) when subjected to GO annotation and TF prediction online packages, respectively. Differential expression analysis of

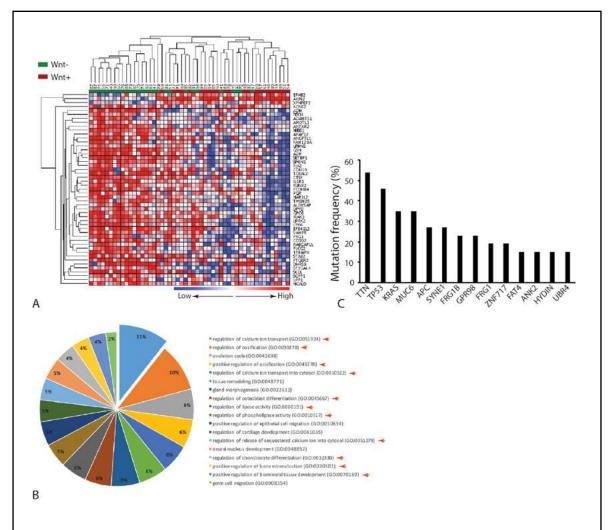


Figure 2. Characterization of Wnt- early onset sporadic rectal cancer. Panel A, a 49-gene signature differentiates Wnt- from Wnt+ rectal cancer samples. Panel B, Ca<sup>2+</sup>/NFAT signalling is the most significantly enriched biological process in Wnt- rectal cancer samples. Panel C, frequently mutated genes in Wnt- rectal cancer.

next generation sequencing (NGS) based RNA Seq data generated from 18 and 8 Wnt- and Wnt+ rectal cancer RNA samples respectively also revealed Ca<sup>2+</sup> signalling as one of six most

significant differentially enriched pathways in Wnt- samples. NGS based exome sequencing performed on 20 Wnt- rectal cancer samples revealed mutations in well studied cancer genes

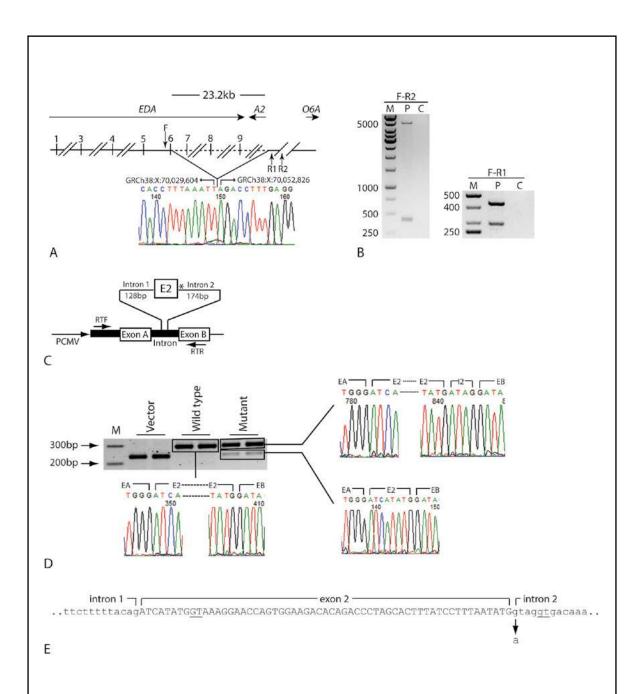


Figure 3. Panels A-B, mapping break point of HED-causing novel EDA-A1 large deletion. Panel A shows diagrammatic representation of location of break point as well as the PCR primer pairs (common forward primer F and two reverse primers R1 and R2) used for ascertaining the exact break point. Electropherogram of sequencing reaction performed on lower band of F-R1 PCR product is also shown. A2, AWAT2; O6A, OTUD6A. PCR results are shown in panel B; F-R2, 5114bp and F-R1, 295bp. Phenylalanine hydroxylase exon 13 was amplified (428bp) as internal positive control. M, DNA ladder; P, patient DNA; C, template negative control. Panels C-E, the novel EDARADD IVS2+1G>A 5' splice site mutation disrupts exon 2 splicing. Panel C, diagrammatic representation of pCAS splicing assay vector; both EDARADD exon 2 PCR products (mutant and wild type; location of the 5' splice site mutation is indicated by an asterisk) were cloned into the intron separating exons A and B. Panel D, agarose gel analysis of RT-PCR performed using primer pair RTF and RTR separately for HeLa cell transfectants generated from pCAS vector and from both recombinant constructs. Sequencing electropherograms depicting exon-exon junctions generated due to activation of authentic (for wild type transfectants) and cryptic (for mutant transfectants) splice sites are also shown separately for each RT-PCR product. Lane M, 100 bp DNA ladder; EA and EB, pCAS vector exons A and B respectively; E2 and I2, EDARADD exon 2 and intron 2 respectively. Panel E, location of the two cryptic 5'-splice sites (underlined) identified in this study with respect to EDARADD exon 2. The mutation affecting the first base of intron 2 is also indicated.

APC, TP53 and KRAS and in additional genes including MUC6 and SYNE1 (Fig. 2C).

**Genetic disorders:** We mapped the break point of the HED-causing *EDA-A1* large deletion using PCR-DNA sequencing (Fig. 3A-B) and also characterized the novel homozygous C.120+1G>A (IVS2+1G>A) *EDARADD* IVS2+1G>A 5'-splice site mutation using ex vivo splicing assays (Fig. 3C-E). In addition, we identified an HED causing novel autosomal dominant *EDAR* p.L397H missense mutation.

#### **Future plans and directions**

- Characterization of role of PAR6G in PAR complex.
- 2. Characterization of Ca<sup>2+</sup>/NFAT signalling pathway driving Wnt- rectal cancer.
- Validation of novel exonic mutations identified in Wnt- rectal cancer.
- Characterization of selected mutations affecting transcript stability/processing identified through screening of various genetic disorders.

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#### LABORATORY OF NEUROSPORA GENETICS

A transmission ratio distortion in crosses with hybrid Neurospora translocation strains flags a putative Bateson-Dobzhansky-Muller Incompatibility between *N. crassa* and *N. tetrasperma* genes

Faculty DP Kasbekar Haldane Chair

PhD student Dev Ashish Giri SRF

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K Sreethi Reddy Technical Assistant Rekha S Technical Assistant

Angela Sharma Research Assistant (till Feb. 2016)

#### **Objectives**

(1) One objective of our research is to screen for nucleus-limited genes in fungi. Nuclei bearing a null allele  $(\Delta)$  of a nucleus-limited gene fail to be complemented by wild-type (WT) nuclei in a  $[(WT) + (\Delta)]$  heterokaryon. No nucleus-limited gene has yet been reported in the literature, but the phenotype of some fungal mutants suggests that they may be caused by mutations in such genes.

Introgression is the transfer of genes or genomic regions from one species into another via hybridization and back-crosses. By introgressing insertional translocations from Neurospora crassa into the related species N. tetrasperma we can make hybrid translocation strains (designated as  $T^{Nt}$ ) whose genome is nominally from N. tetrasperma, except at the N. crassa-derived translocation breakpoint junctions. In  $T \times N$  crosses (T = translocation, N = normal sequence strain, the chromosomes can segregate either via alternate (ALT) or adjacent-1 (ADJ) segregation (Figure 1). In N. crassa, ALT produces eight viable parental-type progeny (i.e., 4T + 4N), and if the translocation is insertional, ADJ produces eight progeny with a viable duplication or its complementary inviable deficiency (i.e., 4Dp + 4Df). Since ALT and ADJ are equally likely, a T x N cross produces equal numbers of viable T, N, and Dp progeny. In contrast, N. tetrasperma  $T^{Nt}$  x N crosses normally produce four viable heterokaryotic [TNt + M ascospores following ALT, or four viable heterokaryotic [Dp + Df] ascospores following ADJ (Figure 2). Heterokaryotic [Dp + Df] strains were never previously made in any species. The [Dp + Df] and [T + N] heterokaryons share identical genes and hence should have the same phenotype. However, if they differ in phenotype, then it could indicate that one or more 'nucleuslimited' gene is absent from the Df nuclei.

(2) A second objective of our research is to understand why most wild-isolated N. crassa strains appear to suppress meiotic silencing by unpaired DNA (MSUD) in crosses with tester strains derived in the standard laboratory Oak Ridge (OR) background. We hypothesized that sequence heterozygosity between the wild and OR genomes might cause one or more MSUD gene to become unpaired and silence itself, and douse the MSUD machinery. The wild-isolated Bichpuri-1 a (B) and Spurger A (S) strains are relatively strong suppressors of MSUD. Using these strains we constructed novel isogenic mat-A and mat-a strain pair in which new MSUD testers can be made to test for MSUD in testerheterozygous crosses but otherwise isogenic for the B/S background.

## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

(1) Insertional translocations (IT) transfer a segment from a donor chromosome into a recipient chromosome and create three breakpoint junctions, viz, "A" on the donor chromosome, and "B" and "C" (proximal and distal) on the recipient chromosome (Figure 1). We had previously defined the breakpoint junctions of several N. crassa ITs. This enabled us to use PCR with breakpoint junction-specific primers to distinguish between the T, N and Dp progeny from T x N crosses, and allowed us to introgress four ITs (EB4, IBj5, UK14-1, and B362i) into N. tetrasperma to construct the corresponding [T + M and [Dp + Df] heterokaryon strains. Selfcrossing the heterokaryons again yielded [T + N]and [Dp + Df] progeny. The two heterokaryons types were distinguishable; [T + N] produced homokaryotic (self-sterile) conidial derivatives of

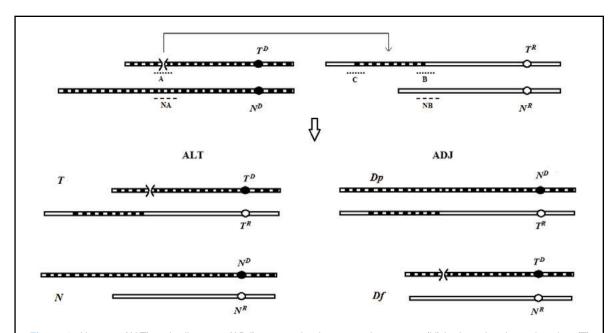


Figure 1. Alternate (ALT) and adjacent-1 (ADJ) segregation in a normal sequence (N) by insertional translocation (T) cross.  $T^{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $T^{\mathcal{R}}$  designate the translocation donor and recipient chromosomes and  $N^{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $N^{\mathcal{R}}$  are their N-derived homologues. The A, B, and C breakpoint junctions are indicated by the dotted lines, and dashed lines NA and NB indicate segments in the normal sequence homologues that are disrupted in the translocation chromosomes. In ALT,  $T^{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $T^{\mathcal{R}}$  segregate to one spindle pole and  $N^{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $N^{\mathcal{R}}$  to the other. Subsequently, meiosis II and post-meiotic mitosis generate eight parental-type nuclei, viz. 4T + 4N. In ADJ,  $N^{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $T^{\mathcal{R}}$  segregate to one pole and  $T^{\mathcal{D}}$  and  $N^{\mathcal{R}}$  to the other, to eventually produce eight non-parental nuclei, 4Dp + 4Df. The T, N, and Dp types are viable, whereas the Df type is inviable. T progeny contain the A, B, and C breakpoints, Dp contain B and C but not A, and N contain none.

both mating types, whereas [Dp + Df] produced viable conidial homokaryons of only the mating type of the Dp nucleus. To our best knowledge this was the first introgression of translocations from one species into another. Interestingly, the Df nuclei in the [Dp + Df] heterokaryons derived from introgression of T(B362i) appeared to have an apparent nucleus-limited deficit for packaging into vegetative spores (conidia). The work was published in G3 5: 1263-1272 (June 2015).

Additionally, we found that the  $T(IBj5)^{Nt}a \times EA$  and  $T(B362i)^{Nt}A \times Ea$  crosses did not produce any asci with more than four black (viable) ascospores. We call this the "max-4 phenotype". We hypothesized that these crosses had become homozygous for a mutation that specifically affected alternate segregation, and did not affect adjacent-1 segregation. The hypothesis was based on the fact that the C4, T4 a strain used to construct the  $T^{Nt}$  strains and the E strains shared the same genetic background. Consequently, a subset of  $T^{Nt} \times E$  crosses could have become homozygous for a mutation for the max-4 phenotype.

(2) MSUD eliminates the transcripts of any gene that is not properly paired with its homolog in meiosis, via an RNAi-mediated process. The :: r, ::Bml and ::mei-3 tester strains contain a copy of the r (Round ascospores), Bml ( $\beta$ -tubulin) or mei-3 gene inserted ectopically in the his-3 locus on chromosome 1. In the cross of a tester with an OR strain of opposite mating type, the ectopic copy is unpaired in meiosis and induces the synthesis of MSUD-associated small interfering RNA (masiRNA) which silences it and its paired native homologs and results in ascus or ascospore abnormalities. Homozygous tester A x tester a crosses do not show MSUD, nor do crosses of the testers with the semidominant Sad suppressors of meiotic silencing. and the asci and ascospores develop normally. The suppressor alleles prevent the proper pairing of their wild-type homologues and induce them to autogenously silence themselves. We hypothesized that sequence polymorphism between the tester and wild genomes also might cause one or more gene essential for MSUD to become unpaired, silence itself, and suppress MSUD. To test this we want to make new testers

in an isogenic *mat a* and *mat A* background derived from the MSUD suppressing wild-isolates Bichpuri-1 a and Spurger *A*. A tester-heterozygous cross in this otherwise isogenic B/S background is predicted to display MSUD.

In the B/S line we mutated the *mus-51* gene needed for non-homologous end joining (NHEJ). In the mus-51 mutant, transforming DNA can integrate only via homologous recombination, and would allow us to create well-defined reporter strains. The native r<sup>+</sup> gene is 3.3 kb long and located on chromosome I. A 2.3 kb 3' fragment (ref) was joined to the hph cassette by double-joint PCR to create the 4.1 kb *r*<sup>ef</sup>-hph fusion construct. This construct is being used to transform the B/S mus-51 mutant, and transformants selected on hygromycin medium would correspond to the ::r2 tester made by others in the OR background. When a strain carrying ::r2 is crossed to an OR strain of opposite mating type, most of the ascospores are round, indicating that ::r2 is detected as unpaired in such crosses, whereas when a strain carrying :: r2 is crossed to a strain carrying the same :: r2, very few round spores are produced, indicating that the :: r2 constructs are paired in such crosses. We will mimic these crosses with our new ::r2-like tester in the B/S background.

## Progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

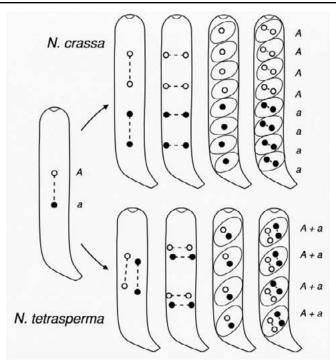
(1) To test the hypothesis that the max-4 phenotype is due to homozygosity for a mutation common to the  $T(IBj5)^{Nt}a$ ,  $T(B362i)^{Nt}A$ , E a, and E A strains, we crossed the E strains with wild-type N. tetrasperma strains of the opposite mating type, and obtained the f1 progeny. The wild type strains did not show the max-4 phenotype in crosses with  $T(IBj5)^{Nt}a$  or  $T(B362i)^{Nt}A$ , nevertheless all the f1 progeny showed the max-4 phenotype in crosses with the T(IBj5)Nta or T(B362i)<sup>Nt</sup>A strain. This suggested that they all had inherited the mutation from the E parent, and that none had inherited the homologous wild type allele. However, examination of the f1 progeny for molecular markers polymorphic between the *E* and the wild type strains revealed independent segregation of all the seven chromosomes, rendering the hypothesis of a recessive mutation underlying the max-4 phenotype untenable. Further studies (described below) revealed that the max-4 phenotype might be caused by a Bateson-Dobzhansky-Muller incompatibility between N. crassa and N. tetrasperma genes.

Occasionally, in *N. tetrasperma* ascus development a heterokaryotic ascospore is replaced by a pair of smaller homokaryotic ascospores. replacement is increased in crosses with the dominant Eight-spore mutant, and can generate up to eight homokaryotic ascospores; either 4T (black) + 4N (black), or 4Dp (black) + 4Df(white). We found that far more *Dp* progeny were produced than T and N types in the homokaryotic progeny from crosses of some  $T^{Nt}$  strains with N type N. tetrasperma strains. This type of transmission ratio distortion is novel because it appears to disfavor only the homokaryotic products from ALT relative to ADJ, and it was specific to the homokaryotic progeny and did not affect the [Dp + Df] / [T + N] heterokaryon ratio. We hypothesized that a *N. crassa* gene might have triggered a Bateson-Dobzhansky-Muller incompatibility in the N. tetrasperma genetic background, producing insufficiency for a presumptive ascospore maturation factor. This could induce a "tragedy of the commons" in asci with >4 viable ascospores, and cause none of the ascospores to properly mature. Note that an increase in ascospore numbers because heterokaryotic ascospores replaced by pairs of homokaryotic ascospores can happen only in [T + M] asci and not in [Dp]+ *Df*] asci. The transmission ratio distortion can potentially deplete the supply of homokaryotic T progeny well before the introgression crosses advance sufficiently to produce any selffertile heterokaryons. This can undermine the introgression efforts.

The Bateson-Dobzhansky-Muller incompatibility accounts for the max-4 phenotype in the T(IBj5)Nt a x E A and T(B362i)NtA x E a crosses, but how do we explain the apparent absence of the max-4 phenotype in crosses of T(IBj5)Nta or T(B362i)Nt A with wild type N. tetrasperma? Crosses of  $T(IBj5)^{Nt}a$  and  $T(B362i)^{Nt}A$  with the wild type strains also showed transmission ratio distortion, in that they produced more homokaryotic Dp progeny than T and N types. To investigate this anomaly, we collected asci from the  $T(IBj5)^{Nt}$ a x 85A and  $T(B362i)^{Nt}A$  x 85a crosses onto water agar. The majority of asci were fourspored, but we could pick the rare eight-spored asci and use PCR to determine the genotype of cultures obtained following germination of their black ascospores. Unexpectedly, we found the ascospores from the 8B:0W asci had [T+N], [Dp + Df, or [N + Dp] heterokaryotic genotypes, and some were also heterokaryotic for mating type.

Ordinarily, eight-spored asci are not expected to yield any heterokaryons because each ascospore receives one of the eight nuclei generated via the post-meiotic mitosis. We suggest that in a subset of asci the nuclei must undergo additional

rounds of mitosis before partitioning into the eight ascospores, which effectively masks the max-4 phenotype. This abnormality might be peculiar to crosses of the hybrid translocation strains with the wild type *N. tetrasperma*.



**Figure 2.** Ascus development in *Neurospora crassa* and *N. tetrasperma*. Fusion of the parental haploid *mat A* and *mat a* nuclei (respectively, open and filled circles) produces a diploid zygote nucleus that undergoes meiosis (leftmost panel shows meiosis I, *mat A* and *mat a* show first division segregation) and a post-meiotic mitosis (third panels from left) to generate eight haploid progeny nuclei (4 *mat A*, + 4 *mat a*). In *N. crassa* (upper panels), these nuclei are partitioned into eight initially uninucleate ascospores formed per ascus, whereas in *N. tetrasperma* (lower panels) the asci make four initially binucleate ascospores, each receiving a pair of non-sister nuclei (1 *mat A* + 1 *mat a*). *N. crassa* ascospores produce homokaryotic mycelia of *mat A* or *mat a* mating type that can mate only with mycelia derived from another ascospore of the opposite mating type. In contrast, dikaryotic [*mat A* + *mat a*] *N. tetrasperma* mycelia can undergo a self-cross. Occasionally, in *N. tetrasperma* a pair of smaller homokaryotic ascospores can replace one or more dikaryotic ascospore. The dominant *Eight-spore* (*E*) mutant increases such replacement, and can generate asci with up to eight ascospores. *N. tetrasperma* dikaryotic mycelia also produce some homokaryotic conidia (vegetative spores) by chance, and mycelia from homokaryotic conidia and ascospores can out-cross with like mycelia of the opposite mating type. (Figure adapted from N. B. Raju and D. D. Perkins, Genetics 129: 25-37, 1991.)

(2) Our attempts to transform the B/S mus-51 mutant to hygromycin-resistance using the  $r^{ef}$ -hph fusion DNA made by double-joint PCR have not yet been successful and we are continuing with these efforts.

#### **Publications**

1. Giri, D. A., Rekha, S., and Kasbekar, D. P. (2015) Neurospora heterokaryons with complementary duplications and deficiencies in their constituent nuclei provide an approach to identify nucleus-limited genes. *G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics* 5: 1263-1272.

#### **Other Publications**

- 1. Kasbekar, D. P. (2015) What have we learned by doing transformations in *Neurospora tetrasperma?* In: Genetic Transformation Systems in Fungi, Volume 2. Edited by M. A. van den Berg and K. Maruthachalam, Springer, Switzerland. Pages 47-52.
- 2. Kasbekar, D. P. (2016) Editorial. Long-drawnout story. *Journal of Biosciences* 41: 1
- 3. Kasbekar, D. P. (2016) Obaid Siddiqi's study of the PABA1 gene of the fungus *Aspergillus nidulans*. *INSA Special Volume on Obaid Siddiqi*.

#### LABORATORY OF PLANT-MICROBE INTERACTIONS

Understanding virulence mechanisms of *Xanthomonas* plant pathogens and interaction with host plants

Faculty Subhadeep Chatterjee Staff Scientist

PhD Students Rikky Rai Senior Research Fellow (Till March 2016)

Sheo Shankar Pandey
Akanksha Kakkar
Raj Kumar Verma
Biswajit Samal
Prashantee Singh
Senior Research Fellow
Junior Research Fellow
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Senior Research Fellow

Yasobanta Padhi Junior Research Fellow (Since 20.07.2015)

Other Members Binod Bihari Pradhan Technical officer

L Santhosh Kumar Project JRF (Till November 2015)

Pradeep Kumar Patnana Project JRF N Saraswathi Project JRF

#### **Objectives**

 Identification and characterization of virulence factors of Xanthomonas;

- 2. Role of cell-cell communication in *Xanthomonas* colonization and virulence;
- 3. Function of protein secretion system in *Xanthomonas* and role in virulence; and
- 4. Role of PAMP in pathogen recognition and plant defense response

# Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (April 1, 2014 – March 31, 2015)

Cell-cell communication mediated by diffusible signal factor (DSF) plays an important role in virulence of several Xanthomonas group of plant pathogens. In the bacterial pathogen of rice, Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzicola, DSF is required for virulence and in planta growth. Our results also indicate that requirement of iron uptake strategies to utilize either Fe3+ or Fe2+ form of iron for colonization may vary substantially among closely related members of the Xanthomonas group of plant pathogens. Apart from iron, we have identified novel role of DSF in regulating Type III secretion system which is required for pathogenicity of Xanthomonas. DSF deficient rpfF mutant are exhibit reduced Hypersensitive Response (HR) and reduced expression of Type III secretion components and effectors.

In future, we want to study the mechanism of DSF sensing which controls iron uptake and

regulatory mechanisms, which are involved in DSF regulated traits such as Type III secretion, attachment and biofilm formation.

We have shown that bacteria exhibit reversible non gebnetic heterogeneity in QS. We have proposed a model based on our studies and evolutionary theory, which predicts that phenotypic heterogeneity maintaining performing social tasks is advantageous as it can serve as a bet-hedging survival strategy. Our results have shown that bacteria maintain stochastic reversible phenotypic heterogeneity during a widely conserved QS-response that is involved in coordinating multiple social behaviors. In general, it appears that QS- mutants exhibit growth disadvantage at early log phase and compromised viability at late stationary phase. Our transcriptome analysis by microarray and translation assays indicate that QS promotes transition to stationary phase by slowing down the metabolism (transcription and translation), as an anticipation of stationary-phase stress.

Details of the progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

Project 1: Role of *xanthoferrin*, the  $\alpha$ -hydroxy carboxylate type siderophore of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *campestris* in virulence.

Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris causes black rot, a serious disease of crucifers. Xanthomonads encodes a siderophore biosynthesis and uptake gene cluster xss (Xanthomonas

siderophore <u>synthesis</u>) involved in production of a vibrioferrin type of siderophore. However, little is known about the role of siderophore in iron uptake and virulence of *X. campestris* pv. *campestris*. In this study, we show that *X. campestris* pv. *campestris* produces an  $\alpha$ -hydroxy carboxylate type of siderophore (named xanthoferrin), which is required for growth under low-iron condition and optimum virulence (Fig. 1). A mutation in the siderophore

synthesis xssA gene causes deficiency in siderophore production and growth under low-iron conditions. In contrast, the siderophore utilization  $\Delta xsuA$  mutant was able to produce siderophore but exhibited a defect to utilize siderophore-iron complex. Our radiolabelled iron uptake studies confirmed that the  $\Delta xsuA$  and  $\Delta xsuA$  mutants exhibited defects in ferric iron uptake. The  $\Delta xsuA$  mutant was able to utilize and transport exogenous xanthoferrin-Fe³+ complex,

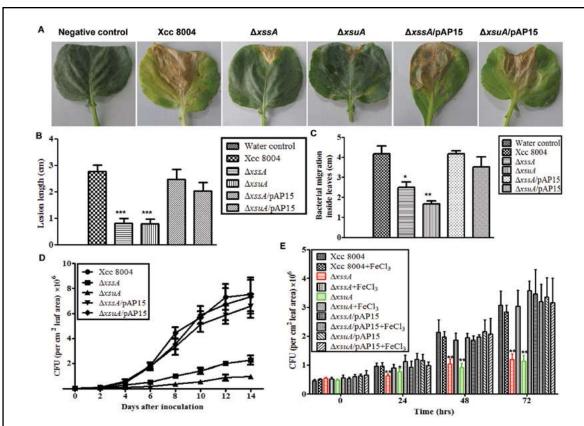
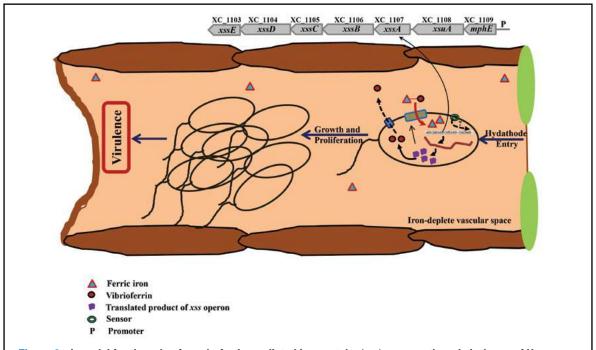


Figure 1. The  $\Delta xsuA$  and  $\Delta xsuA$  mutants are deficient in virulence and growth inside cabbage.

- (A) Infected cabbage leaves (Indian Super Hybrid variety) with wild-type Xcc 8004, ΔxssA, ΔxssA, ΔxssA/pAP15 and ΔxsuA//pAP15 strains showing lesion symptoms after 21 days post inoculation. Bacterial cultures (1 X 10<sup>9</sup> cells/ml suspension) were inoculated into 30-days old plants by clip method.
- (B) Quantification of lesion length at 21 days post inoculation. 25 leaves were inoculated per strain.
- (C) Five days post-inoculation bacterial migration in host leaves was assayed by inoculating 1cm pieces of infected leaves, cut from base to tip, on PSA plate with respective antibiotics Migration was estimated by observing colonies formed after 1 to 3 days by the bacterial ooze from the cut ends of cabbage leaf pieces. For each experiment 6 leaves were used (three independent experiments).
- (D) In planta growth assays of wild-type Xcc 8004, \( \Delta xsuA, \( \Delta xsuA, \( \Delta xsuA/\text{pAP15} \) and \( \Delta xsuA/\text{pAP15} \) strains. Bacterial populations were measured by crushing the leaves of 1cm2 areas for each and serial dilution plating at the indicated post inoculation days. For each experiment 6 leaves were used (three independent experiments).
- (E) Detached leaves assay with exogenous iron supplementation. Different Xcc strains were inoculated to detached cabbage leaves by clip method. The leaves were maintained in 1 μg/ml of Benzyl amino purine (BAP; first generation synthetic cytokinin) and with or without 50 μM FeCl<sub>3</sub> supplementation. Bacterial populations were determined from 1 cm² leaf area at the indicated post inoculation days.

Data shown in the graphs are mean  $\pm$  S.E. (n=3). \* indicate p-value < 0.05; \*\* Indicate p-value < 0.01 and \*\*\* indicate p-value < 0.001 significance difference between the data obtained from mutants and the data obtained from wild type and complementing strains by paired student t-test.



**Figure 2.** A model for the role of xanthoferrin mediated iron uptake *in planta* growth and virulence of Xcc. Xcc 8004 is a vascular pathogen which generally enters through the leaves hydathodes and migrates through vascular space. Inside the host, vascular spaces are iron-limiting which induce the expression of xss cluster. The xanthoferrin synthesis and release occurs in the vascular space to chelate ferric iron. The Fe<sup>3+</sup>-xanthoferrin complexes are taken by bacteria through the porin made up of a membrane protein complex including TonB dependent receptor, TonB, ExbB, ExbD, ABC transporter and ATPase. Ferric irons reduce to ferrous iron by ferric reductases. Further, the iron is assimilated in various biological functions which contribute to bacterial growth, survival and subsequent disease establishment.

in contrast, the siderophore utilization or uptake mutant  $\Delta x s u A$  exhibited defects in siderophore uptake. Expression analysis of xss operon using a chromosomal *qusA* fusion indicates that the xss operon is expressed during in planta growth and under low-iron conditions. Furthermore, exogenous iron supplementation in the cabbage leaves rescued the in planta growth deficiency of  $\Delta x s u A$  and  $\Delta x s u A$  mutants. Our study reveals that the siderophore xanthoferrin is an important virulence factor of X. campestris pv. campestris which promote in planta growth by sequestering ferric iron (Fig. 1). On the basis of our study, we have proposed a model which elucidate the role of xanthoferrin mediated iron uptake in establishing pathogenesis of Xcc under low -iron environment inside host (Fig. 2). Xcc encounters iron depleted environment inside the host, which triggers the expression of xanthoferrin synthesis and uptake genes. Xanthoferrin then released outside the bacterial cell where it starts scavenging ferric iron and eventually gets transported inside as xanthoferrin-Fe3+ complex through TonB dependent transporters and its auxiliary proteins

ExbB and ExbD. Subsequent ferric reduction occurs inside the bacterial cell to convert Fe<sup>3+</sup> to easily utilizable Fe<sup>2+</sup> form, which is used by bacteria for various metabolic activities during growth and infection.

# Project 2: Role of XadM, a novel adhesin of Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae in virulence and biofilm formation.

We had previously identified a novel 5.241-kb open reading frame (ORF) named xadM that is required for optimum virulence and colonization. This ORF encodes a protein, XadM, of 1,746 amino acids that exhibits significant similarity to Rhs family proteins. The XadM protein contains several repeat domains similar to a wall-associated surface protein of Bacillus subtilis, which has been proposed to be involved in carbohydrate binding. We have shown that XadM is required for virulence, attachment and biofilm formation in Xoo (Fig.3). This was the first report of a role for XadM, an Rhs family protein, in adhesion and virulence of any pathogenic bacteria. In order to gain insight into the role of different domain and regions of XadM in virulence and attachment we have made a series of N-terminal and C-terminal deletion constructs and have performed complementation analysis. The predicted XadM protein (1746 amino acid) exhibits significant similarity to RHS repeat-associated core domain (1.08e–26), RHS repeat domain (pfam 05593), and RhsA (COG3209; 8.75e–17), which is also present in the wall associated surface protein (WASP) from *Bacillus subtilis* 168. XadM protein contains at least 18 repeats with the consensus gxxvyYDxxg. Among these extensive repeat regions, three repeats

with the consensus sequence motif [Gxxxx(Y or F)xYDxxG] are similar to the WAPA motif present in a WASP of *B. subtilis*. Deletion analysis indicated that both the N-terminal and central domain is required for XadM function. Further, to study the contribution of different domains of XadM, we have expressed the N terminal, RHS domain and the C-terminal domain in *E. coli* and have raised polyclonal antibody. In future, we are interested in more detail molecular characterization of XadM like Rhs family proteins and their role in virulence.

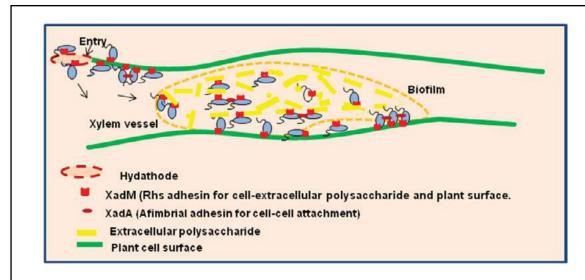


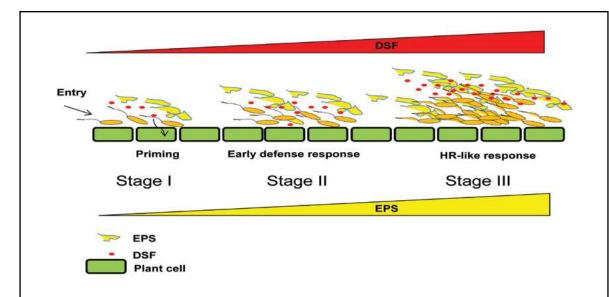
Figure 3. Proposed model for the role of XadM in biofilm formation and virulence of Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae. xadM is expressed in the presence of plant cell wall material (cellulose, xylan) and is required for the attachment of bacteria on hydathodal openings. XadM is required for attachment of the cell with extracellular polysaccharide and with the xylem vessel and promote biofilm formation inside xylem.

## Project 3: Role of DSF in inducing innate immunity in plants

Several secreted and surface associated conserved microbial molecules are recognized by host to mount the defense response. One among evolutionarily well conserved bacterial processes is the production of cell-cell signaling molecules which regulates production of multiple virulence functions by a process known as quorum sensing. In this study we have shown that a bacterial fatty acid cell-cell signaling molecule, DSF (diffusible signal factor) elicits innate immunity in plants. The DSF families of signaling molecules are highly conserved among many phytopathogenic bacteria belonging to genus Xanthomonas as well as in opportunistic animal pathogens. Using Arabidopsis, Nicotiana benthamiana and rice as model systems, we show that DSF induces hypersensitivity reaction (HR)-like response, programmed cell death, the accumulation of autofluorescent compounds, hydrogen peroxide production and induced expression of the PATHOGENESIS-RELATED1 (PR-1) Furthermore, production of the DSF signaling molecule in *Pseudomonas syringae*, a non-DSF producing plant pathogen, induces the innate immune response in Nicotiana benthamiana host plant and also affects pathogen growth. By performing pre-and co-inoculation of DSF, we have demonstrated that the DSF induced plant defense reduces disease severity and pathogen growth in the host plant. In this study, we further demonstrate that the wild type Xanthomonas campestris suppress the DSF induced innate immunity by secreting xanthan, the main component of extracellular polysaccharide. Our results indicate that plants have evolved to recognize a widely conserved bacterial communication system and may have played a role in the co-evolution of host recognition of the pathogen and the communication machinery.

We propose a model that elucidates the functional interplay between diffusible signaling factor (DSF) and extracellular polysaccharide (EPS) in *Xanthomonas*-plant interaction (Fig. 4). At the initial stage of infection and colonization (stage I), Xcc gains entry through hydathodes or stomata and colonize in the xylem vessel. At this stage (low-cell density; stage I), the production of DSF and EPS is low. At lower concentrations of DSF (presumably <10  $\mu$ M), DSF may be involved in priming (sensitization) plants for cell wall-based

defense mechanism, which may influence MTI ( MAMP triggered immunity) mediated by MAMP's such as flagillin or LPS. MTI is further suppressed by Type III secretion system effectors. In stage II, there is increase in Xcc cell number, which is associated with increased production of DSF and EPS. Increased DSF level (20 µM or above). induces an early plant defense response (callose deposition), which is suppressed by EPS. At a late stage of infection (stage III), high level of DSF is produced (50 to 100  $\mu$ M) due to further in planta growth of Xcc. This may lead to further increase in the production of EPS, a virulence associated factor positively regulated by DSF. High EPS level can suppress plant defense response provoked by DSF including early HR -like symptoms.



**Figure 4.** Proposed model for functional interplay between diffusible signaling factor (DSF) and extracellular polysaccharide (EPS) in *Xanthomonas*-plant interaction. At the initial stage of infection and colonization (stage I), Xcc gains entry through hydathodes or stomata and colonize in the xylem vessel. At this stage (at low-cell density; stage I), the production of DSF and EPS is low. At lower concentrations of DSF (10 μM or less), presumably, DSF may be involved in priming (sensitization) plants for MTI (MAMP triggered immunity) mediated by MAMP's such as flagellin or LPS (lipopolysaccharide). MTI is further suppressed by Type III secretion system effectors. At stage II, there is increase in Xcc cell number, which is associated with increased production of DSF and EPS. Increased DSF level (20 μM or above) induces an early plant defense response (callose deposition), which is suppressed by EPS. At a late stage of infection (stage III), there is a further increase in cell density due to growth of Xcc in planta. Due to high cell density, high level of DSF is produced (50 to 100 μM). This may lead to further increase in the production of EPS, a virulence associated factor positively regulated by DSF. High EPS level can suppress plant defense response provoked by DSF including early HR –like symptoms.

#### **Publications**

 Kakkar A, Nizampatnam NR, Kondreddy A, Pradhan BB, Chatterjee S (2015) Xanthomonas campestris cell-cell signalling molecule DSF (diffusible signal factor) elicits innate immunity in plants and is suppressed by the exopolysaccharide xanthan. Journal

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 Rai R, Javvadi S, Chatterjee S (2015) Cellcell signalling promotes ferric iron uptake in *Xanthomonas oryzae* pv. *oryzicola* that contribute to its virulence and growth inside rice. *Molecular Microbiology*. Vol. 96: 708-727.

#### LABORATORY OF TRANSCRIPTION

Mechanism of transcription termination and antitermination in Escherichia coli

Faculty	Ranjan Sen	Staff Scientist
PhD Students	Sourabh Mishra Mohd Zuhaib Qayyum V Vishalini Gairika Ghosh Richa Gupta Md. Hafeezunnisha Chetan Amin	Senior Research fellow (till May, 2015) Senior Research fellow (till February, 2016) Senior Research fellow Senior Research fellow Junior Research fellow Junior Research fellow Junior Research fellow (Since February, 2016)
Other Members	Sudha Kalayni Shweta Singh Pallabi Maitra Sonia Agrawal Sapna Godavarthi M Jayavardhan Reddy	Post-doctoral Fellow (Until September, 2015) Post-doctoral Fellow Post-doctoral Fellow (Since November, 2015) Project Assistant (Since Feb, 2015) Technical Officer Technical Assistant
Collaborators	Prof. Udayaditya Sen Dr Jayanta Mukhopadhyay Prof Akira Ishihama	SINP, Kolkata Bose Institute, Kolkata Hosei University, Japan.

#### **Objectives**

Fundamental questions in the area of mechanism of transcription termination and antitermination processes in bacteria is still not very clear and offers an exciting subject for study. In my laboratory, we have undertaken following studies. 1) Mechanism of action of transcription termination factor, Rho.2) Molecular basis of Rho-NusG interaction.3) Mechanism of conversion of NusA into an antiterminator by N. 4) Establishing inhibition of Rho-dependent termination by Rho proteins from different bacteria by the anti-rho factor, Psu.5) In vivo cross-talks between Rho dependent termination and other biological processes. 6) Isolating myco-bacteriocidal factors from the mycobacteriophages using metagenomics approaches.

## Summary of the work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

 We have shown that the antiterminator protein, N, upon interacting at the RNA-exit channel of the transcription elongation complex, transforms NusA into an antiterminator by modulating NusA- RNA polymerase flap domain interactions. We proposed that in addition to affecting the RNA exit channel and the active center of the EC, β-flap domain rearrangement is also a mechanistic component in the N antitermination process (NAR, 2015).

NusA is an essential protein that binds to RNA polymerase (RNAP) and also to the nascent RNA, and influences transcription by inducing pausing and facilitating transcription termination /antitermination. Its involvement in Rho-dependent transcription termination has been perceived, but the molecular nature of this involvement is not known. Our data strongly argued in favor of a direct competition between NusA and Rho for the access of specific sites on the nascent transcripts in different parts of the genome. We propose that this competition enables NusA to function as a global antagonist of the Rho function, which is unlike its role as a facilitator of hairpin-dependent termination (JBC, 2016).

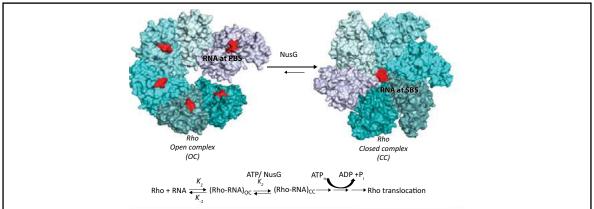
## Details of the progress in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015- March 31, 2016)

 A) Molecular basis of NusG-mediated regulation of Rho-dependent transcription termination in bacteria

The bacterial transcription elongation factor NusG stimulates the Rho-dependent transcription termination through a direct interaction with Rho. The mechanistic basis of the NusG-dependency of the Rho-function is not known. Here, we describe Rho\* mutants, I168V, R221C/A, P235H

that do not require NusG for their termination function. These Rho\* mutants have acquired new properties, which otherwise would have been imparted by NusG. A detailed analyses revealed that they have more stable interactions at the secondary RNA binding sites of Rho, which reduced the lag in initiating its ATPase as well as the translocase activities. These more stable interactions arose from the significant spatial re-orientations of the P, Q and R structural loops of the Rho central channel. We propose

that NusG imparts similar conformational changes in the central channel of Rho, yielding faster isomerization of the open to the closed hexameric states of the latter during its RNA-loading step. This acceleration stabilizes the Rho-RNA interactions at many terminators having sub-optimal rut sites, thus making Rho-NusG interactions so essential in vivo. Finally, identification of the NusG binding sites on the Rho hexamer led us to conclude that the former exerts its effect allosterically (figure 1).



**Figure 1.** Cartoon showing the kinetic / equilibrium steps during the conversion of open (OC) to closed complex (CC) of the Rho hexamer. Putative step(s) those are targeted by NusG are indicated. ATP-binding and hydrolysis steps are also shown. Hexameric structures were based on the co-ordinates using the PDBs, 3ICE & 1PVO, respectively.

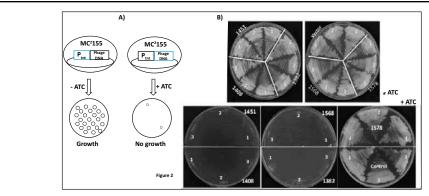
## B) Myco-bacteriophage metagenomics technique to isolate novel myco-bactericidal factors.

Myco-bacteriophages are the phages that specifically use mycobacteria as host. They code numerous protein factors capable of modulating host machineries for their own growth advantages. Thousands of mycobacteriophages have been isolated using a single host strain, *M. smegmatis mc2155*, and about 1000 of which have been now sequenced (http://phagesdb. org). Myco-bacteriophages code for large number of novel genes that are unrelated to any known genes with unknown function. Thus these are reservoirs of new proteins as well as could be utilized to source novel myco-bacteriocidal factors.

Through phage metagenomics, we intend to identify and characterize novel protein factors from the mycobacteriophages, which are capable of killing mycobacterium upon expression in mycobacteria. These proteins may function as precursors for designing new therapeutic peptide-inhibitors of *M. tb.* 

In our initial attempts, we decided to create a mixed phages genome library using few available

completely sequenced phages (Bethlehem, Che9c, Che9d, Che12, D29, L5, I3 and TM4). Phages genomes were isolated and sonicated to obtain desired size of DNA fragments (≈ 1 kb or ~2 kb) to construct genome library in a pST-KT vector (an E. coli - M. smegmatis. shuttle vector) under the tetracycline inducible expression system. This library was screened in the M. smegmatis strain mc2155. In an initial attempt about 3000 colonies were screened and re-streaked on inducible (Anhydrous tetracycline, ATC) and non-inducible (in absence of ATC) plates. Colonies those did not grow on in the presence of tetracycline were selected. Plasmids from these colonies were isolated and were sequenced to identify the phage genes, expression of which killed the M. smegmatis (Figure 2 and table 1). Our initial data revealed that gp89 of phage D29, gp79, gp80 of the phage Bethlehem and gp49 and gp50 of the phage Che12 are responsible for lethality. These gene products are unique to mycobacteriophages and their functions are not yet identified. Further work is in progress for characterization of these candidate genes.



**Figure 2.** A) Cartoons showing the schematic representations of the genetic screen to isolate the clones that inhibit growth of *M. smegmatis* upon induction by ATC. B) Examples of few clones showing the growth inhibition.

**Table1:** Details of the clones that had induced lethality to *M. smegmatis* upon expression in the presence of anhydrous tetracycline (ATC) in the media:

Clones	Name of	Co-ordinate of the	Genes (gp)	Otherware
Numbers	the Phages	DNA fragments in the phage genomes	present in the DNA fragment	Other remarks
1382	Che12	48331-49870	gp91(48465-48845) gp92(48842-49078) gp93(49075-49275) gp94(49283-49549) gp95(49546-49875)	Function not known
1408	Che12	41536-43207	gp73(41464-41589) gp74(41586-41861) gp75(41858-42052) gp76(42049-42288) gp77(42296-43138)	Function not known
66	Che12	30726-312205	gp49(30727-31155) gp50(31148-31360)	Function not known
1568	Che9d	37535-39202	gp61(37582-37863) gp62(38027-38224) gp63(38221-38409) gp64(38406-38750) gp65(38751-39245)	Function not known
1451	Bethlehem	49440-50222	gp78(49415-49714) gp79(49707-49886) gp80(49883-50152) gp81(50149-50352)	Function not known
934	Bethlehem	47015-47563	gp72(47038-47499) gp73(47496-47729)	Function not known
304	Bethlehem	35185-37345	gp46(35615-36106) gp47(36136-36468) gp48(36469-36651) gp49(36648-37439)	Function not known
311	Bethlehem	36173-37054	gp47(36136-36468) gp48(36469-36651) gp49(36648-37439)	Function not known
54	D29	47322-47854	gp88(46770-47492)	Function not known

#### **Future Plans/directions**

The following projects, being pursued in the lab, are in different stages of completion. 1) Involvement of Rho in transcription coupled repair process, iii) global analyses of Rhodependent termination in different operons, iii) Testing efficacy of Psu, as an *E.coli* Rho inhibitor, iv) design of peptide-inhibitors from Psu and iv) characterization of different myco-bacteriocidal factors from mycobacteriophages.

#### **Publications**

- Mishra S and Sen R (2015). N protein from lambdoid phages transform NusA into an antiterminator by modulating NusA-RNA polymerase flap domain interactions. *Nucleic Acids Research.* 43(12):5744-58.
- 2. Qayyum M. Z., Dey D. and Sen, R. (2016). Transcription elongation factor NusA is a negative regulator of Rho-dependent termination. *Journal of Biological Chemistry*, 291(15), 8090-8108.

# ा ेि सि से | सि । प्रें / सि । प्रें Other Scientific Services / Facilities

#### LABORATORY ANIMAL FACILITY

Faculty Coordinators Rashna Bhandari Staff Scientist

Sanjeev Khosla Staff Scientist

 Other Members
 Hole Jayant Pundalik Rao
 Officer In-Charge

Sridhar Kavela Technical Officer

Sravani Edula Technical Officer (Since July 2015)

#### **Objectives**

- The main objective of the Laboratory Animal Facility (LAF) is to breed, maintain and supply laboratory animals to institutional scientists. Breeding and experimentation of all strains of mice is undertaken in individually ventilated caging systems;
- To support research programmes that promote the health and well being of people and animals by facilitating high quality and scientifically sound research with animals;
- 3. To comply with regulatory government body (CPCSEA) requirements for animal experimentation and breeding; and
- To maintain a stable and contained environment for animals and personnel working in the facility, to ensure consistent animal quality and reduce operational costs.

## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (up to March 31, 2015)

The CDFD LAF started its activities on July 1, 2011, within the premises of M/s Vimta Labs Limited, located at Genome Valley, Shameerpet, Hyderabad. Infrastructure was established to house mice in individually ventilated cages (IVCs), and conduct standard experimental procedures.

All procedures conducted on animals housed in this facility are approved by the Institutional

Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) constituted by the Committee for the Purpose of Control and Supervision of Experiments on Animals (CPCSEA), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF & CC), Govt. of India, at M/s Vimta Labs Ltd. Until March 2015, the facility housed approximately 900 mice of five different strains, and in 2014-15, users were supplied with 896 mice for IAEC approved experimentation.

## Details of the progress made in the current reporting year (April 1,2015- March 31,2016)

During this reporting year, the CDFD LAF has housed five inbred mouse strains, including *Ip6k1*, *Nnat*, C57BL/6, *FoxNI*<sup>nu</sup> and Balb/c. Mice were bred to expand the colonies and meet users' requirements. Currently this facility has approximately 629 adult and 226 newborn mice housed in 422I VC cages (Table 1). During the year, 891 mice were supplied to users for IAEC approved experimentation.

Routine IAEC approved procedures conducted on these animals include blood collection for measurement of biochemical parameters, embryo collection for the preparation of embryonic fibroblasts, tail biopsies for genotyping analysis and necropsy for histopathological analysis. Some of the experiments conducted during 2015-16 are highlighted below:

Strains	Total (Male+Female) Under Breeding (Male+Female)		Supplied during 2013-14	
lp6k1	39+30	08+16	22	
Nnat	76+71	06+06	11	
Balb/c	66+73	09+18	634	
C57BL/6	05+05	06+12	150	
Foxn1 <sup>nu</sup>	03+01	08+16	74	

Table 1. Strain-wise break up of adult mice housed at LAF as on March 31, 2016, and supplied to users during 2015-16.

- 236 Balb/c mice were injected intravenously with Candida glabrata for studies on comparative bio-burden of different Candida strains.
- 183 Balb/c mice were used to study the effect of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* protein PPE18 on LPS-induced endotoxaemia.
- 115 C57BL/6 and 40 Balb/c mice were injected with thioglycolate by intra-peritoneal route for the generation of macrophages.
- 87 Balb/c and 35 C57BL/6 mice were injected with the non-pathogenic mycobacteria, M. smegmatis, expressing some candidate Mtb proteins, to study the in vivo immunomodulatory role of these proteins.

- 74 FoxN1<sup>nu</sup> athymic mice were injected with oncogenic cell lines to study tumour progression and metastasis.
- 64 Balb/c mice and 4 Sprague Dawley rats were injected subcutaneously with protein antigens and polyclonal antibodies were generated successfully.
- 24 Balb/c mice were used to study vaginal bio-burden of Candida glabrata strains in Balb/c mice
- 22 Ip6k1mice were used for histopathological analysis.
- 11 Nnat mice were used for measurement of biochemical parameters

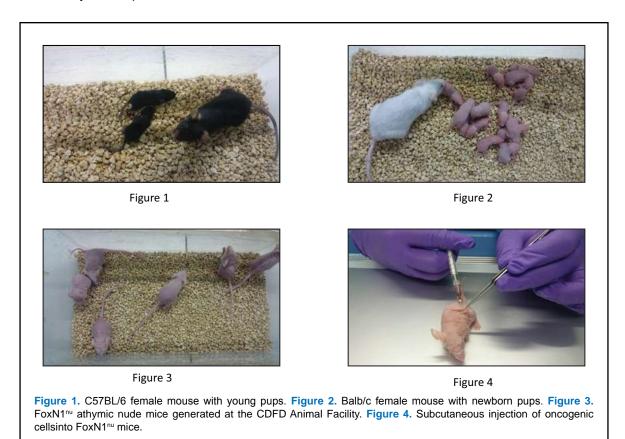
The IAEC approved projects in progress during this reporting year are mentioned in Table 2.

S. No.	Projects in progress
1	Functional analysis of Neuronatin's second intron by knockout strategy
2	Establishment and histopathological characterization of <i>lp6k1</i> knockout mice - version 2
3	Signal transduction pathway in immune cells regulating their innate and effecter functions during oxidative stress
4	Protocol for comparative bio-burden study of fifteen strains of <i>Candida glabrata</i> in Balb/c mice
5	Immunization of Balb/c mice for generation of antibodies against few purified recombinant mycobacterial proteins
6	Studying the effect of PPE /18 (Rv1196) on LPS induced endotoxaemia in mice
7	Use of nude mice in the study of tumorigenesis
8	Protocol for generation of mouse /rat polyclonal antibodies - version 2
9	Isolation of macrophages from Balb/c mice
10	Establishment of transgenic mouse model to study the role of <i>lp6k1</i> in tumorigenesis
11	Studying the immunomodulatory role of some candidate recombinantly purified proteins of mycobacteria
12	Studying the in vivo immunomodulatory role of some candidate PE/PPE proteins of <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> recombinantly over-expressed in the non-pathogenic mycobacterial strain of <i>M. smegmatis</i>
13	Studying the in vivo epigenetic role of some candidate proteins of <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> recombinantly over-expressed in the non-pathogenic mycobacterial strain of <i>M. smegmatis</i>
14	Protocol for testing tumorogenic and metastatic potential in nude mice
15	Investigating potential of <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> protein <i>PPE18</i> coated nano particles as therapy for microbial sepsis
16	Protocol for comparative vaginal bio-burden analysis of <i>Candida glabrata</i> strains in Balb/c mice
17	Protocol for comparative bio-burden analysis of Candida glabrata strains in C57BL/6 mice

Table 2. IAEC approved projects proposed by various groups at CDFD, in progress during 2015-16.

We are close to completion of CDFD's own Experimental Animal Facility which is under construction in the upcoming CDFD campus at Uppal, Hyderabad. We are working to ensure the facility's compliance with the CPCSEA

preliminary inspection report received in June 2015. We look forward to the registration of this facility with CPCSEA, and the start of operations in the near future.



#### **Future direction**

Once the CDFD Experimental Animal Facility is operational, we aim to develop cryopreservation, archiving and retrieval of transgenic mouse

strains for future use. Novel methods such as the CRISPR/Cas9 system will be developed to generate our own transgenic and knockout mice.

#### **BIOINFORMATICS**

HeadHA NagarajaramStaff ScientistOther MembersR Chandra MohanTechnical OfficerPrashanthi KattaTechnical Assistant

#### **Objectives**

- 1. To maintain various servers, workstations, PCs, printers and other peripheral devices;
- To maintain CDFD website, to provide web based services and e-mail services:
- 3. To maintain Institute-wide LAN as well as the internet connectivity:
- 4. To secure CDFD network from security threats:
- To integrate Institute's network into National and International grid computing networks;
   and
- To coordinate the procurement process of servers, workstations, PCs, laptops, printers, other peripheral devices and software required.

## Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015)

- Activities related to installation, administration and maintenance of servers which provide various services, databases and computational jobs were undertaken.
- Internet, web, email-services were provided with enhanced functionalities.
- High-end PCs, workstations, laptops, scanners and printers were procured and installed.
- PC Annual Maintenance Contract was awarded to a new vendor M/s Accel Frontline Limited.
- Existing AMC of Zimbra email server with M/s CallippusSolutions Private Ltd. was renewed.
- Upgraded zimbra email server to the latest version.
- Coordinating the process of procurement and completed the installation setup of server with workstations and backup facility for CODIS project.
- Renewed the MoU with CDAC for availing GARUDA-grid facility.

- Procured next generation firewall and is currently getting installed.
- Upgraded the BSNL internet leased line bandwidth to 25Mbps.

## Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

- Activities related to installation, administration and maintenance of servers which provide various services, databases and computational jobs were undertaken.
- Internet, web, email-services have been provided with enhanced functionalities.
- Successfully commissioned and configured the newly procured Next-generation Firewall.
- High-end PCs, workstations, laptops, scanners and printers were procured and installed.
- Existing PC Annual Maintenance Contract with M/s Accel Frontline Limited was renewed.
- Stopped outsourcing the maintenance of Zimbra Email-Server and started in-house maintenance.
- Renewed Antivirus licenses -400 Nos. for 3 years.
- Procured Microsoft Office latest verions-2016 -100Nos. for installing/upgrading the existing versions.
- Procured two HighendSuperMicro workstationsfor Next Generation Sequencing Analysis.
- Initiated the process of procurement of servers, workstations and colour printers.
- Initiated the process of setting up of internet connection and Wi-Fi enabled local network facility at newly constructed student's hostel, Uppal.
- AMC for Dell Servers was awarded to M/s Dell International Services India Pvt. Ltd. for a period of one year.

#### INSTRUMENTATION

Head Raghavendrachar J Staff Scientist

Other Members Members R N Mishra Senior Technical Officer

SD Varalaxmi Technical Officer
M Laxman Technical Officer
Satyanarayana RMK Technical Officer

T Ramakrishna Reddy Tech. Assistant

#### **Objectives**

1. To maintain repair and service all the equipment in laboratory.

- To provide pre-installation requirements for new instruments and to coordinate with the manufacturers / their agents in Installation and warranty service of the new instruments.
- To provide the reports on the newly arrived instruments and to follow up with the suppliers for short shipped items.

# Summary of work done until the beginning of this reporting year (upto March 31, 2015):

During the year 2014-15, we have installed 57 new equipments like Color Doppler Ultrasound Scanner at NIMS, Automatic Vertical Autoclaves, IP-Star Automated Robatic Work Stataion, Upright Microscopes, 2 Nos of Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopes, FLA 9500 Phosphor Imaging Sysytem, Bio-ruptors, PCR Machines, Refrigerated Centrifuges, Shaking waterbaths, -20°C Freezers, Cooled Incubator, Refrigerators etc. and we have also completed 503 work orders for repair & maintenance of various laboratory equipments.

We were involved in re-organizing and installing the lab tables for the "Laboratory for Genomics and Profiling Applications" (LGPA) in the basement and install small equipments also.

We were involved in organizing the CODIS software installation and training to the DNA FP

Lab at CDFD Library from 5<sup>th</sup> October 2014 to 12<sup>th</sup> October 2014.

## Details of progress made in the current reporting year (April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2016)

During the year 2015-16, we have installed 59 new equipments like Automatic Vertical Autoclaves, Cytogenetics Workstation (Spectral Karyotyping system) Upright Microscopes, Inverted Fluorescence Microscope, Bio-ruptors, PCR Machines, Refrigerated Centrifuges, Shaking waterbaths, -86°C Deep Freezers, -20°C Freezers, Cold Cabinets, Cooled Incubator, Refrigerators etc. and we have also completed 335 work orders for repair & maintenance of various laboratory equipments.

We are involved in coordinating the operations of sophisticated instruments in CDFD through an Equipment operations outsourcing agency, M/s Sandor Life Sciences. We are also involved in coordinating with M/s Vimta Labs for CDFD animal experimentation facility in their facility at Shameerpet.

In addition, we were involved in organizing the audio & visual requirements for presentations in various seminars, lectures and workshops, CDFD Foundation day lecture at IICT auditorium, 30th DBT anniversary Lecture at IICT Auditorium, Distinguished Scientist Lectures. We have maintained most of the equipment with maximum uptime in the Laboratory. Most of the Instruments are maintained by our Instrumentation staff, thereby saving on the expensive AMCs and with very little downtime of the equipment.

प्र⊟ाШ Publications

#### **RESEARCH PAPERS**

- \* Publications of adjunct faculty of CDFD in which CDFD's affiliation is included.
- \*\* Work done elsewhere

#### A. Publications during the year 2015

- Aggarwal S, Jain SJMN, Das Bhowmik A, Tandon A, and Dalal A (2015). Molecular studies on parents after autopsy identify recombinant GBA gene in a case of Gaucher disease with ichthyosis phenotype. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 167: 2858-2860.
- Aggarwal S, Kar A, Bland P, Kelsell D and Dalal A (2015). Novel ABCA12 mutations in harlequin ichthyosis: A journey from photo diagnosis to prenatal diagnosis. *Gene* 556: 254-256.
- \*Aggarwal S and Phadke SR (2015). Medical genetics and genomic medicine in India: current status and opportunities ahead. *Molecular Genetics and Genomic Medicine* 3: 160-171.
- Ahmed A, Das A and Mukhopadhyay S (2015). Immunoregulatory functions and expression patterns of PE/PPE family members: roles in pathogenicity and impact on anti-tuberculosis vaccine and drug design. *IUBMB Life* 67: 414-427.
- Uttarilli A, Ranganath P, Jain SJ, Prasad CK, Sinha A, Verma IC, Phadke SR, Puri RD, Danda S, Muranjan MN, Jevalikar G, Nagarajaram HA, Dalal AB (2015). Novel mutations of the arylsulphatase B (ARSB) gene in Indian patients with mucopolysaccharidosis type VI. *Indian Journal of Medical Research* 142: 414 425.
- \*Arora R, Aggarwal S and Deme S (2015). Ghosal hematodiaphyseal dysplasia-a concise review including an illustrative patient. *Skeletal Radiology* 44: 447-450.
- Bashyam MD, Kotapalli V, Raman R, Chaudhary AK, Yadav BK, Gowrishankar S, Uppin SG, Kongara R, Sastry RA, Vamsy M, Patnaik S, Rao S, Dsouza S, Desai D and Tester A (2015). Evidence for presence of mismatch repair gene expression positive Lynch syndrome cases in India. *Molecular Carcinogenesis* 54: 1807-1814.

- Bhat KH and Mukhopadhyay S (2015). Macrophage takeover and the host-bacilli interplay during tuberculosis. *Future Microbiology* 10: 853-872.
- Bhavani GS, Shah H, Dalal A, Shukla A, Danda S, Aggarwal S, Phadke SR, Gupta N, Kabra M, Gowrishankar K, Gupta A, Bhat M, Puri RD, Bijarnia-Mahay S, Nampoothiri S, Mohanasundaram KM, Rajeswari S, Kulkarni AM, Kulkarni ML, Ranganath P, Radha Rama Devi A, Hariharan SV and Girisha KM (2015). Novel and recurrent mutations inWISP3and an atypical phenotype. *American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A*, 167: 2481-2484.
- 10. Bidchol AM, Dalal A, Trivedi R, Shukla A, Nampoothiri S, Sankar VH, Danda S, Gupta N, Kabra M, Hebbar SA, Bhat RY, Matta D, Ekbote AV, Puri RD, Phadke SR, Gowrishankar K, Aggarwal S, Ranganath P, Sharda S, Kamate M, Datar CA, Bhat K, Kamath N, Shah H, Krishna S, Gopinath PM, Verma IC, Nagarajaram HA, Satyamoorthy K and Girisha KM (2015). Recurrent and novel GLB1 mutations in India. *Gene* 567: 173-181.
- Chakraborty S, Muthlakshmi M, Vardhini D, Jayaprakash J, Nagaraju J and Arunkumar KP (2015). Genetic analysis of Indian tasarsilkmoth (Antheraea mylitta) populations. Scientific Reports 5: 15728.
- 12. Chen Z, Nohata J, Guo H, Li S, Liu J, Guo Y, Yamamoto K, Kadono-Okuda K, Liu C, Arunkumar KP, Nagaraju J, Zhang Y, Liu S, Labropoulou V, Swevers L, Tsitoura P, Iatrou K, Gopinathan K, Goldsmith M, Xia Q and Mita K (2015). A comprehensive analysis of the chorion locus in silkmoth. Scientific Reports 5: 16424.
- 13. Chen Z, Nohata J, Guo H, Li S, Liu J, Guo Y, Yamamoto K, Kadono-Okuda K, Liu C, Arunkumar KP, Nagaraju J, Zhang Y, Liu S, Labropoulou V, Swevers L, Tsitoura P, Iatrou K, Gopinathan KP, Goldsmith MR, Xia Q and Mita K (2015). Construction, complete sequence, and annotation of a

- BAC contig covering the silkworm chorion locus. *Scientific Data* 2: 150062.
- 14. Dalal A, Aneek Das Bhowmik, Divya Agrawal and Phadke SR (2015). Exome sequencing and homozygosity mapping help in identification of genetic etiology for spastic ataxia in a consanguineous family. *Indian Journal of Medical Research.*142: 220-224.
- Dalal AB, Ranganath P, Phadke SR, Kabra M, Danda S, Puri RD, Sankar VH, Gupta N, Patil SJ, Mandal K, Tamhankar P, Aggarwal S and Agarwal M (2015). Prenatal diagnosis in India is not limited to sex selection. Genetics in Medicine 17: 88.
- Das Bhowmik A, and Dalal A (2015). Whole exome sequencing identifies a novel frameshift mutation in GPC3 gene in a patient with overgrowth syndrome. *Gene*, 572: 303-306.
- Das Bhowmik A, Rangaswamaiah S, Srinivas G and Dalal AB (2015). Molecular genetic analysis of trinucleotide repeat disorders (TRDs) in Indian population and application of repeat primed PCR. *European Journal of Medical Genetics* 58: 160-167.
- Delma CR, Somasundaram ST, Srinivasan GP, Khursheed M, Bashyam MD and Aravindan N (2015). Fucoidan from Turbinaria conoides: a multifaceted 'deliverable' to combat pancreatic cancer progression. *International Journal of Biological Macromolecules* 74: 447-457.
- Dutta UR, Hansmann I and Schlote D (2015). Molecular cytogenetic characterization of a familial pericentric inversion 3 associated with short stature. *European Journal of Medical Genetics* 58: 154-159.
- Gadipally SR, Sarkar A and Nandineni MR (2015). Selective enrichment of STRs for applications in forensic human identification. *Electrophoresis* 36: 1768-1774.
- 21. Ghosh C, Prakash NR, Manna SK, Bishayi B. (2015).Presence of toll like receptor-2 in spleen, lymph node and thymus of Swiss albino mice and its modulation by Staphylococcus aureus and bacterial lipopolysaccharide. Indian Journal of Experimental Biology 53: 82-92.

- 22. Giri DA, Rekha S and Kasbekar DP (2015). Neurospora heterokaryons with complementary duplications and deficiencies in their constituent nuclei provide an approach to identify nucleus-limited genes. *G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics* 5: 1263-1272.
- Gowrishankar J (2015). End of the beginning: elongation and termination features of alternative modes of chromosomal replication initiation in bacteria. *PLoS Genetics*11: e1004909.
- Gupta AK, Mita K, Arunkumar KP and Nagaraju J (2015). Molecular architecture of silk fibroin of Indian golden silkmoth, Antheraea assama. Nature Scientific Reports 5: 12706.
- Gupta A, Uttarilli A, Dalal A and Girisha KM (2015). Hunter syndrome with late age of presentation: clinical description of a case and review of the literature. *BMJ Case Reports* 14: 2015pii: bcr2015209305.
- 26. Gupta N, Benjamin, Kar A, Munjal SD, Sarangi AN, Dalal A, and Aggarwal R (2015). Identification of Promotor and Exonic Variations, and Functional Characterization of a Splice Site Mutation in Indian Patients with Unconjugated Hyperbilirubinemia. *PLoS One* 10: e0145967.
- 27. Kakkar A, Nizampatnam NR, Kondreddy A, Pradhan BB and Chatterjee S (2015). Xanthomonas campestris cell-cell signaling molecule DSF (diffusible signal factor) elicits innate immunity in plants and is suppressed by the exopolysaccharide xanthan. Journal of Experimental Botany 66: 6697-714.
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- 92. Arunkumar KP and Sambrani N (2015). Book review of the *Annual Review of Genetics* 2014, Bonnie Bassler et al., (eds) *Current Science*109: 2137-2139.
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- 98. \*Maheshwar L, Chilakamarri VK,Ranganath P, Arora AJ and Vanaja MC (2015). Clinical and Genetic Analysis of Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva: A Case Report and Literature Review. *Journal of Clinical and Diagnostic Research* 9: RD01-RD03.

- 99. \*Ranganath P (2015). MicroRNA-155 and its role in malignant hematopoiesis. **Biomarker Insights** 10: 95-102.
- 100. \*\*Ranganath P (2015). Patterns of Inheritance. In: Postgraduate Textbook of Pediatrics. Ed. Piyush Gupta. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers 24-31.
- 101. Bhavani GSL, Shah H, Shukla A, Dalal A, Girisha KM. Progressive Pseudorheumatoid Dysplasia (2016). In: Pagon RA, Adam MP, Ardinger HH, Wallace SE, Amemiya A, Bean LJH, Bird TD, Fong CT, Mefford HC, Smith RJH, Stephens K, editors. *Gene Reviews*® [Internet]. Seattle (WA): University of Washington, Seattle; 1993-2016.
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- Kasbekar, DP (2016) Editorial. Longdrawn-out story. *Journal of Biosciences* 41: 1
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- 105. \*\*Vijayalakshmi SR and Ranganath P (2016). An approach to genetic disorders affecting the white matter. *Genetic Clinics* (Official publication of Indian Academy of Medical Genetics) 9: 15-29.
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- 108. \*\*Ranganath P. Thalassemia in the fetusprenatal diagnosis. Fetal and Neonatal Hematology and Oncology. Eds. M R Lokeshwar, AnupamSachdeva. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (in press).

#### E. Patents filed/granted

Mukhopadhyay S and Ahmed A. A novel therapeutic to treat sepsis. Indian Patent filed in December 2015

ाा संसाा िास Human Resource Development

#### **PhD Program**

For the PhD program CDFD invites applications from highly motivated candidates willing to take up challenges in modern biology, usually in the month of March. Keeping in view the interdisciplinary nature of modern biology, the Centre especially encourages persons from different scientific disciplines to take up challenges in these areas. Those admitted as Junior Research Fellows (JRFs) are encouraged to take admission in the PhD program of Manipal University or University of Hyderabad.

The eligibility for the program is MBBS or Masters degree in any branch of Science, Technology or Agriculture from a recognized University or Institute. Candidates (other than MBBS graduates) must have cleared National Eligibility Test (NET) with valid CSIR-JRF or UGC-JRF or DBT-JRF or ICMR-JRF or ICAR-JRF or INSPIRE-PhD or JEST or GATE (All India top 50 ranks of all Chemistry, Life Sciences and Biotechnology streams). Those who have appeared for their final semester examination, but are awaiting results, are also eligible to apply. Those with independent Senior Research Fellowships (SRF) from CSIR can also apply. As the number of applicants outnumbers the seats available each year by a ratio of 1:40 or more, eligible candidates are invited for a written examination followed by interviews of short-listed candidates.

As of March 31, 2016 the Centre has 106 Research Scholars working for their doctorates in different areas of research. In the reporting year 9 of the Research Scholars have completed PhD and are pursuing careers in science elsewhere in India or abroad.

#### **Postdoctoral Program**

In addition to the JRF program, the Centre also carries out training at the post-doctoral level. The post-doctoral fellows are funded through the extramural grants that CDFD receives. Some post-doctoral fellows are also selected competitively by the DST fast track young scientist scheme, or the DBT post-doctoral fellowship program.

#### **Summer Training Program**

CDFD provides admissions to summer training program to those students who are supported either by the Indian Academy of Science, Bangalore or Jawaharlal Nehru Centre for Advanced Scientific Research, Bangalore or the Kishore Vigyanik Protsahan Yojna, New Delhi. In the reporting year 21 students received summer training at the Centre.

#### Training for students from BITS, Pilani

CDFD has an agreement with BITS, Pilani to provide project training to their M.Sc. students. Under this programme, the students spend 6 months to 1 year at CDFD and work on active projects being carried out here. The project work helps the students in gaining hands-on experience in modern biology. In the reporting year, 3 students were given the opportunity to avail training under this programme.

Research Scholars Conferred PhD Degree During 2015 - 2016

Scholar	Supervisor	Date of viva voce examination	Title of thesis
Saurabh Mishra	Dr. Ranjan Sen	29.01.2015	"Studies on the transription elongation factor NusA from EColi"
Manjari Kiran	Dr. H A Nagarajaram	03.02.2015	"Local and Global hubs in humans protein-protein interaction network"
Babul Moni Ram	Dr. Gayatri Ramakrishna	03.09.2015	"Studies on Calcineurin - NFAT Signaling in cellular proliferation and effect of its inhibitors, cyclosporine A, in Cell death response"
Swarna Gowri Thota	Dr. Rashna Bhandari	15.09.2015	"Role of inositol pyropohosphates in yeast physiology"
Suhail Yousuf	Dr. Akash Ranjan	19.10.2015	"Charcaterization and functional studies on FadR like proteins from M. tuberculosis"
Rachita H R	Dr. H A Nagarajaram	20.10.2015	"A Study on human - virus protein - protein interaction networks"
Neelam Chaudhary	Dr. M V Subba Reddy	03.03.2016	"Studies on functional interactome of WWP2: An HECT Ubiquitin E3 ligase"
Garima Sharma	Dr. Sanjeev Khosla	07.03.2016	" Host epigenetic response to Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection"
Rikky Rai	Dr. Subhadeep Chatterjee	08.03.2016	"Understanding the role of DSF (Diffusible Signalling Factor) in virulence of Xanthomonas plant pathogens"

ारिस्⊟ार एां समा⊓ Awards and Honours

### **AWARDS & HONOURS**

FACULTY & STAFF				
Dr Arun Kumar KP	Selected as Founding Member of the Indian Young Academy of Science (INYAS) by INSA Council			
Dr Rupinder Kaur	<ol> <li>Wellcome Trust/DBT India Alliance Senior Fellowship</li> <li>National Women Bioscientist award under Young Category for the year 2014 by Department of Biotechnology</li> <li>Selected as member of Microbiology Board of Reviewers for Microbiology Society Journal, UK</li> <li>Selected as a member of Editorial Board of the Journal of Biosciences</li> </ol>			
Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay	1) Elected as a Fellow of the Indian National Science Academy at Annual General Meeting, New Delhi on October 14, 2015  2) Elected as Member, Guha Research Conference (GRC)			
Dr Mohan Chandra Joshi	Selected for Ramalingaswami Fellowship 2014-15 by Department of Biotechnology, New Delhi			
CDFD Cricket Team Dr. M Subba Reddy (Captain) Dr. Mohan Chandra Joshi, Dr. R. Nagender Rao (Man of the Match), Dr. Rajendra, Mr. Vivek Reddy, Mr. Zaffar, Mr. Mudassir, Mr. Sridhar, Mr. Mayank, Mr Dev Ashish Giri, Mr Kaushik, Mr Surya, Mr Vivek, Mr Parveen, Mr Zuhaib	of r,			
Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee	Selected as an associate editor in Phytopathology an International Journal of the American Phytopathological Society (APS) for Three years (2015-2017)			
Dr Rashna Bhandari	Awarded an International Research Grant by Human Frontier Science Program (HFSP) along with co-applicants Henning Jessen (Germany) and Paul Wender (USA)			
	155			

### **AWARDS & HONOURS**

PhD STUDENTS & PROJECT PERSONNEL			
Vivek Kumar Srivastava	Poster prize at the Gordon Research Conference on 'Cell Biology of Metals' held in USA in July, 2015		
Shailesh Kumar Gupta	Third prize in poster presentation at World Congress on Microscopy 2015 held at Mahatma Gandhi University, Kerala from October 9-11 2015		
Rajendra Kumar Angara	Third prize in poster presentation at World Congress on Microscopy 2015 held at Mahatma Gandhi University, Kerala from October 9-11 2015		
Gourang Pradhan	Dr G.P. Talwar Young Scientist award - 2015 by Indian Immunology Society, Patna		
Neeharika Verma	EMBO travel grant at International conference "Autophagy signalling and progression in health and disease by EMBO at Chia, Italy		
Mr Aamir Ali	Travel Grant from SERB to attend American Society for Cell Biology Annual meeting at California, USA from December 12-16, 2015		
Ms Shweta Singh	Appreciation award for Poster Competition in "IKMC 2015: Spreading the Innovation Spirit" Conference at HICC, Hyderabad from November 2-3, 2015		
Mr Debasish Kumar Ghosh	Poster award organized by Centre for Brain Research, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, Bangalore from November 16-18, 2015		
Mr Dev Ashish Giri Ms S Rekha Ms K Sreethi Reddy (Group Head Dr D P Kasbekar)	Second prize in the poster competition at the Asian Mycological Congress 2015, Goa (October 7-10, 2015)		
Dr Aneek Das Bhowmik	Received the funding for the project under Young Scientist Scheme of Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB)		
	150		



Lectures, Meetings, Workshops and Important Events

## **DISTINGUISHED VISITORS AND LECTURES**

Visitor	Title of Lecture	Date
<b>Dr Aprotim Mazumder</b> TCIS, Hyderabad	Measuring the heterogeneity in DNA damage responses, from yeast to mice, with High Content and High Resolution Imaging	15.04.2015
Prof Amitabha Chattopadhyay CCMB, Uppal Road, Hyderabad	Interaction of Membrane Cholesterol with G Protein-Coupled Receptors: Novel Insights in Health & Disease	16.04.2015
Prof Avery August (2015 ASM-IUSSTF Indo-US Research Professor), Dept. of Microbiology & Immunology, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York	Tuning T Cell Behavior	28.04.2015
Dr Chitra P National Centre for Biological, TIFR, GKVK Campus, Bangalore	Designing an integrated platform for Pathogen Discovery	05.05.2015
Dr Smarajit Polley Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California San Diego, San Diego, USA	An Autocatalytic Functional Switch in IKK2/beta: A New Paradigm in Kinase Regulation	06.05.2015
Dr Punit Prasad Karolinska Institute Department of Bioscience and Nutrition NOVUM, Halsovagen 7StockholmSweden	Modulation of chromatin structure by Chromatin Remodeling Complexes: Mechanisms, Consequences and Implications	17.08.2015
Dr. Nikhil Jain Department of Molecular Virology and Microbiology Baylor College of Medicine One Baylor Plaza, Houston	Role of accessory factors in assembling ribosome	24.09.2015
Mr R Vijay Kumar ARCI, Hyderabad	New Pension Scheme	30.09.2015
Dr Vinay Tergaonkar IMCB-Singapore	Mechanism of TERT promoter reactivation in cancer	05.10.2015
Dr Mohan Chandra Joshi Laboratory of Chromosome Structure & Dynamics, CDFD	Bacterial Nucleoid revisited: (a) Twist of cohesion during chromosome segregation (b) Dynamics of chromosome organization	06.10.2015

Visitor	Title of Lecture	Date
Dr Kiran Batta Stem Cell Biology Group Cancer Research UK Manchester Institute The University of Manchester Wilmslow Road, Manchester	Making blood	12.10.2015
Dr Gopalakrishnan Aneeshkumar Arimbasseri, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, USA	Balancing tRNA synthetic rate and modification-dependent activity for condition-appropriate translation	10.11.2015
Dr Debabrata Chakravarti Freinber Cancer Center and Nothwestern University Chicago, USA	Integrating epigenomics and nuclear hormone signaling in cancer and tissue fibrosis	23.11.2015
Dr Aashiq H Kachroo The University of Texas at AustinAustin, USA	Saccharomyces sapiens – Towards humanizing yeast	26.11.2015
Dr Sathees Raghavan Department of Biochemistry IISc, Bangalore	DNA Breaks to Repair: Insights into Oncogenesis and Cancer Therapy	30.11.2015
Dr Tim Schellberg President, Thomas Gordon Honeywell (Governmental Affairs), USA	Global update on DNA databases and legislative trends in databasing	08.12.2015
Dr Sanjeev Gupta Co-ordinator of H&D II School of Medicine, NUI Galway, Galway, Ireland	MicroRNAs in Unfolded Protein Response: Small regulators with a big impact	10.12.2015
Premas Life Sciences IMT Manesar, Gurgaon	Applications of Next Generation Sequencing in Forensic Genomics	15.12.2015
<b>Dr Manish Jaiswal</b> Baylor College of Medicine Houston, TX USA	Genetic dissection of neuronal maintenance and demise	08.01.2016
Dr Suvendra N Bhattacharyya Principal Scientist and Head Molecular Genetics Department CSIR-IICB, Kolkata	Regulation of miRNA activity in mammalian cells: Role of different intrinsic and extrinsic factors	11.01.2016

Visitor	Title of Lecture	Date
Mr Gopal Singh and Mr. Ketan Shevatakar Vikalp Social and Charitable TrustNagpur, Maharashtra	Stress management and naturopathy	12.02.2016
Dr Bama Charan Mondal University of California Los Angeles, USA	Homeostatic control mechanisms during Drosophila hematopoietic progenitor maintenance	16.02.2016
Dr Arjumand Ghazi Assistant Professor University of Pittsburg, USA	Fat, Fertility and Aging Worms	22.02.2016
Prof Toru Shimada University of Tokyo, Japan	Evolutionary genomics on host plant selection in bombycoid silkmoths	23.02.2016
Dr Srini Kaveri Director CNRS Office in India French Embassy Service for Science and Technology New Delhi	Therapeutic Antibodies : Acentury-long fascinating journey	02.03.2016
Dr Sorab Dalal Principal Investigator ACTREC Associate Professor HBNI, KS215, ACTREC, Tata Memorial Centre Kharghar Node, Navi Mumbai	14-3-3 ligand interactions as possible drug targets	03.03.2016
Dr Shivashankar Nagaraj Queensland University of Technology (QUT)Australia	A Systems Biology approach to elucidate Epithelial-Mesenchymal Transition(EMT) in cancer	22.03.2016

## **IMPORTANT EVENTS**

Event	Date
Visit of Shri Tuhin Kanta Pandey, Joint Secretary, Cabinet Secretariat, New Delhi	16.05.2015
Anti-Terrorism Day	21.05.2015
37th Meeting of CDFD Governing Council	25.05.2015
31st meeting of the Finance Committee	25.05.2015
Celebrations of Digital India Week during 1-7 July 2015 (launched by our Hon'ble Prime Minister CDFD Quiz competition on Information Technology Awareness on 7.7.2015 in Seminar Hall, Tuljaguda)	07.07.2015
Indian Society of Developmental Biologists Biennial (InSDB-2015) meeting jointly by CDFD and CCMB	15.07.2015 to 18.07.2015
Hon'ble President of India's address to the Students and faculty members of Institutes of higher learning through Videoconference using NKN	10.08.2015
38th Meeting of CDFD Governing Council	13.08.2015
Independence Day celebrations	15.08.2015
Visit of Prof Sheel Nuna, Director, South Asia, Queensland University of Technology, Australia, Prof Peter Coaldrake, VC, Prof Ross Young, Dean, Faculty of Health and Prof Gordon Wyeth, Dean, Faculty of Science and Engineering (QUT group)	18.08.2015
Sadbhavana Diwas Pledge	20.08.2015
17th meeting of CDFD Research Area Panels-Scientific Advisory Committee (RAP-SAC)	21.08.2015 to 22.08.2015
Hindi Workshop on use Digital Tools in Rajbhasha Implementation	07.09.2015
Hindi Pakhwada Celebrations	01.09.2015 to 14.09.2015
National Sanitation Campaign	25.09.2015 to 31.10.2015

### **IMPORTANT EVENTS**

Event	Partnering Institutions	Date
Visit of students from Centre of M.P. Council of Science and Te (Deptt. Of Science & Technolo Vigyan Bhawan, Nehru Nagar,	echnology (MPCOST), gy, Govt. of M.P.),	07.10.2015
Visit of Dr Harsh Vardhan, Hor Technology and Earth Science		12.10.2015
30th Year of DBT Celebration ( Prof Ranajit Chakraborty, Depa Medical Genetics, University of Health Science Center, Texas)	artment of Molecular and of North Texas,	09.11.2015
39th Meeting of CDFD Governi	ng Council	17.11.2016
32nd Meeting of CDFD Finance	e Committee	17.11.2015
20th Annual General Body Mee	eting of Society of CDFD	28.11.2015
	eminar series "Applications of NGS . Bruce Budowle from UNTHSC, B, Hyderabad.	15.12.2015
"Bioinformatics for scientists" v Dr Ansuman Chattopadhay fro	vorkshop conducted by m University of Pittsburgh, USA	07.01.2015 to 08.01.2015
(Address by Hon'ble President of Institutes through Video-Con using NKN on Topic-"Youth and	ference	19.01.2016
Republic Day celebrations		26.01.2016
30th Year of DBT Celebration ( Department of Genetics, Harva	Public lecture by Prof David Reich, ard Medical School, USA)	28.01.2016
CDFD Foundation Day 2016		30.01.2016
Lecture on Stress managemen Vikalp Social and Charitable Tr	nt and naturopathy by rust, Nagpur, Maharashtra in Hindi.	12.02.2016
40th Meeting of CDFD Governi	ng Council	18.02.2016
33rd Meeting of the CDFD Fina	ance Committee	18.02.2016
MoU Signed with Sickle Cell In	stitute Chhattisgarh, Raipur	23.02.2016
Series of video-conference talk 'Tips on how to write a paper' b Senior Editor, EMBO journal	ks in partnership with EMBO on by Dr Karin Dumstrei,	15.03.2016



### **DEPUTATIONS ABROAD - FACULTY & STAFF**

Faculty/Staff	Period	Country of Visit and Purpose
Giriraj R Chandak Director (w.e.f. 27.10.2015)	12.01.2016 to 13.01.2016	Bangladesh: To attend the "Genomic and lifestyle predictors of foetal outcome relevant to diabetes and obesity and their relevance to prevention strategies in South Asian people" (GIFTS) final conference being organized by the Bangladesh University of Health Science.
J Gowrishankar	26.05.2015 to 10.06.2015	France: To visit the laboratories of French Principal Collaborators Dr Sylvie Rimsky at ENS, Cachan, and Dr Philippe Bouloc at Institute for integrative Biology of the Cell (12BC), CNRS, in connection with the implementation of his DST-ANR research project titled "Ünravelling new functions for the H-NS family of proteins in Gram-negative bacterial pathogens", being co-ordinated by the Indo-French Centre for the Promotion of Advanced Research (IFCPAR).
	31.07.2015 to 11.08.2015	USA:  (i) To visit the laboratories of Profs Max Gottesman, Evgeny Nudler and Anuradha Janakiraman in New York on 31 July 2015 and 3 August 2015.  (ii) To attend the "2015 Molecular Genetics of Bacteria and Phages Meeting" at of University Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  (iii) To visit the laboratory of Prof Andrei Kuzminov, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign.
Ranjan Sen	03.08.2015 to 09.08.2015	USA: To attend the "2015 Molecular Genetics of Bacteria and Phages Meeting" held at University of Wisonsin, Madison, USA.
Nagarajaram H A	19.07.2015 to 26.07.2015	Portugal: To attend the II HCV – meeting cum exchange visit as a part of New INDIGO project "An attractive and promising strategy for early cancer diagnosis through the assembly of the human cancer volatome" held at University of Madeira, Madeira Island, Protugal.
Rupinder Kaur	14.05.2015 to 24.05.2015	<b>France:</b> To participate as plenary lecturer in the 6 <sup>th</sup> FEBS Advanced Lecture Course on Human Fungal Pathogens held at La Colle-sur-Loup, France.

Faculty/Staff	Period	Country of Visit and Purpose
Ashwin B Dalal	05.06.2015 to 11.07.2015	UK: 1. To participate and present his work in the European Society of Human Genetics, Annual Meeting held in Glasgow, UK
		To visit the Laboratory of Dr Andrew Jackson, MRC Human Genetics Unit, MRC, IGMM, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, UK
	14.12.2015 to 20.12.2015	Sri Lanka: To attend the International Neuroscience Workshop as faculty. Meeting held at University of Sri Jayewardenepura (USJP), Colombo, Sri Lanka.
N Madhusudan Reddy	11.5.2015 to 21.06.2015	Germany: To conduct research as Guest Scientist in the laboratory of Prof Mark Stoneking, Department of Evolutionary Genetics, Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology (MPI-EVA). Leipzig, Germany against his fifth visit to Prof Mark Stoneking's Laboratory as a part of the "Max Planck Partner Group Programme" (MPPGP) between CDFD and MPI-EVA awarded by the Max Planck Society, Germany.
	08.09.2015 to 17.09.2015	UK: To attend the short course in Forensic Genetics held at University of Central Lancashire, Preston, United Kingdom
	12.10.2015 to 18.10.2015	USA:  1. To attend and present recent research findings with autosomal and Y-chromosomal STR markers in Indian populations in the form of a poster at the 26th International Symposium on Human Identification (ISHI) held at Gaylord Texan Resort and Convention Center in Grapevine, Texas, USA.
		To visit Prof Arthur Eisenberg, Director, DNA Identification Laboratory at the Department of Molecular and Medical Genetics at the University of North Texas, Health Science Centre (UNTHSC).
M V Subba Reddy	23.06.2015 to 01.07.2015	Finland: To attend the EMBO conference on Europhosphatase 2015:Phosphorylation switches and cellular homeostasis" held at Turku, Finland
	05.07.2015 to 10.07.2015	Hong Kong: To attend Gordon Research Conference on "Posttranslational modification networks" held at the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, China.

Faculty/Staff	Period	Country of Visit and Purpose
Subhadeep Chatterjee	02.08.2015 to 12.08.2015	<ol> <li>USA:</li> <li>To attend and present his work on plant-microbe interaction in the conference titled "2015 Molecular Genetics of Bacteria and Phages Meeting held at University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA.</li> <li>To visit the Laboratory of Prof Steven E Lindow's at University of California, Berkeley (Near San Francisco, USA) for exploring future collaboration and scientific discussion.</li> </ol>
	28.10.2015 to 04.11.2015	China: On the invitation of Dr Ya-Wen He, Vice Dean, Department of Microbiology, Shanghai Jiao Tong University (SJTU), Shanghai, China for academic discussion and possible collaboration and also to deliver a seminar at the Department of Microbiology
Arun Kumar K P	05.07.2015 to 11.07.2015	Austria: To attend the First Research Coordination Meeting (RCM) on "Comparing rearing efficiency and competitiveness of sterile male strains produced by genetic, transgenic or symbiont-based technologies: held at Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture, Vienna International Centre, Vienna, Austria.
	01.10.2015 to 06.10.2015	Japan: 1. To participate in the special event "Dialog between Nobel Laureates and Young Leaders" and orientation and 2. To attend the 12 <sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting of the Science and Technology in Society (STS) forum
	09.11.2015 to 23.11.2015	Japan: To visit University of Tokyo, Tokyo and National Institute of Agrobiological Sciences, Tsukuba under the joint project entitled "Collaborative studies on genomic diversity among bombycoid silkmoths in Asia" for a first exchange visit under Indo-Japan Collaborative Research Project.
Annapurna Bhavani	09.11.2015 to 23.11.2015	Japan: To visit University of Tokyo, Tokyo and National Institute of Agrobiological Sciences, Tsukuba under the joint project entitled "Collaborative studies on genomic diversity among bombycoid silk moths in Asia" for a first exchange visit under Indo-Japan Collaborative Research Project.
Venkata Satyavathi	18.09.2015 to 21.09.2015	Bangladesh: To participate in the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Annual "South Asia Biosafety Conference" held at BRAC Centre Inn, Dhaka, Bangladesh.

### **DEPUTATIONS ABROAD - STUDENTS**

Name of the Scholar	Period	Country of Visit and Purpose		
Suhail Yousuf	30.05.2015 to 02.06.2015	USA: To attend the Conference "asm2015" 115th General Meeting of American Society for Microbiology		
Ajit Roy	30.05.2015 to 02.06.2015	USA: To attend the Conference "asm2015" 115th General Meeting of American Society for Microbiology		
Soumya Rao	08.06.2015 to 22.07.2015	Germany: Visiting Scholar / Guest Researcher to conduct research as a part of "Max Planck Partner Group Programme"		
Swapnil Rohidas Shinde	24.06.2015 to 29.06.2015	Finland: To attend EMBO conference on "Europhosphatase 2015: Phosphorylation switches and cellular homeostasis"		
Chanduri Venkata Lakshmi Manasa	11.07.2015 to 17.07.2015	USA: To attend Gordon Research Seminar and Conference on "Molecular Membrane Biology"		
Vivek Kumar Srivastava	26.07.2015 to 31.07.2015	<b>USA</b> : To attend Gordon Research Conference on "Cell Biology of Metals"		
Mohd. Zuhaib Qayyum	04.08.2015 to 08.08.2015	USA: To attend 2015 Molecular Genetics of Bacteria and Phages Meeting		
Gajula Gopinath	18.08.2015 to 22.08.2015	USA:To attend CSHL meeting on "EUKARYOTIC mRNA PROCESSING"		
Rachana Roshan Dev	18.08.2015 to 22.08.2015	USA: To attend CSHL meeting on "EUKARYOTIC mRNA PROCESSING"		
Aushaq Bashir Malla	30.08.2015 to 04.09.2015	<b>UK:</b> To attend EMBO Meiosis conference - 2015		
Neeharika Verma	09.09.2015 to 12.09.2015	Italy: To attend conference on Autophagy Signalling and progression in Health and disease		
Raveendra Babu Mokhamatam	15.09.2015 to 19.09.2015	USA: To attend conference on Cell Death (CSHL 2015)		
S Adeel Husain Zaidi	15.09.2015 to 19.09.2015	USA: To attend conference on Cell Death (CSHL 2015)		
P Venkata Vivek Reddy	18.09.2015 to 22.09.2015	Croatia: To attend conference on Ubiquitin and Ubiquitin - like modifiers: From molecular mechanisms to human diseases		
Anusha Uttarilli	24.09.2015 to 27.09.2015	<b>USA:</b> To attend CSHL meeting on "GENOME ENGINEERING: THE CRISPR / CAS REVOLUTION"		
Valabhoju Vishalini	03.12.2015 to 04.12.2015	Singapore: To attend The 14th Asian Conference on Transcription		
Aamir Ali	12.12.2015 to 16.12.2015	<b>USA:</b> To attend the American Society of Cell Biology (ASCB) annual meeting		
Parul Singh	28.02.2016 to 03.03.2016	USA: To attend Keystone Symposia - Tuberculosis Co-morbidities and Immunopathogenesis (B6)"		

संााि्ा एा ािाा Faculty and Officers of CDFD

### SCIENTIFIC GROUP LEADERS (FACULTY)

Dr Giriraj R Chandak

Dr J Gowrishankar

Dr D P Kasbekar

Dr Ranjan Sen

Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay

Dr MD Bashyam

Dr Sunil Kumar Manna

Dr Nagarajaram HA

Dr Akash Ranjan

Dr Rupinder Kaur

Dr Sanjeev Khosla

Dr Ashwin B Dalal

Dr Rashna Bhandari

Dr Devyani Haldar

Dr N Madhusudan Reddy

Dr Shweta Tyagi

Dr MV Subba Reddy

Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee

Dr Sardesai Abhijit Ajit

Dr Rohit Joshi

Dr R Harinarayanan

Dr Arun Kumar KP

### **ADJUNCT FACULTY**

Dr EA Siddig

Prof T Ramasarma

Prof Anuradha Lohia

Dr Renu Wadhwa

Dr Prajnya Ranganath

Dr Shagun Aggarwal

### **OTHER GROUP LEADERS**

Mr Raghavendrachar J

Ms Varsha

Ms M Kavita Rao

#### **SENIOR ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF**

Mr S Ayub Basha

Mr. J Sanjeev Rao

Mr B Jagannathacharyulu



(31.03.2016 )

# **Committees of the Centre**

(As on 31.03.2016)

### **MEMBERS OF CDFD SOCIETY**

Dr Harsh Vardhan

Hon'ble Minister for S&T and Earth Sciences - President

Prof K VijayRaghavan

Secretary, DBT, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

Dr Girish Sahni

Director General, CSIR, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

Dr A K Rawat

Director, DBT - Member (Ex-officio)

Mr J B Mohapatra - Member (Ex-officio)

FA, DBT, New Delhi

Joint Secretary (PM)

Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

Joint Secretary & Legal Adviser,

Ministry of Law & Justice, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

Director General, BPR&D, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

**Prof Partha P Majumder** 

NIBMG, West Bengal

Chairman of Scientific Advisory Committee, CDFD - Member (Ex-officio)

**Prof VS Chauhan** 

Visiting Scientist, ICGEB, New Delhi - Member

Prof Dipankar Chatterji

IISc, Bangalore - Member

Dr Ch Mohan Rao

CCMB, Hyderabad - Member

Dr G R Chandak

Director, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Secretary

### MEMBERS OF CDFD GOVERNING COUNCIL

Prof K VijayRaghavan

Secretary, DBT, New Delhi - Chairperson

Dr Girish Sahni

Director General, CSIR, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

Dr A K Rawat

Director, DBT - Member (Ex-officio)

**Ms Kusum Lata Sharma** 

Director Finance, DBT

(Nominee of FA, DBT, New Delhi) - Member (Ex-officio)

Mr A K Ganjoo

Director, DFSS (Nominee of Joint Secretary (PM)

Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi) - Member (Ex-officio)

Shri O Venkateswarlu

Deputy Legal Adviser (Nominee of Joint

Secretary & Legal Adviser,

Ministry of Law & Justice, New Delhi) - Member (Ex-officio)

Dr A Radhakrishna Kini

Director General, BPR&D, New Delhi - Member (Ex-officio)

**Prof Partha P Majumder** 

NIBMG, West Bengal Chairman of Scientific Advisory

Committee, CDFD - Member (Ex-officio)

**Prof VS Chauhan** 

Visiting Scientist, ICGEB, New Delhi - Member

Prof Dipankar Chatterji

IISc, Bangalore - Member

Dr G R Chandak

Director, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Secretary

# MEMBERS OF CDFD RESEARCH AREA PANELS – SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY COMMITTEE (RAP-SAC)

**Prof P Balaram** 

Director, IISc, Bangalore - Chairman

Dr Vijay Kumar

ICMR, New Delhi (ICMR Representative) - Member

Dr I Haque

DFSS, New Delhi (MHA Representative) - Member

Dr A K Rawat

DBT representative - Member

ICAR representative - Member

Dr G R Chandak

CCMB, Hyderabad (CCMB representative) - Member

Dr Veena K Parnaik

CCMB, Hyderabad - Member

Dr SK Apte

BARC, Mumbai - Member

Dr Usha Vijayraghavan

IISc, Bangalore - Member

**Prof Umesh Varshney** 

IISc, Bangalore - Member

Dr Jaya Sivaswami Tyagi

AIIMS, New Delhi - Member

**Prof MK Mathew** 

NCBS, Bangalore - Member

**Dr Debasisa Mohanty** 

NII, New Delhi - Member

Dr Shubha R Phadke

SGPGI, Lucknow - Member

Dr Krishanu Ray

TIFR, Mumbai

**Prof B K Thelma** 

University of Delhi (South Campus), New Delhi

Dr Saman Habib

CDRI, Lucknow

**Prof Sriram Ramaswamy** 

TIFR Centre for Interdisciplinary Sciences, Hyderabad

Dr J Gowrishankar

Director, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Secretary

# MEMBERS OF CDFD ACADEMIC COMMITTEE

**Prof AS Raghavendra** 

School of Life SciencesUniversity

of Hyderabad - Chairman

**Prof Anil K Tyagi** 

University of Delhi, South Campus, New Delhi - Member

Dr K Satyamoorthy

Manipal Life Sciences Centre,

Manipal University, Manipal - Member

Dr DP Kasbekar

CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

Dr Ranjan Sen

CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

Dr Sanjeev Khosla

Staff Scientist & Coordinator (Academics)

CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Convenor

# MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTIONAL BIO-SAFETY COMMITTEE

Dr D P Kasbekar - Chairman

Haldane Chair, CDFD, Hyderabad (Nominee of Director, CDFD)

Dr Rupinder Kaur

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Secretary

**Dr Ashwin B Dalal** 

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - Biosafety Officer

Dr M D Bashyam

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - CDFD Expert

Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - CDFD Expert

**Dr Ashok Khar** 

Former Director, CMBRC,

Appollo Hospitals Educational and Research

Foundation - External Expert

Dr Manjula Reddy

Senior Principal Scientist, CCMB, Hyderabad - DBT Nominee

# MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTIONAL BIOETHICS COMMITTEE

**Prof G Manohar Rao** 

Former Principal, PG College of Law,

Osmania University, Hyderabad - Chairperson

**Prof Sheela Prasad** 

Associate Professor, Centre for Regional Studies, School of Social Sciences,

University of Hyderabad - Member

Dr Mahtab S Bamji

Emeritus Scientist, Dangoria Charitable Trust, Hyderabad - Member

Mrs Amita Kasbekar

Manager, Concern India Foundation

Hyderabad - Member

Dr M D Bashyam

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

Dr Ashwin B Dalal

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Secretary

# MEMBERS OF CDFD BUILDING COMMITTEE

**Prof VS Chauhan** 

Visiting Scientist, ICGEB, New Delhi - Chairman

Dr J Gowrishankar

Director, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

**Joint Secretary** 

DBT, New Delhi - Member

Shri V H Rao

Hyderabad - Member

Shri J Sanjeev Rao

Head-Administration, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

Shri BJ Acharyulu

Head-F&A, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

Shri S Ayub Basha

Staff Scientist-V (Engg), CDFD, Hyderabad - Member-Convener

# **MEMBERS OF CDFD MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

**Director** 

CDFD, Hyderabad - Chairman

Dr DP Kasbekar

Haldane Chair, CDFD - Member

Dr M D Bashyam

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member (for a 2 year period)

Dr Shweta Tyagi

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member (for a 2 year period)

Shri BJ Acharyulu

Head-F&A, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

Shri J Sanjeev Rao

Head-Administration, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member-Convenor

# **MEMBERS OF CDFD FINANCE COMMITTEE**

**Prof VS Chauhan** 

Director, ICGEB, New Delhi - Chairman

Dr Dipankar Chatterji

IISc, Bangalore - Member

Mr J B Mohapatra

FA, DBT, New Delhi - Member

Dr A K Rawat

Director, DBT, New Delhi - Member

Dr G R Chandak

Director, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member

COFA/FAO

CCMB, Hyderabad - Member

Mr BJ Acharyulu

Head-F&A, CDFD, Hyderabad - Member Convenor

# MEMBERS OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE

**Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay** - Chairperson

Staff Scientist, CDFD, Hyderabad

Mr J Sanjeev Rao - Member

Head - Administration, CDFD, Hyderabad

**Ms V Naga Sailaja** - Member Technical Officer, CDFD, Hyderabad

Ms MV Sukanya - Member
Technical Officer, CDFD, Hyderabad

Mr MSA Zaman Khan - Member

Section Officer, CDFD, Hyderabad

**Ms P Jamuna** - Member Gramya Resource Centre for Women

(representing an NGO)

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# IMPLEMENTATION OF RIGHT TO INFORMATION (RTI) ACT, 2005

J Sanjeev Rao (Till 29-06-2015) Dr D P kasbekar (From 30-06-2015) Appellate Authority

M Kavita Rao Central Public Information Officer : Details about the RTI applications and appeals received in CDFD

As received under the RTI Act 2005	Opening Balance an on 01-04-2015	Received du	Received during the year 2015-16	15-16	Dispose	Disposed off during the year 2015-16	year 2015-16		Closing Balance as on 31-03-16
		Received directly	Received as transfer from other Public Authorities [u/s 6(3) of Act]	Total	Decisions where applications accepted/ appeals upheld	Decisions where applications/ appeals rejected	Transferred to other Public Authorities [u/s 6(3) of Act]	Total	
Applications	0	26	9	32	30	-	0	31	<b>~</b>
Appeals	0	ε	Not applicable	8	2	7-	Notapplicable	3	0

ा ा ा चित्र Budget and Finance

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS HYDERABAD

# Budget & Finance 2015-16

### **Sources of Funds**

The Financial resources of the Centre are the Core Plan Grant-in Aid provided by the Department of Biotechnology, Government of India as against Annual Budgetary projections made by the Institute. Other resources are in the form of Research Grants provided by various National and International agencies and also from Services rendered by CDFD. The components of the core grants are Plan (Recurring) essentially for meeting expenditures on salaries, Operating expenses etc., and Plan (Non-Recurring) for meeting expenses on account of Equipments, Infrastructure and Furnishing etc.,

# Receipts during the year 2015-16

Particulars	Amount in Lakhs	Percentage - %
Plan Grant in Aid	8450.00	87.92
Sponsored Projects	984.46	10.24
CDFD Services	86.41	0.90
Misc Receipts	90.24	0.94
Total	9611.11	100.00

# I. Application of Funds during 2015-16 (Plan Grant in Aid)

S No	Particulars	Amount in Lakhs	Percentage- %
1	Recurring		
	GIA- Salaries	1284.40	15.37
	GIA-General	2016.04	24.13
	Total	3300.44	39.50
2	Non-Recurring		
	GIA- Capital	5055.82	60.50
	Total	5055.82	60.50
	Grand Total	8356.26	100.00

# II. Application of Funds during 2015-16 (Extra Mural Projects)

S No	Particulars	Amount in Lakhs	Percentage- %
1	Recurring		
	Salaries	316.98	30.85
	General	562.56	54.76
	Total	879.54	85.61
2	Non-Recurring		
	Capital	147.89	14.39
	Total	147.89	14.39
	Grand Total	1027.43	100.00



# **B Purushottam & Co.,**

**Chartered Accountants** 

# **AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Date: 02-06-2016

The Director,

Centre for DNA Fingerprinting and Diagnostics,

Nampally,

Hyderabad – 500 001

We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hyderabad, as at 31st March 2016 and also the Income & Expenditure Account for the year ended on that date annexed there to. These Financial Statements are the responsibility of the organization management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Financial Statements based on our audit.

## We report that:

- 1. We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- 2. In our opinion, the organization has kept proper books of account as required by law so far, as appears from our examination of these books.
- 3. The Balance Sheet and Income & Expenditure account dealt with by this report is in agreement with the books of account.
- 4. (a) The centre has maintained accounts on accrual basis.
  - (b) The Centre receives extra mural grants from various National & International agencies for specific research activities. The Centre has a policy of allocating the overheads and transfer of expenditure of CDFD to different projects at the end of the financial year after taking into account the amount of maximum permissible limit of overheads and also based on the approved budget estimates and expenditure of the respective projects during the financial year.
- 5. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said Balance Sheet and the Income & Expenditure account read together with the notes thereon gives the required information in the manner so required and gives a true and fair view.
  - a) In so far it relates to the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2016 and
  - b) In so far as it relates to the Income & Expenditure account excess of income over expenditure for the year ended on 31st March 2016.

for **for B Purushottam & Co**Chartered Accountants
[CH SATYANARAYANA]

Place: Hyderabad Date: 02/06/2016

CENTRE FOR DNA FI	NA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	OSTICS, HY	DERABAD	
BAL	BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31st MARCH 2016	2016		(Amount - Rs.)
	os	Schedule	Current Year	Previous Year
CORPUS/CAPITAL FUND AND LIABILITIES				
Corpus / Capital Fund		_	1686691192	1212702539
Reserves and Surplus		2	16484058	0
Earmarked / Endowment funds		3	0	0
Secured Loans & Borrowings		4	0	0
Unsecured Loans & Borrowings		2	0	0
Deffered Credit Liabilities		9	0	0
Current Liabilities and Provisions		7	85746032	70028009
TOTAL			1788921282	1282730548
ASSETS				
Eixed Assets		8	1537816689	1090185109
Investments- From Earmarked / Endowment Funds		6	71098273	35098273
Investments - Others		10	30065721	33593376
Current Assets, Loans, Advances etc.		1	149940599	123853790
Miscellaneous Expenditure			0	0
TOTAL			1788921282	1282730548
Significant Accounting Policies		24		
Contingent Liabilities and Notes on Accounts		25		
DIRECTOR	For B. PURUSHOTTAM & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (CH SATYANARAYANA)		HEAD - FINAN	HEAD - FINANCE & ACCOUNTS CDFD

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERP INCOME & EXPENDITURE	NA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016	DIAGNOS: ENDED 31st	TICS,HYDERA MARCH 2016	ВАР	(Amount - Rs.)
INCOME	Schedule	0	Current Year		Previous Year
Income from Sales/Services	12		8641034		16481871
Grants/Subsides	13		345000000		260000000
Fees/Subscriptions	14		0		0
Income from Investments	15		18375260		27138910
Income from Royality, Publications etc.	16		0		0
Interest Earned	17		1390306		2104450
Other Income	18		7236505		3609182
Increase/(decrease) in stock of Finished goods and works-in-progress	19		0		0
TOTAL (A)			380643105		309334413
EXPENDITURE					
Establishment Expenses	20		119831151		128443061
Administrative Expenses	21		212729759		207784973
Expenditure on Grants, Subsides etc.	22		0		0
Interest	23		0		0
Depreciation (Net Total at the year-end -corresponding to Schedule 8)		70461166		81320619	
Less:Transferred to Grants-in-Aid		70461166	0	81320619	
Provision For Salaries			9780756		8395162
TOTAL (B)			342341666		344623196
Balance being excess of Income over Expenditure (A-B)			38301440		-35288783
DIRECTOR For CDFD (CH/	For B. PURUSHOTTAM & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (CH SATYANARAYANA)	AM & CO JNTANTS IA)	Ī	HEAD - FINANCE & ACCOUNTS CDFD	& ACCOUNTS CDFD

Transfer to Special Reserve		
Transfer to General Reserve (Lab Reserve)		8641034
BALANCE BEING SURPLUS/(DEFLICT) CARRIED TO CORPUS/CAPITAL FUND	24	29660405
SIGNIFICANT ACOUNTING POLICIES	25	
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS		
DIRECTOR CDFD (CH	For B. PURUSHOTTAM & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (CH SATYANARAYANA)	HEAD - FINANCE & ACCOUNTS CDFD

RECEIPTS AND	5 6	S ACCOUNT FO	PAYMENTS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016	!	(Amount - Rs.)
RECEIPTS	Current Year	Previous Year	PAYMENTS	Current Year	Previous Year
1.0pening Balances			1. Expenses		
a) Cash in hand			a) Establishment Expenses (corresponding to Schedule 20)	119831151.00	128443061
b) Bank Balances			b) Administrative Expenses (corresponding to Schedule 21)	212729758.77	207784973
i) In current accounts	13313616.81	26417751	c) Schedule 22	00.0	0
ii) In deposit accounts					
iii) Savings accounts	9433617.60	4383078			
2. Grants Received			2. Payments made against funds for various projects		
a) From Government of India	845000000.00	410000000	(Name of the fund or project should be shown along with the particulars of		
b) From State government			payments made for each project)		
c) From other sources (details)			Projects (Annexure F)	102743689.00	96048982
(Grants for capital & revenue			CSIR(Stipend)	11956274.00	10088151
exp. To be shown seperately)			DBT(Stipend)	9595329.00	5571185
Research Associates - CSIR(Stipend)	8453559.00	11093876	DST(Stipend)	2238533.00	1340375
Research Associates - DBT(Stipend)	5344314.00	5623475	ICMR(Stipend)	3338763.00	2785432
Research Associates - DST(Stipend)	1362000.00	85239	IISC(Stipend)	265938.00	813334
Research Associates - ICMR(Stipend)	1754439.00	1589055	UGC(Stipend)	11836172.00	8242741
Research Associates - IISC(Stipend)	36400.00	1029961			
Research Associates - UGC(Stipend)	2064806.00	16736506	3. Investments and deposits made		
			a) Out of Earmarked/Endowement funds	420000000.00	189000000
Projects (Annexure - C)	98445681.00	108091285	b) Out of Own Funds (Investments-Others)	00.00	
DIRECTOR CDFD		For B. PURUSHOTTAM CHARTERED ACCOUN (CH SATYANARAYANA)	I& CO TANTS	HEAD - FINANCE & ACCOUNTS CDFD	ACCOUNTS

CENTRE FOR		ERPRINTING	DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	BAD	
RECEIPTS	S AND PAYMENTS	S ACCOUNT FO	RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016		(Amount - Rs.)
RECEIPTS	Current Year	Previous Year	PAYMENTS	Current Year	Previous Year
3. Income on Investments from			4. Expenditure on Fixed Assets & Capital Work-in-Progress		
a) Earmarked/Endow. Funds	3168348.00	9126414	a) Purchases of Fixed Assets:		
b) Own Funds (Oth. Investment)			Books & Journals	560767.00	895458
Investments EnCashed	384000000.00	162000000	Equipment -Lab/Office/Furniture	23244176.25	74499419
			b) Expenditure on Capital Work-in-Progress:	3: 479498388.00	119845405
4. Interest Received					
a) On Bank deposits	106041.00	0			
b) Loans, Advances etc	18012496.00		5. Refund of surplus money/Loans		
Interest on LC	1284265.48	2104449.88	a) To the Government of India	00:00	
Interest on Computer Advance, Conveyance Advance and HBA	19018.00	17526	b) To the State Government	0.00	
2			c) To other providers of funds	00.00	
S Other Income(Specify)					
a) Analysis Charges	8641034.00	16481871.00	6. Finance Charges (Interest)	00.00	
b) Lab Reserve	7843024.00	0	7. Other Payments (Specify)		
6. Any Other Receipts (Give Details)			Advances (Annexure-D)	158544851.00	172463825
I-Remittances (Annexure-A)	29358677.00	23453753	I-Remittances (Annexure-E)	28161879.00	23186242
			CPF A/c	7756535.00	18257438
CPF-SUB, Arrears and adv. Refund	15265679.00	10645544	New Pension Scheme	3424598.00	3136300
Sundry Receipts	7090257.00	3254256	NIMS	3376101.00	0
Application Fee	17500.00	235800			
Provident Fund Salwage	0.00	0	8. Closing Balances		
Free Gifts - Donations	0.00	0	a) Cash in hand		
Sale OF Tender Forms	10500.00	47000	b) Bank Balances		
DIRECTOR CDFD		For B. PURUSHOTTAM CHARTERED ACCOUN (CH SATYANARAYANA)	& CO TANTS	HEAD - FINANCE & ACCOUNTS CDFD	ACCOUNTS CDFD

CENTRE FOR		ERPRINTING	DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	ABAD	
RECEIPTS AND		S ACCOUNT FO	PAYMENTS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016		(Amount - Rs.)
RECEIPTS	Current Year	Previous Year	PAYMENTS	Current Year	Previous Year
Leave Salary-Pension Contribution	44030.00	0	i) In current accounts	27660890.87	13313616.81
License Fee	55200.00	54600	ii) In deposit accounts		
Welfare Fund	00.00	0	iii) Savings accounts	11145109.00	9433617.6
NPS	3453474.00	3040743			
Advance/Refunds/Recovery/Adj(Annexure-B)	170319917.00	269637372			
NIMS	4011009.00	0			
TOTAL	1637908902.89	1085149555	TOTAL	1637908902.89	1085149555
DIRECTOR		For B. PURUSHOTTAM CHARTERED ACCOUN' (CH SATYANARAYANA)	& CO FANTS	HEAD - FINANCE & ACCOUNTS CDFD	ACCOUNTS CDFD

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31st MARCH 2016	TING AND DI/ 31st MARCH 201	AGNOSTICS 6		(Amount - Rs.)
			Current Year		Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 1 - CORPUS/CAPITAL FUND:				
	Balance as at the begining of the year		1212702539.00		1169815289.00
	Add: Contribution towards Corpus/Capital Fund				
	CDFD Core - Plan (Non-Recurring)	500000000000		150000000.00	
	Capitalised portion of Capital Expenditure of projects	14789414.00	514789414.00	9496652.00	159496652.00
	Less : Depreciation For the Year 2015-2016	70461166.00	70461166.00	81320619.00	81320619.00
	Less : Excess of Expenditure over Income	29660405.00	29660405.00		0.00
20			0.00	35288783.00	35288783.00
	BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR - END		1686691192.00		1212702539.00

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	TING AND DIA E SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	16	(Amount - Rs.)
			Current Year		Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 2 -RESERVES AND SURPLUS:				
	1.Capital Reserve :				
	As per last Account	0.00		00.0	
	Addition during the year	00.00		00.0	
	Less : Deductions during the year	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00
	2.Revolution Reserve :				
	As per last Account	00.00		00:00	
	Addition during the year	0.00		00.0	
	Less : Deductions during the year	0.00	00.00	00.0	00:00
	3.Special Reserves :				
20	As per last Account	0.00		00.0	
	Addition during the year	00.00		00.0	
	Less : Deductions during the year	0.00	00.00	00.0	00:00
	4. General Reserve :				
	As per last Account			00.0	
	Addition during the year	16484058.00	0.00		
	Less : Deductions during the year	0.00	0.00	00.00	00:00
	Total	0.00	16484058.00		0.00

DNA Fingerprinting and Diagnostics Receipts	8641034
Project Balances	7843024
Total	16484058

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	TING AND DI/ E SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20		(Amount - Rs.)
			Current Year		<b>Previous Year</b>
	SCHEDULE 3 - EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS :				
	(Refer Annexures)				
	(a) Opening balance of the Funds		-13731478.00		-25773781.00
	(b) Additions to the Funds:				
	i. Donations /grants	98445681.16		108091285.00	
	ii. Income from investments made on account of funds	00.00		00.00	
	iii. Other additions	00.00	98445681.16	0.00	108091285.00
	TOTAL (a+b)		84714203.16		82317504.00
	(c) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objective of funds				
	(i) Capital Expenditure (Refer Annexures I & II)				
20	- Fixed Assets	14354226.00		9200996.00	
	- Others	435188.00	14789414.00	295656.00	9496652.00
	- Total				
	(ii) Revenue Expenditure (Refer Annexures I & II)				
	- Salaries, Wages and allowances etc.	31698402.00		28642978.00	
	- Rent	00.00		00.00	
	- Other Expenses	56255873.00	87954275.00	57909352.00	86552330.00
	Total				
	TOTAL (c)		102743689.00		96048982.00
	NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END [(a + b)-c]		-18029485.84		-13731478.00

		Current Year		Previous Year
SCHEDULE 4 - SCHEDULE LOANS AND BORROWINGS :				
1. Central Government		0		0
2. State Government (Specify)		0		0
3. Financial Institutions				
a) Term Loans	0		0	
b) Interest accured and due	0	0	0	0
4. Banks :				
a) Terms Loans	0	0	0	0
- Interest accured and due	0		0	
b) Other Loans	0		0	
- Interest accured and due	0	0	0	0
5. Other Institutions and Agencies		0		0
6. Debentures and Bonds		0		0
7. Others (Specify)				
TOTAL		0		0
Note: Amount due within one year				

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	TING AND DI. E SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	9-	(Amount - Rs.)
			Current Year		Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 5 - UNSECURED LOANS AND BORROWINGS :				
	1. Central Government		0		0
	2. State Government (Specify)		0		0
	3. Financial Institutions		0		0
	4. Banks :				
	a) Terms Loans	0		0	
	b) Other Loans	0	0	0	0
	5. Other Institutions and Agencies		0		0
20	6. Debentures and Bonds		0		0
8	7. Fixed Deposits		0		0
	8. Others (Specify)		0		0
	TOTAL		0		0
	Note: Amount due within one year				

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	IG AND DIAGNOSTICS HEET AS AT 31st MARCH 20	)16	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year		Previous Year
SCHEDULE 6 - DEFFERED CREDIT LIABILITIES :			
a) Acceptances secured by hypothecation	0		0
of capital equipment and other assets			
b) Others	0		0
TOTAL	0		0
Note: Amount due within one year			

SCHEDULE 7 - CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS :		CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	NTING AND DIVICE SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	91	(Amount - Rs.)
A. CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS:         A. CURRENT LIABILITIES           A. CURRENT LIABILITIES         1. Acceptances           1. Acceptances         2. Sundry Creditors           3. Advances Received         4. Interest accured but not due on:           5. Stauturoty Labilities:         6. Other current Liabilities:           6. Other current Liabilities:         6. Other current Liabilities:           EMD         1288004.00           Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS         1288004.00           EMD         33339.00           GSLI         12983.100           Honorarium [Advance]         12983.100           House Building Advance         12283.100           Income Tax         0.00           Lib Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit         1272716.00           Lib Security Deposit & House States         5260.00           Lib Security Deposit         1272716.00           Out Standing Liabilities         52436.00           Professional Tax         406240.00           Professional Tax         0.00           Advance Tax         0.00				Current Year		Previous Year
A. CURRENT LIABILITIES         1. Acceptances         2. Sundry Creditors         3. Advances Received         4. Interest accured but not due on:         5. Statutory Liabilities:         6. Other current Liabilities:         CDFD.CP Fund ArC(Annexure-G)         Biagnostics Collabration With NIMS         EMD         CST Statutory Liabilities:         EMD         Gaygos.         CBFD.CP Fund ArC(Annexure-G)         CGFD.CP Fund Arc(Annexure-G)         CLC Scautity Deposit & Locatity Deposit         CGFD.CP Fund Arc Flax         CGFD.CP Fund Arc Flax         CGFD.CP Fund Arc Flax         CGFD.CP Fund Arc Flax       CGFD.CP Flate Fla						
1. Acceptances       1. Acceptances         2. Sundy Creditors       3. Advances Received         4. Interest accured but not due on:       4. Interest accured but not due on:         5. Statutory Liabilities:       6. Other current Liabilities         CDFD.CP Fund A/C(Annexure-G)       634908.00         Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS       1858034.00         EMD       33339.00         GSLI       129831.00         House Building Advance       97507.00         Income Tax       1227216.00         LIC       296550.00         Outhers (I-Remittances)       2040618.00         Out Standing Liabilities       26240618.00         Professional Tax       Professional Tax         Public Provident Fund       406240.00         Royalty & Consultancy       1644475.00         Security Deposit       50.00         Royalty & Consultancy       1644475.00         Security Deposit       1644475.00         Royalty & Consultancy       1644475.00         Security Deposit       60.00         TAA Broad [Advance]       1000         TDS       1020764.00         TDS       255334		A. CURRENT LIABILITIES				
2. Sundry Creditors       3. Advances Received         4. Interest accurred but not due on:       5. Statutory Liabilities:         5. Statutory Liabilities       44620022.00         Biggnostics Collabration With NIMS       1888034.00         EMD       33339.00         Bignostics Collabration With NIMS       129831.00         EMD       33339.00         GSLI       0.00         Honorarium [Advance]       129831.00         House Building Advance       129831.00         Income Tax       127507.00         Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit       1272716.00         LUC       2560.00         Out Standing Liabilities       98642.00         PPF EMPLOYER SHARE       98642.00         PPF EMPLOYER SHARE       98642.00         Professional Tax       406240.00         Public Provident Fund       1631642.00         Royality & Consultancy       1631642.00         Security Deposit       0.00         Service Tax       0.00         TDS       1920764.00         TDS       255858.00		1. Acceptances				
3. Advances Received       4. Interest accured but not due on:       4. Interest accured but not due on:       4. Interest accured but not due on:       5. Statutory Labilities:       44620022.00       40638852         6. Other current Liabilities       634908.00       237885         EMD       1858034.00       237855         EMD       33339.00       3078         EMD       129831.00       129831.00         House Building Advance       128831.00       129870         Income Tax       10       2560.00       256         Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit       1272716.00       124271         LIC       2560.00       29655         Others (I-Remittances)       20240618.00       148454         PPF EMPLOYER SHARE       98642.00       9974         Professional Tax       Professional Tax       406240.00       12465         Royality & Consultancy       Security Deposit       1643455.00       26524         Royalic Provident Fund       1920764.00       652334         TDS       1920764.00       652334         TDS       255858.00       25334		2. Sundry Creditors				
4. Interest accured but not due on:       4. Interest accured but not due on:       4. Interest accured but not due on:         5. Stautrory Liabilities:       6. Other current Liabilities       44620022.00       4063853         CDFD.CP Fund A/C(Annexure-G)       634908.00       237852         Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS       1858034.00       3076         EMD       33339.00       33339.00       3076         House Building Advance       129831.00       129831.00       129831.00         Income Tax       10       2550       2655         LIC       2550       2655       2655         Out Standing Liabilities       18454       3456         PPF EMPLOYER SHARE       562436.00       18641         Professional Tax       40612.00       166414         Professional Tax       406240.00       166414         Professional Tax       406240.00       166414         Security Deposit       1643475.00       6524         TDS       1920764.00       65234         TDS       255858.00       25334		3. Advances Received				
5. Statutory Liabilities:       6. Other current Liabilities:       44620022.00       4063853         CDFD.CP Fund A/C(Annexure-G)       6. 34908.00       237853         EMD       1858034.00       237853         EMD       30.00       12983         House Building Advance       129831.00       129870         Income Tax       127507.00       9708         Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Securi		4. Interest accured but not due on:				
6. Other current Liabilities         44620022.00         4063863           CDFD.CP Fund A/C(Annexure-G)         634908.00         237863           Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS         188034.00         33789.00           EMID         0.00         37853           GSLI         129831.00         9700           House Building Advance         122767.00         124271           Income Tax         1275716.00         255           LIC         2550.00         29655           Others (I-Remittances)         296550         29655           Out Standing Liabilities         862436.00         118454           PPF EMPLOYER SHARE         98642.00         9974           Professional Tax         406240.00         16544           Royalty & Consultancy         2650.00         24736           Security Deposit         1643475.00         165127           Service Tax         17A Abroad [Advance]         6524           TDS         1920764.00         65234           Works Tax         255858.00         25334		5. Statutory Liabilities:				
CDFD.CP Fund A/C(Annexure-G)         44620022.00         4063855           Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS         634908.00         237865           EMD         1858034.00         3078           GSLI         0.00         129831.00         3078           House Building Advance         172776.00         12982           Income Tax         1272716.00         124271           Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit at Security Deposit Lab Loy ER SHARE         20240618.00         1184544           PPF EMPLOY ER SHARE         562436.00         3465         9974           Professional Tax         406240.00         165414           Professional Tax         406240.00         165414           Security Deposit Security Securi		6. Other current Liabilities				
Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS         634908.00         237865           EMD         1858034.00         3076         3076           GSLI         0.00         129831.00         129831.00           House Building Advance         122757.00         124271           Income Tax         1272716.00         2556.00         2556.00           Ldb Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit         Abstel Security Deposit         148454           LC         2556.00         29655.00         29645           Out Standing Liabilities         PPF EMPLOYER SHARE         9974           PPF EMPLOYER SHARE         564436.00         1484545           Professional Tax         406240.00         165414           Professional Tax         406240.00         165414           Security Deposit         Security Deposit         6524           Security Deposit         169127         24733           Service Tax         0.00         255334           Morks Tax         1920764.00         25534		CDFD.CP Fund A/C(Annexure-G)	44620022.00		40638533.00	
EMD         237853           GSLI         33339.00           Honorarium [Advance]         0.00           House Building Advance         129831.00           Income Tax         97507.00           Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit         1272716.00           LLC         2550.00           Others (I-Remittances)         29655.00           Others (I-Remittances)         29655.00           Out Standing Liabilities         29655.00           PPF EMPLOYER SHARE         56240618.00           Professional Tax         406240.00           Public Provident Fund         1231642.00           Royality & Consultancy         80042.00           Security Deposit         1643475.00           Service Tax         0.00           TA Abroad [Advance]         1920764.00           TDS         255858.00           Works Tax         255334		Diagnostics Collabration With NIMS	634908.00		00.00	
GSLI         33339.00         3076           Honorarium [Advance]         0.00         129831.00         129831.00           House Building Advance         1272716.00         124271           Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit         2550.00         255           UC         2550.00         29655           Others (I-Remittances)         20240618.00         1184545           PPF EMPLOYER SHARE         562436.00         3456           Professional Tax         406240.00         12465           Professional Tax         406240.00         12465           Public Provident Fund         169127         169127           Security Deposit         562436.00         169127           Security Deposit         6654         169127           TA Abroad [Advance]         1920764.00         80051           TDS         255334		EMD	1858034.00		2378534.00	
Honorarium [Advance]         0.00           House Building Advance         129831.00         129831.00           House Building Advance         9706           Income Tax         1272716.00         124271           Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit         2550.00         256.256.00           LIC         2550.00         2040618.00         204654           Out Standing Liabilities         PPF EMPLOYER SHARE         3456         3456           Professional Tax         98642.00         3456         3456           Public Provident Fund         12463         3456         3456           Royalty & Consultancy         262436.00         165414         3456           Security Deposit         360240         36024         36024           Abroad [Advance]         1654365.00         3674         3674           TDS         Works Tax         3656         3652           Works Tax         3650         3650         36533	210	CSLI	33339.00		30785.00	
e Building Advance ne Tax ne Tax Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit (1727716.00) 2550.00 Standing Liabilities EMPLOYER SHARE ssional Tax c Provident Fund Ity & Consultancy rity Deposit (1731642.00) rity Security Deposit (1731642.00) rity A Consultancy (1731642.00) rity	<u> </u>	Honorarium [Advance]	0.00		00.00	
ne Tax       97507.00         Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit       1272716.00         security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit       2550.00         rs (I-Remittances)       296555.00         standing Liabilities       20240618.00         EMPLOYER SHARE       562436.00         essional Tax       406240.00         c Provident Fund       1531642.00         lty & Consultancy       1643475.00         rity Deposit       0.00         ce Tax       0.00         srax       0.00         st Tax       255858.00		House Building Advance	129831.00		129831.00	
Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit       1272716.00       13         Is (I-Remittances)       2550.00       11         Standing Liabilities       20240618.00       11         EMPLOYER SHARE       562436.00       11         Essional Tax       98642.00       16         c Provident Fund       406240.00       16         lty & Consultancy       1531642.00       16         rity Deposit       0.00       16         ce Tax       0.00       10         s Tax       255858.00       1		Income Tax	97507.00		97088.00	
rs (I-Remittances)       2550.00         standing Liabilities       296555.00         Standing Liabilities       20240618.00         EMPLOYER SHARE       562436.00         ssional Tax       98642.00         c Provident Fund       406240.00         Ity & Consultancy       1531642.00         rity Deposit       0.00         or e Tax       0.00         s Tax       0.00         s Tax       255858.00			1272716.00		1242716.00	
standing Liabilities       296555.00         Standing Liabilities       20240618.00         EMPLOYER SHARE       562436.00         essional Tax       98642.00         c Provident Fund       406240.00         lty & Consultancy       1643475.00         rity Deposit       0.00         ce Tax       0.00         srax       1920764.00         s Tax       255858.00		ΠC	2550.00		2550.00	
Standling Liabilities       20240618.00       114         EMPLOYER SHARE       562436.00       114         ssional Tax       98642.00       10         c Provident Fund       406240.00       11         lty & Consultancy       1531642.00       11         rity Deposit       0.00       10         ce Tax       0.00       10         s Tax       255858.00       14		Others (I-Remittances)	296555.00		296555.00	
EMPLOYER SHARE 562436.00 ssional Tax 98642.00 406240.00 1531642.00 1531642.00 1643475.00 1643475.00 0.00 0.00 1520764.00 s Tax 57ax 5.58588.00 1520764.00 8 Tax 5.58588.00 1520764.00 8 Tax 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.58588.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.585888.00 5.5858888.00 5.585888.00 5.58588888.00 5.5858888.00 5.5858888.00 5.5858888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.58588888.00 5.585888888.00 5.5858888888.00 5.585888888.00 5.5858888888888		Out Standing Liabilities	20240618.00		11845456.00	
c Provident Fund       98642.00         c Provident Fund       406240.00         lty & Consultancy       1531642.00         rity Deposit       0.00         ce Tax       0.00         proad [Advance]       1920764.00         s Tax       255858.00		PPF EMPLOYER SHARE	562436.00		34566.00	
c Provident Fund       406240.00         lty & Consultancy       1531642.00         rity Deposit       1643475.00         ce Tax       0.00         oroad [Advance]       0.00         s Tax       255858.00		Professional Tax	98642.00		99742.00	
Ity & Consultancy       1531642.00         rity Deposit       1643475.00         ce Tax       0.00         oroad [Advance]       1920764.00         s Tax       255858.00		Public Provident Fund	406240.00		124630.00	
rity Deposit 1643475.00 ce Tax 0.00 ce Tax 0.00 coroad [Advance] 0.00 coroad [Advance] 1920764.00 cs Tax 255858.00		Royalty & Consultancy	1531642.00		1654142.00	
ce Tax 0.00 broad [Advance] 0.00 1920764.00 s Tax		Security Deposit	1643475.00		1691275.00	
oroad [Advance] 0.00 1920764.00 s Tax		Service Tax	00.00		247331.00	
s Tax 1920764.00 255858.00		TA Abroad [Advance]	0.00		65249.00	
255858.00		TDS	1920764.00		800515.00	
		Works Tax	255858.00		253349.00	

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	TING AND DIA	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	9	(Amount - Rs.)
		_	Current Year		Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 7 - CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS:				
	Workshop & Conference	360139.00	75965276.00	0.00	61632847.00
	TOTAL (A)		75965276.00		61632847.00
	B.PROVISIONS				
	1. For Taxation				
	2. Gratuity				
	3. Superannuation/Pension				
	4. Accumulated Leave Encashment				
	5. Trade Warranties/Claims				
	6. Others (Specify)	9780756.00	9780756.00	8395162.00	8395162.00
044	TOTAL (B)		9780756.00		8395162.00
	TOTAL (A+B)		85746032.00		70028009.00

	CENTRE	E FOR DNA	A FINGE	EFOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	IG AND L	DIAGNOSTICS AT 31st MARCH 2	STICS RCH 20	16	(Amor	(Amount - Rs.)
		GROSS BL	BLOCK		Δ	DEPRECIATION	NO.		NET BLOCK	CK
SCHEDULE 8 - FIXED ASSTES	Cost/valuation As at begining of the the year	Addition during the year	Deductions during the year	Cost/valuation at the year end	As at the begining of the year	On additions during the year	On Deductions during the year	Total up to the year end	As at the Current current year end	As at the previous year end
A. FIXED ASSETS:										
a) Freehold	3900000.00	0.00	0.00	3900000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3900000.00	3900000.00
b) Leasehold  2. BUIL DINGS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
a) On Freehold Land	220052369.00	0.00	0.00	220052369.00	72988620.00	14706375.00	0.00	87694995.00	132357374.00	147063749.00
b) On Leasehold Land	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
c) Ownership Flats/Premises	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00
d) Superstructures on Land	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00
not belongs to the entity										
3. PLANT MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	674283159.05	37532003.00	0.00	711815162.05 336762469.00	336762469.00	53779285.00	0.00	390541754.00	321273408.05	337520690.05
4. VEHICLES	4153026.00	0.00	0.00	4153026.00	3588389.00	84696.00	0.00	3673085.00	479941.00	564637.00
5. FURNITURE, FIXTURES	16469562.00	-432166.00	0.00	16037396.00	10827570.00	542591.00	0.00	11370161.00	4667235.00	5641992.00
6. OFFICE EQUIPMENT	11651316.00	498566.00	0.00	12149882.00	9160454.00	416001.00	0.00	9576455.00	2573427.00	2490862.00
7. COMPUTER/PERIPHERALS	132023.00	0.00	00.00	132023.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	132023.00	132023.00
8. ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS	0.00				0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00		
9. LIBRARY BOOKS	18017234.00	995955.00	0.00	19013189.00	17680649.00	846328.00	0.00	18526977.00	486212.00	336585.00
10. TUBEWELLS & WATER SUPPLY	00:0	(	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0000
11. OTHER FIXED ASSETS Airconditioning works	8857898.00	0.00	00.0	8857898.00	7998999.00	85890.00	0.00	8084889.00	7.73009.00	858899.00
Aluminium partition work		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DG Set		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Paintings		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Typewriters		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Miscellaneous non consumables		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Other Assets		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
EMB Net		00:00	00.00		0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00		
TOTAL	957516587.05	38594358.00	0.00	996110945.05	459007150.00	70461166.00	0.00	529468316.00	466642629.05 498509437.05	498509437.05
B. CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS	591675671.70	479498388.00	00:00	1071174059.70	00.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	1071174059.70  591675671.70	591675671.70
TOTAL	1549192258.75	518092746.00	00.00	2067285004.75 459007150.00	459007150.00	70461166.00	0.00	529468316.00	1537816688.751090185108.75	090185108.75

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	316	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 9 - INVESTMENTS FROM EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS :		
1. In Government Securities	00:00	00.0
2. Other approved securities	00:00	00.0
3. Shares	00:00	00.0
4. Debentures and Bonds	00:00	00.0
5. Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	00:00	00.0
6. Others (to be specified) - STDRs (Annexure-J)	71098273.00	35098273.00
TOTAL	71098273.00	35098273.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	316	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 10 - INVESTMENTS - OTHERS :		
(Annexure-K)		
1. In Government Securities	0.00	0.00
2. Other approved securities	0.00	0.00
3. Shares	0.00	0.00
4. Debentures and Bonds: UTI Bonds		
5. Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	0.00	0.00
6. Others (to be specified) - STDRs,(CPF),CDFD CP FUND A/C	30065721.00	33593376.00
TOTAL	30065721.00	33593376.00

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	NTING AND DIV CE SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	16	(Amount - Rs.)
			Current Year		Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 11 - INVESTMENTS - OTHERS :	Current Year		Previous Year	
	A. CURRENT ASSETS				
	1. Inventors				
	a) Stores and Spares	0.00		00.00	
	b) Loose Tools	00.00		00.00	
	c) Stock-in-trade				
	Finished Goods	0.00		00.00	
	Work-in-progress	0.00		00.00	
	Raw Materials	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00
2.	2. Sundry Debtors:				
	a) Debts Outstanding for a period exceeding six months			00.00	
	b) Others-Life Membership Fees	169236.00	169236.00	165935.00	165935.00
	3. Cash balances in hand (including cheques/drafts and imprest)				
	4. Bank Balances:				
	a) With Scheduled Banks:				
	-On Current Accounts	27660889.85		13313616.81	
	-On Deposit Accounts (includes margin money)	0.00		0.00	
	-On Savings Accounts	11145109.42	38805999.27	9433617.60	22747234.41
	b) With non-Schedules Banks:				
	-On Current Accounts	0.00		0.00	
	-On Deposit Accounts	0.00		0.00	
	-On Savings Accounts	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
	5. Post Office-Savings Accounts				
	TOTAL (A)		38975235.27		22913169.41

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	ITING AND DIA E SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	16	(Amount - Rs.)
			<b>Current Year</b>		Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 11 - INVESTMENTS - OTHERS :				
	B. LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER ASSETS				
	1. Loans:				
	a) Staff	00.00		00.00	
	b) Other Entities engaged in activities/objectives similar to that of the Entity	00.0	0.00	00.00	0.00
	2. Advances and other amounts recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received				
	a) On Capital Account (Annexure-H)	61240068.00	0.00	51994904.56	
	b) Prepayments - Deposits (Annexure-I)	16488897.00		17201742.00	
215	c) Others	0.00	77728965.00	00.00	69196646.56
	3. Income Accured:				
	a) On Investments from Earmarked/Endowments Funds	00.00		00.00	
	b) On Investments - Others	15206912.00		18012496.00	
	c) On Loans and Advances	00.00		00.00	
	d) Others	00.00	15206912.00	00.00	18012496.00
	4. Claims Receivable		18029485.84		13731478.00
	TOTAL (B)		110965362.84		100940620.56
	TOTAL (A+B)		149940598.11		123853789.97

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	(C	
			(Amount - Rs.)
		Current Year	Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 12 - INCOME FROM SALES/SERVICES :		
	1) Income from sales		
	a) Sale of Finished Goods	00.00	0.00
	b) Sale of Raw Material	00.00	0.00
	c) Sale of Scraps	00.00	0.00
	2) Income from Services		
	a) Labour and Processing Charges	00.00	00.00
	b) Professional/Consultancy Services (Analysis Charges)	8641034.00	16481871.00
	c) Agency Commission and Brokerage	00.00	00.00
	d) Maintenance Services (Equpiment/Property)	00.00	0.00
	e) Others (Specify)	00.00	0.00
216	TOTAL	8641034.00	16481871.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	16	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 13 - GRANTS/SUBSIDES :		
(Irrevocable Grants & Subsides Received)		
1) Central Government (DBT Plan Grant-in-Aid)	345000000.00	260000000.00
2) State Government(s)	0.00	0.00
3) Government Agencies	0.00	0.00
4) Institutions/Welfare Bodies	0.00	00.00
5) International Organisations	0.00	0.00
6) Others (Specify)	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	345000000.00	260000000.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	016	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 14 - FEES/SUBSCRIPTIONS:		
1) Entrance Fees	0	0
2) Annual Fees/Subscriptions	0	0
3) Seminar/Program Fees	0	0
4) Consultancy Fees	0	0
5) Others (Specify)	0	0
TOTAL	0	0

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	ITING AND DIV SE SHEET AS AT	AGNOSTICS 31st MARCH 20	16	(a)
				(Allibulit - NS.)
		Current Year		Previous Year
SCHEDULE 15 - INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS:				
(Income on Invest from Earmarked/Endowment Funds				
transferred to Funds)				
1) Interest:				
a) On Govt. Securities	00.00		0.00	
b) Other Bonds/Debentures	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
2) Dividends:				
a) On Shares	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
b) On Mutual Fund Securities	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
3) Rents	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
4) Others (Specify) STDRs	18375260.00		27138910.00	00.00
TOTAL	18375260.00		27138910.00	00.00
TRANSFERRED TO EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS				

SCHEDIII E 18 INCOME EDOM DOVALITY DI IDI ICATION ETC .	FOR DING FINGER FRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS ORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	(Amount - Rs.)
SCUEDIII E 18. INCOME EDOM BOXAI ITV BIIBI ICATION ETC .	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDOLE 10 - INCOME TROM ROTALI 1, TOBEICALION ELC:		
1) Income from Royality	0	0
2) Income from Publications	0	0
3) Others (Specify)	0	0
TOTAL	0	0
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	S 2016	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
8 SCHEDULE 17 - INTEREST EARNED :		
1) On Term Deposits		
a) With Schedule Banks	1284265.48	2104450.00
b) With Non-Scheduled Banks	00.00	
c) With Institutions	00:00	
d) Others	00.0	00.00
2) On Saving Accounts		
a) With Schedule Banks	106041.00	
b) With Non-Scheduled Banks	0.00	
c) post Office Savings Accounts	00:0	0.00
d) Others	00:0	
3) OII Edails 3) Employoog/Qtoff		
a) Linployees/Stail b) Others	00.0	00.00
4) Interest on Debtors and Other Receivables	0.00	
TOTAL	1390306.48	2104450.00
Note :- Tax deducted at source to be indicated		

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	2016	(Amount - Rs.)
	SCHEDULE 18 - OTHER INCOME	Current Year	Previous Year
	1) Profit on Sale/disposal of Assets:	00.00	00.00
	a) Owned assets	00.00	0.00
	b) Assets acquired out of grants, or received free of cost	00.00	00.00
	2) Export Incentives realized	00.00	00.00
	3) Fees for Miscellaneous Services	00.00	00.00
	4) Miscellaneous Receipts		
	5) Other Receipts		
	Sundry Receipts	7090257.00	3254256.00
	Application Fee	17500.00	235800.00
	Sales of Tender Forms	10500.00	47000.00
	Licence Fee	55200.00	54600.00
	Interest on Computer Advance, Conveyance Advance And HBA	19018.00	17526.00
2	Leave Salary-Pension Contribution	44030.00	00.00
19	Provident Fund Salwage	00.00	00.00
	Free.Gifts-Donations	00.0	0.00
	TOTAL	7236505.00	3609182.00
L			

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016		(Amount - Rs.)
SCHEDULE 19 - INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN STOCK OF FINISHED GOODS & WORK IN PROGRESS:	Current Year	Current Year Previous Year
a) Closing stock -Finished Goods	0	0
-Work-in-progress	0	0
Total (a)	0	0
b) Less: Opening stock		
-Finished Goods	0	0
-Work-in-progress	0	0
Total (b)	0	0
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) [a-b]	0	0

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	<b>:S</b> 1 2016	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 20 - ESTABLISHMENT EXPENSES :		
a) Salaries and Wages	53877441.00	68828459.00
b) Allowances and Bonus	58836726.00	50691650.00
c) Contribution to Provident Fund	2247900.00	2619770.00
d) Contribution to Other Fund (NPS)	2767432.00	2358636.00
e) Staff Welfare Expenses - Medical charges	2101652.00	2136167.00
f) Expenses on Employees Retirement and Terminal Benefits	00:00	1808379.00
g) Others (specify) - Staff leased House	0.00	00:00
TOTAL	119831151.00	128443061.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	16	(Amount - Rs.)
	<b>Current Year</b>	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 21 - OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES :		
a) Purchases	55705243.00	77276637.00
b) Electricity and power	21498750.00	21857964.00
c) Water charges	903057.00	898347.00
d) Insurance	106035.00	90857.00
e) Repairs and maintenance	11702293.00	16452976.00
f) Rent, Rates and Taxes	30557063.00	18919374.00

THE TENT			
PHF!		Current Year	Previous Year
	SCHEDULE 21 - OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES :		
(g	g) Vehicles Running and Maintenance	1176998.00	1254153.00
Ч	Postage, Telephone and Communication Charges	4578419.00	3037666.00
<u> </u>	Printing and Stationary	1748631.00	1151024.00
	Travelling and Conveyance Expenses	9363448.27	9897640.00
<u>&gt;</u>	Expenses on Seminar/Workshops	219573.00	316177.00
<u> </u>	Subscription Expenses	50894.00	38693.00
æ	Expenses on Fees	34246.00	80874.00
22 22	Auditors Remuneration	62126.00	56180.00
(o	Hospitality Expenses	952328.00	772072.00
Э	Professional Charges	3686097.00	5985002.00
/ (b	Advertisement and Publicity	472477.00	3034697.00
	Bank Charges	26599.50	4818.00
s (s	Security & Cleaning Contract Charges	21601902.00	21011830.00
	Training Course /Symposia	20600.00	-88482.00
Î	Other Contingencies	9373811.00	1881362.00
¬	Liveries & Blankets	127754.00	30819.00
(%)	Other Research Expenses	38760374.00	22011273.00
×	Office Books	1040.00	13020.00
\$ 	Over Heads	00.00	1800000.00
TOTAL		212729758.77	207784973.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	16	(Amount - Rs.)
	<b>Current Year</b>	Current Year   Previous Year
SCHEDULE 22 - EXPENDITURE ON GRANTS, SUBSIDES, ETC.		
a) Grants given to Institutions/Organisations	0.00	00.00
b) Subsidies given to Institutions/Organisations	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	00.0	00'0

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2016	16	(Amount - Rs.)
	Current Year	Previous Year
SCHEDULE 23 - INTEREST		
a) On Fixed Loans	00.00	0.00
b) On Other Loans (including Bank Charges)	00.00	0.00
c) Others	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	0.00	0.00

# Schedule 24: Significant Accounting Policies & Schedule 25: Contingent Liabilities & Notes on Account for the period ended 31/03/2016

#### 1. Method of Accounting:

- a. The accounting system adopted by the organization is on "accrual basis".
- b. The organization has been getting plan Grant-In-Aid under the "Non-recurring" & "Recurring" heads.

### 2. Revenue recognition:

Income comprises of Grant-in-Aid, Internal Resources through services and interest from short term deposits. Income accounted on the basis of the Cash/DD/Cheques/Cr notes/ on line transfers received.

#### 3. Fixed Assets:

- (a) Fixed assets are stated at cost. Cost includes freight, duties, and taxes etc.,
- (b) Depreciation: Depreciation Account on Fixed Assets has since been prepared at the rate prevailing to the concerned Fixed Assets as specified in the Income Tax Act, 1961 on Written Down Value Method of Depreciation.
- (c) Capital work in progress has been entered to the extent of the last running account bills paid.
- (d) Realization on sale of obsolete/surplus fixed assets which is not required for the purpose of research activities are adjusted against capital cost.

#### 4. Inventories:

All purchases of chemicals, glassware and other consumables have been charged to consumption at the time of purchase.

### 5. Foreign Currency transactions:

Foreign Currency transactions are recognized in the books at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction.

#### 6. Investments:

Investments in STDR's are stated at book values.

#### 7. Advances:

It is observed from the objection book register that advances to suppliers for consumables & Equipments are to be reconciled and adjustment entries are to be passed in the books of accounts.

- 8. The previous year balances have been regrouped/rearranged, wherever necessary.
- 9. With effect from financial year 2015-16, creation of the Laboratory Reserve has been introduced as approved by the FC/GC held on 18/02/2016. Accordingly the transferable amounts as per the approved method have been transferred to Reserves and Surplus from the respective heads to the permissible limits which is reflected in Income and Expenditure Account and the Balance Sheet.

Director CDFD

Head- Finance & Accounts CDFD

for B Purushottam & Co Chartered Accountants [CHSATYANARAYANA]

Place: Hyderabad Date: 02/06/2016

### CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD

### **CLARIFICATION ON NOTES ON ACCOUNTS: 2015-16**

❖ Notes on Accounts 1 to 2 & 4 to 6: Method of Accounting/ Revenue recognition/Fixed Asset/ Inventories/ Foreign Currency transactions/Investments:

These are all only informatory items.

Notes on Accounts 3: Fixed Assets:

Depreciation has been calculated on Written down Value method and at the rates prevailing to the concerned Fixed Asset as specified on the Income Tax Act, 1961 and set off against the Grantin-Aid (non-recurring). The details of the Depreciation on Fixed Assets are at Schedule -8 is an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes on Accounts 7: Advances:

The observation of the audit has been noted. The action has already been initiated to reconcile the objection book register.

B J ACHARYULU Head Finance & Accounts CDFD

#### Annexure-I

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

			Amount in Rs.
Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	Current Year
-13242813	COE1	COE1	-13755933
-13991880	COE2	COE2	-25772516
-630047	P-03	"Transgenesis and Genetic basis of Pathogen Resistance in the Silkworm, Bombyx Mori	-630047
244305	P-09	"NMITLI Project on – Latent M.Tuberculosis: New targets, Drug delivery systems, Bio enhancers & Therapeutics"	244305
-28332	P-10	"Role of upstream sequence elements in Hyper activation of transcription from Baculovirus polyhedrin gene promoter"	-28332
-576590	P-100	Effect of raective oxygen species on T-Cell immune response: An approach to understand the molecular mechanism of immunosuppression during tuberculosis - National Bioscience Award	-576590
6859801	P-101	Role of inositol pyrophosphates in cell physiology: Investigating the biochemical significance of protein pyrophosphorylation - Senior Fellowship	1
-27922	P-102	Understanding the role of Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shockprotein 60 as Th1/Th2 immuno modular	-27922
-300000	P-103	National Bioscience Award - Regulation of mast cell signaling, apoptosis and surface receptors	-300000
-1160508	P-104	Virtual Centre of Excellence on Epigenetics	-1289897
-862685	P-105	Cloning, Characterization and analysis of chromosomal rearrangements in human genetic disorders	-862685
1036691	P-107	IYBA Project - Mechanism and role of bacterial cell-cell signaling molecules in plant defense response	366575
-454643	P-108	Establishment of EBV transformed cell lines from families with rare genetic disorders	-454643
3351336	P-109	Molecular dissection of PI3-Kinase/Akt pathway by suing proteomics based approach: A study to identify novel potential oncogenes and tumor suppressors	
-191391	P-110	India-Japan research project title"Identification and analysis of sex determining genes in silkmoths"	
1169677	P-111	Ramalingaswami Fellowship - Refractoriness mechanism in Mosquito: cracking molecular codes at genomic scale	
-450859	P-114	Evaluating the Calcineurin-NFAT Pathway and its regulators superoxide dismutase (SOD) AND RCAN1 (regular of Calcineurin) Down Syndrome	
-1251366	P-116	DBT-India and AIST - Japan : Understanding molecular mechanisms controlling dual role of Ras, Sirtuins and CARF in relation to cellular proliferation and senescence: Novel Strategy for developing cancer therapeutics	
-2892	P-119	Analysis of DNA copy number alterations in esophaeal cancer	-2892
-769484	P-120	Effect of reactive oxygen species on macrophage signalosome: impact on antigen presentation functions and T Cell priming responses	-769484
-1130866	P-121	Identification and characterization of PTEN regulators	-1130866
388692	P-122	Understanding the role of Hox genes in anterior-posterior axis determination of the central nervous system	2951109
1402135	P-123	Establish a Max Planck Partner Group for Genetic Diversity Studies at CDFD	771699
-748411	P-124	Preparation and characterization of peroxometal compounds and studies and their biological significance in cellular signalling	
442524	P-126	Rho-dependent transcription termination machinery: mechanism of action	
-294516	P-127	Systematic studies on the functional network of phosphatases in cell life and death	
-77108	P-128	Mechanism of iron acquisition and iron homeostasis in an opportunistic human pathogen Candida glabrata	
3947	P-13	"Programme to delineate gene functions in the post – genomics era by a systematic two gene knockout method"	
-2550050	P-130	Comparative genetic analysis of sex chromosomes and sex determining genes in silkmoths	
398632	P-131	Structural and functional studies of Acyl CoA Binding proteins from plasmodium falciparum	
-640003	P-132	Characterization of tumor suppressor function of ARIDIB, a component of the human SWI/SNF chromatin remodelling complex	

#### Annexure-I

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	
460117	P-133	Investigating the role of Hox gene deformed in central nervous system patterning in Drosophila melanogaster	-702990
-77061	P-134	Exploration of wild silk moth biodiversity in Manipur and their genetic characterization using molecular markers	
-357268	P-135	Sys TB: A Network Program for Resolving the Intracellular Dynamics of Host Phthogen Interaction in TB Infection	-336135
-292334	P-136	Raf Kinase - a key target for modem-day theraphy against tumors	-196001
759474	P-137	Signaling pathways involved in down regulation of proinflammatory responses by PPE18 protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Implication of PPE18 as therapeutics	0
-1353238	P-138	Co-evaluation of Dnmt3l and Genomic imprinting	-1500300
20000	P-139	Evaluating the role of Sirtuins and epigenetic changes during cellular senescense in context of p53 status	20000
-403336	P-140	Development of baculovirus resistant silkworms strains through synthetic miRNA based knockdown of essential viral genes	-608652
-125000	P-141	Evaluating the functional role of PTEN interacting proteins in cell survival signaling and tumor suppression	-125000
-280596	P-142	Identification of H3K4 TRI Demethylase involved in erasing H3K4 trimethylation marks at E2F Responsive promoters	-81861
-534504	P-143	Microarray based characterisation of squamous cell carcinoma of the tongue occuring in non smokers	-1381684
424130	P-144	Tri-National Training Program for Psychiatric Genetics	122130
-1112243	P-145	"H3K4 HMT family regulatescell cycle progression"	3222
433858	P-146	"Role of MLL in ribosomal RNA transcription"	59533
-677839	P-147	"The Effect of Parental Education, Ethics of Research Participation and Array Comparative Genomic Hybridization in Subjects with Mental Retardation (MR) and /or Autism"	-272874
-1016335	P-149	"Role of SUMOylation in the pathobiology of Candida Glabrata"	-59917
-601366	P-151	"Human Exome Sequencing to Identify Novel Genes for Medelian Disorders "	375851
29100	P-152	"Global transcriptomics of sex specific spilicing "	-30814
641552	P-153	"An attractive and promising stragegy for early cancer diagnosis through the assembly of the human cancer volatome"	-64305
30832	P-154	"Rational design, synthetic strategies for developing organometallic anticancer compounds based on organotin and organoiron "	13510
335194	P-155	"Studies on thecellular roles of calcium signalling proteins in Neurospora crassa "	335194
-175165	P-156	"Targeting microbial quorum sensing to demonstrate potential application of cell-cell signaling molecules from Xanthomonas group of plant pathogen in diesease control "	239949
204372	P-157	"Identification of novel antifungal drug and delineation of drug resistance mechanisms in an opportunistic human fungal pathogen Candida glabrata"	-1361799
-1379658	P-158	"Modulation of host immune responses by a PPE Protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Understanding its role in host - pathogen cross-talk "	-2575346
0	P-159	"Gene Targeting of microbial isolates to demonstrate potential plant growth promoting (PGP) traits by third generation sequencing "	-300000
208333	P-160	"Understanding the role of novel adhesins of Xanthomonas oryzae PV orzae in Virulence and colonization in Rice"	
84656	P-161	"Analysis of co-regulation between DNA replication activity and amino acid homeostatis by transcription factor IciA/ArgP in Eschericia coli	
-316464	P-162	Characterization and design of inhibitors of Mycobacterium tuberculosis transcription	
1052471	P-163	Unravelling new functions for the H-NS family of proteins in Gram-negative bacterial pathogens "	
-24671	P-164	"A Yeast based screen for discovery of novel sirtuin inhibitors as anticancer agents "	
330135	P-165	"Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths "	
2165638	P-166	"Sequencing analysis of transcriptome variants in early-onset sporadic rectal cancer"	
633780	P-167	"To elucidate the role of MLL complex in epigenetic specification of centromeres"	
788623	P-168	"A Search for nucleus -limited genes in Neurospora "	0

## CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

			Amount in Rs.
Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	
1758108	P-169	"Implementation of 3 year DNB Program in Medical Genetics by Department of Biotechnology in colloboration with National Board of Examination ag SGHR, NIBMG&CDFD"	16915
-687887	P-17	"Studies on inosital-phosphate synthesis – a novel enzyme from Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37RV" – Transfer from IMTECH, Chandigarh "	-687887
277449	P-170	"Women Scientist Scheme "Identification and character of deregulated micro RNAs in defined sub-set of early onset sporadic rectal cancer patients using transcriptome sequencing"	-659867
1754447	P-171	"Role of vesicle-mediated transport and chromatin remodelling in the virulence of Candida glabrata"	211423
1461747	P-172	"Molecular Characterization of early onset sporadic rectal cancer "	
584882	P-173	"Development and application of a next generation sequencing approach for molecular genetic analysis of lysosomal storage disorders "	487953
500000	P-174	"Is non-canonical Wnt signalling a major player in early-onset sporadic rectal cancer "	520542
-509714	P-175	"Multi Centri Collaborative study of the Clinical, Biochemical and Molecular Characterization of Lysosomal storage disorders in India - The initiative for research in Lysosomal Storage Disorders"	-1432672
200103	P-176	International Atomic Energy Agency	200103
0	P-177	"Morphological and molecular taxonomy of the Phlebotomus argendtipes species complex in relation to transmission of Kala-azar in India"	-197394
0	P-179	"Quality Assurance Programme for Molecular and Prenatal Diagnosis of Hemoglobin Opathies	-50000
-274286	P-18	"Mapping of receptor binding site on the Eythrocyte binding of malaria parasyte"	-274286
0	P-180	"Collaborative studies on genomic diversity among bombycoid silkmoths in Asia "	117886
0	P-181	"To conduct multilocational field trails on transgenic BmNPV resistant silkworm strains to establish their efficacy and generate data for their regulatory approval"	
0	P-182	"Ramalingaswami Fellowship	-277500
0	P-184	"Computational Approaches to Understanding Peptide- Protein Interactions involved in the Regulatory Events in the Cell"	957742
0	P-185	"Investigating potential of mycobacterium tuberculosis protein PPE18 encapsulated nanoparticle as therapy for microbial sepsis "	
0	P-186	"In vivo corss-talks between Rho-dependent transcription termination and other biological processes "	2410000
0	P-187	"Understanding the mechanism of induction of innate immunity in plants by the Xanthomonas Diffusible signal factor (DSF) "	1368000
0	P-188	"Identification of Novel Genes for Intellectual Disability "	1450000
0	P-189	"Characterization of glycosylphosphatidylinositol-linked aspartyl proteases in Candida glabrata: role in pathosgenicity"	16858467
0	P-190	"Exploring mycobacteriophages to source novel factors / regulators of bacterial transcription machinery "	1100000
-1888111	P-20	"Genomic Micro array R&D Programmes on infectious diseases and Neurological Disorders"	-1888111
0.5	P-22	"Biotechnology for leather – towards cleaner processing"	0.5
-34495	P-23	"Development of PCR base assays for detection of GMO S"	-34495
-529111	P-25	"Functional studies of Human Immuno - deficiency Virus Type- 2 (HIV-2) Viral protien X (VPX)"	-529111
-79533	P-26	Occurrence of Mutations in Non dividing cells of Escherichia Coli"	
-37624	P-28	Baculovirus resistance in transgenic silkworms	
-310302	P-29	"Development of Hospital Surveillance system by advanced diagnostics method & Molecular DNA fingerprinting techniques"	
2045696	P-30	Transcription termination and anti termination in E-coli	
746453	P-31	Role of K-ras in Lung type II epithelial cells	
-234000	P-33	"Molecular and Epidemiological characterisation of cryptosporidium – An enteric protozoon parasite"	
26334	P-34	"Molecular analysis of lepidopteran – specific immune protiens from silkmoths"	
-283883	P-35	"Identification, Characterization and Physical mapping of Z-Chromosome linked genes of the silk worm, Bombyxmori"	

## CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

		(/	Amount in Rs Current
Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	
2073896	P-36	"Development of Artificial retina using Bacterio rhodospin and genetically engineered analogues"	2073896
-4058	P-40	"Antioxidants as a potential immuno adjuvant in anti tuberculosis immunotherapy"	-4058
1873605	P-41	"Construction, characterization and analysis of expressed sequences from silkworm"	1873605
-2237285	P-42	"Structural and functional studies on Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shock proteins".	-0.36
685906.7	P-43	"A generalized mechanism of transcription termination in prokaryotes: a quest for mechanism based transcription inhibitors for microbial pathogens".	0.22
-457538	P-44	"Understanding of role of Ras and NO / iNOS signalling in promotion of hepatocellular carcinomas with persistent HBV infection"	-457538
605714	P-45	Specialized chromatin structures as epigenetic imprints to distinguish parental alleles".	0
-1586965	P-47	Research cum Training for DRDO Programme	-1586965
151826	P-48	'Molecular characterization of human liver stem cells for use in the treatment of hepatic diseases'.	151826
1041952	P-49A	International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	1041952
-284065	P-51	"Understanding the mechanism of doxorubicin resistance in breast cancer celline MCF-7"	-284065
-1231118	P-52	"Nucleo Cytoplasmic transport of HIV – 1 Vpr"	-1231118
-37877	P-54	"Study of viability of Mycobacterium leprae in clinical samples and possibility of its presence in the environment using nucleic acid amplification techniques."	-37877
224	P-55	"Identification of DNA Markers for baculovirus resistance in silkworm, Bombyx mori"	224
-1231164	P-56	"Genetics of transcription-replication interplay and of stress adaptation in bacteria"	-1231164
-2215024	P-59	"An integrated Approach towards understanding the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis:  Genetic, biochemical, immunological and structural analyses."	-2215024
482124	P-60	"National Database of Prevalent Genetic Disorders in India: Development, Curation and Services"	482124
-280000	P-61	"Dissection of a novel phenotype of lethal accumulation of potassium in Escherichia coli mutants defective in thioredoxin/thioredoxin reductase and nucleoied protein H-NS"	-280000
-278928	P-62	"HIV – 1 Pathogenesis: Role of Integrase in Reverse Transciption and Nuclear Transport of Viral Genome"	-278928
-837574	P-63	"Upgradation of the existing computing infrastructure at the Bioinformatics facility at CDFD"	-773874
-158	P-64	Biotechnology for Leather: Towards cleaner processing phase-II	
-582647	P-65	"Molecular, genetic and functional analysis of the chromosomal plasticity region of the gastric pathogen Helicobater pylori"	
21828405	P-65A	APEDA-CDFD Centre for Basmati DNA Analysis	22811205
-681246	P-66	Human Epigenome Variation: Analysis of CpG island methylation in chromosomes 18 and Y, and in some Hox, insulin signaling and chromatin reprogramming genes	-681246
-113545	P-67	Identification of novel Esophageal Squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC) genes by using a combination of array-based CGH and gene expression micro arrays	-113545
-59874	P-68	Identification of High risk individual with pre-cancerous states of esophageal cancer.	-59874
-21336	P-70	Identification of disease causing mutations in familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (FHC) patients from Andhra Pradesh	-21336
-1421653	P-72	Nuances of non coding DNA near insulin-responsive genes.	
-857136	P-73	Identification and characterization of pancreatic cancer genes located within novel localized cpy number alterations	
-10840	P-75	Preparing blueprint for the macromolecular crystallography beamline at Indus-II synchrotron source	
-50234	P-76	A study of molecular markers in childhood autism with special references to nuclear factors - α APPA B	
124277	P-77	Functional characterization of Mycobacterium tuberculosis PE/PPE proteins having SH3 binding domain : Understanding their role in modulating macrophage functions	
1304	P-78	Task force- IMD Newborn screening for Congenital Hypothyroidism & Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia: A multicentric study	
-105086	P-79	Understanding the role of AGE proteins in inducing inflammatory responses and its regulation	
-608222	P-80	Referral centre for detection of genetically modified foods employing DNA-based markets	

#### Annexure-I

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	
143470	P-81	Reconstructing Cellular Networks: Two-component regulatory systems	
62620	P-81A	Financial assistance for award of J C Bose Fellowship to Dr J Gowrishankar	
-369021	P-82	Functional genomic analysis of Candida Glabrata-macrophage	
-1155594	P-83	Prokaryotic Transcription termination factor, Rho: Mechanism of Action and Biology	-1155594
-1150	P-84	Preparing for vaccine efficacy trials: Baseline epidemiology, improved diagnosis, markers of protection and phase I/II trials	-1150
-106479	P-84A	Human epigenetic to the rescue of human identification process: Enriching human DNA from DNA mixture employing antibodies directed against 5-methylcytosine followed by whole genome amplification	-106479
-1118755	P-85	IdeR associated gene regulatory network in mycobacteria	-1118755
-65698	P-87	Comparative genomics of wild silkmoths	
-636286	P-90	Role of Yapsins in the Pathobiology of Candida Glabrata	
-1098900	P-91	DMMT3L: epigenetic correlation with cancer	
268823	P-92	Swarnajayanti fellowship proj on "Designing transcription anti-terminators: a novel approach for making new inhibitors of gene expression"	
-611833	P-93/ A1	Virtual Centre of Excellence on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions against tuberculosis	
-3025061	P-93/ A2	Virtual Centre of Excellence on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions against Mycobacterium tuberculosis	
1110000	P-93B2 (II)	Evaluation of peptides / small molecules targeting ESAT-6:B2M interaction and PPE18-TLR2 interaction as potent anti tuberculosis therapautics	
-276552	P-97	Proteome-wide Analysis of Serine pyrophosphorylation by inositol pyrophosphates	
-236042	P-98	Role of cell - cell signaling mediated by Diffusible signaling factor (DSF) in Xanthomonas virulence	
-567516	P-99	Role of inositol Pyrophosphates in eukaryotic cell growth, proliferation and ribosomae biogenesis	
-13731478.8			

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	Current Year
11713327	COE-I	COE for Genetics and Genomics of silkmoths	11713327
10156100	COE-II	DBT Centre of Excellence for Microbial Biology	12450437
600000	P-03	"Transgenesis and Genetic basis of Pathogen Resistance in the Silkworm, Bombyx Mori	600000
329289	P-07	Collection of well characterised clinical samples and strains of Mycobacterium tuberculosis and development of molecular techniques for detection of drug resistant strains – Multi Centric Project"	
588400	P-09	NMITLI Project on – Latent M.Tuberculosis: New targets, Drug delivery systems, Bio enhancers . Therapeutics"	
47400	P-10	"Role of upstream sequence elements in Hyper activation of transcription from Baculovirus polyhedrin gene promoter"	47400
17784	P-100	Effect of raective oxygen species on T-Cell immune response: An approach to understand the molecular mechanism of immunosuppression during tuberculosis - National Bioscience Award	17784
13084732	P-101	Role of inositol pyrophosphates in cell physiology: Investigating the biochemical significance of protein pyrophosphorylation - Senior Fellowship	14378004
698550	P-102	Understanding the role of Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shockprotein 60 as Th1/Th2 immuno modular	698550
1000000	P-107	IYBA Project - Mechanism and role of bacterial cell-cell signaling molecules in plant defense response	1000000
915968	P-109	Molecular dissection of PI3-Kinase/Akt pathway by suing proteomics based approach: A study to identify novel potential oncogenes and tumor suppressors	3711105
206800	P-111	Ramalingaswami Fellowship - Refractoriness mechanism in Mosquito: cracking molecular codes at genomic scale	206800
0	P-112	Ramanujan Fellowship	0
670095	P-113	Clinical and molecular genetic analysis of squamous cell carcinoma of the tongue	670095
475900	P-114	Evaluating the Calcineurin-NFAT Pathway and its regulators superoxide dismutase (SOD) AND RCAN1 (regular of Calcineurin) Down Syndrome	475900
4580214	P-115	Setting up of the National Institute of Animal Biotechnology	4580214
800000	P-116	DBT-India and AIST - Japan : Understanding molecular mechanisms controlling dual role of Ras, Sirtuins and CARF in relation to cellular proliferation and senescence: Novel Strategy for developing cancer therapeutics	
183443	P-118	Construction of regulatory networks in Mycobacterium tuberculosis through analysis of gene expression data and transcription regulation predictions. (MOU with Russian Foundation)	183443
529750	P-12	Molecular genetics and Functional genomics of M.Tuberculosis patient isolates in India	529750
10824792	P-122	Understanding the role of Hox genes in anterior-posterior axis determination of the central nervous system	12079632
1022127	P-123	Establish a Max Planck Partner Group for Genetic Diversity Studies at CDFD	1509561
591694	P-126	Rho-dependent transcription termination machinery: mechanism of action	758900
6755620	P-127	Systematic studies on the functional network of phosphatases in cell life and death	6776327
1690360	P-128	Mechanism of iron acquisition and iron homeostasis in an opportunistic human pathogen Candida glabrata	1770000
1334600	P-13	"Programme to delineate gene functions in the post – genomics era by a systematic two gene knockout method"	1334600
81500	P-130	Comparative genetic analysis of sex chromosomes and sex determining genes in silkmoths	
1018512	P-133	Investigating the role of Hox gene deformed in central nervous system patterning in Drosophila melanogaster	
5500000	P-135	Sys TB: A Network Program for Resolving the Intracellular Dynamics of Host Phthogen Interaction in TB Infection	
815232	P-137	Signaling pathways involved in down regulation of proinflammatory responses by PPE18 protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Implication of PPE18 as therapeutics	
565518	P-138	Co-evaluation of Dnmt3l and Genomic imprinting	
500000	P-139	Evaluating the role of Sirtuins and epigenetic changes during cellular senescense in context of p53 status	
5163243	P-14	"Comparitive and functional genomics approaches for the identification and characterization of genes responsible for multi drug resistance of mycobacterium tuberculosis"	

#### Annexure-II

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

-		(P	mount in Rs
Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	Current Year
500000	P-140	Development of baculovirus resistant silkworms strains through synthetic miRNA based knockdown of essential viral genes	500000
651933	P-142	Identification of H3K4 TRI Demethylase involved in erasing H3K4 trimethylation marks at E2F Responsive promoters	
1868000	P-145	"H3K4 HMT family regulatescell cycle progression "	1868000
1000000	P-146	"Role of MLL in ribosomal RNA transcription"	1000000
468720	P-149	"Role of SUMOylation in the pathobiology of Candida Glabrata"	469000
6000000	P-15	"The Helicobacter Pylori genome programme – Genome sequencing, functional analysis and comparitive genomics of the strains obtained from Indian patients"	6000000
3000000	P-153	"An attractive and promising stragegy for early cancer diagnosis through the assembly of the human cancer volatome"	3000000
132495	P-154	"Rational design, synthetic strategies for developing organometallic anticancer compounds based on organotin and organoiron "	132495
0	P-155	"Studies on thecellular roles of calcium signalling proteins in Neurospora crassa "	0
0	P-156	"Targeting microbial quorum sensing to demonstrate potential application of cell-cell signaling molecules from Xanthomonas group of plant pathogen in diesease control"	-4634
992265	P-157	"Identification of novel antifungal drug and delineation of drug resistance mechanisms in an opportunistic human fungal pathogen Candida glabrata"	992265
299941	P-158	"Modulation of host immune responses by a PPE Protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Understanding its role in host - pathogen cross-talk "	343121
1814901	P-16	NMITLI Project on – Latent M.Tuberculosis: New targets, Drug delivery systems, Bio enhancers & Therapeutics	
0	P-165	Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths	160082
0	P-166	Sequencing analysis of transcriptome variants in early-onset sporadic rectal cancer	2000000
39304	P-167	"To elucidate the role of MLL complex in epigenetic specification of centromeres "	560757
31450	P-168	"A Search for nucleus -limited genes in Neurospora "	396000
0	P-171	Role of vesicle-mediated transport and chromatin remodelling in the virulence of Candida glabrata	
0	P-172	Molecular Characterization of early onset sporadic rectal cancer	
244400	P-17	"Studies on inosital-phosphate synthesis – a novel enzyme from Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37RV" – Transfer from IMTECH, Chandigarh	244400
344020	P-18	"Mapping of receptor binding site on the Eythrocyte binding of malaria parasyte"	344020
7246511	P-19	"Construction of Integrated RAPD, RFLP and Microsatellite linkage map of the Silkworm, Bombyx mori and its corelation with the Phenotypic linkage Map"	7246511
27331134	P-20	"Genomic Micro array R&D Programmes on infectious diseases and Neurological Disorders"	27331134
5300000	P-21	Development of Versatile, portable software for Bio-informatics	5300000
603747	P-22	"Biotechnology for leather – towards cleaner processing"	603747
375999	P-23	"Development of PCR base assays for detection of GMO S"	375999
0	P-24	Establishing a central facility on "Aerosol challenge in a containment facility"	0
600000	P-25	"Functional studies of Human Immuno - deficiency Virus Type– 2 (HIV-2) Viral protien X (VPX)"	
500000	P-26	Occurrence of Mutations in Non dividing cells of Escherichia Coli"	
260367	P-29	"Development of Hospital Surveillance system by advanced diagnostics method & Molecular DNA fingerprinting techniques"	
3746538	P-30	Transcription termination and anti termination in E-coli	
3131006	P-31	Role of K-ras in Lung type II epithelial cells	
4857938	P-36	"Development of Artificial retina using Bacterio rhodospin and genetically engineered analogues"	
358470	P-39	"Computational analysis and functional characterization of mycobacterial protien(s) interacting with macrophase effector – APC functions – an approach to understand the molecular basis of pathogenesis of M. tuberculosis"	
49738	P-40	"Antioxidants as a potential immuno adjuvant in anti tuberculosis immunotherapy"	49738

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

		(A	mount in Rs
Previous year	Previous year Proj No Particulars		Current Year
3894086	P-41	"Construction, characterization and analysis of expressed sequences from silkworm"	3894086
9500000	P-42	"Structural and functional studies on Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shock proteins".	9500000
11970000	P-43	"A generalized mechanism of transcription termination in prokaryotes: a quest for mechanism based transcription inhibitors for microbial pathogens".	11970000
3331377	P-45	Specialized chromatin structures as epigenetic imprints to distinguish parental alleles".	3331377
416137	P-46	"Effect of reactive oxygen species (ROS) on immune response : Relevance in immunosuppression and Pathogenesis"	416137
377567	P-47	Research cum Training for DRDO Programme	377567
1413292	P-48	Molecular characterization of human liver stem cells for use in the treatment of hepatic diseases'.	
198095	P-50	"Cervical cancer prevention by multiple strategies in rural community in Andhra pradesh"	198095
401738	P-51	"Understanding the mechanism of doxorubicin resistance in breast cancer celline MCF-7"	401738
1359129	P-52	"Nucleo Cytoplasmic transport of HIV – 1 Vpr"	1359129
1114495	P-53	Collaborative research project on molecular ecology and systematics	1114495
1163764	P-56	"Genetics of transcription-replication interplay and of stress adaptation in bacteria"	1163764
2131403	P-57	Improved genome annotation through a combination of machine learning and experimental methods: Plasmodium falciparum as a case study.	2131403
63000	P-58	"Indo-Malaysian collaboration in Bioinformatics: Development and maintenance of a web-portal hosting databases and tools of common interest"	63000
32974662	P-59	"An integrated Approach towards understanding the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Genetic, biochemical, immunological and structural analyses."	32974662
5720800	P-60	"National Database of Prevalent Genetic Disorders in India: Development, Curation and Services"	5720800
4308314	P-62	"HIV – 1 Pathogenesis: Role of Integrase in Reverse Transciption and Nuclear Transport of Viral Genome"	4308314
9637574	P-63	"Upgradation of the existing computing infrastructure at the Bioinformatics facility at CDFD"	9637574
600585	P-64	Biotechnology for Leather: Towards cleaner processing phase-II	600585
260000	P-65	"Molecular, genetic and functional analysis of the chromosomal plasticity region of the gastric pathogen Helicobater pylori"	260000
16924622	P-65A	APEDA-CDFD Centre for Basmati DNA Analysis	16924622
264430	P-66	Human Epigenome Variation: Analysis of CpG island methylation in chromosomes 18 and Y, and in some Hox, insulin signaling and chromatin reprogramming genes	264430
622747	P-67	Identification of novel Esophageal Squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC) genes by using a combination of array-based CGH and gene expression micro arrays	622747
235593	P-69	ICMR adhoc New Scheme Understanding the role of PE/PPE family of M tuberculosis in the activation of HIV virus type I long terminal repeat (HIV-ILTP)	235593
1012807	P-70	Identification of disease causing mutations in familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (FHC) patients from Andhra Pradesh	1012807
1573795	P-71	Referral Centre for Genetic fidelity testing of tissue culture raised plants	1573795
45653	P-72	Nuances of non coding DNA near insulin-responsive genes.	45653
1000000	P-74	Molecular basic of insect plant interactions in rice under the national fund for basic and strategic research in agriculture	1000000
33672	P-75	Preparing blueprint for the macromolecular crystallography beamline at Indus-II synchrotron source	
245266	P-76	A study of molecular markers in childhood autism with special references to nuclear factors - $\alpha$ APPA B	
1543605	P-77	Functional characterization of Mycobacterium tuberculosis PE/PPE proteins having SH3 binding domain: Understanding their role in modulating macrophage functions	
0	P-78	Task force- IMD Newborn screening for Congenital Hypothyroidism & Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia: A multicentric study	
496826	P-79	Understanding the role of AGE proteins in inducing inflammatory responses and its regulation	
4192480	P-80	Referral centre for detection of genetically modified foods employing DNA-based markets	
205073	P-81A	Financial assistance for award of J C Bose Fellowship to Dr J Gowrishankar	

#### Annexure-II

# CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS Details of Closing balances of various Earmarked / Endowement Funds (Refer Sch-3) For the Year Ended 31st MARCH 2016

Previous year	Proj No	Particulars	Current Year
1480220	P-82	Functional genomic analysis of Candida Glabrata-macrophage	1480220
912255	P-83	Prokaryotic Transcription termination factor, Rho: Mechanism of Action and Biology	
388583	P-83A	Understanding the mechanism of Azadirachtin-mediated cell signaling: role in anti-inflammation and anti-tumorigenesis	388583
44854	P-84	Preparing for vaccine efficacy trials: Baseline epidemiology, improved diagnosis, markers of protection and phase I/II trials	44854
1430573	P-84A	Human epigenetic to the rescue of human identification process: Enriching human DNA from DNA mixture employing antibodies directed against 5-methylcytosine followed by whole genome amplification	1430573
374630	P-89	Characterization of Mycobacterium tuberculosis transcription machinery and Bacteriophage metagenomics	374630
1376869	P-90	Role of Yapsins in the Pathobiology of Candida Glabrata	1376869
932151	P-91	DMMT3L: epigenetic correlation with cancer	
8500000	P-92	Swarnajayanti fellowship proj on "Designing transcription anti-terminators: a novel approach for making new inhibitors of gene expression"	
2212534	P-93/A1	Virtual Centre of Excellence on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions against tuberculosis	
900000	P-93/A2	Virtual Centre of Excellence on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions against Mycobacterium tuberculosis	
246320	P-95	Construction of regulatory networks in prokaryotes through protein: Protein interaction predictions and transcription regulation predictions. (MOU with Russian Foundation)	
1000000	P-97	Proteome-wide Analysis of Serine pyrophosphorylation by inositol pyrophosphates	
2816418	P-98	Role of cell - cell signaling mediated by Diffusible signaling factor (DSF) in Xanthomonas virulence	
2963482	P-99	Role of inositol Pyrophosphates in eukaryotic cell growth, proliferation and ribosomae biogenesis	
299021303			313375529

Annexure: A Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	I-Remittances	
5410533.00	TDS	6628892.00
7678934.00	Income Tax	9360877.00
13910.00	Works Tax	2509.00
1732202.00	LIC	1824286.00
275017.00	GSLI	208037.00
2686575.00	Public Provident Fund	2806680.00
573726.00	Professional Tax	584200.00
3453615.00	Service Tax	4374299.00
998280.00	Others (I-Remittances)	769380.00
411095.00	Health Insurance	533695.00
185300.00	ECCS	1462386.00
34566.00	PPF EMPLOYER SHARE	803436.00
23453753.00		29358677.00

## CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

Annexure: B Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	Advance refunds/recovery/Adjst.	
478737.00	Advance for purchases by Staff	531359.00
255558.00	AMC for Equipment [Advance]	0.00
54643035.00	Chemicals [Advance]	12309522.00
70453.00	Computer Advance [Research Fellows]	97626.00
85330.00	Computer Advance [Staff]	121892.00
3123522.00	Consumables, glassware and Spares [Advance]	10273920.00
80600.00	Conveyance Advance	64360.00
168000.00	EMD	38500.00
76669827.00	Equipment [Advance]	15673247.00
132375.00	Festival Advance	171225.00
0.00	GDA [Others]	2450.00

Annexure: B Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
5915870.00	General Deposits And Advances	3357295.00
120836854.00	Inter Bank Transfer	121500000.00
174000.00	Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit	159000.00
1358506.00	LTC [Advance]	824965.00
9166.00	Other Research Expenses [Advance]	0.00
304927.00	Others [Advances]	36264.00
440208.00	Revolving Advance	343759.00
30000.00	Security Deposit	0.00
1266313.00	TA Abroad [Advance]	206595.00
2024892.00	TA With in India [Advance]	2481663.00
12000.00	Trainee Security Deposit	12000.00
1557199.00	Workshop & Conference	2114275.00
269637372.00		170319917.00

### CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

Annexure: C Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	Projects - Receipts	
9102000.00	COE1/CORE	8335000.00
732000.00	COE1/P-I	638000.00
459000.00	COE1/P-II	491000.00
1090000.00	COE1/P-III	1086000.00
2186000.00	COE2-II/P-1	650000.00
1093000.00	COE2-II/P-A	0.00
500000.00	COE2-II/P-B	0.00
1093000.00	COE2-II/P-C	0.00
500000.00	COE2-II/P-D	0.00
1093000.00	COE2-II/P-E	0.00
11236000.00	COE2-II-Core	0.00
463000.00	COE-I/P-IV	331000.00
9098800.00	P-101	3868930.00

Annexure: C Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
2898000.00	P-104	0.00
227909.00	P-106	0.00
1854000.00	P-107	0.00
5056000.00	P-109	2479000.00
1635000.00	P-111	0.00
828000.00	P-120	0.00
1213195.00	P-122	8005983.00
2449811.00	P-123	1413360.00
1433700.00	P-126	0.00
4990612.00	P-127	6736571.00
807800.00	P-128	0.00
0.00	P-130	4024000.00
1902500.00	P-131	0.00
3046200.00	P-132	0.00
867000.00	P-133	0.00
235000.00	P-134	0.00
2371000.00	P-135	2430700.00
570000.00	P-136	0.00
2500000.00	P-137	-464025.00
520000.00	P-139	0.00
835000.00	P-140	0.00
600000.00	P-141	0.00
935920.00	P-142	196800.00
1144199.00	P-143	0.00
424130.00	P-144	0.00
1870600.00	P-145	1200000.00
809000.00	P-146	0.00
0.00	P-147	500000.00
0.00	P-149	1420800.00
153846.00	P-150	0.00
0.00	P-151	1756400.00
2562571.00	P-152	1931400.00
621000.00	P-153	0.00
943000.00	P-154	930000.00
1076500.00	P-156	1706000.00

Annexure: C Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
1317000.00	P-157	0.00
531649.00	P-160	687200.00
0.00	P-163	1062777.00
188000.00	P-164	0.00
0.00	P-165	2858334.00
4383200.00	P-166	574700.00
1700000.00	P-167	1500000.00
1400000.00	P-168	1000000.00
1890000.00	P-169	0.00
820000.00	P-170	0.00
2415730.00	P-171	0.00
2100000.00	P-172	1200000.00
699782.00	P-173	699782.00
500000.00	P-174	500000.00
200103.00	P-176	0.00
0.00	P-177	225000.00
0.00	P-178	1000000.00
0.00	P-179	50000.00
0.00	P-180	200000.00
0.00	P-181	1744000.00
0.00	P-184	1060000.00
0.00	P-185	1648000.00
0.00	P-186	2410000.00
0.00	P-187	1368000.00
0.00	P-188	1450000.00
0.00	P-189	16858467.00
0.00	P-190	1100000.00
0.00	P-42	6869463.64
0.00	P-43	75038.52
237292.00	P-49A	0.00
1211236.00	P-65A	1338000.00
1360000.00	P-81A	1300000.00
1110000.00	P-93B2 (II)	0.00
108091285.00		98445681.16

Annexure: D Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	Advances	
538638.00	Advance for purchases by Staff	596022.00
251855.00	AMC for Equipment [Advance]	0.00
4139900.00	Chemicals [Advance]	4716258.00
168592.00	Computer Advance [Research Fellows]	140000.00
270000.00	Computer Advance [Staff]	120000.00
0.00	Computer maintenance [Advance]	0.00
9467022.00	Consumables, glassware and Spares [Advance]	4743564.00
0.00	Conveyance [Advance]	1800.00
30000.00	Conveyance Advance	120000.00
42000.00	DG Set Maintenance [Advance]	0.00
147200.00	EMD	559000.00
28608232.00	Equipment [Advance]	17952399.00
0.00	Fellowship [Advance]	0.00
161250.00	Festival Advance	166500.00
0.00	GDA [Others]	105900.00
0.00	General Deposits And Advances	2541000.00
8000.00	Honorarium [Advance]	0.00
199000.00	Human Resource Develpment - Training of Staff - Conferen	ces [Advance]0.00
120836854.00	Inter Bank Transfer	121500000.00
101594.00	Lab Security Deposit & Hostel Security Deposit	129000.00
99351.00	Liveries & Blankets [Advance]	0.00
1519510.00	LTC [Advance]	698550.00
238481.00	Medical [Advance]	0.00
0.00	Membership Fee [Advance]	3301.00
6230.00	Others [Advances]	209077.00
1000.00	Others [Maintenance Advance]	0.00
1264.00	Postage-Courier [Advance]	0.00
392500.00	Revolving Advance	358000.00
600000.00	Royalty & Consultancy	122500.00
25000.00	Scientific Workshops - Symposiums - Seminars [Advance]	0.00
142500.00	Security Deposit	47800.00
743761.00	TA Abroad [Advance]	362000.00
1731760.00	TA With in India [Advance]	2215217.00
11000.00	Trainee Security Deposit	10500.00
0.00	Transport maintenance [Advance]	11510.00
1981331.00	Workshop & Conference	1114953.00
172463825.00		158544851.00

Annexure: E Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	I-Remittances	
185300.00	ECCS	1462386.00
507594.00	GSLI	205483.00
558782.00	Health Insurance	672784.00
7639801.00	Income Tax	9360458.00
1732202.00	LIC	1824286.00
970820.00	Others (I-Remittances)	769380.00
0.00	PPF EMPLOYER SHARE	275566.00
570911.00	Professional Tax	585300.00
2678290.00	Public Provident Fund	2525070.00
3128141.00	Service Tax	4972523.00
5214401.00	TDS	5508643.00
0.00	Works Tax	0.00
23186242.00		28161879.00

### CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

Annexure: F Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	Projects - Expenditure	
8700539.00	COE1/CORE	8636177.00
637866.00	COE1/P-I	693390.00
491226.00	COE1/P-II	664953.00
1059200.00	COE1/P-III	1059200.00
4606321.00	COE2/CORE	0.00
0.00	COE2/P-1	0.00
343200.00	COE2/P-2	0.00
269100.00	COE2/P-A	0.00
269100.00	COE2/P-B	0.00
0.00	COE2/P-C	0.00
114735.00	COE2-II/P-1	2216484.00
289700.00	COE2-II/P-A	829368.00
200000.00	COE2-II/P-B	810077.00
289700.00	COE2-II/P-C	225665.00

Annexure: F Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
0.00	COE2-II/P-D	200000.00
16774.00	COE2-II/P-E	362287.00
1712677.00	COE2-II-Core	7786755.00
330839.00	COE-I/P-IV	340400.00
5966877.00	P-101	10728730.00
751285.00	P-104	129389.00
832709.00	P-107	670116.00
1762354.00	P-109	5062393.00
915739.00	P-111	1169677.00
122761.00	P-120	0.00
5201628.00	P-122	5443566.00
1560986.00	P-123	2043796.00
198495.00	P-124	0.00
172619.00	P-125	0.00
1026566.00	P-126	232854.00
5569121.00	P-127	4546772.00
275966.00	P-128	81380.00
2790.00	P-13	0.00
5415581.00	P-130	1473081.00
258529.00	P-131	0.00
1519732.00	P-132	-627804.00
941497.00	P-133	1163107.00
155624.00	P-134	0.00
2429945.00	P-135	2409567.00
875952.00	P-136	-96333.00
1784667.00	P-137	295449.00
715159.00	P-138	147062.00
520000.00	P-139	0.00
1384427.00	P-140	205316.00
501463.00	P-141	0.00
814638.00	P-142	-1935.00
927400.00	P-143	847180.00
0.00	P-144	302000.00
1918061.00	P-145	84535.00
1138581.00	P-146	374325.00
719150.00	P-147	95035.00
1287200.00	P-149	464382.00
125750.00	P-150	0.00

Annexure: F Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
1196347.00	P-151	779183.00
3647616.00	P-152	1991314.00
3593010.00	P-153	705857.00
999600.00	P-154	947322.00
2178297.00	P-156	1290886.00
2057293.00	P-157	1566171.00
2001445.00	P-158	1195688.00
300000.00	P-159	300000.00
687200.00	P-160	937200.00
265344.00	P-161	84656.00
552135.00	P-162	705303.00
953577.00	P-163	1436589.00
186000.00	P-164	4529.00
1239547.00	P-165	1620639.00
2217562.00	P-166	2704642.00
1066220.00	P-167	1563993.00
611377.00	P-168	1788623.00
131892.00	P-169	1741193.00
542551.00	P-170	937316.00
661283.00	P-171	1543024.00
638253.00	P-172	2549897.00
114900.00	P-173	796711.00
0.00	P-174	479458.00
509714.00	P-175	922958.00
0.00	P-177	422394.00
0.00	P-178	1000000.00
0.00	P-179	100000.00
0.00	P-180	82114.00
0.00	P-182	277500.00
0.00	P-184	102258.00
0.00	P-185	15793.00
0.00	P-30	2045696.00
0.00	P-31	746453.00
0.00	P-42	4632179.00
0.00	P-43	760945.00
0.00	P-45	605714.00
0.00	P-63	-63700.00
0.00	P-65A	355200.00

Annexure: F Forming part of Receipts and Payment a/c

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
1760833.00	P-81A	1360000.00
218818.00	P-88	0.00
6088.00	P-93/A1	0.00
555228.00	P-93/A2	13430.00
0.00	P-93B2 (II)	626165.00
32623.00	P-98	0.00
96048982.00		102743689.00

### CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

**Annexure: G Forming part of Balance Sheet** 

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	CDFD C.P.F ACCOUNT	
37788349.00	Opening Balance Add	40638533.37
5433264.00	Employee subscription/ refunds	5518714.00
0.00	Transfer from other departments	466203.00
0.00	Institute contribution (inc. Projects staff)	0.00
208230.00	Interest received	86454.00
2791310.00	Less Advances/withdrawals/Transfer/Adjst	2089882.00
40638533.00		44620022.37

### CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

**Annexure: H Forming part of Balance Sheet** 

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	LOANS AND ADVANCES	
206242.00	Advance for purchases by Staff	270904.50
4310.00	Advances [Previous Years]	4310.00
10553396.00	Chemicals [Advance]	2960132.00
114999.00	Computer Advance [Research Fellows]	157373.00
327270.00	Computer Advance [Staff]	325378.00
17635061.00	Consumables, glassware and Spares [Advance]	12104705.00

**Annexure: H Forming part of Balance Sheet** 

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
0.00	Conveyance [Advance]	1800.00
127648.00	Conveyance Advance	183288.00
6638.00	DA [Advance]	6638.00
270864.00	Equipment [Advance]	2550016.00
104175.00	Festival Advance	99450.00
282172.00	Health Insurance	421261.00
130351.00	Liveries & Blankets [Advance]	130351.00
2685964.00	LTC [Advance]	2559549.00
30843.00	Miscellaneous Salary [Advance]	30843.00
95557.00	NPS Subscription	66681.00
22700.00	Office Equipment [Advance]	22700.00
5652868.00	Others [Advances]	5825681.00
53387.00	Pay of Establishment [Advance]	53387.00
304569.00	Rent [Advance]	304569.00
12343905.00	Research Fellows-Associates	32559396.00
105466.00	Revolving Advance	119707.00
0.00	Service Tax	350893.00
0.00	TA Abroad [Advance]	90156.00
270836.56	TA With in India [Advance]	4390.00
26500.00	Trainee Security Deposit	25000.00
0.00	Transport maintenance [Advance]	11510.00
639183.00	Workshop & Conference	0.00
51994904.56		61240068.50

### CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

**Annexure: I Forming part of Balance Sheet** 

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	DEPOSITS	
16465765.00	General Deposits And Advances	15649470.00
735977.00	GDA[Others]	839427.00
17201742.00		16488897.00

**Annexure: J Forming part of Balance Sheet** 

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	INVESTMENT A/C	
35098273.00	Investments	71098273.00
0.00	Other Investments	0.00
35098273.00		71098273.00

### CENTER FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2016

Annexure: K Forming part of Balance Sheet

Previous Year Amount Rs.	Particulars	Current Year Amount Rs.
	CDFD C.P.F INVESTMENT A/C	
33131298.00	Deposit with Banks	33593376.00
5466128.00	Employee subscription	5666653.00
5004050.00	Less Transfer To Bank A/C	9194308.00
33593376.00		30065721.00

	SCH HATNAG	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS HYDERABAD	SOITSOND DIAGNOSTICS	YDERABAD	
	P-03: "Transgenesis and G	enetic basis of Patho	hogen Resistance in t	P-03: "Transgenesis and Genetic basis of Pathogen Resistance in the Silkworm, Bombyx Mori PI:	
	Receipts a	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	it from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.00	630047.00	Opening Balance	630047.00
00:0	Grant In Aid	0.00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Books	0.00
00:0		0.00	00.0	AMC	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00.00	630047.00		630047.00
630047.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	630047.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
630047.00		630047.00	630047.00		630047.00

T.	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-09: "NMITLI Project on – Latent M.Tuberculosis: New targets, Drug delivery systems, Bio enhancers & Therapeutics" P.I. Dr Seyed E Hasnain Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Latent M.Tuberculosis: New targets, Drug delivery systems, Bio P.I. Dr Seyed E Hasnain Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Is: New targets, Drug delivery s; P.I: Dr Seyed E Hasnain ents Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD /stems, Bio enhancers & Therapeutic 31/03/2016	ຶ້ ທ
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
244305.00	Opening Balance	244305.00		Opening Balance	0.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	00:00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:0		00:00	00:00	Travel	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
244305.00		244305.00	00:00		0.00
00:00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	244305.00	Closing Balance	244305.00
244305.00		244305.00	244305.00		244305.00

P-10	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-10: "Role of upstream sequence elements in Hyper activation of transcription from Baculovirus polyhedrin gene promoter" P.I: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ICE elements in Hyper activation of transcription from Baculov P.I. Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hactivation of transcription from P.I. Dr M D Bashyamts Account from 01/04/2015 to	IYDERABAD m Baculovirus polyhedrin gene pron 31/03/2016	noter"
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.00	28332.00	Opening Balance	28332.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:0
0.00		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	28332.00		28332.00
28332.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	28332.00	00.00	Closing Balance	00.00
28332.00		28332.00	28332.00		28332.00
	CENTREFO	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS. HYDERABAD	IG AND DIAGNOSTICS.	HYDERABAD	
<u>a</u>	P-13: "Programme to delineate gene functions in the post – genomics era by a systematic two gene knockout method"	inctions in the post -	- genomics era by a	systematic two gene knockout meth-	od,,
	Receipts a	P.I: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	P.I: Ur J Gowrishankar ints Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
	C			c	
Previous rear Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current rear Amount Rs
6737.00	Opening Balance	3947.00	00 0	Opening Balance	0.00
00.00	פושוו שומ	00.0	20.0	Salalles - mailpowei	00.0

ut method"	Current Year Amount Rs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0:00	0:00	0:00	0.00	0:00	3947.00	3047.00
HYDERABAD systematic two gene knockou 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I genomics era by a owrishankar nt from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year. Amount Rs		00:0	2790.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	2790.00	3947.00	6737 00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Ite gene functions in the post – genomics era by a systematic P.I. Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year Amount Rs.	3947.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	3947.00	0.00	3947 00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-13: "Programme to delineate gene functions in the post – genomics era by a systematic two gene knockout method" P.I: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
P-13: "Prog	Previous Year Amount Rs	6737.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	6737.00	0.00	6737.00

P-17: "Studies	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-17: "Studies on inosital-phosphate synthesis – a novel enzyme from Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37RV" – Transfer from IMTECH, Chandigarh P.I: Dr Sekhar C Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD thesis – a novel enzyme from Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37I P.: Dr Sekhar C Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Pyme from Mycobacterium tuberc P.I. Dr Sekhar C Mande ents Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD tulosis H37RV" – Transfer from IMTE 31/03/2016	CH, Chandigarh
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	687887.00	Opening Balance	687887.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00.0		00:00	00.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
00.0		00'0	687887.00		687887.00
687887.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	687887.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
687887.00		687887.00	687887.00		687887.00

		Current Year Amount Rs	274286.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	274286.00	0.00	274286.00
HYDERABAD	ng of malaria parasyte" 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I	the Eythrocyte bindi ish Ranjan it from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year. Amount Rs	274286.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	274286.00	0.00	274286.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ing of receptor binding site on the Eythrocyte binding of malaria parasyte."  P.I. Dr Akash Ranjan  Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year Amount Rs.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00'0	274286.00	274286.00	
CENTRE FO	P-18: "Mapping of rece Receipts a	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year Amount Rs	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	274286.00	274286.00	

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD licro array R&D Programmes on infectious diseases and Neurological Disorders".  P.I.: Dr Hasnain & Dr Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ents Current Year	Amount Rs	188811.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00:0	00:0	00.0	00:0	1888111.00	00:0	1888111.00
HYDERABAD and Neurological I 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
GAND DIAGNOSTICS, For infectious diseases & Dr. Bashyam	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	1888111.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	0.00	1888111.00	0.00	188811.00
OR DNA FINGERPRINTING A R&D Programmes on ii P.I: Dr Hasnain & and Payments Account	Current Year	Amount Rs.	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	1888111.00	1888111.00
CENTRE FC P-20: "Genomic Micro array Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1888111.00	1888111.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	00:0	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50
4YDERABAD processing" 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-22: "Biotechnology for leather-towards cleaner processing" P.I: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00'0	0.50	0.50
R DNA FINGERPRINTING technology for leath P.I. Dr. J. Go.	Current Year	Amount Rs.	0:20	0.00	00:0	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	0:20	0.00	0.50
CENTRE FO P-22: "Bior Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	0.50	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.50		0.50

	CENTRE FOR P-23: "Deve Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTING IOPMENT of PCR base P.I. Dr Nagaraju 8 nd Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-23: "Development of PCR base assays for detection of GMOS" P.I: Dr Nagaraju & Dr Niyaz Ahmed Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	IYDERABAD n of GMOS" 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	00:0	34495.00	Opening Balance	34495.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		00'0	00.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00:0	00:00	Travel	00.00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Books	0.00
00.00		00.00	00.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00:0	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
00.00		00.00	34495.00		34495.00
34495.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	34495.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
34495.00		34495.00	34495.00		34495.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-25: "Functional studies of Human Immuno - deficiency Virus Type- 2 (HIV-2) Viral protien X (VPX)" P.I: Dr Mahalingam & Dr Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs	529111.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	529111.00	00.00	529111.00
	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	529111.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	529111.00	0.00	529111.00
	Current Year	Amount Rs.	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	529111.00	529111.00
	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	0.00	00:0	529111.00	529111.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD  : Occurrence of Mutations in Non dividing cells of Escherichia Coli"  P.I: Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year Amount Rs	79533.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	79533.00	0.00	79533.00
YYDERABAD scherichia Coli" 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
S AND DIAGNOSTICS, H n dividing cells of E: I: It from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year. Amount Rs	79533.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	0.00	79533.00	0.00	79533.00
R DNA FINGERPRINTINGS of Mutations in No P nd Payments Accour	Current Year Amount Rs.	0.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00:0	00.00	00.00	00:0	00.00	00:0	0.00	00.00	79533.00	79533.00
CENTRE FOI P-26: Occurrent Receipts a	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year Amount Rs	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	79533.00	79533.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	37624.00	0.00	00.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	37624.00	0.00	37624.00
HYDERABAD (worms 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-28: Baculovirus resistance in transgenic silkworms P.I: Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	37624.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	37624.00	0.00	37624.00
	Current Year	Amount Rs.	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	37624.00	37624.00
	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.0	00:0	00.00	00.00	00:00	00:0	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	37624.00	37624.00

ıniques"	Current Year Amount Rs	310302.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	310302.00	00.00	310302.00
HYDERABAD I & Molecular DNA fingerprinting tech 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
3 AND DIAGNOSTICS, F diagnostics method Prashanth it from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year. Amount Rs	310302.00	00.00	00:0	0.00	00:0	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:0	0.00	310302.00	0.00	310302.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD urveillance system by advanced diagnostics method & Moleculance system by advanced diagnostics method & Moleculance II: Dr K Prashanth Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year Amount Rs.	00'0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00:0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.00	310302.00	310302.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-29: "Development of Hospital Surveillance system by advanced diagnostics method & Molecular DNA fingerprinting techniques" P.I: Dr K Prashanth Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
P-29: "I	Previous Year Amount Rs	00:00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	310302.00	310302.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs		00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	2045696.00	2045696.00
HYDERABAD n in E-coli 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I rmination and anti terminatio P.I: Dr Ranjan Sen s Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2045696.00	2045696.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-30: Transcription termination and anti termination in E-coli P.I. Dr Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	2045696.00	00.0	00:0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	0.00	2045696.00	0.00	2045696.00
CENTRE FOI P-30: Tran Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	2045696.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	2045696.00	0.00	2045696.00

	CENTRE FO P-3: Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-31: Role of K-ras in Lung type II epithelial cells P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	INGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I of K-ras in Lung type II epithelial ( P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna ments Account from 01/04/2015 to	1YDERABAD sells 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
746453.00	Opening Balance	746453.00		Opening Balance	
0.00		0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
00.00		00.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
746453.00		746453.00	0.00		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.00	746453.00	Closing Balance	746453.00
746453.00		746453.00	746453.00		746453.00
	CENTRE FOL	RE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, H	HYDERABAD	
	P-33: "Molecular and Epidemiolog	gical characterisatior P.I: Dr Radh	racterisation of cryptosporidium P.I: Dr Radha Rama Devi	P-33: "Molecular and Epidemiological characterisation of cryptosporidium – An enteric protozoon parasite" P.I. Dr Radha Rama Devi	
	Receipts a	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	nt from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening	0.00	234000.00	Opening Balance	234000.00
	7 2 2				- 000

	Current Year	Amount Rs	234000.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	234000.00	0.00	234000.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-33: "Molecular and Epidemiological characterisation of cryptosporidium – An enteric protozoon parasite" P.I: Dr Radha Rama Devi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
GERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I acterisation of cryptosporidium P.I. Dr Radha Rama Devients Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	234000.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	234000.00	0.00	234000.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD pidemiological characterisation of cryptosporidium – An enteri P.I. Dr Radha Rama Devi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	00.0	00.00	00:0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	00'0	234000.00	234000.00
CENTRE FO P-33: "Molecular and Epidemiolog Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	0.00	00:00	234000.00	234000.00

	CENTRE FOR P-34: "Molecular analys Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD cular analysis of lepidopteran – specific immune protiens from PI: Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Poteran – specific immune pr PI: Dr J Nagaraju Recount from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-34: "Molecular analysis of lepidopteran – specific immune protiens from silkmoths" PI: Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
26334.00	Opening Balance	26334.00			
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
26334.00		26334.00	0.00		00'0
0.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.00	26334.00	Closing Balance	26334.00
26334.00		26334.00	26334.00		26334.00

(mori"	Current Year	Amount Rs	283883.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	283883.00	0.00	283883.00
4YDERABAD ked genes of the silk worm, Bombyx 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ization and Physical mapping of Z-Chromosome linked genes on P.I. Dr. J. Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	283883.00	00.0	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	283883.00	00:00	28383 00
R DNA FINGERPRINTIN Physical mapping c P.I: Dr J ind Payments Accour	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	00.0	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00:00	00'0	283883.00	283883.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-35: "Identification, Characterization and Physical mapping of Z-Chromosome linked genes of the silk worm, Bombyxmori" P.I: Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											283883.00 Excess of Expenditure over Income	
P-35	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00.00	283883.00	283883.00

Previous Year         Receipts         Current Year         Previous Year         Payments         Current Year         Amount Rs.         Co.00		CENTRE FO P-36: "Development of Artificial Receipts	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of Artificial retina using Bacterio rhodospin and genetically eng P.I. Dr Sekhar C Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Is and Bacterio rhodospin and gering Bacterio C Mande P.I. Dr Sekhar C Mande ants Account from 01/04/2015 to	INTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Artificial retina using Bacterio rhodospin and genetically engineered analogues " P.I. Dr Sekhar C Mande eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Rs         Amount         Rs.         Amount         Rs         Amount         Rs         Amount         Amount <t< th=""><th>Previous Year</th><th>Receipts</th><th>Current Year</th><th>Previous Year.</th><th>Payments</th><th>Current Year</th></t<>	Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Opening Balance         2073896.00         0.00         Opening Balance         Salaries - Manpower           Grant In Aid         0.00         0.00         0.00         Consumables         Possibles           0.00         0.00         0.00         Contingencies         Possibles         Possibles           0.00         0.00         0.00         Overheads         Possibles         Possibles           0.00         0.00         0.00         AMC         Possibles         Possibles           Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         2073896.00         Closing Balance         2073896.00         2073896.00						
Grant In Aid         0.00         0.00         Salaries - Manpower           0.00         0.00         0.00         Consumables           0.00         0.00         0.00         Contingencies           0.00         0.00         Travel         Travel           0.00         0.00         Equipment         Equipment           0.00         0.00         Equipment         Equipment           0.00         0.00         O.00         O.00           0.00         0.00         O.00         O.00           0.00         0.00         Transfer of Funds         Closing Balance           2073896.00         2073896.00         Closing Balance         207389           2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00	2073896.00	Opening Balance	2073896.00		Opening Balance	
Consumables   Consumables	00:00		00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income   0.00	00:00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income   0.00	00:00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00	00:00		00:00	0.00	Travel	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         0.00         Equipment         Equipment           Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         0.00         Transfer of Funds         2073896.00         2	00:00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         2073896.00         2073886.00         2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00	00:00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         2073896.00	00:00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         0.00         Others         Condition	00:00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         Transfer of Funds         2073896.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00         2073860.00	00:00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
2073896.00         0.00         2073896.00         Closing Balance         2073896.00         207386.00	00:00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         2073896.00         Closing Balance           2073896.00         2073896.00         2073896.00	2073896.00		2073896.00	00:0		00:00
2073896.00 2073896.00	00:00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.00	2073896.00	Closing Balance	2073896.00
	2073896.00		2073896.00	2073896.00		2073896.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	4058.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	4058.00	00:00	4058.00
lants as a potential immuno adjuvant in anti tuberculosis immunotherapy" P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay keceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
vant in anti tuber khopadhyay om 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	4058.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	0.00	4058.00	00.00	4058.00
dants as a potential immuno adjuvant in anti tuberculosis imr P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year F	Amount Rs. A	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	4058.00	4058.00
P-40: "Antioxidants as a Receipts ar	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00		00:00	00:00	00:0	00.00	00:0	00:00	00:00	00:0	0.00	0.00	4058.00	4058.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD

Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
1873605.00	Opening Balance	1873605.00		Opening Balance	
0.00		00.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00.0
1873605.00		1873605.00	0.00		0.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	00.00	1873605.00	Closing Balance	1873605.00
1873605.00		1873605.00	1873605.00		1873605.00
	CENTRE FOR DNA P-42: "Structural and functional Receipts and Pa	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN tional studies on My P.I. Dr Sekt and Payments Accou	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD and functional studies on Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat septimental P.I. Dr Sekhar C Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD studies on Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shock proteins". P.I: Dr Sekhar C Mande yments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00		00:00	2237285.00	Opening Balance	2237285.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	6869463.64	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies Travel	0.00
00:0		00:0	00.0	Overheads	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0:00		0.00	0.00	Others Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		6869463.64	2237285.00		6869464.00
2237285.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.36	0.00	Closing Balance	00:0
2237285 00					

P-43: "A gene	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-43: "A generalized mechanism of transcription termination in prokaryotes: a quest for mechanism based transcription inhibitors for microbial	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ription termination in prokaryotes: a quest for mechanism ba	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I otes: _a quest for me	4YDERABAD chanism based transcription inhibito	rs for microbial
	Receipts a	pathogens". P.I. Dr Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	pathogens". P.I. Dr Ranjan Sen s Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
685906.70	Opening Balance	685906.70		Opening Balance	00:0
0.00	Grant In Aid	75038.52	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00	•	0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	760945.00
685906.70		760945.22	0.00		760945.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	685906.70	Closing Balance	0.22
685906.70		760945.22	685906.70		760945.22

P-44: "U	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-44: "Understanding of role of Ras and NO / iNOS signalling in promotion of hepatocellular carcinomas with persistent HBV infection" P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD and NO / iNOS signalling in promotion of hepatocellular carcinc P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	INGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, F gnalling in promotion of hepatocel P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna ments Account from 01/04/2015 to	IYDERABAD Iular carcinomas with persistent HBV i 31/03/2016	infection"
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0	457538.00	Opening Balance	457538.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:0
0.00		00:00	00:00	Consumables	00.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:0
0.00		00:00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	00.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:0
00:00		00'0	457538.00		457538.00
457538.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	457538.00	00.00	Closing Balance	0.00
457538.00		457538.00	457538.00		457538.00

	CENTRE FOR P-45: Specialized chromati Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of chromatin structures as epigenetic imprints to distinguish p.P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Pes as epigenetic imprints to di P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD chromatin structures as epigenetic imprints to distinguish parental alleles".  P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
605714.00	Opening Balance	605714.00		Opening Balance	
00:00	Grant In Aid	00:0	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
00:00		00:0	00.0	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
605714.00		605714.00	00.00		00:0
0.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.00	605714.00	Closing Balance	605714.00
605714.00		605714.00	605714.00		605714.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	1586965.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1586965.00	0.00	1586965.00
HYDERABAD amme agaraju, Dr Ni 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
G AND DIAGNOSTICS, ning for DRDO Progr jam, Dr Mande, Dr Na tt from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	1586965.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1586965.00	0.00	1586965.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-47: Research cum Training for DRDO Programme PI: Dr Gowrishankar, Dr Mahalingam, Dr Mande, Dr Nagaraju, Dr Ni Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.0	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1586965.00	1586965.00
CENTRE FO P-47 P.I. Dr Gowr	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	1586965.00	1586965.00

	CENTRE FO P-48: 'Molecular characterization	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD acterization of human liver stem cells for use in the treatment P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, In liver stem cells for use in the P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khoslants Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-48: 'Molecular characterization of human liver stem cells for use in the treatment of hepatic diseases'. P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
151826.00	Opening Balance	151826.00			
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.0	Travel	00.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00.00	00.0	Others	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
151826.00		151826.00	0.00		0.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.00	151826.00	Closing Balance	151826.00
151826.00		151826.00	151826.00		151826.00

	ıt Year	Rs	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00'0	1041952.00	1041952.00
	Current Year	Amount														1	_
HYDERABAD AEA) 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
RINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, all Atomic Energy Agency (I. J. Nagaraju Account from 01/04/2015 to	ıs Ye	Amount Rs			0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00'0	1041952.00	1041952.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-49A: International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) P.I. J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	t Ye	Amount Rs.	804660.00	1041952.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1041952.00	0.00	1041952.00
CENTRE FG P-4 Receipts	Receipts			Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	ıs Ye	Amount Rs	308361.00	804660.00	237292.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	1041952.00	0.00	1041952.00

		CENTRE FOI P-51: "Understanding the m Receipts a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ding the mechanism of doxorubicin resistance in breast cance P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	VGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, In of doxorubicin resistance in b.P.I: Dr Sunil Kumar Manna nents Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-51: "Understanding the mechanism of doxorubicin resistance in breast cancer celline MCF-7" P.I: Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
	Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
_	Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
	00.00	Opening Balance	00:00	284065.00	Opening Balance	284065.00
	00.0	Grant In Aid	00:00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
	00:0		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
	00.0		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
	00.0		00:00	00.0	Travel	00:00
	00:0		00:0	00.0	Overheads	00:00
	00:00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
	00:0		00:0	00.0	Books	00:00
	00:00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
	00:00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
	00:00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
	0.00		0.00	284065.00		284065.00
	284065.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	284065.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
	284065.00		284065.00	284065.00		284065.00

	t Ye	Amount KS	1231118.00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	1231118.00	0.00	1231118 00
HYDERABAD 1 Vpr" 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I leo Cytoplasmic transport of HIV – 1 P.I: Dr Mahalingam & Dr Manna syments Account from 01/04/2015 to	s Ye	Amount KS	1231118.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1231118.00	0.00	1231118.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-52: "Nucleo Cytoplasmic transport of HIV – 1 Vpr" P.I: Dr Mahalingam & Dr Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	t Ye	Amount RS.	00:00	00:0	00:0	0.00	00:0	00:0	00:0	0.00	0.00	00:0	00.0	00.00	1231118.00	1231118.00
CENTRE FO P-52: Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	ay su	Amount KS	0.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	1231118.00	1231118.00

	P-54: "Study of v	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-54: "Study of viability of Mycobacterium leprae in clinical samples and possibility of its presence in the environment using nucleic acid amplification techniques." P.I: Dr Niyaz Ahmed Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD eprae in clinical samples and possibility of its presence in the etechniques."  P.I. Dr. Niyaz Ahmed  Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, les and possibility of its prese techniques." P.I: Dr Niyaz Ahmed ts Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD ince in the environment using nucleic 31/03/2016	; acid amplification
	Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
	0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	37877.00	Opening Balance	37877.00
	0.00	Grant III Ald	00.0	00.0	Salaries - Manpower Consumables	00.0
	0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
	00:00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
	0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
	0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
	00:00		00:0	00:00	Books	00:0
	00:00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
	00:00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
	0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
	00.00		0.00	37877.00		37877.00
	37877.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	37877.00	00:00	Closing Balance	00:00
26	37877.00		37877.00	37877.00		37877.00
		CENTRE FC	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS. HYDERABAD	IG AND DIAGNOSTICS.	HYDERABAD	
		P-55: "Identification of D	ONA Markers for bacu	lovirus resistance in	P-55: "Identification of DNA Markers for baculovirus resistance in silkworm, Bombyx mori"	
		Receipts	F.I. Df 3 nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	r.i. Dr. J. Nagaraju . Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
	Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
	Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
L	224 00	Opening Balance	224 00			

Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
224.00	Opening Balance	224.00			
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	0   Equipment	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
224.00		224.00	0.00		00.0
0.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	00:00	224.00	Closing Balance	224.00
224.00		224.00	224.00		224.00

	Current Year	SN HIDOUR	1231164.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1231164.00	0.00	1231164.00
NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of transcription-replication interplay and of stress adaptation in bacteria" P.I.: Dr. Gowrishankar & Dr. K. Anupama P.I.: Dr. Gowrishankar & Dr. K. Anupama ceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
ONA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, pition-replication interplay and of stres P.I. Dr Gowrishankar & Dr K Anupama P.I. Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Alloquit 183	1231164.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1231164.00	0.00	1231164.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD cs of transcription-replication interplay and of stress adaptation P.I. Dr Gowrishankar & Dr K Anupama P.I. Dr Gowrishankar & Dr K Anupama Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	-	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	1231164.00	1231164.00
CENTRE FO P-56: "Genetics of trans Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year		00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	1231164.00	1231164.00

gical and structural	Current Year	Amount Rs	2215024.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2215024.00	00:00	2215024.00
HYDERABAD sis: Genetic, biochemical, immunolog njan Sen	31/03/2016 Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
INTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I Mycobacterium tuberculos analyses." ishankar, Dr Mande, Dr Ra	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	2215024.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	2215024.00	00:00	2215024.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD erstanding the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Genetic analyses."  P.I. Dr Hasnain, Dr Gowrishankar, Dr Mande, Dr Ranjan Sen	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016  Current Year Previous Year.	Amount Rs.	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	2215024.00	2215024.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-59: "An integrated Approach towards understanding the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Genetic, biochemical, immunological and structural analyses." P.I. Dr Hasnain, Dr Gowrishankar, Dr Ranjan Sen	Receipts a		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
P-59: "An integral	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00:0	00:00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	2215024.00	2215024.00

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-60: "National Database of Prevalent Genetic Disorders in India: Development, Curation and Services" P.I: Dr H A Nagarajaram Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	evalent Genetic Diso P.I: Dr H A and Payments Accou	oase of Prevalent Genetic Disorders in India: Development, Cu P.I. Dr H A Nagarajaram Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ppment, Curation and Services" 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
482124.00	Opening Balance	482124.00			
0.00		0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00.00		00.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
482124.00		482124.00	0.00		00:00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	00.00	482124.00	Closing Balance	482124.00
482124.00		482124.00	482124.00		482124.00
262					
	CENTRE FO	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	HYDERABAD	
P-61: "Dissection	P-61: "Dissection of a novel phenotype of lethal accumu	lation of potassium	in Escherichia coli m	accumulation of potassium in Escherichia coli mutants defective in thioredoxin/thioredoxin reductase and	doxin reductase and
		nucleoied p	nucleoied protein H-NS" Bl. D. Abbiiit A Sordoosi		
	Receipts	and Payments Accou	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	-	00:00	280000.00	Opening Balance	280000.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		00.0	0.00	Consumables	00:0
00.00		00.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00.0	0.00	Overheads	00:00

	CENTRE FOI P-62: "HIV – 1 Pathogenesis: Role Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD esis: Role of Integrase in Reverse Transciption and Nuclear Transciption and Nuclear Transciption and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I e in Reverse Transciption and P.I: Dr S Mahalingam nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-62: "HIV – 1 Pathogenesis: Role of Integrase in Reverse Transciption and Nuclear Transport of Viral Genome" P.I: Dr S Mahalingam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:0	Opening Balance	00:0	278928.00	Opening Balance	278928.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	278928.00		278928.00
278928.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	278928.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00.00
278928.00		278928.00	278928.00		278928.00

			ı .													_
	Current Year	Amount Rs	837574.00	00.00	-63700.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	773874.00	0.00	773874 00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of the existing computing infrastructure at the Bioinformatics facility at CDFD" P.I. Dr Seyed E Hasnain eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
GERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I nputing infrastructure at the Bic P.I: Dr Seyed E Hasnain ants Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	837574.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	837574.00	0.00	837574 00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD on of the existing computing infrastructure at the Bioinformatics P.I. Dr Seyed E Hasnain Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	773874.00	773874.00
CENTRE FOI P-63: "Upgradation of the ex Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	837574.00	837574.00

		R DNA FINGERPRINTIN	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	4YDERABAD	
	r-64: blotecni Receipts a	lology for Leather: I P.I: Dr J G and Payments Accou	is biotecniology for Learner. Towards cleaner processing phase-in P.I: Dr. J. Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	essing pnase-ii 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	158.00	Opening Balance	158.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Overheads	00:00
00.00		0.00	00.00	Equipment	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00	•	0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	158.00		158.00
158.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	158.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00.00
158.00		158.00	158.00		158.00

P-65:	CENTREFO P-65: "Molecular, genetic and functional ana Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ctional analysis of the chromosomal plasticity region of the gas P.I. Dr Ayesha Alvi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I chromosomal plasticity regio P.I. Dr Ayesha Alvi s Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ctional analysis of the chromosomal plasticity region of the gastric pathogen Helicobater pylori" P.I. Dr Ayesha Alvi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	pylori"
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	582647.00	Opening Balance	582647.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Consumables	00.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Books	00.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00'0
0.00		00.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	582647.00		582647.00
582647.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	582647.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
582647.00		582647.00	582647.00		582647.00

	CENTRE FOF P-65A: Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-65A: APEDA-CDFD Centre for Basmati DNA Analysis P.I. Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, P.D Centre for Basmati DNA Ar P.I: Dr J Nagaraju S Account from 01/04/2015 to	1YDERABAD nalysis 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
20617169.00	Opening Balance	21828405.00		Opening Balance	00.00
1211236.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	355200.00
00.0		00:00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00.0		00.00	00.0	Contingencies	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Travel	00.00
00.0		00:00	00.0	Overheads	00.0
00.0		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		00:00	00.0	Transfer of Funds	0.00
21828405.00		21828405.00	00.0		355200.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	21828405.00	Closing Balance	21473205.00
21828405.00		21828405.00	21828405.00		21828405.00

g and chromatin	Current Year	Amount Rs	681246.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.00	0.00	681246.00	00.00	681246.00
HYDERABAD d Y, and in some Hox, insulin signalin 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
GERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I hylation in chromosomes 18 and reprogramming genes P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla ents Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	681246.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	681246.00	0.00	681246.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD s of CpG island methylation in chromosomes 18 and Y, and in sreprogramming genes P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00'0	00:00	00.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	681246.00	681246.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-66: Human Epigenome Variation: Analysis of CpG island methylation in chromosomes 18 and Y, and in some Hox, insulin signaling and chromatin reprogramming genes P.I. Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
P-66: Human El	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	681246.00	681246.00

P-67: Identificatio	CENTRE FOI P-67: Identification of novel Esophageal Squamous cell	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD amous cell carcinoma (ESCC) genes by using a combination of arrays	TING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I genes by using a com arrays	INTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ous cell carcinoma (ESCC) genes by using a combination of array-based CGH and gene expression micro arrays	e expression micro
	Receipts a	P.I: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	P.I: Dr M D Bashyam its Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0	113545.00	Opening Balance	113545.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	113545.00		113545.00
113545.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	113545.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
113545.00		113545.00	113545.00		113545.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	59874.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	59874.00	0.00	59874.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-68: Identification of High risk individual with pre-cancerous states of esophageal cancer. P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
INGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I individual with pre-cancerous stat individual with pre-cancerous stat P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna ments Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	59874.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	59874.00	0.00	59874.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ation of High risk individual with pre-cancerous states of esopt P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	59874.00	59874.00
CENTRE FC P-68: Identification of Hi Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	59874.00	59874.00

P-70	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-70: Identification of disease causing mutations in familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (FHC) patients from Andhra Pradesh P.I: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN ations in familial hy P.I: Dr M E nd Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ausing mutations in familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (FHC PL: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	IYDERABAD pathy (FHC) patients from Andhra Pr 31/03/2016	adesh
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.0	21336.00	Opening Balance	21336.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00'0	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Consumables	00:0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		00:00	00.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		00:00	00.0	Books	00:0
00:00		00.00	00.0	AMC	00:0
00:00		00:00	00.00	Others	0.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	21336.00		21336.00
21336.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	21336.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
21336.00		21336.00	21336.00		21336.00

	CENTRE FOI P-72: Nuanc	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-72: Nuances of non coding DNA near insulin-responsive genes. P.I. Dr Nirmala Yabaluri Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, It coding DNA near insulin-respoe. P.I: Dr Nirmala Yabaluri	4YDERABAD nsive genes. 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:00	1421653.00	Opening Balance	1421653.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00.00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.0	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.0	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	1421653.00		1421653.00
1421653.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	1421653.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
1421653.00		1421653.00	1421653.00		1421653.00

Current Year         Previous Year.         Payments           Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.           Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.           Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.           0.00         857136.00         Opening Balance           0.00         0.00         Consumables           0.00         0.00         Contingencies           0.00         0.00         Overheads           0.00         0.00         Equipment           0.00         0.00         AMC           0.00         0.00         Others           0.00         0.00         Transfer of Funds           0.00         857136.00         Closing Balance
Opening Bala Salaries - Ma Consumables Contingenciee Travel Overheads Equipment Books AMC Others Transfer of F
Rs.         Amount         Rs           0.00         857136.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00           0.00         0.00
857136.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
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0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 857136.00
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0.00 0.00 857136.00 0.00
0.00 <b>857136.00</b> 0.00
<b>857136.00</b> 0.00
0.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	10840.00	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	0.00	10840.00	10840.00         Excess of Expenditure over Income         10840.00         0.00         Closing Balance         0.00           10840.00         10840.00         10840.00         10840.00         10840.00	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-75: Preparing blueprint for the macromolecular crystallography beamline at Indus-II synchrotron source P.I. Dr Sekhar C Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	Excess of Experique over monte
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD rint for the macromolecular crystallography beamline at Indus-PI: Dr Sekhar C Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	10840.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00.00	0.00	10840.00	00.00	
R DNA FINGERPRINTIN macromolecular cry P.I: Dr Sekh ind Payments Accour	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10840.00	
CENTRE FO P-75: Preparing blueprint for the	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid										Excess of Expenditure over Income         0.00         0.00         10840.00           10840.00         0.00         0.00           10840.00         10840.00         10840.00	ľ	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	10840.00	10840.00

	CENTRE FOR P-76: A study of molecular markers Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD lar markers in childhood autism with special references to nuc P.I. Dr S K Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I od autism with special refere P.I: Dr S K Manna S. Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-76: A study of molecular markers in childhood autism with special references to nuclear factors - ± APPA B P.I: Dr S K Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0	50234.00	Opening Balance	50234.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00.00	50234.00		50234.00
50234.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	50234.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
50234.00		50234.00	50234.00		50234.00

	heir role in modulating	Current Year	Amount Rs		00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	124277.00	124277 00
	HYDERABAD inding domain : Understanding tl 31/03/2016	Payments			Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I coteins having SH3 bi le functions Mukhopadhyay nt from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		00.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00'0	124277.00	124277 00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN perculosis PE/PPE pr macrophag PI: Dr Sangita ind Payments Accoul	cterium tuberculosis PE/PPE proteins having SH3 binding dom macrophage functions P.I. Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016 Current Year Previous Year.	Amount Rs.	124277.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	124277.00	0.00	124277 00
	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-77: Functional characterization of Mycobacterium tuberculosis PE/PPE proteins having SH3 binding domain : Understanding their role in modulating macrophage functions P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	P-77: Functional	P-77: Functional characte	Amount Rs	124277.00	00.0	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.00	0.00	124277.00	0.00	124277 00

P-78:	CENTRE FOF P-78: Task force- IMD Newborn screening fo	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN  Congenital Hypoth  P.I. Dr A Radi	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD creening for Congenital Hypothyroidism & Congenital Adrenal P.I. Dr A Radha Rama Devi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD reening for Congenital Hypothyroidism & Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia: A multicentric study P.I: Dr A Radha Rama Devi	s study
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
1304.00	Opening Balance	1304.00		Opening Balance	
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1304.00		1304.00	00'0		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	0.00	1304.00	Closing Balance	1304.00
1304.00		1304.00	1304.00		1304.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	105086.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	105086.00	0.00	105086.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-79: Understanding the role of AGE proteins in inducing inflammatory responses and its regulation P.I: Dr S K Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I sins in inducing inflammatory P.I: Dr S K Manna scoount from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	105086.00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	105086.00	0.00	105086.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD g the role of AGE proteins in inducing inflammatory responses P.I: Dr S K Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	<b>Current Year</b>	Amount Rs.	00:0	00:0	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	105086.00	105086.00
CENTRE FC P-79: Understanding the role Receipts &	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											105086.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:0	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	105086.00	105086.00

	CENTRE FOI P-80: Referral centre for de Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTING Stection of genetically P.I. Dr Madhuand Payments Accourt	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ntre for detection of genetically modified foods employing DN. P.I. Dr Madhusudan Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD for detection of genetically modified foods employing DNA-based markets P.I. Dr Madhusudan Reddy eipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
00:0	Opening Balance	00:0	608222.00	Opening Balance	608222.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
			00.0	Consumables	00:00
			00.0	Contingencies	00:00
			00:00	Travel	00:00
			00:00	Overheads	00:00
			00.0	Equipment	00:00
			00.0	Books	00:00
			00.0	AMC	00:00
			00:00	Others	00:00
			608222.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00.00	608222.00		608222.00
608222.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	608222.00	00.0	Closing Balance	00:00
608222.00		608222.00	608222.00		608222.00

																Г
	<b>Current Year</b>	Amount Rs		00.00	0.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	143470.00	00 017 07 7
4YDERABAD egulatory systems 31/03/2016	Payments			Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
3 AND DIAGNOSTICS, F s: Two-component r thar Mande t from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		00.0	00.00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	143470.00	7 10 110 00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-81: Reconstructing Cellular Networks: Two-component regulatory systems P.I: Dr Shekhar Mande Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	143470.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:0	0.00	00:0	00:00	00:00	00:0	00:00	143470.00	00:00	00 011 011
CENTRE FOI P-81: Reconstructi Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	143470.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	143470.00	0.00	442440 00

	CENTRE FOR P-81A: Financial assisment	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD nancial assistance for award of J C Bose Fellowship to Dr J Govishankar P.I: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, F I C Bose Fellowship owrishankar nt from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-81A: Financial assistance for award of J C Bose Fellowship to Dr J Gowrishankar P.I: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
463453.00	Opening Balance	62620.00		Opening Balance	00:00
1360000.00	360000.00 Grant In Aid	1300000.00	300000.00	Salaries - Manpower	300000.00
00:0		00:00	962116.50	Consumables	526318.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
00:0		0.00	429371.50	Travel	473682.00
0.00		0.00	00.00009	Overheads	60000.00
00:00		00.00	9345.00	Equipment	0.00
00:0		00:00	00.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
00:0		0.00	00.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1823453.00		1362620.00	1760833.00		1360000.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	62620.00	Closing Balance	2620.00
1823453.00		1362620.00	1823453.00		1362620.00

	CENTRE FOR P-82: Function Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTINI nal genomic analysis P.I: Dr Rup nd Payments Accoun	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD 82: Functional genomic analysis of Candida Glabrata-macrophage P.I: Dr Rupinder Kaur Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	IYDERABAD t-macrophage 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00'0	Opening Balance	00.0	36904.00	Opening Balance	369021.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	00:00	1300.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
00:00		00.00	00.00	Consumables	00:00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		00.00	00.00	Travel	00:00
00:0		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
00.00		00.00	00.00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		00.00	00.00	Books	00:00
00:00		00.00	00.00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
00.0		00'0	369021.00		369021.00
369021.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	369021.00	00.00	Closing Balance	00:00
369021.00		369021.00	369021.00		369021.00

		Receipts	P.I. Dr. R. B.I. Dr. R. Band Payments Accou	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
	Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	<b>Current Year</b>
	Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
	00.00	Opening Balance	00:00	1155594.00	Opening Balance	1155594.00
	00.0	Grant In Aid	00.00	00.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
	00.0		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
	00.0		00.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
	00.00		00:00	00.00	Travel	0.00
	00.00		00:0	00.00	Overheads	00:00
	00.00		00:00	00.00	Equipment	00:00
	00.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
	00.00		00:0	0.00	AMC	0.00
	00.00		00:00	00.00	Others	00:00
	00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
	00.00		00.00	1155594.00		1155594.00
	1155594.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	1155594.00	00.00	Closing Balance	0.00
	1155594.00		1155594.00	1155594.00		1155594.00
1						
			R DNA FINGERPRINTIN	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	HYDERABAD	10:17
	7-04.	r-o4. Frepainig 101 vaccine enicacy mais.	Daseille epideilloiog	deilliology, illipioved diagnos Pl. Dr Nivaz Ahmed	tilais. Baseille epideillology, illiploved diagnosis, illaikeis of protection and phase mi trais. Pl. Dr Nivaz Ahmed	/II ti idis
		Beceipts	and Payments Account	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
		ויפטפורוים	alla raymems Accou	TI TIOTE O 1104/4010 10	31/03/2010	

Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	0.00	1150.00	Opening Balance	1150.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	00.0
0.00		00:00	00.0	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00	-	0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00.00	1150.00		1150.00
1150.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	1150.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
1150.00		1150.00	1150.00		1150.00

P-84A: Human ep	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-84A: Human epigenetic to the rescue of human identification process: Enriching human DNA from DNA mixture employing antibodies directed against 5-methylcytosine followed by whole genome amplification P.I: Dr Madhusudan Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN fication process: Encytosine followed by P.I: Dr Madhund Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Iman identification process: Enriching human DNA from DNA m 5-methylcytosine followed by whole genome amplification P.I. Dr Madhusudan Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	HYDERABAD rom DNA mixture employing antibodii slification 31/03/2016	es directed against
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	106479.00	Opening Balance	106479.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		00:00	00.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
0.00		0.00	106479.00		106479.00
106479.00	Excess of Expenditure over Income	106479.00	00.00	Closing Balance	0.00
106479.00		106479.00	106479.00		106479.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	1118755.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.00	1118755.00	00:00	1118755.00
HYDERABAD tycobacteria 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I gene regulatory network in m P.I: Dr Akash Ranjan its Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	1118755.00	00.0	00.0	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00.0	0.00	118755.00	0.00	1118755.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-85: IdeR associated gene regulatory network in mycobacteria P.I. Dr Akash Ranjan Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	1118755.00	1118755.00
CENTRE FOI P-85: IdeR Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	1118755.00	1118755.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	00:86959	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	65698.00	0.00	65698.00
1YDERABAD ths 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
AND DIAGNOSTICS, H mics of wild silkmo lagaraju t from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	00'86959	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	02698.00	00.0	65698.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-87: Comparative genomics of wild silkmoths P.I. Dr J Nagaraju teceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:86999	65698.00
CENTRE FO P-4	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.0	0.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.86959	65698.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	636286.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	636286.00	0.00	636286.00
HYDERABAD da Glabrata 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, is in the Pathobiology of Candic P.I. Dr Rupinder Kaur its Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	636286.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	636286.00	0.00	636286.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-90: Role of Yapsins in the Pathobiology of Candida Glabrata P.I. Dr Rupinder Kaur Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00.00	636286.00	636286.00
CENTRE FO P-90: Rok Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	0.00	00:00	636286.00	636286.00

## CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-91: DMMT3L: epigenetic correlation with cancer P.I: Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016

Previous Year Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
	Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
Opening Balance	00'0	1098900.00	Opening Balance	1098900.00
Grant In Aid	00.00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
	00:00	00.00	Consumables	0.00
	00:00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
	00.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
	00.00	00.0	Overheads	0.00
	00.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
	00.00	00.0	Books	0.00
0.00	0.00	00.00	AMC	00:00
	00.00	0.00	Others	00:0
	0.00	00.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00	00.00	1098900.00		1098900.00
1098900.00 Excess of Expenditure over Income	1098900.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
00.0068601	1098900.00	1098900.00		1098900.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD
P-92: Swarnajayanti fellowship proj on "Designing transcription anti-terminators: a novel approach for making new inhibitors of gene expression"
P.I. Dr Ranjan Sen
Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016

Year	Rs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	268823.00	268823.00
Current Year	Amount													26	26
Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
Previous Year.	t Rs		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	268823.00	268823.00
Previo	Amount														
Current Year	t Rs.	268823.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	268823.00	0.00	268823.00
Curre	Amount														
Receipts		268823.00 Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
Previous Year	Amount Rs	268823.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	268823.00	0.00	268823.00

	CENTRE FOI P-93/A1: Virtual Centre of Excellenc Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD f Excellence on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at intervent P.I.: Dr Shekar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I ciplinary approaches aimed P.I.: Dr Shekar Account from 01/04/2015 to	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD  Excellence on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions against tuberculosis  P.I.: Dr Shekar  teceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0	605745.00	Opening Balance	611833.00
0.00	) Grant In Aid	00:0	6088.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.0
0.00		00:0	00.0	Consumables	00.0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	611833.00		611833.00
611833.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	611833.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
611833.00		611833.00	611833.00		611833.00

P-93/A	CENTRE FO P-93/A2: Virtual Centre of Excellence on mu Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN Iltidisciplinary appro P.I.: Dr. Sangit ind Payments Accou	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD since on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions ag P.I.: Dr. Sangita Mukhopadhyay  Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016  Current Year Previous Year.	RE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD on multidisciplinary approaches aimed at interventions against Mycobacterium tuberculosis P.I.: Dr. Sangita Mukhopadhyay eipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016 Current Year   Previous Year   Curr	rculosis Current Year
Amount Rs	•	Amount Rs.	Amount Rs	•	Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:00	2469833.00	Opening Balance	3025061.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	495876.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	59352.00	Equipment	13430.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	3025061.00		3038491.00
3025061.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	3038491.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:0
3025061.00		3038491.00	3025061.00		3038491.00
	-				

t anti tuberculosis therapautics	Current Year	Amount Rs	0.00	301209.00	305752.00	11581.00	7623.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	626165.00	483835.00	1110000.00
HYDERABAD 8-TLR2 interaction as poten 3 3 1/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, ESAT-6:B2M interaction and PPE11 P.I.: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay iyments Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		0.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	1110000.00	1110000.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ecules targeting ESAT-6:B2M interaction and PPE18-TLR2 intera PI.: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	1110000.00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00:00	00:00	1110000.00	00.00	1110000.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-93B2 (II):Evaluation of peptides / small molecules targeting ESAT-6:B2M interaction and PPE18-TLR2 interaction as potent anti tuberculosis therapautics P.I.: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts			Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
P-93B2 (II) : Evaluation of	Previous Year	Amount Rs		1110000.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	1110000.00	00.00	1110000.00

	CENTRE FOF P-97: Proteome-wide Ana Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN alysis of Serine pyr. P.I. Dr Rash nd Payments Accou	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ne-wide Analysis of Serine pyrophosphorylation by inositol pyr P.I. Dr. Rashna Bhandari Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-97: Proteome-wide Analysis of Serine pyrophosphorylation by inositol pyrophosphates P.I: Dr Rashna Bhandari Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.0	Opening Balance	00.0	276552.00	Opening Balance	276552.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	96284.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:0
00:00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:0
00:00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:0
00.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:0
00.00		0.00	00.0	Books	00:0
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:0
00.00		0.00	00.0	Others	00:0
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00.00	276552.00		276552.00
276552.00	276552.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	276552.00	00.00	Closing Balance	0.00
276552.00		276552.00	276552.00		276552.00

	CENTRE FO P-98: Role of cell - cell signalin Receipts a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD SIGnaling mediated by Diffusible signaling factor (DSF) in XaPI signaling factor (DIAM) (DAM) and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I iated by Diffusible signaling factor P.I. Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee yments Account from 01/04/2015 to	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD signaling mediated by Diffusible signaling factor (DSF) in Xanthomonas virulence P.I. Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee sceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
ıs Ye	Receipts	it Ye	ıs Ye	Payments	ıt Ye
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	0.00	203419.00	Opening Balance	236042.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	00.00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:0
00:00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	00:0
00:00		00.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Travel	00:0
00:00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
00:00		0.00	32623.00	Equipment	00:0
00:00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:0
00:00		00:00	0.00	AMC	00:0
00:00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	236042.00		236042.00
236042.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	236042.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00.00
236042.00		236042.00	236042.00		236042.00

	CENTRE FOI P-99: Role of inositol Pyrophos Receipts a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Pyrophosphates in eukaryotic cell growth, proliferation and ri P.I. Dr Rashna Bhandari Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I eukaryotic cell growth, prolifer P.I: Dr Rashna Bhandari ants Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-99: Role of inositol Pyrophosphates in eukaryotic cell growth, proliferation and ribosomae biogenesis P.I. Dr Rashna Bhandari Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.00	567516.00	Opening Balance	567516.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		00.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00.00	0.00	Others	00:00
00.0	•	0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00.00	567516.00		567516.00
567516.00	567516.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	567516.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
567516.00		567516.00	567516.00		567516.00

P-100: Effect of re	CENTRE FOR P-100: Effect of raective oxygen species on T-Cell immur the Company of the Cell immur the Company of the Cell immur the Cell immu	R DNA FINGERPRINTING THE RESPONSE: An app tuberculosis - Nation P.I. Dr Sangita nd Payments Accour	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Cell immune response: An approach to understand the molecutuberculosis - National Bioscience Award P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD immune response: An approach to understand the molecular mechanism of immunosuppression during tuberculosis - National Bioscience Award P.I. Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay	suppression during
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	576590.00	Opening Balance	576590.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
00.00		00:00	00.0	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
00.00		00:00	00.0	Others	00:00
00.00		0.00	00.0	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00'0	00'065925		576590.00
576590.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	576590.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
576590.00		576590.00	276590.00		576590.00

P-101: Role of inc	CENTRE FOI P-101: Role of inositol pyrophosphates in cell physiolog Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Il physiology: Investigating the biochemical significance of prot P.I. Dr Rashna Bhandari Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Higating the biochemical significa P.I. Dr Rashna Bhandariants Account from 01/04/2015 to	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD physiology: Investigating the biochemical significance of protein pyrophosphorylation - Senior Fellowship P.I. Dr Rashna Bhandari eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Senior Fellowship
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
3727878.00	Opening Balance	6859801.00		Opening Balance	00:00
9098800.00	Grant In Aid	3868930.00	1227962.00	Salaries - Manpower	842267.00
0.00		0.00	2883561.00	Consumables	7602852.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	268246.00	Travel	15000.00
0.00		00:00	526687.00	Overheads	975339.00
00.00		0.00	887105.00	Equipment	1293272.00
0.00		0.00	173316.00	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
12826678.00		10728731.00	2966877.00		10728730.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	6859801.00	Closing Balance	1.00
12826678 00		10728731 00	12826678 00		10728731 00

	CENTREFO P-102: "Understanding the role of My Receipts a	or DNA FINGERPRINTIN ycobacterium tuberci P.I: Dr Sangita and Payments Accoun	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD role of Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shockprotein 60 as P.I. Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	VTREFOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD  le of Mycobacterium tuberculosis heat shockprotein 60 as Th1/Th2 immuno modular"  P.I. Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay  ceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
	Opening Balance		2792	Opening Balance	2792
0.00		0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
00.0		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00.0		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Others	00:00
00.00		00.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00.00
0.00		0.00	27922.00		27922.00
27922.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	27922.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
27922.00		27922.00	27922.00		27922.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	300000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	300000.00	0.00	300000.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-103: National Bioscience Award - Regulation of mast cell signaling, apoptosis and surface receptors P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
NGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, gulation of mast cell signaling, a P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna nents Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	300000.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	0.00	300000.00	00.0	300000.00
SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD cience Award - Regulation of mast cell signaling, apoptosis an P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:0	00:00	0.00	0.00	00.0	300000.00	300000.00
CENTRE FC P-103: National Bioscience Aw Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	300000.00	300000.00

	CENTRE FOI	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-104: Virtual Centre of Excellence on Epigenetics	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, F Excellence on Epigen	1YDERABAD etics	
	Receipts a	Fil. DI Salijeev Milosia Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	r.i. Di Sailjeev Nilosia nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00		00.0	3307223.00	Opening Balance	1160508.00
2898000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	403779.00	Salaries - Manpower	125806.00
0.00		0.00	100000000	Consumables	
0.00		00:0	26653.00	Travel	3583.00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00.0	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00.0	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Others	00.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
2898000.00		00'0	4058508.00		1289897.00
1160508.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1289897.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
4058508.00		1289897.00	4058508.00		1289897.00
282					
	CENTRE	TRE FOR THA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS HYDERABAD	G AND DIAGNOSTICS	HYDERABAD	
	P-105: Cloning, Characterization	and analysis of chro	mosomal rearranger	P-105: Cloning, Characterization and analysis of chromosomal rearrangements in human genetic disorders	
		P.I: Dr Ash	P.I: Dr Ashwin B Dalal		
	Receipts a	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	nt from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	

Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	<b>Current Year</b>
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	00.0	862685.00	Opening Balance	862685.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Consumables	0.00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Overheads	0.00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Equipment	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
00:00		00:0	0.00	AMC	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
00.00		00:0	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		00'0	862685.00		862685.00
862685.00	862685.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	862685.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
862685.00		862685.00	862685.00		862685.00

	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-107: DBT IYBA Project on "Mechanism and role of bacterial cell-cell signaling molecules in plant defense response" P.I. Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD "Mechanism and role of bacterial cell-cell signaling molecules P.I. Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	INGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, For role of bacterial cell-cell signaling P.I. Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee rents Account from 01/04/2015 to	IYDERABAD molecules in plant defense response 31/03/2016	â
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
15400.00	Opening Balance	1036691.00		Opening Balance	0.00
1854000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	232709.00	Salaries - Manpower	70116.00
0.00		00:00	00.000009	Consumables	589798.00
00.00		00:00	00.0	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	10202.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
1869400.00		1036691.00	832709.00		670116.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00.00	1036691.00	Closing Balance	366575.00
1869400.00		1036691.00	1869400.00		1036691.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	454643.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	454643.00	0.00	454642 OO
HYDERABAD with rare genetic disorders 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-108: Establishment of EBV transformed cell lines from families with rare genetic disorders P.I. Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	454643.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	454643.00	0.00	454643 00
	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00'0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00'0	454643.00	454643 00
CENTRE FO P-108: Establishment of E Receipts 8	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:0	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	454643.00	454643 00

P-109: Molecular	CENTRE FOI P-109: Molecular dissection of PI3-Kinase/Akt pathway	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD kt pathway by suing proteomics based approach: A study to id	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, Is based approach: A	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD pathway by suing proteomics based approach: A study to identify novel potential oncogenes and tumor	ogenes and tumor
	Receipts a	Suppressors P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	suppressors P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
57690.00	Opening Balance	3351336.00		Opening Balance	0.00
5056000.00	Grant In Aid	2479000.00	211664.00	Salaries - Manpower	739256.00
0.00		00:00	1550000.00	Consumables	1517891.00
00:00		00:0	00.0	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	10109.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.069	Equipment	2795137.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	AMC	0.00
00:00		00:00	00.0	Others	00.0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
5113690.00		5830336.00	1762354.00		5062393.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	3351336.00	Closing Balance	767943.00
5113690.00		5830336.00	5113690.00		5830336.00

	CENTRE FOI P-110: India-Japan research proje Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN ect title"Identification P.I: Dr J Ind Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD earch project title "Identification and analysis of sex determinin P.I. Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-110: India-Japan research project title "Identification and analysis of sex determining genes in silkmoths" P.I. Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
us Ye	Receipts	t Ye	s Ye	Payments	t Ye
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	00:00	191391.00	Opening Balance	191391.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
00:0		00.0	00.0	Contingencies	00.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00.0
00.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	00.0
00.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00.0
00:0		00:0	00.0	Books	0.00
00.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00.0
00:0		00:0	00.0	Others	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
00'0		00.0	191391.00		191391.00
191391.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	191391.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
191391.00		191391.00	191391.00		191391.00

Previous Year	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-111: Ramalingaswami Fellowship - Refractoriness mechanism in Mosquito: cracking molecular codes at genomic scale P.I. Dr Shweta Tyagi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2014 to 31/03/2015 Receipts Current Year Previous Year	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN fractoriness mechan P.I. Dr Sh ind Payments Accou	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Iship - Refractoriness mechanism in Mosquito: cracking molection of the state of the second second from 01/04/2014 to 31/03/2015 Current Year Previous Year	1YDERABAD cking molecular codes at genomic so 31/03/2015 Payments	cale Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
450416.00	Opening Balance	1169677.00		Opening Balance	0.00
1635000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	247950.00	Salaries - Manpower	1175750.00
0.00		0.00	650767.00	Consumables	6073.00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	17022.00	Travel	0.00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:0
00.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:0
0.00		0.00	00.0	Others	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2085416.00		1169677.00	915739.00		1169677.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	1169677.00	Closing Balance	00:00
2085416.00		1169677.00	2085416.00		1169677.00

		"	8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8	0.00	0
Down Syndrome	Current Year	Amount Rs	450859.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	450859.00	0.	450859.00
HYDERABAD ) AND RCAN1 (regular of Calcineurin) lal 31/03/2015	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-114: Evaluating the Calcineurin-NFAT Pathway and its regulators superoxide dismutase (SOD) AND RCAN1 (regular of Calcineurin) Down Syndrome P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna, Dr Ashwin Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2014 to 31/03/2015	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	450859.00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	450859.00	00:00	450859.00
	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	450859.00	450859.00
CENTRE FO  1g the Calcineurin-NFAT Pathway and i F Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											450859.00 Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
P-114: Evaluatin	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00:00	450859.00	450859.00

P-116: DBT-India ar	CEN standin and so	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ding molecular mechanisms controlling dual role of Ras, Sirtuins a d senescence: Novel Strategy for developing cancer therapeutics P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	INGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Is chanisms controlling dual role of vel Strategy for developing cance P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna ments Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD Ras, Sirtuins and CARF in relation to r therapeutics	cellular proliferation
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	1251366.00	Opening Balance	1251366.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	00:0	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
00:0		00:0	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Travel	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Others	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
0.00		0.00	1251366.00		1251366.00
1251366.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1251366.00	00.00	Closing Balance	00:00
1251366.00		1251366.00	1251366.00		1251366.00

	Payments Current Year	Amount Rs	e 2892.00	ower 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 sb	2892.00	0.00	00 0000
HYDERABAD ophaeal cancer 31/03/2016	Pa		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-119: Analysis of DNA copy number alterations in esophaeal cancer P.I. Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	2892.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	2892.00	0.00	00 2882
	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00'0	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00'0	2892.00	2892 00
CENTRE FO P-119: Analys Receipts 3	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	2892.00	2892 00

P-120: Effect	CENTRE FOI P-120: Effect of reactive oxygen species on macrol Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD on macrophage signalosome: impact on antigen presentation P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I signalosome: impact on antigen p.P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay yments Account from 01/04/2015 to	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD n macrophage signalosome: impact on antigen presentation functions and T Cell priming responses P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay sceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ing responses
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance		1747	Opening Balance	76948
828000.00	828000.00   Grant In Aid	0.00	92761.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	30000.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Books	00:00
00:00		00:00	00.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
828000.00		00.00	1597484.00		769484.00
769484.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	769484.00	00:00	Closing Balance	00:00
1597484 00		769484 00	1597484 00		769484 00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD

	CENTRE FO P-122: Understanding the role of Hox Receipts a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Is of Hox genes in anterior-posterior axis determination of the P.I. Dr. Rohit Joshi eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hoterior-posterior axis determi P.I: Dr Rohit Joshi S Account from 01/04/2015 to	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD e of Hox genes in anterior-posterior axis determination of the central nervous system P.I: Dr Rohit Joshi eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	_
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
SVI JIIDOIIIV		Ciliodile NS.			
4377125.00	Opening Balance	388692.00		Opening Balance	0.00
1213195.00	Grant In Aid	8002883.00	00.908886	Salaries - Manpower	00.020299
0.00		0.00	2798321.00	Consumables	2843518.00
0.00		0.00	30454.00	Contingencies	32463.00
0.00		00:0	24747.00	Travel	44681.00
0.00		0.00	472875.00	Overheads	483752.00
0.00		0.00	935425.00	Equipment	1254840.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	122292.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	AMC	00.0
0.00		00.00	00.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
5590320.00		8394675.00	5201628.00		5443566.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00:00	388692.00	Closing Balance	2951109.00
5590320.00		8394675.00	5590320.00		8394675.00
	CENTRE FO P-123: Establish a M Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-123: Establish a Max Planck Partner Group for Genetic Diversity Studies at CDFD P.I: Dr N Madhusudan Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	INGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, PICK Partner Group for Genetic Diver P.I: Dr N Madhusudan Reddyments Account from 01/04/2015 to	IYDERABAD sity Studies at CDFD 31/03/2016	
YOU OHOUNG	otai coo Q	YOUN THOUSAND	Drowing Voor	o ta coming of	VOS. 4002117
Amount Rs	910	Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
513310.00	Opening Balance	1402135.00		Opening Balance	00:00
2449811.00	Grant In Aid	1413360.00	339509.00	Salaries - Manpower	395200.00
0.00		0.00	480492.00	Consumables	886802.00
0.00		0.00	100000.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	159294.00	Travel Overheads	274360.00
0:00		0:00	481691.00	Equipment	487434.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2963121.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	2815495.00	<b>1560986.00</b> 1402135.00	Closing Balance	<b>2043796.00</b> 771699 00
2963121 00		2815495 00	2963121 00		2815495 00
7.0004		20:0010	2001410004		20.00101

P-124:	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-124: Preparation and characterization of peroxometal compounds and studies and their biological significance in cellular signalling P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN oxometal compounds P.I: Dr Gayatr ind Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD trion of peroxometal compounds and studies and their biologics. P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	IYDERABAD sir biological significance in cellular 31/03/2016	signalling
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.0	549916.00	Opening Balance	748411.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	109200.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
00.0		0.00	89295.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		00:00	00.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
0.00		00'0	748411.00		748411.00
748411.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	748411.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
748411.00		748411.00	748411.00		748411.00

	CENTRE FOF P-125: Mechanistic stud Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN dies on the role of p P.I: Dr M Si nd Payments Accour	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD anistic studies on the role of protein kinase Snfilk in cell cycle P.I. Dr M Subba Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-125: Mechanistic studies on the role of protein kinase Snfilk in cell cycle and cancer P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
172619.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	00.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	0.00	-10800.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		0.00	00.0	Travel	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
00.0		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
00:00		0.00	00.0	Others	00.00
0.00		0.00	183419.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
172619.00		0.00	172619.00		000
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
172619.00		0.00	172619.00		0.00

	CENTRE FOI P-126: Rho-depende Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD 10-dependent transcription termination machinery: mechanism P.I. Dr. Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, It ion termination machinery: P.I. Dr Ranjan Sen Scount from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-126: Rho-dependent transcription termination machinery: mechanism of action P.I. Dr Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
3539	Opening Balance	425		Opening Balance	
1433700.00		00:0	302538.00	Salaries - Manpower	48729.00
0.00		0.00	513978.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	16919.00
0.00		0.00	20372.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	189678.00	Equipment	167206.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1469090.00		442524.00	1026566.00		232854.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	442524.00	Closing Balance	209670.00
1469090.00		442524.00	1469090.00		442524.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD           P-127: Systematic studies on the functional network of phosphatases in cell life and death Pl: Dr M Subba Reddy           P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy         Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016           283993.00         Opening Balance         Current Year         Previous Year.         Payments           283993.00         Opening Balance         6736571.00         776984.00         Consumables           0.00         0.00         3758682.00         Consumables           0.00         0.00         Contingencies           0.00         0.00         Travel           0.00         0.00         172340.00         Equipment           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         Others           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         Others	on the functional r P.I. Dr M Sind Payments Account Current Year Amount Rs. 0.00 6736571.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD atic studies on the functional network of phosphatases in cell P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy           Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016           Current Year         Previous Year.         Amount Rs         Amount Rs	HYDERABAD  ses in cell life and death  31/03/2016  Payments  Opening Balance Salaries - Manpower Consumables Contingencies Travel Overheads Equipment Books AMC Others Transfer of Funds	Current Year  Amount Rs 294516.00 432000.00 3078989.00 0.00 317282.00 384898.00 20707.00 312896.00 0.00 0.00
-	6736571.00	5569121.00		484128
	6736571.00	5569121.00		4841288.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	1895283.00
-	6736571.00	5569121.00		6736571.00

	CENTRE FOI	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	HYDERABAD	
	P-128: Mechanism of iron acquisition Receipts a	n and iron homeosta P.I: Dr Rup nd Payments Accour	acquisition and iron homeostasis in an opportunistic human p P.I. Dr Rupinder Kaur Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	P-128: Mechanism of iron acquisition and iron homeostasis in an opportunistic human pathogen Candida glabrata P.I. Dr Rupinder Kaur Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.0	608942.00	Opening Balance	77108.00
807800.00		0.00	185407.00	Salaries - Manpower	1740.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	9626.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	80933.00	Equipment	79640.00
00.0		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
807800.00		0.00	884908.00		158488.00
77108.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	158488.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
884908.00		158488.00	884908.00		158488.00

	Current Year Amount Rs	5005	546581.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	926500.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	4023131.00	869.00	00 0007007
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD genes in silkmoths genetic analysis of sex chromosomes and sex determining genes in silkmoths P.I. Dr J Nagaraju teceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
3 AND DIAGNOSTICS, Finosomes and sex de Nagaraju	Previous Year.		783258.00	4450000.00	20000.00	132323.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	5415581.00	0.00	5415581 00
ENTREFOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD genetic analysis of sex chromosomes and sex determining genetic analysis of sex chromosomes and sex determining genetic and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year Amount Rs.		4024000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4024000.00	0.00	4024000 00
CENTRE FOI P-130: Comparative genetic a Receipts a	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year Amount Rs	65531.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	2865531.00	2550050.00	5415581 00

	CENTRE FOI P-131: Structural and functio	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD and functional studies of Acyl CoA Binding proteins from plasm P.I. Dr Akash Ranjan Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, It of Acyl CoA Binding proteins P.I: Dr Akash Ranjan its Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-131: Structural and functional studies of Acyl CoA Binding proteins from plasmodium falciparum P.I. Dr Akash Ranjan Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	<b>Current Year</b>
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	398632.00	1245339.00	Opening Balance	00:00
1902500.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	212529.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:0
0.00		0.00	46000.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1902500.00		398632.00	1503868.00		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00.00	398632.00	Closing Balance	398632.00
1902500.00		398632.00	1902500.00		398632.00

P-132: C	CENTRE FOR P-132: Characterization of tumor suppressor for Receipts a	DNA FINGERPRINTING unction of ARIDIB, a P.I. Dr M D Bashy, and Payments Accoun	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD opressor function of ARIDIB, a component of the human SWI/SPI-ES of M D Bashyam, Dr Rohit Joshi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD pressor function of ARIDIB, a component of the human SWI/SNF chromatin remodelling complex P.I: Dr M D Bashyam, Dr Rohit Joshi teceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	complex
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	2166471.00	Opening Balance	640003.00
3046200.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	429347.00	Salaries - Manpower	-21753.00
00:00		00:00	1068571.00	Consumables	-603137.00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		0.00	21814.00	Travel	-2914.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00.0
00:00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
00:00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
3046200.00		00'0	3686203.00		12199.00
640003.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	12199.00	00.00	Closing Balance	00:00
3686203.00		12199.00	3686203.00		12199.00

	CENTRE FOI P-133: Investigating the role of Hox go	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of Hox gene deformed in central nervous system patterning in P.I. Dr. Rohit Joshi	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I d in central nervous system P.I: Dr Rohit Joshi	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of Hox gene deformed in central nervous system patterning in Drosophila melanogaster P.I. Dr Rohit Joshi	-e
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
534614.00	Opening Balance	460117.00		Opening Balance	0.00
867000.00		0.00	287200.00	Salaries - Manpower	206034.00
0.00		00:0	567124.00	Consumables	946755.00
0.00		0.00	8000.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	24876.00	Travel	-25467.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	54297.00	Equipment	35785.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1401614.00		460117.00	941497.00		1163107.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	702990.00	460117.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1401614.00		1163107.00	1401614.00		1163107.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	77061.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	77061.00	0.00	77061.00
31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
F.I. Dr. K. P. Arun Kumar ints Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	156437.00	0.00	119000.00	30000.00	6624.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	312061.00	0.00	312061.00
Fil. Dr N P Arun Numar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	77061.00	77061.00
Receipts a	Receipts		0.00 Opening Balance	235000.00   Grant In Aid											77061.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:0	235000.00	00:0	00.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	235000.00	77061.00	312061.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-134: Exploration of wild silk moth biodiversity in Manipur and their genetic characterization using molecular markers

T.	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-135: Sys TB: A Network Program for Resolving the Intracellular Dynamics of Host Phthogen Interaction in TB Infection P.I: Dr. Sanjeev Kholsa Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RDNA FINGERPRINTING Resolving the Intrace P.I. Dr. San nd Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ogram for Resolving the Intracellular Dynamics of Host Phthoge P.I. Dr. Sanjeev Kholsa Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	IYDERABAD ost Phthogen Interaction in TB Infecti 31/03/2016	uo
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.0	298323.00	Opening Balance	357268.00
2371000.00	2371000.00   Grant In Aid	2430700.00	343200.00	Salaries - Manpower	343200.00
00:00		00.00	2000000:00	Consumables	2000000.00
00:0		00:00	20000:00	Contingencies	50000.00
00:00		00.00	36745.00	Travel	16367.00
00:0		00:00	00:00	Overheads	00.0
00:00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00:0		00.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2371000.00		2430700.00	2728268.00		2766835.00
357268.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	336135.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
2728268.00		2766835.00	2728268.00		2766835.00

	CENTRE FOI P-136: Raf Kinas Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD S: Raf Kinase - a key target for modem-day theraphy against tumors P.I: Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	NGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, ey target for modem-day theraph; P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna nents Account from 01/04/2015 to	4YDERABAD / against tumors 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
13618.00	Opening Balance	00:0		Opening Balance	292334.00
570000.00		0.00	187200.00	Salaries - Manpower	-43781.00
00:00		0.00	626858.00	Consumables	-20658.00
00:00		0.00	30000.00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		00:0	31894.00	Travel	-31894.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		00:0	00.00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:0	0.00	Others	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
583618.00		00'0	875952.00		196001.00
292334.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	196001.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
875952.00		196001.00	875952.00		196001.00

P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadiyay           pts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016           Current Year         Previous Year.         Previous Year.         Payments         Current Year           Amount Rs.         Amount Rs.	on of	Rs	0.00	195478.00	0.00	0.00	15203.00	0.00	84768.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	295449.00	
P.I: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay    Current Year	sis: Implicati	Amount		195			15		84					295	
P.I. Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay   Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to	2		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		
Receipts and Payments Accourance   Receipts   Amount Rs.	Tammatory responses by PPE18 PPE18 as therapeutics Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay ents Account from 01/04/2015 to			224180.00	00.098969	34577.00	44797.00	100000.00	684253.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1784667.00	71011
Receipts a Receipts Opening Balance Grant In Aid	PPE18 as t P.I. Dr Sangita Ind Payments Accour Current Year		759474.00	-464025.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	295449.00	
ous Year  nt Rs  44141.00 2550000.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00															Constant and Constant and Constant

	CENTRE FOR P-139: Evaluating the role of Sirtuins P.I. RICE P.I.	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN s and epigenetic cha : Dr Gayatri Ramakris nd Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of Sirtuins and epigenetic changes during cellular senescense P.I. Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna, Dr Sanjeev Khosla Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD f Sirtuins and epigenetic changes during cellular senescense in context of p53 status P.I: Dr Gayatri Ramakrishna, Dr Sanjeev Khosla eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
20000.00	Opening Balance	20000.00		Opening Balance	00:00
520000.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		00:00	500000.00	Consumables	00.0
0.00		00.00	20000.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Travel	00.0
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	00.0
0.00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
00.0		00.00	0.00	Books	00.0
0.00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
540000.00		20000.00	520000.00		00.0
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	20000.00	Closing Balance	20000.00
540000.00		20000.00	540000.00		20000.00

P-140: I	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-140: Development of baculovirus resistant silkworms strains through synthetic miRNA based knockdown of essential viral genes P.I: Dr K P Arun Kumar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD resistant silkworms strains through synthetic miRNA based k P.I: Dr K P Arun Kumar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I strains through synthetic miR P.I: Dr K P Arun Kumar ents Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD NA based knockdown of essential vir 31/03/2016	ral genes
s Ye	Receipts	ıt Ye	ıs Ye	Payments	ıt Ye
Amount RS		Amount RS.	Amount RS		Amount RS
146091.00	146091.00 Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	403336.00
835000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	284427.00	Salaries - Manpower	205316.00
0.00		00:00	583701.00	Consumables	0.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00:00	16299.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	200000.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
981091.00		00.00	1384427.00		608652.00
403336.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	608652.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1384427.00		608652.00	1384427.00		608652.00

	CENTRE FOI P-141: Evaluating the functional role Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ctional role of PTEN interacting proteins in cell survival signalin P.I. Dr M Subba Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Finteracting proteins in cell survi P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-141: Evaluating the functional role of PTEN interacting proteins in cell survival signaling and tumor suppression P.I: Dr M Subba Reddy Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	0.00	223537.00	Opening Balance	125000.00
00.000009	600000.00   Grant In Aid	0.00	00.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	431463.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00:0	00.0	Travel	00:00
00.0		0.00	20000.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00:0	00.0	Others	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
00.00000		0.00	725000.00		125000.00
125000.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	125000.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
725000.00		125000.00	725000.00		125000.00

<u>à</u>	CENTRE FOI P-142: Identification of H3K4 TRI Demeth Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN ylase involved in era P.I. Dr Sh ind Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD IRI Demethylase involved in erasing H3K4 trimethylation marks P.I. Dr Shweta Tyagi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Demethylase involved in erasing H3K4 trimethylation marks at E2F Responsive promoters P.I: Dr Shweta Tyagi	ters
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	401878.00	Opening Balance	280596.00
935920.00	935920.00   Grant In Aid	196800.00	187200.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.000009	Consumables	-2.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		0.00	27438.00	Equipment	-1933.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00:0		00:0	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
935920.00		196800.00	1216516.00		278661.00
280596.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	81861.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1216516.00		278661.00	1216516.00		278661.00

Previous Year	CENTRE FO P-143: Microarray based character Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD a characterisation of squamous cell carcinoma of the tongue oce.  P.I: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016 Current Year Previous Year	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I squamous cell carcinoma of th P.I. Dr M D Bashyam tts Account from 01/04/2015 to Vaar Previous Year	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-143: Microarray based characterisation of squamous cell carcinoma of the tongue occuring in non smokers P.I. Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016 Receipts   Current Year   Previous Year   Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs	<u>.</u>	Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00.0	751303.00	Opening Balance	534504.00
1144199.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	231400.00	Salaries - Manpower	205400.00
00:00		0.00	00.000969	Consumables	487500.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Travel	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	154280.00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:0	0.00	AMC	00.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Others	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1144199.00		000	1678703.00		1381684.00
534504.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1381684.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00.00
1678703.00		1381684.00	1678703.00		1381684.00

	CENTRE FOI P-144: Tri Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN National Training Pr P.I: Dr Ash nd Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-144: Tri-National Training Program for Psychiatric Genetics P.I. Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	lYDERABAD c Genetics 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	424130.00		Opening Balance	00:00
424130.00	Grant In Aid	00.00	00.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Consumables	302000.00
0.00		00.0	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		00.00	00.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Others	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
424130.00		424130.00	0.00		302000.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	424130.00	Closing Balance	122130.00
424130.00		424130.00	424130.00		424130.00

	CENTRE FOI P-145: 1 Receipts a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-145: H3K4 HMT family regulatescell cycle progression P.I. Dr Shweta Tyagi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I family regulatescell cycle prog. P.I. Dr Shweta Tyagi ts Account from 01/04/2015 to	1YDERABAD Jression 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	1064782.00	Opening Balance	1112243.00
1870600.00	Grant In Aid	1200000.00	171600.00	Salaries - Manpower	72713.00
00:00		0.00	1400000.00	Consumables	00:0
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		0.00	24740.00	Travel	11822.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	321721.00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Others	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1870600.00		1200000.00	2982843.00		1196778.00
1112243.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	3222.00
2982843.00		1200000.00	2982843.00		1200000.00

	CENTRE FOI P-14	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-146: Role of MLL in ribosomal RNA transcription P.I. Dr Shweta Tyagi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I MLL in ribosomal RNA transcri P.I: Dr Shweta Tyagi ts Account from 01/04/2015 to	1YDERABAD ption 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
763439.00	Opening Balance	433858.00		Opening Balance	00:00
809000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	224800.00	Salaries - Manpower	107187.00
00:00		00.00	582862.00	Consumables	267138.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		0.00	17138.00	Travel	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00.00		0.00	313781.00	Equipment	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:0		00:00	00.0	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1572439.00		433858.00	1138581.00		374325.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	433858.00	Closing Balance	59533.00
1572439.00		433858.00	1572439.00		433858.00

P-147: The Effect o	CENTRE FOF P-147: The Effect of Parental Education, Ethics of Researd	t DNA FINGERPRINTING  Ch Participation and  (MR) and  P.I. Dr Ash	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD of Research Participation and Array Comparative Genomic Hytom (MR) and /or Autism Pl.: Dr Ashwin B Dalal	Research Participation and Array Comparative Genomic Hybridization in Subjects with Mental Retardation (IR) and IV Autism P.I. Dr Ashwin B Dallon Portion (IR) and IV Autism P.I. Dr Ashwin B Dallon (IR) Ballon (IR) and IV Allon (	Mental Retardation
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
41311.00	41311.00 Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	677839.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	200000.00	187200.00	Salaries - Manpower	82026.00
00.00		00:00	400000.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		00:00	20000:00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00.00	31950.00	Travel	13009.00
0.00		00:00	20000.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	0.00
00.0		00:00	00.0	Others	0.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
41311.00		2000000.00	719150.00		772874.00
677839.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	272874.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
719150.00		772874.00	719150.00		772874.00

	CENTRE FO P-149: Role of Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-149: Role of SUMOylation in the pathobiology of Candida Glabrata P.I. Dr Rupinder Kaur Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, It in the pathobiology of Can P.I. Dr Rupinder Kaur hts Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD dida Glabrata 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
270865.00	270865.00 Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	1016335.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	1420800.00	187200.00	Salaries - Manpower	153920.00
0.00		00.00	00.000006	Consumables	300000.00
00.00		00.00	200000.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Travel	10182.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	280.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		0.00	00.00	Others	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
270865.00		1420800.00	1287200.00		1480717.00
1016335.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	59917.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
1287200.00		1480717.00	1287200.00		1480717.00

	CENTRE FOI P-150: Genetic and ger Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN nomic basis of the e <sup>o</sup> P.I. Dr J nd Payments Accour	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ic and genomic basis of the evolution of bombycid and sturnii P.I. Dr J Nagaraju RI: Dr J Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ITRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD and genomic basis of the evolution of bombycid and sturniid silkmoths P.I.: Dr. J. Nagaraju ceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
	Opening Balance		280	Opening Balance	
153846.00		0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
00.0		00:00	00:00	Consumables	0.00
00:0		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
00:00		0.00	125750.00	Travel	00.00
0.00		00.00	00.0	Overheads	00.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00.00
00.00		00.00	00:00	Books	00.00
00.00		00.00	00:00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00.00	00.0	Others	00.00
00.0	•	0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
153846.00		0.00	153846.00		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	00.00	Closing Balance	0.00
153846.00		0.00	153846.00		0.00

	CENTRE FOI P-151: Human Exom Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTING e Sequencing to Idei P.I: Dr Ash Ind Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-151: Human Exome Sequencing to Identify Novel Genes for Medelian Disorders PI: Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	IYDERABAD Medelian Disorders 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
594981.00	594981.00 Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	601366.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	1756400.00	343200.00	Salaries - Manpower	343200.00
0.00		00.00	800000000	Consumables	351886.00
0.00		00.00	25000.00	Contingencies	25000.00
0.00		0.00	28147.00	Travel	59097.00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:0	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
594981.00		1756400.00	1196347.00		1380549.00
601366.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	00.00	Closing Balance	375851.00
1196347.00		1756400.00	1196347.00		1756400.00

	CENTRE FOI P-152 : Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-152: Global transcriptomics of sex specific spilicing P.I. Dr K P Arun Kumar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2014 to 31/03/2015	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I anscriptomics of sex specific single. Dr K P Arun Kumar of Account from 01/04/2014 to	YYDERABAD pilicing 31/03/2015	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
1114145.00	Opening Balance	29100.00		Opening Balance	00:00
2562571.00	Grant In Aid	1931400.00	343200.00	Salaries - Manpower	343200.00
00.00		0.00	3026000.00	Consumables	1648114.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	278416.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
3676716.00		1960500.00	3647616.00		1991314.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	30814.00	29100.00	Closing Balance	00.00
3676716.00		1991314.00	3676716.00		1991314.00

P-1.	CENTRE FOI P-153: An attractive and promising strageç Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ing stragegy for early cancer diagnosis through the assembly P.I. Dr H A Nagarajaram Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2014 to 31/03/2015	3 AND DIAGNOSTICS, Fiagnosis through the Agarajaram trom 01/04/2014 to	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD stragegy for early cancer diagnosis through the assembly of the human cancer volatome". P.I: Dr H A Nagarajaram seipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2014 to 31/03/2015	tome"
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
3613562 00	2612562 00 Oncoing Balanca	14		Conclus Bollows	
621000.00	621000.00   Grant In Aid	0.00	374400.00	Salaries - Manpower	358800.00
0.00		0.00	70000.00	Consumables	70000.00
0.00		00:00	80000000	Contingencies	80000.00
0.00		00:00	68610.00	Travel	197057.00
00.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	00.00
00.0		00:00	3000000.00	Equipment	00.0
00.0		0.00	0.00	Books	00.00
00.0		00:00	00:00	AMC	00.0
00.00		00:00	00:00	Others	00.00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
4234562.00		641552.00	3593010.00		705857.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	64305.00	641552.00	Closing Balance	00:00
4234562.00		705857.00	4234562.00		705857.00

P-154 : I	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-154:Rational design, synthetic strategies for developing organometallic anticancer compounds based on organotin and organoiron P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD trategies for developing organometallic anticancer compounds P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Manna Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	NGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hoping organometallic anticancer of P.I. Dr Sunil Kumar Mannanents Account from 01/04/2015 to	IYDERABAD ompounds based on organotin and o 31/03/2016	rganoiron
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	<b>Current Year</b>
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
87432.00	Opening Balance	30832.00		Opening Balance	00:0
943000.00		930000.00	249600.00	Salaries - Manpower	297322.00
0.00		00:00	700000.00	Consumables	00.000009
0.00		00:00	20000000	Contingencies	20000.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Travel	00.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Books	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1030432.00		960832.00	00.009666		947322.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	30832.00	Closing Balance	13510.00
1030432.00		960832.00	1030432.00		960832.00

	Current Year	Amount Rs	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	335194.00	335194.00
SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD so thecellular roles of calcium signalling proteins in Neurospora crassa P.I. Dr D P Kasbekar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I s of calcium signalling protein P.I: Dr D P Kasbekar its Account from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	335194.00	335194.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD es on thecellular roles of calcium signalling proteins in Neuros P.I. Dr D P Kasbekar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	335194.00	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	335194.00	0.00	335194.00
CENTRE FO P-155: Studies on thec Receipts	Receipts		335194.00 Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year	Amount Rs	335194.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	335194.00	0.00	335194.00

P-156 : Targeting microbial quorum sensir	plant pathogen in diesease control PI : Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	t from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
926632.00	Opening Balance	00'0		Opening Balance	175165.00
1076500.00	Grant In Aid	1706000.00	363601.00	Salaries - Manpower	345520.00
0.00		00:00	1600000.00	Consumables	1000000.00
00.0		00:00	20000000	Contingencies	-50000.00
00.0		00:00	32201.00	Travel	0.00
00.0		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
00.00		00:00	132495.00	Equipment	-4634.00
00.0		00:00	00.0	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Others	0.00
0.00	•	00:00	00.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2003132.00		1706000.00	2178297.00		1466051.00
175165.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00.00	0.00	Closing Balance	239949.00
2178297.00		1706000.00	2178297.00		1706000.00

Current Year Amount Rs 0.00	165813.00 1402360.00 -23540.00	165813.00 1402360.00 -23540.00 21538.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Cur		
Payments Opening Balance		
Previous Year. Amount Rs	1200000.00	1200000.00 50000.00 0.00 611413.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Current Year  Amount Rs. , , 204372.00	0.00	00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0
ous Year Receipts  nt Rs 944665.00 Opening Balance 1317000.00 Grant In Aid		
Amount Rs 944665.00 1317000.00	00.0	

P-158	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-158: Modulation of host immune responses by a PPE Protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: Understanding its role in host pathogen cross-talk PI: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receints and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ne responses by a PPE Protein of Mycobacterium tuberculosis: pathogen cross-talk PI: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay Receints and Payments Account from 04/04/2015 to 34/03/2016	FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I a PPE Protein of Mycobacterium transthogen cross-talk PI: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay	1YDERABAD Jerculosis: Understanding its role in 31/03/2016	host -
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
621787.00	Opening Balance	00:0		Opening Balance	1379658.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	342277.00	Salaries - Manpower	100100.00
0.00		0.00	1300000.00	Consumables	1011202.00
0.00		00:00	20000.00	Contingencies	23868.00
0.00		0.00	9227.00	Travel	17338.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	299941.00	Equipment	43180.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
621787.00		0.00	2001445.00		2575346.00
1379658.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	2575346.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00.00
2001445.00		2575346.00	2001445.00		2575346.00

P-159 : Ge	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-159: Gene Targeting of microbial isolates to demonstrate potential plant growth promoting (PGP) traits by third generation sequencing PI: Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD solates to demonstrate potential plant growth promoting (PGP) PI: Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I strate potential plant growth promore I by Subhadeep Chatterjee yments Account from 01/04/2015 to	HYDERABAD bting (PGP) traits by third generation 31/03/2016	sequencing
<b>Previous Year</b>	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
300000.00	Opening Balance	00'0		Opening Balance	00.0
00:00	Grant In Aid	00:00	00.0	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		00.00	300000:00	Consumables	300000.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00:00	00.0	Travel	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
300000.00		00.00	300000.00		300000.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	300000.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
		00 000000	00 000000		00 000000

P-160 : Unde    Previous Year	Juderstanding the role of novel	LEN INTERIOR DIVATINGENT FINANCIAL DIAGNOSTICS, IT DENABADE of novel adhesins of Xanthomonas oryzae PV orzae in Virules PI : Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	The properties of the properti	P-160: Understanding the role of novel adhesins of Xanthomonas oryzae PV orzae in Virulence and colonization in Rice PI: Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	lice
Las Year Rs Rs R531649.00 0.00 0.00 0.00			;		
63884.00 631649.00 0.00 0.00	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
	Opening Balance	208333.00		Opening Balance	0.00
00.0	n Aid	687200.00	187200.00	Salaries - Manpower	187200.00
00.0		0.00	2000000:00	Consumables	750000.00
		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Travel	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
895533.00		895533.00	687200.00		937200.00
0.00 Excess	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	41667.00	208333.00	Closing Balance	0.00
895533.00		937200.00	895533.00		937200.00

		0	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0
P-161: Analysis of co-regulation between DNA replication activity and amino acid homeostatis by transcription factor IciA/ArgP in Eschericia coli PI: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year Amount Rs	0.00	00.00	00:00	10000.00	71025.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	3631.00	84656.00	00.00	84656.00
PI : Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
	Previous Year. Amount Rs		00:00	00:00	10000.00	255344.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.0	0.00	265344.00	84656.00	350000.00
	Current Year Amount Rs.	84656.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	84656.00	0.00	84656.00
	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
	Previous Year Amount Rs	350000.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	350000.00	0.00	350000.00

	CENTRE FOI P-162 : Characterization ar Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD erization and design of inhibitors of Mycobacterium tuberculos. PI: Dr Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	RPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, F f inhibitors of Mycobacterium PI : Dr Ranjan Sen s Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-162:Characterization and design of inhibitors of Mycobacterium tuberculosis transcription PI:Dr Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
235671.00	235671.00 Opening Balance			Opening Balance	1646
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	130928.00	Salaries - Manpower	247673.00
0.00		0.00	400000.00	Consumables	422026.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	25000.00
0.00		00:00	21207.00	Travel	10604.00
00:0		00:00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	00.00
235671.00		00'0	552135.00		1021767.00
316464.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1021767.00	00.00	Closing Balance	00.00
552135.00		1021767.00	552135.00		1021767.00

	CENTRE FO P-163: Unravelling new functic	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD new functions for the H-NS family of proteins in Gram-negative PI : Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	SERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I B. H.NS family of proteins in Gra PI: Dr. J. Gowrishankar ints. Account from 01/04/2015 to	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD functions for the H-NS family of proteins in Gram-negative bacterial pathogens PI: Dr J Gowrishankar eipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
2006048.00	2006048.00 Opening Balance	1052471.00		Opening Balance	00:00
0.00	Grant In Aid	1062777.00	53577.00	Salaries - Manpower	194480.00
0.00		0.00	80000000	Consumables	80000000
0.00		0.00	40000.00	Contingencies	30000.00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Travel	342109.00
0.00		0.00	00.00009	Overheads	70000.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
00.00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2006048.00		2115248.00	953577.00		1436589.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	1052471.00	Closing Balance	678659.00
2006048.00		2115248.00	2006048.00		2115248.00

Previous Year   Receipts   Current Year   Previous Year   Payments   Amount Rs.   Payments Account Indication and functional Caracterization of Immune response genes in silkmoths   Payments Account Indication and functional Caracterization of Immune response genes in silkmoths   Payments Account Indication of Immune Rs.   Payments Amount Rs.   Amount R		CENTRE FO P-164: A Yeast based so Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD st based screen for discovery of novel sirtuin inhibitors as anti PI: Dr Devyani Halder Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	iERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I iscovery of novel sirtuin inhibit PI: Dr Devyani Halder hts Account from 01/04/2015 to	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD based screen for discovery of novel sirtuin inhibitors as anticancer agents PI: Dr Devyani Halder eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Amount Rs	ıs Ye	Receipts	t Ye	ıs Ye	Payments	ıt Ye
1880000.00   Opening Balance   0.00   156600.00   Statistics - Maprower   0.00   Consumables   0.00   Consumables   0.00   0.00   0.00   Consumables   0.00   0.0						Amount Rs
15000000   1500000   15000000   15000000   15000000   15000000   15000000   15000000   1500000   150000000   15000000   15000000   150000000   150000000   15000000	0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	26671.00	Opening Balance	24671.00
1890   Contingencies   Conti	188000.00	Grant in Ald	0.00	30000000	Salaries - Manpower Consumables	4529.00
188000   0.00	0:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00	00:0		0.00	00.0	Travel	0.00
1890   0.00	00:00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
198000.00   Continue   Certification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional formula (Interest Previous Year   P-165 : Identification and functional formula (Interest Previous Year   P-165 : Identification and functional formula (Interest P-165 : Identificational functional formula (Interest P-165 : Identificational functional fu	0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
188000.00   Control	00.0		00.0	00.0	BOOKS	00.0
188000.00   Closing Balance	0.00		00:0	00:0	Others	00:0
189000.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income   29200.00   212671.00   Closing Balance   29200.00   Closing Balance	00:0		00.0	00:0	Transfer of Funds	0.00
24671.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income   29200.00   212671.00   Closing Balance	188000.00		00'0	212671.00		29200.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths	24671.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	29200.00	00:00	Closing Balance	0.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths	212671.00		29200.00	212671.00		29200.00
P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths   P-165 : Identification and functional characterization of immune response genes in silkmoths						
Pi : Dr V Satyavathi   Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016   Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016   Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016   Amount Rs. Amount Rs		CENTRE FO P-165 : Identification and	R DNA FINGERPRINTING functional characteri	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I zation of immune re	HYDERABAD sponse genes in silkmoths	
Is Year         Receipts         Current Year         Previous Year.         Payments         Amount Rs.         Amount R			PI : Dr V V	Satyavathi nt from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Rs         Amount         Rs.         Amount         Rs           69682.00         Opening Balance         330135.00         122400.00         Salaries - Manpower           0.00         Grant In Aid         2858334.00         1000000.00         Consumables           0.00         0.00         17147.00         Travel           0.00         0.00         Travel           0.00         0.00         Equipment           0.00         0.00         AMC           0.00         0.00         Oners           0.00         0.00         AMC           0.00         0.00         Oners           0.00         0.00         Oners           0.00         0.00         Transfer of Funds           0.00         0.00         Oners           0.00         330135.00         Closing Balance           69682.00         330135.00         Closing Balance	Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Opening Balance       330135.00       122400.00         Grant In Aid       0.00       10000000.00         0.00       50000.00         0.00       17147.00         0.00       0.00         0.00       0.00         0.00       0.00         0.00       0.00         0.00       0.00         0.00       0.00         0.00       0.00         3188469.00       1239547.00         13188469.00       1569682.00						Amount Rs
Grant In Aid     2858334.00     122400.00       0.00     1000000.00       0.00     50000.00       0.00     0.00       0.00     0.00       0.00     0.00       0.00     0.00       0.00     0.00       0.00     0.00       3188469.00     1239547.00       330135.00       1569682.00	1569682.00	Opening Balance	330135.00		Opening Balance	0.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income 3188469.00 17600000.00 176962.00 17747.00	0.00	Grant In Aid	2858334.00	122400.00	Salaries - Manpower	344600.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income 3188469.00 156962.00 17695.00 17695.00 17695.00 17695.00 17695.00 1769682.00	0.00		0.00	1000000.00	Consumables	1000000.00
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00		0.00	17147.00	Travel	15957.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	00.00		0.00	20000.00	Overheads	20000.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income 3188469.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	160082.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income 3188469.00 1569682.00 1566682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00 1569682.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
Excess of Expenditure Over Income 3188469.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	00:00		00.0	00:0	Others	00:0
3188469.00         1239547.00           Excess of Expenditure Over Income         0.00         330135.00           3188469.00         1569682.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
3188469.00	1569682.00 0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	<b>3188469.00</b> 0.00	<b>1239547.00</b> 330135.00	Closing Balance	<b>1620639.00</b> 1567830.00
	1569682.00		3188469.00	1569682.00		3188469.00

	CENTRE FOR P-166:Sequencing analy Receipts a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ncing analysis of transcriptome variants in early-onset sporadic PI: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I scriptome variants in early-ons PI: Dr M D Bashyam nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-166: Sequencing analysis of transcriptome variants in early-onset sporadic rectal cancer PI: Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
s Ye	Receipts	<b>+</b>	s Ye	Payments	ıt Ye
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	2165638.00		Opening Balance	00:00
4383200.00	Grant In Aid	574700.00	196003.00	Salaries - Manpower	192400.00
0.00		00.00	2000000.00	Consumables	2000000:00
0.00		00.00	20000.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	1559.00	Travel	12242.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	2000000.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Books	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Others	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
4383200.00		2740338.00	2217562.00		2704642.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	2165638.00	Closing Balance	35696.00
4383200.00		2740338.00	4383200.00		2740338.00

	CENIREFO P-167 : To elucidate th Receipts a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ucidate the role of MLL complex in epigenetic specification of PI: Dr Shweta Tyagi RI: Dr Shweta Tyagi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	EKFRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, FILL COMPLEX IN Epigenetic spectors. PI: Dr Shweta Tyagints Account from 01/04/2015 to	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERFRINT ING AND DIAGNOSTICS, ITDERABAD P-167: To elucidate the role of MLL complex in epigenetic specification of centromere PI: Dr Shweta Tyagi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	633780.00		Opening Balance	0.00
1700000.00	00000.00   Grant In Aid	1500000.00	64916.00	Salaries - Manpower	137381.00
0.00		0.00	862000.00	Consumables	885797.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	19362.00
0.00		0.00	100000.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		00:00	39304.00	Equipment	521453.00
0.00		0.00	00.0	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	00.0	AMC	00.0
0.00		0.00	00.0	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1700000.00		2133780.00	1066220.00		1563993.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00.00	633780.00	Closing Balance	569787.00
1700000.00		2133780.00	1700000.00		2133780.00

	CENTRE FO	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I	HYDERABAD	
	P-168 : V	P-168:A Search for nucleus -limited genes in Neurospora PI:Dr D P Kasbekar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	or nucleus -limited genes in Ne PI: Dr D P Kasbekar its Account from 01/04/2015 to	urospora 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	788623.00		Opening Balance	0.00
1400000.00		1000000.00	29187.00	Salaries - Manpower	187200.00
0.00		00:00	450000.00	Consumables	1110910.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00:00	740.00	Travel	25963.00
0.00		00:00	100000.00	Overheads	100000.00
0.00		0.00	31450.00	Equipment	364550.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1400000.00		1788623.00	611377.00		1788623.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	788623.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1400000.00		1788623.00	1400000.00		1788623.00

of Examination ag	Current Year	Amount Rs	00:00	1300000.00	121193.00	20000.00	300000.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.00	1741193.00	16915.00	1758108.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD in Medical Genetics by Department of Biotechnology in colloboration with National Board of Examination ag SGHR, NIBMG&CDFD PI: Dr J Gowrishankar eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD in Medical Genetics by Department of Biotechnology in collobe SGHR, NIBMG&CDFD PI: Dr J Gowrishankar RI: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		0.00	81892.00	20000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	131892.00	1758108.00	1890000.00
R DNA FINGERPRINTIN Il Genetics by Depart SGHR, NIB PI: Dr J G Ind Payments Accoun	Current Year	Amount Rs.	1758108.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	00:0	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	00:0	0.00	1758108.00	0.00	1758108.00
CENTRE FO P-169: Implementation of 3 year DNB Program in Medica Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
P-169:Implementa	Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	1890000.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	1890000.00	00:00	1890000.00

P-170 : Women Sci	CENTRE FOR P-170 : Women Scientist Scheme "Identification and char Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN acter of deregulated using transcripto PI: Dr Mithul	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD nd character of deregulated micro RNAs in defined sub-set using transcriptome sequencing" PI: Dr Mithu Ray Chaudhuri	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD nd character of deregulated micro RNAs in defined sub-set of early onset sporadic rectal cancer patients using transcriptome sequencing" PI : Dr Mithu Ray Chaudhuri	ectal cancer patients
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:0	Opening Balance	277449.00		Opening Balance	00:00
820000.00		0.00	142551.00	Salaries - Manpower	587316.00
00:00		0.00	300000:00	Consumables	300000.00
00:00		0.00	20000:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	20000:00	Overheads	50000.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00.00
00:00		00:00	00.0	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:00	00.0	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.0	Transfer of Funds	0.00
820000.00		277449.00	542551.00		937316.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	659867.00	277449.00	Closing Balance	0.00
820000.00		937316.00	820000.00		937316.00

	CENTRE FOI P-171: Role of vesicle-mediated	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ediated transport and chromatin remodelling in the virulenc	GAND DIAGNOSTICS, I	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ediated transport and chromatin remodelling in the virulence of Candida glabrata	
	Receipts a	PI: Dr Rupinder Kaur ceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI: Dr Rupinder Kaur nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	1754447.00		Opening Balance	00:00
2415730.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	236080.00
0.00		00:00	00.000009	Consumables	1011064.00
0.00		00.00	25000.00	Contingencies	320.00
0.00		00.00	36283.00	Travel	00.0
0.00		00.00	0.00	Overheads	00:0
0.00		00.00	0.00	Equipment	295560.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Books	00:0
0.00		00.00	0.00	AMC	00.0
0.00		00.00	0.00	Others	00.0
0.00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2415730.00		1754447.00	661283.00		1543024.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	1754447.00	Closing Balance	211423.00
2415730.00		1754447.00	2415730.00		1754447.00

	CENTRE FOR P-172 : Molecul	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD : Molecular Characterization of early onset sporadic rectal cancer	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hof early onset sporad	IYDERABAD ic rectal cancer	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr M D Bashyam its Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	1461747.00		Opening Balance	00:00
2100000.00		1200000.00	38253.00	Salaries - Manpower	465412.00
00:00		00:00	00.000009	Consumables	596335.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	Overheads	100000.00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	1388150.00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00.00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	00.00
2100000.00		2661747.00	638253.00		2549897.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	1461747.00	Closing Balance	111850.00
2100000.00		2661747.00	2100000.00		2661747.00

Р-173 : Deve	CENIME FOI P-173 : Development and application of a next gen	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD a next generation sequencing approach for molecular genetic:  PI: Dr Ashwin B Dalal  Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	EKPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I quencing approach for molecu PI: Dr Ashwin B Dalal nts Account from 01/04/2015 to	INKE FOR DNA FINGERPRING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ext generation sequencing approach for molecular genetic analysis of lysosomal storage disorders PI : Dr Ashwin B Dalal ceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	age disorders
Previous Year Amount Rs	Receipts	Current Year Amount Rs.	Previous Year. Amount Rs	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	584882.00		Opening Balance	0.00
699782.00	Grant In Aid	699782.00 0.00	29900.00 85000.00	Salaries - Manpower Consumables	326006.00 470705.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:0	00.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:0	00:0	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:0	00.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
699782.00		1284664.00	114900.00		796711.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	584882.00	Closing Balance	487953.00
699782.00		1284664.00	699782.00		1284664.00

	CENTRE FOI P-174: Is non-canonical	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD canonical Wnt signalling a major player in early-onset sporadic	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, or player in early-on	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-174: Is non-canonical Wnt signalling a major player in early-onset sporadic rectal cancer	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr M D Bashyam Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr M D Bashyam its Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	200000000		Opening Balance	0.00
500000.00	Grant In Aid	200000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	210432.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	260905.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	8121.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
200000.00		1000000.00	00'0		479458.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	500000.00	Closing Balance	520542.00
500000.00		1000000.00	500000.00		1000000.00

P-175 : Multi Centı	CENTRE FOR P-175 : Multi Centri Collaborative study of the Clinical, B for for Receipts a	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN iochemical and Mole research in Lysoso PI: Dr Ashind Payments Accoul	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Clinical, Biochemical and Molecular Characterization of Lysoso for research in Lysosomal Storage Disorders"  PI: Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Slinical, Biochemical and Molecular Characterization of Lysosomal storage disorders in India - The initiative for research in Lysosomal Storage Disorders" PI : Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	India - The initiative
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	509714.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	0.00	9714.00	Salaries - Manpower	396076.00
0.00		0.00	200000.00	Consumables	200000.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	26882.00
00.0		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
00.00		0.00	509714.00		1432672.00
509714.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1432672.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
509714.00		1432672.00	509714.00		1432672.00

	CENTRE FOI	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-176: International Atomic Energy Agency	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, HATOMIC Energy Agenc	1YDERABAD y	
	Receipts a	PI: Dr K P Arun Kumar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI: Dr K P Arun Kumar ents Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	200103.00		Opening Balance	00:00
200103.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		00:0	00.0	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.0	Travel	00:00
0.00		00:0	00.0	Overheads	00:00
0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
200103.00		200103.00	00:00		0.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	200103.00	Closing Balance	200103.00
200103.00		200103.00	200103.00		200103.00

ala-azar in India"	Current Year	00.00	0.00	400000.00	0.00	22394.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	422394.00	0.00	422394.00
4YDERABAD plex in relation to transmission of Ki 31/03/2016	Payments	Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
G AND DIAGNOSTICS, Indtipes species composition of 104/2015 to	Previous Year.		00:0	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:0	00:00	0.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD nomy of the Phlebotomus argendtipes species complex in relat PI : Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	0.00	225000.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	225000.00	197394.00	422394.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-177: Morphological and molecular taxonomy of the Phlebotomus argendtipes species complex in relation to transmission of Kala-azar in India" PI: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Receipts	Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
P-177 : Morpho	Previous Year			00.00	00.0	00:00	00:00	00.0	00:00	00.0	00.0	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00

	CENTRE FOF P-178 : Understanding di	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD standing differential signaling via toll like receptor-2: A proteon	GAND DIAGNOSTICS, I	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-178: Understanding differential signaling via toll like receptor-2: A proteomics approach	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr Rameshwaram Nagender Rao Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr Rameshwaram Nagender Rao Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0		Opening Balance	0.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	1000000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	507419.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	376554.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	16027.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	100000.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		1000000.00	0.00		1000000.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
0.00		1000000.00	0.00		1000000.00

	CENTRE FOI P-179 : Quality Assurance Pro	R DNA FINGERPRINTING gramme for Moleculing PI: Dr Ash Ind Payments Accour	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD surance Programme for Molecular and Prenatal Diagnosis of Her PI : Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-179: Quality Assurance Programme for Molecular and Prenatal Diagnosis of Hemoglobin Opathies PI: Dr Ashwin B Dalal Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year Amount Rs
	Opening Balance			Opening Balance	
0.00		20000.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	100000.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		20000.00	0.00		100000.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	20000.00	00:00	Closing Balance	00.00
0.00		100000.00	0.00		100000.00

	CENTRE FOI P-180 : Collaborative st	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD shorative studies on genomic diversity among bombycoid silkm	GAND DIAGNOSTICS, iversity among boml	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-180 : Collaborative studies on genomic diversity among bombycoid silkmoths in Asia	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr K P Arun Kumar and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr K P Arun Kumar ents Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
ay sı	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	0.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	200000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	82114.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overneads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00.00
0.00		200000.00	0.00		82114.00
00:00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00:00	0.00	Closing Balance	117886.00
0.00		200000.00	0.00		200000.00
	CENTRE FOI	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD	G AND DIAGNOSTICS,	HYDERABAD	
P-181 : To con	P-181:To conduct multilocational field trails on trans	sgenic BmNPV resist	ant silkworm strains	on transgenic BmNPV resistant silkworm strains to establish their efficacy and generate data for their	ate data for their
		regulator) PI : Dr V V	regulatory approval PI : Dr V V Satyavathi		
	Receipts a	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	nt from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	0.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	1744000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overneads	0.00
0.00		00:0	00.0	Equipment Books	0.00
00.0		00:0	00:0	AMC	00:0
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
0.00		1744000.00	0.00		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	00.00	Closing Balance	1744000.00
0.00		1744000.00	0.00		1744000.00

P-181 : To conc	CENTRE FOF P-181 : To conduct multilocational field trails on trans Receints a	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Is on transgenic BmNPV resistant silkworm strains to establisl regulatory approval PI: Dv V Satyavathi PI: Dv V V Satyavathi Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, I NPV resistant silkworm strains regulatory approval PI: Dr V Satyavathi	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Is on transgenic BmNPV resistant silkworm strains to establish their efficacy and generate data for their regulatory approval PI: Dr V Satyavathi Receints and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	ate data for their
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	00.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	1744000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
00.00		00.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
00.0		1744000.00	00.0		0.00
00.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	00.00	00.00	Closing Balance	1744000.00
0.00		1744000.00	0.00		1744000.00

	CENTRE FOR	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN P-182: Ramaling	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-182 : Ramalingaswami Fellowship	- нүрекавар	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr Moł ind Pavments Accour	PI : Dr Mohan C Joshi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:0	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	00:00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	277500.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
00:00		00.0	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
0.00		0.00	00'0		277500.00
0.00	0.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	277500.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
0.00		277500.00	0.00		277500.00

P-184	CENTRE FOI P-184 : Computational Approaches to Unde	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD es to Understanding Peptide- Protein Interactions involved in the	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I rotein Interactions in	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD to Understanding Peptide- Protein Interactions involved in the Regulatory Events in the Cell"	e Cell"
	Receipts a	PI : Dr Raghavender Surya Upadhyayula Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr Raghavender Surya Upadhyayula id Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	0.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	1060000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	92258.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		00.00	00.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Overheads	10000.00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		1060000.00	0.00		102258.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	957742.00
0.00		1060000.00	0.00		1060000.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-185: Investigating potential of mycobacterium tuberculosis protein PPE18 encapsulated nanoparticle as therapy for microbial sepsis
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		PI : Dr Sangita	PI: Dr Sangita Mukhopadhyay		
	Receipts a	eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	nt from 01/04/2015	to 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	<b>Current Year</b>	Previous Year.	Payments	<b>Current Year</b>
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0		Opening Balance	00.00
00:00	Grant In Aid	1648000.00	0.0	)   Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.0	Consumables	15793.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	)   Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	)   Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	) Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	) AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		1648000.00	00:00	0	15793.00
0.00	0.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	)   Closing Balance	1632207.00
0.00		1648000.00	0.00		1648000.00

	Receipts a	PI : Dr Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr Ranjan Sen s Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016		
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year	
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs	s
00.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	0.0	00.0
00:00	Grant In Aid	2410000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.0	00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Consumables	0.0	00:
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.0	00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Travel	0.0	00:
00:00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	0.0	0.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Equipment	0.0	00:
00.0		0.00	0.00	Books	0.0	00:
00:00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.0	00:
00:00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.0	00:
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.0	0.00
00:00		2410000.00	0.00		0.0	0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	2410000.00	00
00:00		2410000.00	0.00		2410000.00	00

P-187	CENTRE FOR P-187: Understanding the mechanism of ind	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD sm of induction of innate immunity in plants by the Xanthomo	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hunity in plants by th	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD sm of induction of innate immunity in plants by the Xanthomonas Diffusible signal factor (DSF)	r (DSF)
	Receipts a	PI : Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr Subhadeep Chatterjee yments Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	00.0		Opening Balance	00.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	1368000.00	00:00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
00.0		0.00	00.0	Consumables	0.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00.0
00.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
00'0		1368000.00	0.00		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	1368000.00
		1368000 00	000		1368000 00

	CENTRE FOI P-188 : Ide	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-188: Identification of Novel Genes for Intellectual Disability	GAND DIAGNOSTICS, I Genes for Intellectua	HYDERABAD I Disability	
	Receipts	PI : Dr Aneek Das Bhowmik Receints and Pavments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI : Dr Aneek Das Bhowmik ments Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	00:00
0.00		1450000.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	AMC	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		1450000.00	00.00		0.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	1450000.00
0.00		1450000.00	0.00		1450000.00

Previous Year	Receipts	PI : Dr Rupinder Kaur Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016 Current Year Previous Year	nt from 01/04/2015 to Previous Year	31/03/2016 Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.0	00 Opening Balance	0.00		Opening Balance	0.00
0.0	0.00 Grant In Aid	16858467.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Consumables	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Travel	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Overheads	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Books	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	AMC	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Others	0.0
0.0	00	0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.0	0.00	16858467.00	00.00		0.00
0.0	0.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	0.00	Closing Balance	16858467.00
0.00	06	16858467 00	000		16858467 00

		<b>Current Year</b>	Amount Rs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1100000.00	1100000.00
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD P-190: Exploring mycobacteriophages to source novel factors / regulators of bacterial transcription machinery	31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
AND DIAGNOSTICS, I	ta Singh from 01/04/2015 to	Previous Year.	Amount Rs		00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00
ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Icteriophages to source novel factors / regulators of bacterial	PI : Dr Shweta Singh Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:0	1100000.00	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:00	00:00	1100000.00	0.00	1100000.00
CENTRE FO P-190 : Exploring mycobacteriopha	Receipts a	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
		Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

	CENTRE FOI	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE1/CORE: COE for Genetics and Genomics of silkmoths	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, cs and Genomics of	HYDERABAD silkmoths	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr. J. Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI: Dr. J. Nagaraju ts Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0	12372212.00	Opening Balance	11970751.00
9102000.00		8335000.00	7357519.00	Salaries - Manpower	7219530.00
00.0		00:00	1200000.00	Consumables	1200000.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	103548.00
0.00		0.00	143020.00	Travel	113099.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
00.0		00:00	0.00	Books	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	0.00
00.0		00:00	0.00	Others	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
9102000.00		8335000.00	21072751.00		20606928.00
11970751.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	12271928.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
21072751.00		20606928.00	21072751.00		20606928.00

	CENTRE FOR	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN : Comparative and fu	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE1/P-I: Comparative and function genomics of silkmoths.	YDERABAD silkmoths.	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr. J	PI : Dr. J. Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	449637.00	Opening Balance	355503.00
732000.00	Grant In Aid	638000.00	137866.00	Salaries - Manpower	193390.00
0.00		0.00	200000.00	Consumables	500000.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.0	AMC	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.0	Transfer of Funds	0.00
732000.00		638000.00	1087503.00		1048893.00
355503.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	410893.00	00.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1087503.00		1048893.00	1087503.00		1048893.00

ЮЭ	COE1/P-II: Development of RNA interfere	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD A interference (RNAi) based nuclear polyhedrosis virus (NPV)	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, HICLEAR POLICE AND DIAGNOSTICS, HICLEAR POLIVING AND TO STILL AN	SENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD A interference (RNAi) based nuclear polyhedrosis virus (NPV) resistant transgenic silkmoths.	oths.
	Receipts a	PI: Dr. J. Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI: Dr. J. Nagaraju ts Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	0.00	387740.00	Opening Balance	419966.00
459000.00	459000.00   Grant In Aid	491000.00	191226.00	Salaries - Manpower	364953.00
00.00		0.00	300000.00	Consumables	300000.00
00:00		00:00	00.00	Contingencies	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Travel	0.00
00:00		0.00	00.0	Overheads	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Books	00.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	AMC	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Others	0.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
459000.00		491000.00	878966.00		1084919.00
419966.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	593919.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
878966.00		1084919.00	878966.00		1084919.00

	CENTRE FOI COE1/P-III: Identification and	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ication and Characterization of micro RNAs and their targets in	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I micro RNAs and the	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE1/P-III:Identification and Characterization of micro RNAs and their targets in silkmoth genome.	
	Receipts a	PI: Dr. J. Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI: Dr. J. Nagaraju ts Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	00'0	205830.00	Opening Balance	475030.00
1090000.00	090000.00   Grant In Aid	1086000.00	709200.00	Salaries - Manpower	709200.00
0.00		00:00	350000.00	Consumables	350000.00
00:00		00:0	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
00.00		0.00	00.00	Overheads	00:00
00.00		00:00	00.00	Equipment	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Books	00:00
00:00		00:0	0.00	AMC	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	00.00
1090000.00		1086000.00	1565030.00		1534230.00
475030.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	448230.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1565030.00		1534230.00	1565030.00		1534230.00

		Current Year	Amount Rs	21563.00	140400.00	200000.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	00:0	00:0	00:0	00:0	0.00	361963.00	0.00	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE-I/P-IV: Identification and characterization of immune response genes of silkmoths.	31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Identification and characterization of immune response genes	PI : Dr. J. Nagaraju Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Previous Year.	Amount Rs	153724.00	130839.00	200000.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	484563.00	0.00	00 001707
OR DNA FINGERPRINTIN Ion and characterizat	PI : Dr. J and Payments Accou	Current Year	Amount Rs.	00:00	331000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	331000.00	30963.00	000,000
CENTRE FC	Receipts	Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
		Previous Year	Amount Rs	00:00	463000.00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	0.00	463000.00	21563.00	00 001101

	CENTRE FOR	NDNA FINGERPRINTIN	ENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2/CORE: DBT Centre of Excellence for Microbial Biology	IYDERABAD al Biology	
	PI : Dr J Go Receipts a	wrishankar, Dr K Anu nd Payments Accour	: Dr J Gowrishankar, Dr K Anupama, Dr Abhijit A Sardesai, Dr R Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	rdesai, Dr R 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:00	Opening Balance	0.00	19234494.00	Opening Balance	23840815.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	4606321.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		00:00	00.0	Contingencies	0.00
00.0		00:00	00.0	Travel	0.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00.0		00:00	00.0	Others	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
00:00		00.00	23840815.00		23840815.00
23840815.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	23840815.00	00:00	Closing Balance	00:00
23840815.00		23840815.00	23840815.00		23840815.00

	CENTRE FOI COE2/P-1 : Addressing functional	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN properties of E. col	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD functiional properties of E. coli through genome-wide protein-p	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2/P-1: Addressing functiional properties of E. coli through genome-wide protein-protein linkage analysis	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr. J G ind Payments Accour	PI : Dr. J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:00	684083.00	Opening Balance	684083.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	00.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Consumables	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.0	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Travel	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	Overheads	00.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Books	00.00
0.00		00:00	00.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		0.00	00.00	Others	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	684083.00		684083.00
684083.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	684083.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
684083.00		684083.00	684083.00		684083.00

	COE2/P-2: Mechanism o	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD echanism of transcription termination and antitermination in Es	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2/P-2: Mechanism of transcription termination and antitermination in Escherichia coli	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr. R nd Payments Accoul	PI : Dr. Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	0.00	1097981.00	Opening Balance	1441181.00
00.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	343200.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
00.0		0.00	00.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00.00		0.00	00.00	Overheads	00:00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00.00		0.00	00.00	Books	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	1441181.00		1441181.00
1441181.00	1441181.00 Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1441181.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1441181.00		1441181.00	1441181.00		1441181.00

	COE2/P-A: Occurrence of R-Ic	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ence of R-loops (RNA-DNA hybrids) from nascent untranslated t	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I ids) from nascent un	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2/P-A: Occurrence of R-loops (RNA-DNA hybrids) from nascent untranslated transcripts i E. Coli	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr. J Gowrishankar, Dr.K. Anupama eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	PI: Dr. J Gowrishankar, Dr.K. Anupama d Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	00:0	1085152.00	Opening Balance	1354252.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	269100.00	Salaries - Manpower	0.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Consumables	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		00:0	00:00	AMC	00.00
0.00		00:0	0.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	1354252.00		1354252.00
1354252.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1354252.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1354252.00		1354252.00	1354252.00		1354252.00

	COE2/P-B: Molecular genetic a	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD netic approaches to dissect the physiology of osmoadptatio	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I the physiology of o	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2/P-B: Molecular genetic approaches to dissect the physiology of osmoadptation in Escherichia coli	
	PI Receipts	PI : Dr. J. Gowrishankar, Dr. Abhijit A Sardesasi Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	r, Dr. Abhijit A Sardes nt from 01/04/2015 to	asi 31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00.00	Opening Balance	00:0	1006509.00	Opening Balance	1275609.00
00.0	Grant In Aid	0.00	269100.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
00.0		00:00	00:00	Consumables	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00:00
00.0		00:00	0.00	Travel	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Equipment	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:00
00.0		00:00	0.00	Others	00:00
00.0		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	1275609.00		1275609.00
1275609.00	1275609.00   Excess of Expenditure Over Income	1275609.00	0.00	Closing Balance	0.00
1275609.00		1275609.00	1275609.00		1275609.00

	CENTRE FOI COE2/P-C: Functional role and mec	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN hanisms of the ArgO	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD and mechanisms of the ArgO exporter and the transcriptional	CE2/P-C: Functional role and mechanisms of the ArgO exporter and the transcriptional regulator ArgP in E. Coli	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr. J Gowrisha	PI : Dr. J Gowrishankar, Dr. Ranjan Sen Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:0	Opening Balance	00:0	473354.00	Opening Balance	473354.00
0.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Consumables	00:00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	0.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:0
00.00		0.00	00.00	Equipment	00:0
00.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00:0
00:00		00.00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		00.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
0.00		0.00	473354.00		473354.00
473354.00	473354.00 Excess of Expenditure Over Income	473354.00	0.00	Closing Balance	00:00
473354.00		473354.00	473354.00		473354.00

	COF2-II/P-1 - In vivo studies	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ivo studies on molecular mechanism of Rho-denendent transcri	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, I	COE2-II/P-1 - In vivo studies on molecular mechanism of Rho-denendent transcription termination	
		PI : Dr R	PI : Dr Ranjan Sen		
	Receipts a	Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	nt from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	<b>Current Year</b>	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
00:0	Opening Balance	2071265.00		Opening Balance	00:00
2186000.00	Grant In Aid	650000.00	114735.00	Salaries - Manpower	1056820.00
0.00		00.0	0.00	Consumables	1000000.00
00:00		0.00	00:0	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Equipment	159664.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00.0	00.00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
2186000.00		2721265.00	114735.00		2216484.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	2071265.00	Closing Balance	504781.00
2186000.00		2721265.00	2186000.00		2721265.00

	COE2-II/P-A: Role of R-loops (RN	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN JA-DNA hybrids) in g	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD R-loops (RNA-DNA hybrids) in generatin of transcription -replicat	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2-II/P-A: Role of R-loops (RNA-DNA hybrids) in generatin of transcription -replication conflicts in E.Coli	
	Receipts a	PI : Dr J Gond Payments Accour	PI : Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	803300.00		Opening Balance	00'0
1093000.00	Grant In Aid	00.00	89700.00	Salaries - Manpower	629368.00
0.00		0.00	200000.00	Consumables	200000.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Travel	00:0
00:00		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00:0
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	00:0
0.00		00.00	00:00	Books	00:0
0.00		0.00	00.0	AMC	00:0
0.00		00.00	00:00	Others	00:0
0.00		0.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	00.0
1093000.00		803300.00	289700.00		829368.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	26068.00	803300.00	Closing Balance	00:0
1093000.00		829368.00	1093000.00		829368.00

	CENTRE FOR COE2-II/P-B: Role of the ArgP transc	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN criptional regulator a	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD ArgP transcriptional regulator and metabolism of basic amino ac	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2-II/P-B: Role of the ArgP transcriptional regulator and metabolism of basic amino acids Arg and Lys in E.coli	
	Receipts an	PI : Dr J G	PI : Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	300000000		Opening Balance	00:00
500000.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	610077.00
00:00		0.00	200000.00	Consumables	200000.00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Travel	00:00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00.00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Books	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00:00		00:00	0.00	Others	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
500000.00		300000.00	200000.00		810077.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	510077.00	300000.00	Closing Balance	0.00
200000.00		810077.00	200000.00		810077.00

COE2-II/F	COE2-II/P-C : Investigating global RNA turnover	R DNA FINGERPRINTING THE RECHANISMS and the	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD NA turnover mechanisms and their interplay with Rho-dependen	NTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD turnover mechanisms and their interplay with Rho-dependent transcription termination in E. coli	in E. coli
	Receipts a	PI : Dr K . nd Payments Accour	PI : Dr K Anupaman eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	803300.00		Opening Balance	00:00
1093000.00	Grant In Aid	00:00	89700.00	Salaries - Manpower	25665.00
00'0		00.00	200000.00	Consumables	200000.00
00.00		0.00	00:00	Contingencies	00:00
0.00		00.00	00.0	Travel	00:00
00'0		00.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
0.00		00.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
00.00		00.00	00:00	Books	00:00
00.00		00.00	00:00	AMC	00:00
00.00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
00'0		00.00	00:00	Transfer of Funds	00:00
1093000.00		803300.00	289700.00		225665.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	803300.00	Closing Balance	577635.00
1093000.00		803300.00	1093000.00		803300.00

COE2-II/P-D : Mol	COE2-II/P-D: Molecular, genetic and biochemical studies	s on physiology of K	(+ION homeostatis ar	studies on physiology of K+ION homeostatis and the regulatory mechanisms mediating avoidance of its	ng avoidance of its
		imbalance in E	imbalance in Escherichia coli		
	Receipts a	nd Payments Accou	PI : Dr Abrijit A Sardesal eceipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	200000.00		Opening Balance	0.00
500000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	0.00	Salaries - Manpower	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Consumables	200000.00
00:00		0.00	0.00	Contingencies	00.00
00:0		0.00	0.00	Travel	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Overheads	00.00
00:0		0.00	0.00	Equipment	0.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Books	00.0
0.00		0.00	0.00	AMC	00.00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Others	00.00
00.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
200000.00		200000.00	00'0		200000.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	2000000.00	Closing Balance	300000.00
500000.00		200000.00	200000.00		200000.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD

COE2-II/P-E: Und	CENTRE FC COE2-II/P-E:Understanding (p) ppGpp-mediated functi	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD Ited functions in E.Coliby deciphering the physiology of strain Is	3 AND DIAGNOSTICS, I nering the physiology	TRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD functions in E.Coliby deciphering the physiology of strain lacking (p)ppGpp OR altered in its metabolism	ed in its metabolism
	Receipts	PI : Dr J Gowrishankar seipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	owrishankar It from 01/04/2015 to	31/03/2016	
Previous Year	Receipts	Current Year	Previous Year.	Payments	Current Year
Amount Rs		Amount Rs.	Amount Rs		Amount Rs
0.00	Opening Balance	1076226.00		Opening Balance	0.00
1093000.00	Grant In Aid	0.00	16774.00	Salaries - Manpower	301291.00
00:00		00:00	00:00	Consumables	00.96609
0.00		00:00	00:00	Contingencies	00.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Travel	00.00
0.00		0.00	00:00	Overheads	00:00
00:00		0.00	00:00	Equipment	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Books	00.00
0.00		00:00	00:00	AMC	00:00
0.00		00:00	00:00	Others	00:00
0.00		0.00	0.00	Transfer of Funds	0.00
1093000.00		1076226.00	16774.00		362287.00
0.00	Excess of Expenditure Over Income	0.00	1076226.00	Closing Balance	713939.00
1093000.00		1076226.00	1093000.00		1076226.00

CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2-II-Core: DBT Centre of Excellence for Microbiology - Phase II			Current Year	Amount Rs	00:00	4137634.00	832837.00	20593.00	11018.00	00:0	2134673.00	00:0	00:0	0.00	650000.00	7786755.00	1736568.00	9523323.00
	ЧҮDERABAD bgy - Phase II	CENTRE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING AND DIAGNOSTICS, HYDERABAD COE2-II-Core: DBT Centre of Excellence for Microbiology - Phase II PI: Dr J Gowrishankar Receipts and Payments Account from 01/04/2015 to 31/03/2016	Payments		Opening Balance	Salaries - Manpower	Consumables	Contingencies	Travel	Overheads	Equipment	Books	AMC	Others	Transfer of Funds		Closing Balance	
	G AND DIAGNOSTICS, Hellence for Microbiolo		Previous Year.	Amount Rs		956577.00	6000000.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	156100.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	1712677.00	9523323.00	11236000.00
	R DNA FINGERPRINTIN : DBT Centre of Exc		Current Year	Amount Rs.	9523323.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:0	0.00	00:0	00:0	00:0	0.00	9523323.00	0.00	9523323.00
	CENTRE FO COE2-II-Core		Receipts		Opening Balance	Grant In Aid											Excess of Expenditure Over Income	
		Previous Year	Amount Rs	00.0	11236000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11236000.00	0.00	11236000.00	

## फोटो गैलरी PHOTO GALLERY



Visit of Dr Harsh Vardhan, Hon'ble Minister of Science & Technology and Earth Sciences on 12.10.2015



Press Conference for Dr Sanjeev Khosla's Article published in Nature Communications on 03.12.2015



Visit of Australian Delegates from University of Technology, Australia (QUT group) on 18.08.2015



Visit of students from Centre of Excellence in Biotechnology, M.P. Council of Science and Technology (MPCOST), (Dept. of Science & Technology, Govt. of M.P.), Vigyan Bhawan, Nehru Nagar, Bhopal on 07.10.2015



Dr J Gowrishankar addressing the gathering on the Independence Day



Celebration of Digital India Week during 1-7 July 2015



Celebrations of 30<sup>th</sup> anniversary of DBT (Public lecture by Prof David Reich, Department of Genetics, Harvard Medical School, USA) on 28.01.2016.



Celebrations of 30<sup>th</sup> anniversary of DBT (Public lecture by Prof Ranajit Chakraborty, Department of Molecular and Medical Genetics, University of North Texas Health Science Center, Texas) on 09.11.2015









Glimpses of CDFD Foundation Day celebrations



Hindi Day celebrations



Workshop on Rajbhasha implementation and digital tools.

### NOTES / REMARKS

### NOTES / REMARKS

#### पीठावरण पृष्ठ का विवरण Description of the Back Cover Page



#### पीठावरण पृष्ठ पर दर्शाए चित्रों का विवरण घडी की दिशानुसार नीचे से क्रमशः इस प्रकार हैं।

पहली तस्वीर में टोसिस और पॉलीडेक्टाइली दर्शाने वाले रोगियों की वंशावली और तस्वीरें हैं (ए-एफ) नियंत्रण (सामान्य) का सिंगर सिक्केंसिंग क्रोमेटोग्राम, (जी) अभिभावक (विषमजात), (एच) और रोगी (समजात), (आई) में तीर द्वारा सी. 879जीए उत्परिवर्तन दर्शाया गया है। योजनाबद्ध एआरएमसी9 प्रोटीन सहित उत्प रिवर्तन और एआरएम डोमेन का स्थान (जे) यह तस्वीर नैदानिक प्रभाग से प्राप्त हुई है।

दूसरी तस्वीर में ड्रोसोफिला लारवा के केन्द्रीय तंत्रिका तंत्र की कंफोकल प्रक्षेपित तस्वीर, जहां हरा रंग जीएफपी मार्किंग से स्टेम कोशिकाएं और इसकी सभी संतितयां दर्शाता है तथा लाल रंग ग्रेनी हैग नामक स्टैम कोशिका विशिष्ट मार्कर दर्शाते हैं। यह तस्वीर ड्रोसोफिला तंत्रिका विकास प्रयोगशाला द्वारा प्रदान की गई।

तीसरी तस्वीर में जंतु सुविधा में नग्न चुहों पर किए जा रहे प्रयोग दर्शाए गए हैं।

चौथी तस्वीर खुले रूपांतरण (ओसी) से बंद कॉम्प्लेक्स (सीसी) तक आरएचओ हेक्सामर के काइनेटिक / साम्यता के चरणों का योजनाबद्ध प्रतिनिधित्व है। संभावित चरण जो एनयूएसजी से दर्शाए गए हैं, उन पर लक्ष्य हैं। हेक्सामेरिक संरचनाएं पीडीबी, अआईसीई और १पीवीओ का उपयोग करते हुए निर्देशांकों पर आधारित हैं। यह तस्वीर अनुलेखन प्रयोगशाला द्वारा प्रदान की गई है।

पाँचवी तस्वीर अर्धसूत्री विभाजन में प्रोमेटाफेस में यू२ओएस कोशिका की कंफोकल तस्वीर है। अल्पाट्यूबुलिन पीले रंग से अभिरंजित है, डीएनए लाल और सेंट्रोमियर हरा है। यह तस्वीर कोशिका चक्र नियमन प्रयोगशाला द्वारा दी गई है।

छठी तस्वीर में गोभी की पत्ती में साइडेरोफोर संश्लेषण की पादप अभिव्यक्ति दर्शाई गई है और इसमें पौधे में अल्प आयरन की दो परिस्थितियों की पृष्टि होती है जो साइडेरोफोर उदग्रहण और संश्लेषण जीनों की अभिव्ययक्ति उद्दीपित करती हैं। यह तस्वीर पादप सुक्ष्मजीव अंत:क्रिया प्रयोगशाला द्वारा दी गई है।

The figures depicted in the cover page in the clockwise order starting from the base are as follows:

The first figure shows pedigree and photographs of patients showing ptosis and polydactyly [A-F] Sanger sequencing chromatogram of Control (Normal) [G], Parent (Heterozygous)[H] and patient (homozygous)[I] showing c.879G>A mutation indicated by arrows. Schematic illustration of ARMC9 protein with location of mutation and ARM domains [J]. This image was obtained from the laboratory of human and medical genetics

The second figure is the confocal superimposed image of drosophila larval central nervous system, where green represents GFP marking the stem cells and all its progenies and red represents a stem cell specific marker called Grainyhead. This image has been provided by the Laboratory of Drosophila Neural Development.

The third photograph represents the experiment being conducted on nude mice at the animal facility.

The fourth figure is a schematic representation of the kinetic / equilibrium steps during the conversion of open (OC) to closed complex (CC) of the Rho hexamer. Putative step(s) those are targeted by NusG are indicated. Hexameric structures are based on the co-ordinates using the PDBs, 3ICE & 1PVO, respectively. This image has been provided by the Laboratory of Transcription.

The fifth image is the confocal image of a U2OS cell in prometaphase stage of mitosis, the alpha tubulin is stained in yellow, the DNA is in red and the centromere is green. This image has been given by the Laboratory of Cell Cycle Regulation.

The sixth figure represents a cabbage leaf showing the *in planta* expression of the siderophore synthesis and uptake cluster affirming the low iron condition within the plant which induces the expression of siderophore uptake and synthesis genes. This image has been provided by the Laboratory of Plant Microbe Interactions.

(पीठावरण पृष्ठ का चित्रांकन पादप रोगाणु अंत:क्रिया प्रयोगशाला की वरिष्ठ अनुसंधान अध्येता सुश्री प्रशांति सिंह द्वारा किया गया है।)

(The back cover page above has been designed by Senior Research Fellow Ms. Prashanti Singh of the Laboratory of Plant Microbe Interactions.)



### डीएनए फिंगरप्रिंटिंग एवं निदान केन्द्र

(जैव प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग, विज्ञान एवं प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार का स्वायत्त संस्थान)

छात्रावास एवं आवास भवन, उप्पल वॉटर टैंक के सामने, बीएसएनएल टेलिफोन एक्स्चेंज के समीप, उप्पल, हैदराबाद - 500 039, भारत दूरभाष : +91 40 2720 9451 फ़ैक्स : +91 40 2720 9490 वेबसाईट : www.cdfd.org.in

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